JUNE

JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING, BY
J. F. GRANT,
At Two Dollars within the year, or three dollars at the end of the year.
A failure to give notice of a wish to discontinue will be considered an engagement for the next year.

Jacksonville Republican.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER, DEVOTED TO POLITICS, LITERATURE, EDUCATION, MECHANIC ARTS, SCIENCES, AGRICULTURE, GENERAL INTELLIGENCE, THE MARKETS, CURRENCY, AND NEWS OF THE DAY.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
One dollar per square of ... for the first insertion, and fifty cents for each continuance ... Yearly advertisements, $10 ... Announcement of Candidates ... Interest charged on all accounts ... time they are due.

VOL. 23, NO. 22. JACKSONVILLE, ALA., THURSDAY, JUNE 2, 1859. WHOLE NO. 11..

Law Cards.

A. WOODS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Jacksonville, Alabama.
Will attend promptly to the collection of debts, and all other business entrusted to his care, in the Counties of Benton, Cherokee, DeKalb, St. Clair, Talladega and Randolph. Special attention given to Pension and Bounty Land Claims. Office in the north East corner of the Court House. Jan. 28, 1858 1y

WILLIAM M. HAMES,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
AND SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY.
Jacksonville, Ala.
Will practice in Benton and adjoining Counties. Dec. 10, 1856.—1y.

JOHN T. HEFLIN. WM. H. FORNEY
HEFLIN & FORNEY,
Attorneys at Law,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
WILL practice in the Courts of Benton, Cherokee, DeKalb, Randolph, St. Clair, and Talladega Counties. Jan. 1, 1858.

J. H. WRIGHT,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
JACKSONVILLE, Alabama;
Will practice in the Courts of Benton, St. Clair, DeKalb, Cherokee, Randolph & Talladega. Feb. 5, 1857.

B. A. BROOKS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
JACKSONVILLE, Alabama.

M. J. TURNLEY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
AND SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY,
Jacksonville, Ala.
WILL continue to practice in all the Courts in the counties of DeKalb, St. Clair, Cherokee, Benton, Randolph and Talladega; also in the Supreme Court of the State.
Office in the North East corner of the Court House.
Thankful for the kind patronage he has heretofore received, he is determined to deserve the confidence of the public, and trusts he may continue to receive a liberal share of patronage.
March 25, 1857.—1y.

WHATLEY & ELLIS,
HAVE associated themselves in the Practice of the Law.
Office Row, No. 9, Jacksonville, Ala.

J. B. MARTIN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Talladega, Ala.
WILL practice in the Counties of Talladega, 1st Monday in May & Nov.
Calhoun, 3d " in April and Octob.
St. Clair, 1st " in March and Sep
Shelby, 2d " in March and Sept
Cherokee, 2d " after 4th "
Randolph, last " in Feb. and August.
Office on North side of the square, in new brick building up stairs. july 1st '58-1y.

JOHN I. THOMASON. THOMAS HAYDEN
THOMASON & HAYDEN,
Attorneys at Law,
AND
Solicitors in Chancery,
ASHVILLE, ALA.
WILL pay strict attention to all business entrusted to their care in the counties of Jefferson, Blount, Shelby, Marshal, DeKalb, Cherokee, Benton and St. Clair, and in the Supreme Court of the State. Jan. 20, '54.

R. G. EARLE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Jacksonville Ala.
WILL Practice in Benton, Talladega, St. Clair, & Randolph Counties, Ala. Office in the North East Room of the Court House, opposite the office of the Judge of Probate. July 8, 1856.

J. S. PORTER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
—AND—
Solicitor in Chancery.
WETUMPKA ALA.
WILL practice in the Counties of Coosa, Benton, St. Clair, DeKalb and Cherokee.

B. T. POPE
Attorney at Law,
ASHVILLE, ALA

J. W. HOYL,
GROCER
AND DEALER IN
GRAIN AND PRODUCE,
One door above the old stand of the Messrs. Ragsdales, MARKET STREET,
CHATTANOOGA, TENN.
IS receiving, direct from New Orleans, a large stock of Groceries, which will be sold as low as they can be bought in Nashville or Memphis freights added. All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for Groceries. Also, the highest cash prices paid for Corn, Wheat, Dried Fruit, Tallow, Beeswax, Feathers, Furs of all kinds &c. &c.
March 10, 1859.—1y.

NEW MILLINERY STORE!
Chattanooga, Tenn.
MRS. R. HAGAN.
WOULD respectfully announce to the citizens of North Alabama and surrounding country, that she has opened a new and selected assortment of
MILLINERY,
FANCY GOODS & TRIMMINGS,
Bonnets, Ribbons, Laces, Trimmings Fringe, Flowers, and all articles in the Millinery Line. These goods have been purchased in one of the most fashionable cities in the Union, are of the LATEST STYLE AND FASHION, and cannot fail to please, and which will be sold at small profits for CASH. Call and see. March 10, 1859.—6m.

TERRASS BROTHERS,
(Successors to McCrea & Terrass,)
Wholesale Grocers,
AND DEALERS IN
FINE WINES,
Brandies, &Domestic Liquors
CIGARS, TOBACCO, IRON, NAILS, &C.
NO. 7 SOUTH MARKET ST.,
NASHVILLE, : : : : : : : : : TENN.
Have Removed to the above stand April 21, 1859.

NOTICE.
FORWARN any person against trading for a promissory note given by myself and J. Harden to Richard Fletcher, dated day of Dec., 1858, due twelve months after date. The amount of said note is $115.50 I do not intend to pay said note, as the consideration for which it was given has failed. the 23rd day of April, 1859.
JOHN OWEN.

BOOTS & SHOES
AT WHOLESALE,
R. A. PRINGLE & CO.
177 EAST BAY,
Opporitete the New Custom House,
CHARLESTON, S. C.
WILL keep constantly on hand Boots, Shoes and Brogans, of every variety, suited to the Southern Trade. We will be able to show our friends a much better stock of Ladies and Gents Fine Goods than usual; and for cash or approved paper, will sell as low as the same quantity can be bought from the manufacturers.
ROBERT A. PRINGLE,
Feb. 3, '59. CHARLES H. BERRY.

Waggon & Carriage Making Business.
The undersigned is prepared to execute any work in the above named line of business, at his shop in Gadsden, of good materials and in the most neat and durable manner.
Orders for work promptly executed, and prices moderate.
Repairing of every description also done upon short notice.
G. R. REINHART.

RICHARDSON'S
IRISH LINENS,
DAMASKS, DIAPERS, &c.
CONSUMERS of RICHARDSON'S LINENS, and those desirous of obtaining the GENUINE GOODS, should see that the articles they purchase are sealed with the full name of the firm,
RICHARDSON, SONS & OWDEN,
as a guarantee of the soundness and durability of the Goods.
This caution is rendered essentially necessary as large quantities of inferior and defective Linens are prepared; season after season and sealed with the name of RICHARDSON by Irish Houses, who, regardless of the injury thus inflicted alike on the American consumer & the manufacturers of the genuine Goods, will not readily abandon a business so profitable, while purchasers can be imposed on with Goods of a worthless character.
J. BULLOCKE & J. E. LOCKE,
Agents, 36 Church St., N. York.
Sept. 16, 1858—1y.

United States Daily Mail Line
FROM
JACKSONVILLE, Ala. to CHATTANOOGA, Tenn.
Via Goshen, Caloma, Centre, Cedar Bluff, Gaylesville, and Sommerville, Ga.
Divine & Kennedy, *Contractors.*
Through Tickets from Jacksonville to Chattanooga, **$7 00.**
The travelling public are respectfully advised that this line is in successful operation, supplied with splendid Four Horse Coaches Experienced, attentive and courteous drivers, and good houses on the line will ensure passengers on this line every possible comfort and accommodation.
January 3, 1859.—tf.

United States Mail Line.
FROM CUSSETA TO JACKSONVILLE ALABAMA.
(Via LaFayette, Milltown, Louina, Wedowee, Rockdale, Milner, Oakfuskie, Chulafinnie, Corn Grove & White Plains.
THE Contractors of the above line would respectfully notify the travelling public that they are now running, and will continue to run a four horse coach from Cusseta (on the Montgomery and West Point Railroad) daily, (except Sunday) to Lafayette, Ala. and triweekly the residue in two horse coaches or hacks, leaving Jacksonville on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 6 o'clock, A. M. and arrive at Cusseta the next days in time to connect with the cars reaching Montgomery and Columbus by 9 o'clock P. M. same days. Passengers will find excellent teams and careful drivers, through this line, and have the advantages of daylight traveling.
Fare through—$7 00.
C. STONE & CO., Proprietors.
December 9, 1858.—tf.

A. W. CALDWELL,
BROAD STREET, ROME, GA.
Manufacturer and Dealer in
Tin, Sheet Iron & Copper wares.
Always on hand, a good assortment of TIN WARE, *Cooking, Parlor & Box STOVES.* Also, **Arthur's Self-Sealing Cans,** For preserving fresh Fruits and Vegetables, with Taylor's air exhauster, for exhausting all the air from the cans, causing the fruit to retain its freshness and flavor. No one should be without them.
Also, Agent for the sale of the "OLD DOMINION COFFEE POTS," a splendid invention for retaining the flavor of the Coffee, and making it of better quality from less quantity.
Rome, Ga., June 17, 1858.—1y.

Tri-Weekly Mail.
WISDOM'S
HACK LINE!
From Jacksonville, Ala., via Gadsden and Guntersville, to Larkinsville on Memphis and Charleston Railroad—Distance 88 miles.
Hacks leave Jacksonville every Monday Wednesday and Friday, at 6 o'clock, A. M and arrive at Larkinsville the next day at 11 o'clock, A. M, connecting with the Train from Memphis.
On return, leave Larkinsville every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 11 o'clock, A. M., on the arrival of the Up Train, and arrive at Jacksonville the next day at 5 1-2 o'clock, P. M., making close connection with the Selma Railroad Stage Line. Also connecting with the Hack Line by Wedowee & Lafayette to Cusseta.
The above Lines have been recently fitted up with New Hacks,
GOOD HORSES, AND SOBER, CAREFUL DRIVERS, and no pains will be spared in contributing to the pleasure and convenience of Passengers. The Proprietor gives his personal attention to the superintendance of these Lines, and hopes by meriting to receive a liberal share of public patronage.
JOHN H. WISDOM, *Contractor.*
Feb. 24th 1859,—6m.

DR. C. J. CLARK,
Surgeon & Practicing Physician,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
DR. CLARK will keep constantly on hand a supply of **Pure Medicines** for his own prescribing and to supply his patrons.
He will also take charge of Negroes suffering from Chronic Diseases, or requiring Surgical treatment, and board and treat them on reasonable terms. Jan. 18, 1859.—1y.

Masonic Notice.
THE 24th of June next will be celebrated by Alexandria Lodge, No. 208, by procession, address, public installation of Officers, &c.
Transient brethren, and those of neighboring Lodges are respectfully invited to attend.
S. D. McCLELEN, } Com.
J. M FORD. } of
Apl 28, '59. T. J. PRATHER, } Inv.

SOMETHING NEW!!
A Gift Enterprise conducted upon a Liberal and Impartial Plan!!!
Endorsed by the entire Press of the City of Baltimore!
E. H. HOYT & CO'S
GREAT SOUTHERN
GIFT BOOK STORE,
No. 41 Baltimore Street,
BALTIMORE, MD.
Headquarters for Southern & Western Orders.
Write for a Catalogue for 1859,
IT CONTAINS THE
LARGEST LIST of Useful, Ornamental and Valuable Gifts ever Published!
GREATER INDUCEMENTS TO AGENTS than ever before offered by any other establishment in the United States.
A Gift worth from Fifty Cents to
One Hundred Dollars,
ACCOMPANIES EVERY BOOK.
Postmasters, Country Merchants, Booksellers, Librarians of Universities, Academies Private and Circulating Libraries, Schools,
And all others whose buisness will enable them, are respectfully solicited to BECOME OUR AGENTS. Any person can by collecting a few clubs, obtain a valuable collection of Books in a short time, without any actual cost save a few moments leisure time.
We have Agents in all parts of the country who besides supplying themselves with valuable Libraries, are REALIZING HANDSOME PROFITS from the sale of Gifts, accompanying their books
Catalogues giving full particulars mailed free to any address.
WHAT THE PRESS SAY.
They have a magnificent assortment of Books and have prepared themselves with innumerable elegant Gifts to be distributed among their troupe of friends and customers large.—*Balt Sun.*
Not only a may selection be made of any choice work, but with it the purchaser is sure to receive some article of Jewelry, which in many cases proves quite valuable.—*Balt. Daily Exchange.*
They make no promises that are not performed strictly to the letter, and by thus punctually canceling their obligations have gained the entire confidence of not only our citizens, but the country abroad *Balt. Patriot.*
A young lady acquaintance of ours purchased for $1, a Book at this establishment, a few days since, and received a double cased *Gold Watch, valued at one hundred dollars.—Balt. Clipper.*
The success which attends the Gift Book House of Messrs. H. E. HOYT & Co. has no precedents in the annals of Gift Enterprises.—*Republican and Argus.*
Call and see them, and our word for it you will not regret your visit—*Dispatch, Balt.*
The inducements to the Southern and Western people to make their purchases from Messrs. HOYT & Co. are much greater than can be offered by any house of the kind in the country. Freight from Baltimore to any Southern point is less and the immense order buisness done by this firm is a guarrantee of their fulfilment of all promises.—*Family Journal.*
It is, in a moral, getting books for nothing and being paid to take them away.—*Elevator.*
All orders will be promtly and impartially filled, and forwarded within one day after being received. The Gifts in all cases will accompany the Books with a written certificate to the person sending the order.
Remember no Gifts distributed of less value than 50 cts or more than $100,00
Address
H. E. HOYT & Co
No. 41 Baltimore St Baltimore Md.
April 14. 1859—3m.

BENTON
STEAM MILLS.
THE undersigned having leased these Mills, is now running them, and prepared to furnish **LUMBER** to all who may hand in bills, with dispatch, for cash or produce.
All bills will be considered due when completed. Wm. L. STOKES.
March 11, 1859.—tf.

DR. S. C. WILLIAMS,
Practising Physician,
OXFORD, ALA.
HAS on hand, and is now receiving a new and large assortment of
Drugs & Medicines,
Paints, Oils, Varnishes,
BRANDIES, WINES, CIGARS,
And all the various articles usually found in a Drug Store—all of which he offers low for cash, or to punctual customers on a short credit. Dec. 2, 1858.—tf.

NOTICE.
M. K. KIMBRELL still continues the **Wagon Making Business,** at his old stand, one mile west of Jacksonville. Thankful to his former customers for their liberal patronage, he hopes still to merit a continuance of the same. He will be found ready at all times to execute work in his line with neatness and dispatch, and upon the fairest terms.
Although it has been insinuated by some persons that he visits Town too frequently, yet he will always be found ready to do business whenever called upon. As he lives at home and boards at the same place,—and generally provides himself with necessaries.
Feb. 3 1859.—6 m.

ARCHITECTURE.
R. STEPHENS,
ARCHITECT & BUILDER,
IS PREPARED TO FURNISH PLANS & drafts for buildings in the most approved styles of Architecture Also to undertake contracts for building.
Talladega, January, 27, 1859.—1y.

Dr. B. S. EVINS,
RESPECTFULLY tenders his professional services to the citizens of White Plains, Calhoun County, Ala. and surrounding country, in the practice of MEDICINE & SURGERY. His shop is in White Plains, where he may be found when not absent on professional business.
March 10, 1859.—tf.

For Sale
I will offer for sale to the highest bidder, on the first Monday in August next, in the Town of Jacksonville, the House and Lot where I now reside, containing half an acre—also one likely young Mule, five Head of Cattle, and some Household and Kitchen Furniture.
Any of the above articles can be purchased very low before the day of sale.
May 5, 1859. HANNAH STINER.

Time! Time is Money.
If you wish your Watches to keep time, call at the old stand, next door to Kahn & Bro. where you will find WM. C. LAND doing business on his own account, who will faithfully endeavor to make watches placed in his care keep time, and use every effort to give satisfaction. TERMS—*CASH.*
Engraving of every description neatly executed Jacksonville, May 5, 1859—tf.

POETRY.

What the Steam Engine Does.

I'll tell you what the Steam Engine does.
It rows, it sculls, it propels, it screws,
It lifts, it lowers, it warps, it tows,
It drains, it plows, it reaps, it mows,
It pumps, it bores, it irrigates,
It dredges, it digs, it excavates,
It pulls, it pushes, it draws, it drives,
It splits, it planes, it saws, it rives,
It carries, scatters, collects & brings—
It blows, it puffs, it halts, it springs;
It breaks, condenses, opens & shuts—
It picks, it drills, it hammers, it cuts,
It shovels, it washes, mixes & grinds—
It crushes, it sifts, it bolts, it binds,
It threshes, winnows, punches and kneads—
It moulds, it stamps, it presses it feeds,
It rakes, it scrapes, it bores, it shaves.
It runs on land, it rides on waves;
It mortices, forges, rolls and rasps—
It polishes, rivets, files and clasps—
It brushes, scutches, cards & spins—
It puts out fires, and papers pins;
It weaves, it winds, it twists, it throws,
It stands, it lies, it comes, it goes,
It slits, it turns, it shears, it hews,
It coins, it prints—aye, prints the news;
And to its magic, the printer owes
The speed with which his printing goes—
For how could his dailies and weeklies shine,
Were it not for the tireless Steam Engine.

From the Medical & Literary Weekly.

WHEN SORROW CLOUDS OUR SUNNY SKIES.

BY MRS. TOCCOA I. SLAUGHTER.

When sorrow clouds our sunny skies
And hopes once bright are dimmed by tears
There comes a ray of golden light,
And softly whispers to our fears:

'Tis from above, from Gods own hand—
It tells us there's a brighter home:
And in the light methinks I see,
Fair angels beckoning me to come.

I see within these angel hands
Harps of the brightest, purest Gold!
And lurking in their gentle eyes
A fount of love that's still untold.

Who would not then for ages strive
To be one on that happy shore;
And in the light from God's high throne
In bliss to live forever more!

Miscellaneous.

From the Baltimore Sun, May 10.

The Impending War in Europe.

The news from Europe, which we publish this morning, although showing that war does not yet actually exist, leaves but a slender hope of the continuance of peace. In view, therefore, of the critical state of affairs, the following brief review of past wars between Austria and France will refresh the memory of the reader:

Wars in the Past between France & Austria.—Within the last seventy years there have been five wars between France and Austria on the continent of Europe. Austria was one of the first nations that took up arms against the French revolution. In connection with Prussia, in 1792, her armies invaded France. After a desperate struggle they were driven out by the energy of the French republican assembly, and by the valor and military skill of Gen. Demourier. The French assembly, by a conscription, called out one million two hundred thousand men for the defense of the country, a military exertion which has seldom, if ever, been equaled in military annals.

Prussia and Spain withdrew from the coalition, and, in 1796, Austria was left to sustain the shock of the French in Italy. She was supported by the King of Sardinia, a State which is now her bitter enemy. The French army, under Napoleon, in two campaigns detached Sardinia from her alliance, drove her troops out of Italy, and pursued them into Germany, nearly to the gates of Vienna. Under the walls of that capital France dictated peace to Austria in 1797. By that peace she made large cessions of territory and influence in Germany. As a recompense Napoleon assigned her Venice & Lombardy, and first made her an Italian power.

In 1799 Austria and Russia took up arms against France, and for a time were very successful. They drove the French out of Italy. In the latter part of that year, however, Napoleon returned from Egypt. He induced the Russian Emperor Paul to withdraw from the Austrian alliance. Having accomplished this he led his army into Italy. On the plains of Marengo he fought a decisive battle, the result of which expelled Austria from Italy. It was soon followed up by the victory of Hohenlinden, in Germany, gained by the French under General Moreau—The French columns were again near Vienna, and again France compelled Austria to sue for peace. In 1804 the Emperor of France became the King of Italy. Immediately after Austria and Russia attacked France. Such, however, was the power of the latter, that in six months one Austrian army was destroyed at Ulm, and another; together with the Russians, destroyed at Austerlitz. The French entered Vienna and again dictated a peace.

In 1809 Austria and France again met in collision on the tented field. The French, however, under Napoleon, marched down the valley of the Danube with the velocity, almost, of the wind, and in one campaign took up their quarters in Vienna. A severe and ignominious peace for Austria was the result. 1813 Austria, united with all the great powers of Europe, overthrew the French empire, and broke down the power which had so often entered the gates of Vienna in triumph. By the treaties of 1814 and 1815 the northern States of Italy, Venice and Lombardy were ceded to Austria by the leading nations of Europe. It is now on the faith of these treaties that Austria rests her case and appeals to the rest of Germany and to England to assist her in maintaining them inviolate. As they were the treaties which witnessed the humiliation of his uncle, Louis Napoleon has no great respect for them.

A New Theory—Electricity in Steam Boilers.

From the Philadelphia *Bulletin* we extract the following:

Every investigation into the causes of a steam boiler explosion that meets our eye, shows the helpless ignorance that exists everywhere. The most elaborate inquiry can scarcely enable a jury to do more than offer a conjecture as to the causes, and an intimation that the disaster may have been the result of somebody's carelessness. To-day's mail brings us southern papers containing an elaborate report from a Louisiana grand jury on the terrible explosion of the steamer Princess. It tells nothing except that "opinions" agree in ascribing it to a deficiency of water, and then they proceed, for the purpose of satisfying the public mind, to censure various persons for lack of vigilance and caution. But this is all that the report amounts to. The real cause of the phenomenon which led to the calamity is not hinted at.

A communication in Saturday's *Bulletin*, signed "H. D. B." placed clearly before the public the results of certain experiments made by Messrs. R. L. Lloyd and George T. Parry, of this city in illustration of a theory first suggested by Mr Lloyd, and after his death developed by Mr. Parry. Our readers need not have the story told over again. The idea is that electricity, generated in boilers, as it is in the atmosphere; & that by introducing permanently into the boiler an insulated metalic rod, this electricity may constantly be carried off harmless. The experiments made by Mr. Lloyd to test an instrument of this kind in a boiler that had already been some years in use, seem to have been very faithfully made; and the fact Mr. Parry, and those assisting him, exposed themselves to the danger of a boiler, with all its water gradually boiled out, heated to redness, and then suddenly supplied with cold water, is a proof of their confidence in the discovery. A boiler thus treated ought to have exploded. That this one did not, must have been owing to some peculiarity, and the only peculiarity was the insulated metalic rod.

If this discovery should stand the test of continued experiments, it will be of inconceivable benefit to the world. It is perfecting Franklin's great idea of the lightning rod, and it will be of infinitely more use than that; for the loss of life and property by steam is far greater than it ever was by lightning. It will make steam a perfectly safe and controlable agent, and who can estimate the advantage of thus depriving such an agent of its dangerous qualities? We hear that a number of parties who have examined the article of "H. D. B." are determined to apply the insulated metalic rod to their boilers, the experiment reported entirely satisfying their minds. Others, who are not altogether convinced, think the theory plausible, and as the contrivance is not very costly, are going to have it, because they think it may be right, and at all events it can do no harm.

ACQUISITION OF CUBA.—The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun, says:

"One point of great interest to the United States is involved in this possible complication of European affairs.—Spain will be brought under the dominion of France, and France, before she gets through with the assumed war with England, will need money. Of course she will sell Cuba to the United States for a hundred millions, and as much more as we may be willing to give.

The administration are, it is believed fully alive to the chances now afforded for the acquisition of Cuba, and our European diplomacy will be at once directed to that end, and not without some hope that it will be effective before the termination of the next session of Congress."

RESTITUTION—PRACTICAL CHRISTIANITY.—Comptroller Green informed us yesterday morning that he had just received through the hands of Rev. J. M. Mitchell, Rector of the Protestant Episcopal Church of this city, the sum of *two thousand five hundred and fifty dollars* ($2,550) in cash, with the information simply that it belonged to the State of Alabama. Any attempt to discover from whom this money is received will, of course, (as it should be) entirely futile. It is enough to know that some *penitent* has fulfilled a solemn obligation, and made restitution of money unjustly obtained from the State.—Not long ago we noticed that a large amount of money was restored in the same manner to the County Treasurer, (or some other official) of Madison county, through the hands of Rt. Rev Bishop Cobb. The leaven of true religion is evidently at work, and if these are the practical results arising from it, from our secret heart we say, may God speed the good work. We know not how our worthy Comptroller will enter the above money on his ledger; but if we may be allowed we would suggest the following:

"The State of Alabama to *True* Repentance Dr. $2,550.

An Irishman and a Frenchman were to be hanged together. The latter was strongly affected by his situation, while Paddy took it very easy, and told his companion to keep up his spirits, for it was nothing to be hanged. "Ah, begar!" says the Frenchman, "there be one grand difference between you and me, for you Irishmen are used to it."

"Ceasar, what's become of dat darkey dat stole de taller?" "He was taken up on an affidavy, and carried up to de sperm court to hab it tried."—"On an affidavy, Ceasar?" "Yes, I seed de handle ob it."

Frightful Accident.

The Wheeling (Va.) *Intelligencer*, of May 7, says:

Yesterday, at the Catholic church, some twenty persons were engaged in putting up a new bell which arrived from Pittsburg the evening before. There was a windlass erected on the ground, to which was attached a snatch box and shieve. Immediately above the open space in the cupola, to which the bell was to be drawn up, there protruded a beam, to which was attached another snatch block and pully, and the bell was to have been conveyed to the top by means of strong ropes, working through these shieves by the power of the windlass and cylinder upon the ground.

The bell had been raised in this way almost up to the open space in the cupola, and the men were just ready to pull it in. A man named Thomas Newton was below, guiding the fold of the rope as it wound round the cylinder. To do this, he had a firm grasp upon the rope. When the bell had reached a great height from the ground, one of the cogs in the wheels of the windlass fixture gave way. Another revolution of the wheel ripped off all the cogs; the bell fell to the ground; and Newton, who had hold of the lower end of the rope, was carried up, with frightful velocity, a distance of one hundred feet from the ground, and about four feet above the aperture where the bell was to have been taken in.

Before those engaged in the work could comprehend what had happened, Newton, with his hands all lacerated and bleeding, worked himself down opposite the aperture, and called for help to those within. Bishop Whelen, who was on the platform in the cupola, reached out, at the risk of his life almost, and seizing Newton by the waist, pulled him from his awful position. The accident struck everybody with amazement, and all but the eyewitnesses were loth to believe in the incredulous fact. The bell weighed three thousand seven hundred pounds, and, as it fell without hindrance, some idea may be formed of the rapidity with which Newton ascended.

He says he thought of letting go the rope, but before the thought was clearly defined, he was at the beam, a hundred feet above. He had not time to let go his hold upon the rope.

GREAT MORTALITY OF HOGS IN ILLINOIS.—Mr. WILEY CRAFTON, a farmer of Pleasant Plains, Sangamon county, writes to the *State Register*, under date of May 5th, as follows:

"Last night I fed my hogs as usual; they all seemed to be feeding and doing well on pasture. I went to the pasture this morning about eight o'clock, and found seventy hogs dead, and many that were dying. At ten o'clock there were ninety dead, and at twelve o'clock one hundred and nine. The average length of time that they would live after taking it, would be from fifteen to thirty minutes. All efforts to administer relief were in vain.

"This fatal disease is carrying away large numbers of hogs in the vicinity of Decatur. It is said that Sangamon river bottom is covered with their dead bodies."

Holloway's Pills—A word to families.—It should be understood that the operation of these famous Pills is not limited to the cure of those violent internal distempers for which they are successfully administered in this country and all others. They act also as an immediate corrective in the minor ailments incident to both sexes. We commend them most unreservedly as the very best family medicine in existence. If given to children suffering from colic, constipation, worms, or any disorder of the stomach or bowels, they invariably afford immediate relief. In fact, they ought to be considered everywhere a domestic staple, for sickness, whether of a slight or serious character, cannot long retain its hold in any household where they are always at hand.

A Fatal Duel—We learn that a duel was fought on Tuesday at the Bascomb Course, between two young gentlemen from New Orleans, Mr. Stith and Mr. Vicks—weapons, rifles; distance forty yards. At the first fire, Mr Vicks received the ball of his antagonist in the head, killing him instantly. Mr. Stith escaped injury. The parties came over, and all but the deceased, returned by the same boat The body of the deceased was left in the charge of some friends. Justice Brooks went down late last evening, for the purpose of holding an inquest, but we did not learn the verdict of the coroner's jury. We are informed that a difficulty occurred in a billiard saloon in New Orleans between the parties, which resulted in a duel, with this sad termination, and that Mr. Vicks was the challenging party.—*Mobile Register.*

The Cry for Bread—Hard Times in Iowa.—The Eddyville, Iowa *Commercial*, of a late date says: "It is useless to deny or attempt to conceal the fact. This region of the country is destitute of the necessaries of life. The stock of food for man and beast is exhausted. There is, perhaps, corn enough to feed those who are unable to buy flour; but they have not means to buy corn. It is in the hands of a few persons, and they will only sell for cash at a dollar a bushel. Not one-third of those who need to buy corn, have the dollar, or any means of getting it; for the money, like the corn, is out of the reach of the destitute. We are no panic maker; but, of this we feel certain, and we speak advisedly, that in thirty days from this time, unless those who have a surplus agree to part with it, on time, at a fair price, it will be distributed and carried away by bands of desperate men to feed their starving families. This sounds terrible; but it is too near the truth, and men will not suffer their families to starve, when food can be procured by going and taking it."

WHITFIELD'S DEATH.

"I could see Sirius announcing himself, said Sir John Hershell, as he swept the heavens with his telescope, in search of Sirius, "until the great star rushed in, and filled the whole field of vision with a sea of light." The time came for Whitfield to die. The man had been immortal till his work was done. His path had been bright—and it grew brighter to the end like that of the just. "You had better be in bed, Mr. Whitfield, said his host, the day he preached his last sermon. "True," said the dying evangelist, and clasping his hands cried, "I am weary *in*, not *of*, thy work, Lord Jesus." He preached his last sermon at Newburyport. Pale and dying he uttered therein one of the most pathetic sentences which ever came to his lips. Is it Beecher says he wept when he read it first? No wonder, if I could weep, at all, it would make me weep. "I go to my everlasting rest. My sun has risen, shone and is setting—nay it is about to rise, and shine forever. I have not lived in vain.—And though I could live to preach Christ a thousand years, I die to be with him—which is far better." The shaft was leveled. That day he said "I am dying." He ran to the window lavender drops were offered—but all help was vain—his work was done. The doctor said, "He is a dead man." And so he was; and died in silence. Christ requiring no dying testimony from one whose life had been a constant testimony.

Thus passed away, on Sept. 30, 1770, one of the greatest spirits that ever inhabited a human tabernacle. The world has been an immeasurable gainer by his life.—He had preached *eighty thousand* sermons, and they had but two keynotes: 1st, Man is guilty —he must be pardoned. 2d, Man is immortal—he must be happy or wretched forever. Weeping filled Newbury.—Flags floated half-mast, and the ships fired minute guns.

"Mortals cried a man is dead:
Angels sang a child is born."

The Rev. Daniel Rogers, remembering in his prayer, that Whitfield had been his spiritual father, burst into tears, and cried, "My father! my father! the chariot of Israel, and the horsemen thereof."

Coke sleeps in his grand sea-grave with the everlasting music of the billows for his dirge. Robert Newton sleeps at Easingwold, Richard Watson, and John and Charles Wesley slumber in a London graveyard; and George Whitfield's dust rests in its trans-Atlantic abode, until

"That illustrious morn."

when the "dead in Christ shall rise," and they will meet in glory, to die no more.—Meantime earth holds no mightier dust.—Blessed be God that ever they lived, and left there influence to mould humanity.—[*Rev. W. C. M'Kinnon's Lecture.*

From the Greensboro' Gazette, Extra. May 29

Another Terrible Tragedy—A Wife Murdered by her Husband—Attempted Suicide, &c.

Yesterday morning early, the quiet of our town was thrown into considerable excitement by the reported murder of a wife by her husband, a few miles from this place. The particulars of which are reported as follows:

On yesterday morning, a little before daylight, Mr. Geo. Crutchfield, a citizen of this county, who resides eight or nine miles from this place, and who is thought at times to be insane, called on some of his servants to get up, feed, light fires, &c., which they did, his wife, Martha M. Crutchfield, being awake at the time also told a negro girl, who was in the room, to light a fire in her room, and dozed off to sleep again, leaving her husband sitting up dressing himself. He then, no doubt, being tempted by the devil, ordered the servant girl to get the matches and light a lamp which was standing on the table in the parlor, which order she obeyed; Mr. C then got his pistol, a single rifle barrelled one, and loaded it, putting in two common sized slugs, went deliberately into the room where his wife was asleep, placed the deadly weapon an inch or so from her head and discharged it, the contents of which took effect right in the centre of her forehead, and going out on the back part and into the pillow upon which her head rested, killing her instantly.

Mr. C., after committing this most horrible deed, walked back into the parlor and loaded his pistol again—taking shot—with the pretended intention of the pistol just behind the right ear and discharging it, making a severe, though not considered a dangerous wound. When his brother, who lives but a short distance off, was informed of what had occurred, he ran up and found the wife on the bed weltering in her blood, dead, and him sitting in the middle of the room apparently unconscious of what he had done. A doctor was soon sent for; when he got there and examined the wound of Mr. C. he found four or five shot lodged in his skull-bone, and the patient in but little danger

After his brother had arrived at the house, Mr. C. got his razor and acted as thought he was going to cut his throat—which if he had been desirous of doing, he could have done before his brother could have reached him.—He must have had some policy in thus acting. Some intention of not killing himself.

He has we understand, been arrested and put under guard, to await some steps being taken to ascertain whether he was really insane or not.

Horrible must have been the scene. A mother lying with her brains shot out, with an infant on her arm, gored in her blood.

A well-known miser recently died in New Jersey, leaving a large sum of money, which will go to his two nephews. He was eighty years old, and died with the firm belief, that, after some years of slumber, he should return to this earth a young man, when he is to receive his property with interest. His heirs seem quite willing to take the money on those terms.

IMPENDING OUTBREAK IN HUNGARY.—The *Gazette* ... *Telegraph*, of Brussels ... alarming statements as to an impending outbreak in Hungary. The removal of troops from Gallicia has ... the sclave population of that province in ferment, which Russian agents are accused of originating, through spontaneous combustion is not wonderful, as the massacres Tarnow and the conduct of the Archduchess Sophia in 1841 are not forgotten. Italian regiments the only troops now left, are scarcely to be depended on during the war, and Kaiser Franze Joseph is playing a desperate game by drafting all his available bayonet into Italy.

The following anecdote is given by the *Opinione* of Turin:

"A banquet of officers was held at Milan a few days ago, at which ... the numerous toasts drank in allusion to the impending war, a young Austrian officer proposed the following: 'The Austrian army! The French and Piedmontese armies will break against it like this brittle glass.' So saying he threw the bottle he had just emptied into the air, so as to make it fall back again upon the table, which, in fact, it did, but—without breaking.—The *Opinione* states that all the officers present stood aghast at this untoward omen."

HINTS FOR FARMERS.—Toads are the best protection of cabbage for lice.

Plants when drooping, are revived by a few grains of camphor.

Sulphur is valuable in preserving grapes &c., from insects.

Lard never spoils in warm weather, if it is cooked enough in frying out.

In feed corn, sixty pounds ground go as far as one hundred pounds in the kernel.

Corn meal should never be ground very fine. It injures the richness of it.

Turnips of the small size have double the nutritious matter that large ones have.

Rats, and other vermine, are kept away from grain by sprinkling of garlic when packing the sheaves.

Royal Personal Feeling in the War.

Paris (April 28) Correspondence of Liverpool Journal.

THE FEELING IN THE TUILERIES.—The Emperor is said to be as impatient as a schoolboy to depart. The Bonaparte family ar divided greatly concerning the measures. Old Jerome and the Princess Mathilde are both of them loud in their objections: the former has always experienced a sort of servile jealousy at every attempt made by his nephew to imitate the great Napoleon; & he is never sparing in his chuckling sarcasm whenever an expression drops from the Emperor's lips betraying the one wish at his heart—that of emulating his uncle in any particular measure which may be on the *tapis*. The Princess Mathilde is so decidedly averse to this wild goose departure, as she calls it, that a day or two ago an open rupture with her imperial relative was the consequence. In the intemperance of tongue to which contradiction will raise, even with the greatest of her sex, the Princess is said to have exclaimed: "Let him alone, he will never be happy till he has shown himself in his *pantalon garance*." The thrust must have told; for the Emperor, who has forgiven the Princess many a slip of the lip, did not forgive her this one, but grew angry outright. As the Emperor once said himself, none of his own family could bear the thought of his seeking at the cannon's mouth but Prince Napoleon. It is certain that this jolly individual has been all along very urgent for the war, and not at all adverse at first to his cousins rushing to glory; but his sentiments are said to be quite altered since he has been appointed to accompany the expedition. He evidently thought to have remained behind for the better defence of Paris, but the the Emperor, *pas si bête*, does not mean to lose sight of his relation, and has his own private reasons for judging that Paris will be all the safer without the presence of Prince Napoleon.

The health of his Majesty has given him so much uneasiness, as connected with the expedition on which he has set his heart, that, having consulted all his doctors, and finding that the last one, even Trait, the professor of gymnastics, had expressed an unfavorable opinion concerning his departure at the present moment, on Friday, on leaving the chapel, he sent suddenly for the black doctor, of whose doings Paris is at the present moment quite full. It is said that the black man objects entirely to his leaveing Paris till the 12th of next month, when the remedies he has exhibited will have had their due effect.

FEELING IN THE PALACE OF VIENNA.—The war upon which the young Emperor of Austria is now entering has been neither suddenly nor rashly advised.—It seems that from the very first the Emperor's mother, the Archduchess Sophia, has entertained a decided repulsion towards the Imperial family of France, and had even been sometimes *persiflee*, by her own family for what has been called her old-fasioned prejudice. The Archduchess is a woman of the most powerful intellect, and still holds her rule over her son as firmly as in the days of his minority. Her penetration is proverbial; and she still consults with Metternich upon all subjects connected with the interests of the Austrian crown. Even since the marriage of Prince Napoleon the suspicions of the lady have been aroused, and at length, by dint of artifice and money, of faith in themselves and the want of it in others, the experienced pair have succeeded in obtaining the full copy of the letters of Prince Napoleon and the ... French to the King of Sardinia. ...

which it becomes clear that the war in Italy is but a secondary object—that the ultimate end is the bestowal of Lombardy on King Victor, Rome on Prince Napoleon, Naples on Prince Murat, and the overthrow of Austria, which leaves the road open to Russia; and then hurrah for the long cherished idea of the attack on England!

Every step which has hitherto been taken by Austria has been the result of mature deliberation amongst the Imperial family, by every member of which the young Emperor is regarded as a precious charge confided to their care. The Imperial family of Austria assembles at its council board sixteen Archdukes, all in the prime of life, of vigor, and intelligence, all moved by the same interests, and all as friendly and united as every family should be. No measure of vital importance is ever undertaken without the advice of all and the adhesion of the majority.—This assembly, appealed to on the present occasion, was unanimous in its decision—the Archduchess Sopia even more urgent than the rest. How proud and glorious she must have felt when her son, rising in the midst of his relations, laid his hand upon his sword, and, in answer to the proposition of France, which had been discussed, exclaimed, "Let the Emperor Louis Napoleon be told that I am as yet too young to abdicate. He wants to plume (pick) the Austrian eagle; better to try and cut his throat. One thing let him remember in the coming struggle, that the game is far from equal between us. I risk a province; he stakes his empire on the issue of the war.

MARRIAGE EXTRAORDINARY.—A bridal party were assembled at the Roman Catholic Chapel in Limerick, ready to take one another "for better or for worse," but the gay Lothario could not screw up his courage to the sticking point, and when asked if he was willing to take the lady as his wedded wife, he became absolutely tongue-tied.

Meanwhile the lady, who before blushed with modesty, now crimsoned with indignation; but the would-be-Benedict put into her hand a £20 note as a reparation to her wounded feelings.—Sensibly enough she took the money, and thinking it a pity that she should be disappointed, and knowing that no time was to be lost, as it was the last day of Shrovetide, she turned off from the fickle swain, and asked a young man who came to witness the ceremony, and with whom she had been previously acquainted, if he would have her. He jumped at the proposal, and the necessary forms having been gone through, the marriage rites were completed. On the conclusion of the ceremony, the newly-made bride took from her pocket £400, and handed it and the £20 to her new lord and master, to the amazement and chagrin of her former suitor, who, it would appear, "founded his proposal" on a report that the lady had money; and backed out of it at the last moment, not seeing it forthcoming before the marriage. To increase his trouble, the now happy fair one exclaimed, "Ah, you lost a bargain."

THREE SETS OF DARE DEVILS.—A foreign letter thus describes the character of three sets of troops employed by the respective combatants in Europe—the first belong to the French:

A portion of that terrible army of Gen. Yussuf, the Algerine sharp-shooters, have already arrived at Genoa, and taken the railway to Turin. This corps is composed of native Africans, and are reputed a set of very devils, to whom the Zouaves are gentlemanly soldiers. Gen. Yussuf, their commander, is also a native Bedouin. In the town of Algiers, on their way to Genoa, they broke loose from all command, attacked the Jew quarters, carried the barricades the latter had been obliged to build in the streets for their protection, and committed all sorts of outrages.

To balance these the Austrians have an army of 20,000 Croats, a body of desperate men, who are kept in subjection by the promise of plunder and rapine. These men will be marched first across the Tiemo into Piedmontese territory.

Then again Sardinia has her body of Corps-Francs, commanded by Garibaldi, a body of violent men, composed of the odds and ends of political persecution, a collection of refugees from all countries, inspired by political hate and a desire for vengeance.

A VICTIM OF THE SICKLES EXCITEMENT.—*Horrible Suicide in a Lunatic Asylum.*—The Cincinnati Enquirer of the 6th inst. says: Mr. Alfred Hood, a man of about 35 years of age, who was sent to the Insane Asylum at Lick run, about a week since, committed suicide at that institution day before yesterday, by nearly severing his head almost entirely from his body with a razor. Hood, it appears, had, some time previous, been too intimate with another man's wife, and became in consequence a prey to remorse, which was greatly increased after the developments in the Key and Sickles case. Hood, who had been rather dissipated before, began to drink to excess, and, in the midst of his ravings thought the husband of the injured woman was pursuing him to take his life. This idea took a firmer and firmer hold upon his mind, and his imagination depicted all manner of horrible deaths devised by the man he had wronged. This dread at last became a mania, and the victim of the delusion was committed to the madhouse, where he raged like a demon, ever raving incoherently respecting the injured woman and her husband. On the day of his selfdestruction, Hood declared the husband was about to drag him to hell, and, falling on his knees, entreated the imaginary avenger to kill him at once and rid him of future torture. The maniac was willing, he said, to be shot as Key had been, but he prayed not to be burnt in eternal flames.—While in this terrible mood, he obtained possession of a razor, and thinking his life would be an atonement for his crime, he nearly decapitated himself with a hand made strong by madness and desperation.

HEIGHT OF EDIFICES.—The highest edifices in the world are the following:

The Pyramid of Giseh, Egypt (feet)	543
Cathedral at Cologne,	501
Minster at Ulm,	481
Cathedral at Antwerp,	475
Minster at Strasbourg,	466
Pyramid of Cheops, Egypt,	462
St. Stephen's Church, Vienna,	442
St. Peter's, at Rome,	430
Pyramid Cephrenes, Egypt,	426
St. Martin's at Landshut,	420

Jacksonville Republican.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

June, 2, 1859.

Mr. F. H. GOODWIN, is our authorized Agent, to receive and receipt for subscriptions to the Rebublican, contract and receipt for advertising, &c.

Our friends and patrons will confer a favor upon us, which will be gratefully appreciated, by affording him every facility in their power, in the transaction of business.

The Next Legislature.

The coming, is one of the sessions of the Legislature, in which our County is more deeply interested than any that has transpired since its formation; for the reason that the extension of our rail road is a subject of the most vital importance to the developement of our resources; and it depends upon the action of the next Legislature, whether the internal improvement fund, placed by the federal government in the hands of our State authorities, be applied to our road or *squandered.*

Already has our County taken stock, *honestly* in said road, to the amount of from 225 to 250,000 dollars, *all paid in,* and still the road is unfinished, and the benefits which should arise from so large a subscription, is *unfelt by our citizens*—and the stockholders are lying out of the interest which should arise from their investments, *for want of iron to clothe the road.*

We are sorry to learn that an issue is about to be made in this and Talladega Counties, in opposition to the appropriation or loan of the 2 and 3 per cent. funds to the road, on the ground that it will increase taxation. Our County, as stated, has already expended about a quarter of a million of dollars—the failure or permanent check of the road would injure it in value of real estate at least a million more, besides great injury to other business interests. The argument therefore of increased taxation, if entitled to any weight any where, is certainly a very poor one for this County. The County would lose by the failure of the road at least one and a half millions of dollars—while, if it were true that the appropriation increased taxation at all, the proportion of this county would be but a few hundred dollars.

We hope that no little or trivial issues will be permitted to divert public attention from this important question—that the people will keep steadily in view the importance of selecting representatives who can effect for the county the greatest amount of good; and that they will decide for themselves, whether those who oppose aid to our improvements, and raise trivial issue, are actuated by a desire for the public good, or merely practising the arts of a demagogue.

Mr. Ernest Monch, Professor of Music & Modern Languages, tuner and repairer of Pianos, &c., is still in our place. We mentioned his presence in our last, but having no personal knowledge of his skill, said nothing on that subject. It affords us pleasure now to say, that he has tuned and repaired several Pianos in this place, and proven himself thoroughly qualified and skillful in his profession. In fact, we believe he is the most perfect master of his art, that has ever spent any length of time in this place: and we can freely and confidently recommend him to all persons in this place or elsewhere, who have Pianos or other musical instruments to tune or repair. Mr. M. has in his possession a large number of certificates, which prove that we are not alone in this opinion. Persons who require his services will find him not only well qualified for the practice of his profession, but also a most polite, affable and accommodating gentleman.

Cheap Goods.

A fine opportunity is offered by Messrs. Kahn & Fleishl, to persons who may wish to puachase Ladies Dress Goods, to procure them at very reduced prices. These goods are offered at low prices, because they were ordered after their regular purchase and detained some time on the way, which makes their present stock very large. See advertisement in another column.

"The Southern Field and Fireside," Published at Augusta, Ga. by James Gardner, and Edited by Wm. M. Mann, and Daniel Lee, M. D.

We have been politely favored with the first number of this Southern Literary Journal. It is very handsomely printed, on fine paper, in a form of eight pages, each of five column, containing in all 40 columns. The three first pages, contain the first chapters of original stories, by well known, popular authors. The first, "Master William Mitten, or a Youth of Brilliant talents who was ruined by Bad Luck," is by Prof. Longstreet, author of "Georgia Scenes" &c. The second, "Jack Hopeton and his Friends," by Wm. W. Turner, is a Southern Story, of a planter's life by a planter. The third, "Toil and Victory," is by a lady who is a great favorite with the Southern public.—The fourth, "Grace Atherton, or the Child of the Wreck," is also by a lady, who is a native Georgian. The remainder of the paper is occupied with Agricultural and Horticultural articles, News, Litery, Scientific and miscellaneous articles.

This paper is designed to supply a want of the Southern people, that is, a first class Southern Literary Journal, & will fully meet that demand. As we have said, it is exceedingly neat in execution, is very large and published weekly at the exceedingly cheap rates of $2 per annum. One simple, but sufficient cause of the failure of Southern Literary Magazines and Journals heretofore, has been the high price at which they were published. This difficulty is obviated in this instance, it is as large, handsome and cheap, as any Northern papers of like character—it richly merits and we believe will receive a liberal patronage in the South; and we cannot see why it should not also be liberally patronised in the North. At all events we predict for it a success surpassing any of its predecessors.

The attention of Contractors is invited to the Notice of Proposals for the Graduation and Masonry on the Dalton & Gadsden Rail Road, to be received by Mr. Wadsworth, the Chief Engineer, at his office in Dalton, until the 20th inst.

Steam Merchant Mills.

On Saturday last, we visited for the first time, Mr. James G. Nisbet's Steam Mill, four and a half miles north-west of this place, which has been in successful operation for some time. The Engine is a most complete and finished specimen of workmanship, manufactured by Messrs. Noble Brothers, of Rome, Ga., who have few if any superiors as engine builders. We have seldom seen an engine so free from all complication and little liable to get out of order, and that worked so smoothly. Any one who likes machinery could not fail to be delighted with it.

Mr. Nisbet has his machinery so arranged as to use either water or steam power, to suit his convenience, or the amount of grinding required, and his machinery all arranged in the most convenient manner. He has two sets of French Burr Mill Stones, capable of grinding 400 bushels of wheat in 12 hours, and making of it a superior article of flour; and also a smut machine, manufactured in Troy, N. Y., which is a very fine and useful piece of machinery.

Mr. Nisbet has in his employment Mr. Thomas J. Harris, well known in this community as a careful and experienced Miller, and one who will spare no pains for the accommodation of customers.

Mr. N. has also at the same place on the opposite side of the creek, a fine new Wool Carding machine, driven entirely by water power.

The friends of the Selma and Tenn. R. R. Road, will be pleased to learn from the following letter, from Mr J. W. Fullenwider, rout Agent on that road, that the shipment of iron has commenced, and that the work of track laying will go on without interruption until the road is finished to Talladega.—The Selma Sentinel says that it is conjectured by some that the road will be finished that far by early in July; but if it is even two months later than that, it will be in time for almost the entire of the present crop.

ALA. & TENN. RIV. R. ROAD,
May 27, 1859.

J. F. Grant Esq.

Dr. Sir. The Steamer Senator arrived in Selma last night with a load of Iron, for the Ala. & Tenn. Riv. R. Road, & will continue to bring the Iron until all is finished.

I am Sir,
Very Respectfully,
Your obt Servant,
JOHN W. FULLENWIDER.

In a letter from W. J. Willis, Esq., dated at Marion Station, Miss. we have been requested to state to his friends and the citizens of the County generally, that he will be at home in a few days, and that it is his purpose to continue in the canvass for the Legislature, and make known his sentiments freely to the people. He says that the great improvement and immense rise in the value of property, in the section where he is, has convinced him more & more of the importance of finishing our Rail Road.

Fire.—The Benton Sseam Saw Mill, owned by S. P. Hudson & Co. ten miles south of this place was entirely destroyed by fire on Monday night last, together with a considerable quantity of lumber.

The poetical contribution in imitation of the Raven, shall have a place in our next.

Large Radish.—We acknowledge the receipt, from Dr. W. J. Walker of a large Radish, weighing one pound and seven ounces, one foot in length, and one foot in circumference.

ALA., CALHOUN CO. May 21, '59.

Mr. Editor:—Sir, I see in your last paper an article over the signature of "Many Voters," asking the use of my name as a candidate for representative in the State Legislature. I am gratified to have the confidence of so many good men who have asked the same privately. In answer to the same, I must say my own private business at home, claims my entire time, and forbids my giving my consent to become a candidate at this time.

I am glad to see the names of so many good and honest men, already candidates. I hope the matter between tax payers and tax consumers will be considered, and extravagance checked, and the poll and land tax reduced or the ad valorem system adopted.

Would it not be well to consider the public school system, and the large amount of money paid to the different officers, and see whether it pays the community or a few individuals. I am one who believes that less money ought to be used, that there should be more economy in taking care, and that we should not look to the government in which we live to support us, or entirely school our children; but I think we should lop off all public expenses we can, and have the taxes reduced. If we could see what has went with the heavy State and county tax, I think we could see where much might be saved.

MOSES LEE.

For the Republican.

ROCKFORD MINES, May 16, '59.

MR. J. F. GRANT: *Dear Sir:* There are some in our country who are doing all they can to discourage the people in regard to the copper enterprise of Alabama, and keep it in the dark. It is clear they wish to throw every thing they can in the way of developement, and there is design in all such work.

Some have made free to use my name in these efforts, and I think it due to myself and friends to say something on the subject.

I will first speak of the surface indication. Nearly all veins are characterized near the surface, by evidences of atmospheric action. A vein cannot be expected to escape the ordinary decomposing influence of the atmosphere, rain & frost. The surface will be more or less covered with fragments which have been detached from it. The surface ores vary from those which are found below, being far more highly oxydized. Thus if the mass of the vein contain sulphurets, we find the surface ores almost exclusively carbonates, silicates and other oxy-salts. In many copper veins the copper has almost wholly disappeared, the sulphurets having been oxydated to sulphates, which being soluble in water, having washed out, leaving a prorous vein ore, or a peculiar rotten stained quartz upon the surface. This is called by the Germans, the iron hat, and by the Cornish miners gossan. All top one is but gossan; and for men to say that because the gossan does not contain copper enough to pay, that the vein won't do is absurd. They cannot deny but that we have an abundance of gossan. We have gossan ore that has 2 per cent. of copper at the surface, where the veins show to be regular. True veins, not segregated, coming up from far below veins that are well developed.

Another indication is called Chrysocotta, a silicate of copper occurring usually as an incrustation, sometimes disseminated through quartz It has various tints of blue and green. It is sometimes brown from an admixture of foreign matter, especially iron. It is a very common ore of copper, & attends almost every deposit which has a siliceous veinstone, often diffused thorough the quartz rocks so as to give them a green stain. Native copper is soft enough to be cut with a knife, lustre that of fused copper. If we find native copper in a vein of sulphrets, it is an indication of rich ores. Red copper may be massive, granular, earthy or crystalized. When, pure, it is usually of a fine cochineal red color, occasionally crimson. The presence of this ore is an assurance of success in deep mining. The black oxyde of copper is found in powder of an earthy appearance mixed with sulphrets, and is the result of atmospheric action. This ore is found coating many different ores, & is a product of most mines and is said to be the richest copper ores. Copper glance, called also sulphret of copper, is of an iron grey or blachish lead gray color, tarnished with blue or green.—It is very soft, & when scratched gives a shining streak the color of the ore.—Covellin, indigo copper, is found in crystals, also massive. Its color is indigo blue, its texture resinous, its streak red-gray. Eubesite, variegated or purple copper, crystals illdefined, occurs granular or compact, texture metallic, color in fresh fracture redish-brown.—It is an important copper ore. Gray copper usually occurs massive, its color varies from gray to iron black; it is brittle and has a conchoidal fracture.—This is a very important ore, and is valuable for the silver it contains. Malachite is an ore of various shades of green. It is found in crystals & masses which are often radiated and sometimes made up of minute crystals. They seem to have been formed in successive layers, the boundaries of which are distinctly seen on breaking. It is a valuable copper ore. Copper pyrites is of yellow color and brilliant metallic lustre, and is often mistaken for gold. It may be distinguished from iron pyrites by its golden yellow color, while the other is a pale brass green. Blue vitriol is found in most mines of the sulphuret of copper as a consequence of the oxydation of these ores, and the subsequent solution and crystalization of the resulting salts of copper. In my travels over the country I have seen where people have dug for copper, and when they have cut the vein piled on the banks the ore, out of which blue vitriol has formed in abundance, strong enough to wash smut from wheat, tho' it had been exposed to the weather for three years.

Now Mr. Editor, it is very strange that men will contend that Alabama is not a good mining district, while there are so many evidences to the contrary. They will sing the old song that it is nothing but iron, when they have not examined the first spot of ground; and when a plain case of copper ore is presented to them, they say it is not rich enough to pay. Sometimes when told the ore came from Vansandt, they say he did not get it from Alabama, but Ducktown. Some have taken the position in gone-by time that there is no copper in Alabama, and they hate to give it up; but they will have it to do & the sooner the better. The fact is there are as good copper mines in Alabama as there is north-east of us, and it is bad policy for people to go abroad with their capital and aid other States, while they leave the mines of their own undeveloped. Now sir, I say I can show all that I have at any time stated, and all I ask is to put me to the test. Some have said that I have swindled the companies that have been formed. I have never asked any man to take hold of the enterprise without investigation, and there has not a man done so without first examining for himself. It has also been said that I am not a judge of a vein or ores—I say try me, put me to the test, then it will be time enough to set in judgement and condemn. Again I say, so far as the mines of Alabama are concerned, I challenge investigation.

JAMES VANSANDT.

"*O Fortune! Fortune! all men call thee Fickle.*"—Thus wrote Shakspeare; and probably in his day the sentiment was well timed and appropriate; but in these times "the goddess" is more disposed to dispense her favors than in "days of yore." Those fortunate persons who have recently received handsome prizes in the lotteries managed by WOOD; EDDY & Co., have no reason to exclaim that fortune is fickle. By addressing the above firm at Augusta, Ga., or Wilmington, Del., (who are the successors of the well known firm of Sam'l Swan & Co.,) and enclosing $10 $5 $2. 50, for a whole half or quarter ticket in any of their grand schemes, purchasers will be surprised to realize how poor an estimate Shakspeare had of the character of the goddess. —*Sunday Mercury.*

THE EUROPEAN MAILS.

THE DETAILS BY THE CANADA AND VANDERBILT.

These arrivals bring us exchanges with Liverpool dates direct to the 7th, and by Southampton advices to the 11th ins., with the latest accounts and bulletins received or reported at Southampton up to that date.

War Movements.—The Moniteur says the Emperor has decided upon increasing the *cadre* of the general staff by thirty generals, and the *cadre* of the major staff by fifty officers.

Letters from Rome to the 5th May sate that the French garrison had been maintained entire. The inhabitants of the Romagna are described as being greatly agitated.

The London Times of May 10 says:

A conflict near Marengo appeared at one moment inevitable. We know, however, that during the last five days an entire change has taken place in the Austrian position. The invaders have withdrawn all those troops which rendered a battle imminent; they have left to the Franch the valley of the Scrivia, which forms the entire boundary of the battlefield of Marengo, and which washes the walls of Tortona.—They have quitted the dangerous neighborhood of the French and the fortresses, and have spread themselves along the line of the river Sesia, and upon both banks they are throwing up defences, as though they contemplated a practical occupation. The Austrians are now in a line right across the flat country, and have their right wing resting upon the foot of the Alps, and their left on the Po, close to the fortified city, which they were thought to be about to attack. They are face to face with the Dora line, which Gen. De la Marmora publicly declares to be the strategic line of the Sardinians. It seems impossible that the Austrians can retire without fighting a battle, and it is equally impossible that the French can remain much longer without striking a blow at them.

A revolutionary movement is expected at Como; the tricolor had already been hoisted before the castle. The government of Bavaria had ordered the raising of a loan of 4,000,000 fl. at 4½ per cent, and at the price of 97, to meet military requirements.

A dispatch from Turin, May 6, says that the Austrians continue to commit ravage and depredation along their line of march. They had imposed on the town of Vercelli a contribution of 338,000 fr.

The Times of the 10th has the following telegram:

Turin, May 9.—Official Bulletin.—The Austrians have advanced from Vercelli toward Burronzo & Saluzzola They continue to fortify themselves on both banks of the river Sesia, and also at San Germano. The Austrians threw out reconnoitering parties, which advanced as far as the head of the bridge of Cassale, but being attacked with energy by our soldiers they withdrew.

The Nord and Independence Belge contain the following account: "Gen. Garibaldi, combining his movements with those of General Cialdini, has attacked the Austrians at Vercelli, beating them completely and bringing off 300 prisoners."

The Paris correspondent of the Times says, according to the last accounts from Genoa, the entire of the Imperial Gard had arrived there, with the exception of the artillery.

Baron de Rothschild had resigned his functions as Consul-General of Austria at Paris.

The Duke de Charties has left Turin for England.

The correspondent of the Times from Rome, says the Prince of Wales has left for Civita Vecchia. Among those who have had the honor of being invited to the royal table was Motley, the American historian.

The Nord asserts that the retreat of the Austrians is in consequence of orders sent from Vienna, where a new plan of campaign had been adopted.

Turin May 9.—*Official Bulletin.*—The Austrians withdrew yesterday from Tronzano along the road to Vercelli, to which town they were going with a force of 8000 men and 26 pieces of artillery. An ineffectual attempt was made to construct a bridge over the Po. Several carts, carrying wounded Austrians, have returned to Gravellona, where the enemy continue their defensive works.

France.—The subscriptions for the new loan of 500,000,000 fr. was opened on the 7th of May, and 300,000,000 had already been subscribed. The Moniteur of May 7th publishes a decree, making the following Ministerial appointments: M. de Royer, hitherto Minister of Justice, to Delangle to be Minister of Justice; General Rendon to be Minister of War; the Duke of Padone to be Minister of the Interior; Marshal Vaillant to be Major General of the army.

The Paris correspondent of the Times says there have been so many orders given to the manufacturers of St. Etienne for rifled cannon that the workmen are forced to remain at work part of the night.

The Empress accompanies the Emperor as far as Montereau.

French Rentes closed, at 3.30 P. M. on Tuesday, at 60f. 80c.

The Regency.—The Moniteur publishes the following Imperial decree:

Napoleon, by the grace of God and the national will, Emperor of the French to all present and future greeting:

Wishing to give to our beloved wife, the Empress, the marks of high confidence we place in her.

And considering that it is our intention to assume the command of the Army of Italy, we have resolved to confer, as we confer by these presents, upon our well beloved wife, the Empress, the title of Regent, to exercise the functions of the same during our absence in conformity with our instructions and our orders, such as we shall have made known in the general order of the service which we shall establish, & which shall be inscribed in the Great Book of the State.

Let it be understood that cognizance shall be given to our uncle, Prince Jerome, to the Presidents of the great bodies of the State, to the members of our Privy Council, and to the ministers of such orders and instructions, and that in no case can the Empress deviate from their tenor in the exercise of the functions of Regent.

It is our wish that the Empress should preside, in our name, at the Privy Council of Ministers. However, it is not our intention that the Empress Regent should authorize by her signature the promulgation of any *senatusconsultum*, or any law of the State other than those which are actually pending before the Senate, the Legislative Body, and the Council of State, referring ourselves in this respect to the orders and instructions above mentioned.

We charge our Minister of State to give communication of the present letters patent to the Senate, which will have them registered, and to our Keeper of the Seals, Minister of Justice, who will have them published in the Bulletin de Lois.

Given at the Palace of the Tuilleries this 3d of May, 1859.

NAPOLEON.
(Countersigned) ACHILLE FOULD.
Minister of State.

Great Britain.—The total return of members to the new Parliament, up to the time of the Vanderbilt's leaving Liberals 323, Conservatives 273.

The Commander-in-Chief at the request of the Chief Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, has appointed the following officers to be military commissioners for Great Britain to the head quarters of the armies at the seat of war:—For Austria, Col. Mildmay; for France, Col. Claresnont; for Sardinia, Col. Cardogan.

On Sunday, May 8, a very numerous and well conducted radical meeting was held in the Park; to propose an address to the Emperor in the course he had taken with respect to the war in Italy. The proposition did not meet with the slightest approval.

The 100 regiment (Royal Canadian) are under orders to proceed to Corfu, & the left wing will leave the camp at Aldershot on May 10. The Daily News says that on Saturday, May 7, orders were issued by the Admiralty for 12 men-of-war and two gun boats, numberidg about 700 guns, to be brought forward with all expedition to reinforce the fleet in the Channel.

The 18th company of Royal Engineers is ordered to proceed from Chatham to Weymouth, for the purpose of being employed in the completion of the fortifications which have recently been erected in the vicinity of that town.

The Mediterranean dependencies have received respectively a large amount of every conceivable kind of war material, which it is intended still to increase.

The Papal States in Trouble—*Rome May 9.*—Ancona has been declared in a state of siege.

The light in the light-house at the entrance of the harbor has been extinguished.

The Pope has protested.

Count Buol will have an interview with the Emperor, and will send an answer to-morrow.

France considers the state of things at Ancona as a violation of neutrality, and awaits the reply.

The French regiments at Rome are to be placed on a full war footing.

They will be increased by three thousand men.

Rome is tranquil.

THE WORLD AMAZED!

ALL NATIONS THANKFUL.

The shallow proverb, "Familiarity breeds contempt," has a very limitted application. Familiarity with that which is admirable, useful and beneficent, breed respect, gratitude and enthusiasm. It has been thus with *Holloway's* inestimable Pills. The more throughly we become acquainted with their wonderful properties, the more we see of their operation in the most desperate cases, the more deeply sensible do we become of the value to humanity of a medical discoverer like Professor HOLLOWAY. In this country where we are quick to perceive and promp to admit the claims of greatness in every department of art or science, his popularity is boundless, and the demand for his remedies might be called a *furore,* if it were not founded on the solid basis of experience. In the seasons when dysentery and diarrhoea prevail, the population of whole districts in the South and West refuse to take any other prepartion than the Pills. The resident physicians remonstrate with them in vain. It is useless to tell the sick, who are daily recovering strength, appetite, health and cheerfulness, by the use of this omnipotent medicine, that it is an empirical invention. Their every organ muscle, nerve and fibre unite in giving the lie to the assertion. It is the same with dyspepsia, liver complaint, and in fact all internal maladies, without exception.

Under such circumstances, can it be surprising that the name of Holloway is endeared to the American people? Many maladies, deemed incurable before the introduction of the Pills, now create neither fear nor anxiety. It is generally understood that the subjugation of these complaints by a course of the medicine is an easy task; that the sufferer who relies upon any other preparation, patent or prescribed, is literally scrambling for life in the dark; and that he or she who perishes under the false treatment of the faculty "dies as the fool dieth."

We do not stand alone in our appreciation of the vitalizing and restorative qualities of the Pills. Almost every exchange paper we open contains some anecdote of their triumphs over disease or of the uplifting of some debilitated and hopeless invalid from the lowest depths of physical weakness and mental despondency, by their aid. No other advertised medicines have ever commanded such encomiums from the medical, religious political and independent press, as Holloway's remedies. Papers and periodicals too *frigidly* aristocratic even to publish *advertisements* of the ordinary nostrums of the day, have earnestly commended the Pills to the confidence of the afflicted. Nothing but great facts, too widely known to be disputed, could have forced the accredited organs of the faculty to bow to this mighty innovator, the Caesar of the world of medicine, and his peerless curatives. But even these have succumbed. Truth can no more be arrested in its course than the lightnings of heaven.—*N. Y. Sunday "Mercury."*

THE OPPOSITION.

The *opposition to democracy* means know-nothingism, whigism, federalism and all other kinds of isms which have afflicted the country in past time. Mr. John N. Botts, who is just now leading and speaking for the forlorn hope of the oppositon in Virgina, says that if he cannot defeat the democracy in any other way, he is willing to do it with free negro votes. Hear what he said in a recent speech;

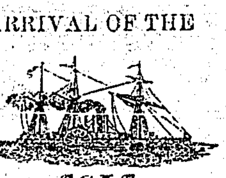
"It has not been very long since a genman somewhat prominent in the ranks of the democracy, whom I met on the street, said to me, 'Mr. Botts, I have a question to propound to you, if you have no objection.' Certainly not sir. 'I want to know, said he, 'if you are in favor of a coalition with the black republican party in the election of 1860?' *My good friend. said I, I don,t wish you to misunderstand me; I wish to say, that if there was a state in the Union composed of free negros, and the Constitution gave them the right to vote I would be much obliged to them to help me to elect our party.*'—*Argus.*

Telegraphic.

From the Daily Selma Reporter.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE



ASIA.

Breadstuffs Advancing.

PROVISIONS DULL.

NEW YORK, May 26.

The steamship Asia has arrived at this part from Liverpool.

The sales of cotton for the week amounted to 53,000 bales. The market opened with an advance of ⅛d. and closed with an advance of ¼.

Breadstuffs were declining.

Provisions were dull.

Consols 92.

Napoleon had reached Genoa and issued a startling address.

No battle had been fought.

From the Associated Press.

Apprehended Troubles in Utah.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The New York *Herald's* Utah correspondence indicates greater danger of collision between the troops and Mormons than ever before.

Judge SINCLAIR has called on Col. JOHNSTON for troops to protect the sessions of Court at Salt Lake City, by acting as a posse comitatus.

Gov. CUMMING has called out 5000 of the Mormons militia to oppose the entrance of the troops.

From the tenor of the correspondence it would appear that a collision is inevitable, if the troops attempt to enter the city.

The departure of LOUIS NAPOLEON from France was a perfect ovation, and his reception at Genoa, where he arrived on Thursday, May 12, was most cordial. He issued an address to the army, enjoining the necessity of strict discipline, and stating his only fear was that his troops would show too much enthusiasm. It was expected that he would proceed to the headquarters of the army on the 14th. The King of Sardinia visited the Emperor at Genoa.

A Sardinian official bulletin confirms the report of the retrograde movement of the Austrians, whose headquarters were at Robbio, eleven miles Southwest of Novaro. The Sardinians had retaken their former position.

The British Government have formally proclaimed a strict neutrality, and warned subjects against any acts in violation of it. The War Department have issued an important notice authorizing the formation of volunteer corps throughout the kingdom There was great activity at the English dock yards, equal in fact to what it was at the height of the Crimean war. The parliamentary elections were nearly over, and the result was as last reported.

The army of Lyons is under orders for Italy.

Kossuth in Sardinia.—A letter from Turin says; Kossuth, of whom nobody has heard in England for some time, or even here, is secretly at work in Sardinia, where he is *incognito,* and holding communication by means of emissaries, with the Hungarian portion of the army—one third of the whole, and the very troops which formerly defeated the Austrians under his authority, and which have been removed to Italy, in order to keep them as far as possible from their native land. Here they have been fraternizing with the Italians, through the instrumentality of Kossuth, and probably will revolt in a body at last. Already there is division and dissension between the Austrian and Hungarian commanders, and that is another reason which accounts for the tardy movements of the Austrian troops.

Waverley Novels for the Million.—That enterprising firm of publishers, T. B. Peterson & Brothers, Philadelphia, has just begun an undertaking which cannot fail to be beneficial to the whole reading community. We allude to the edition of Sir Walter Scott's novels, now in the course of publication by them, and which is to be completed in twenty six volumes, at twenty five cents a piece, or five dollars for the whole. These volumes are printed in double column octavo, and each will contain about one hundred and twenty-five pages. The entire sett of twenty-six volumes will be mailed, free of postage, to any person remitting five dollars to the publishers. This is an opportunity never before had, for obtaining the Waverley Novels entire, at a price within the means of everybody; for it is the cheapest edition ever buplished, and for those who remit five dollars, and thus subscribe for the series, secure each volume for less than twenty cents. The price of the Edinpurgh edition, from which this edition is reprinted, is seventy-two dollars. Very properly have Peterson & Brothers called this the "Edition for the Million," for they ought to get a million of subscribers to it, in this reading nation, and doubtless will. *The Abbott,* forming the sixth volume of their series of the Waverley Novels is published this day.

PRECIOUS STONES OF GEORGIA PRODUCTION.—We were shown to-day by our friend Mr Lawshe, jeweller, on Whitehall street, a fine finger ring of pure gold, superbly set with seven garnets, which were exhumed by persons digging a well at his new residence, on Peachtree street. We also saw an elegant breast pin, set with Geogia crystal the original stone from which it was cut being shown us by the owner, Gus Haynes, Mr. Lawshe's watch repairer. We are informed that the garnet is very common in the mineral region of Georgia.

These two pieces of jewelry are real gems in their way, and the stones being of Georgia (and not only of Georgia, but of Atlanta) production, invests them with peculiar interest. Call and see them.—*Atlanta (Ga.) American, May 6.*

No medical preparation has ever been introduced to the public, which has realized such marked success as Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer. Where the Pain Killer has been offered for sale during a long term of years, and where its virtues are known and appreciated, it will be sure to retain its enviable popularity; and that its sale will continue to increase as it finds its way to new markets, no intelligent person can doubt.

"Ma, is aunt got honey in her mouth?" "No; why do you ask such a question?" "'Cause that leetle man with a heap o' hair on his face cotched hold of her, and said he was going to take the honey from her lips, and she said, 'Well, make haste!'"

See in another column advertisement of Dr. Sanford's *Liver Invigorator.*

CANDIDATES.

We are authorized to announce the following named gentlemen as candidates for the various offices named:

For the Senate.
HON. T. A. WALKER,
DR. X. H. MILLER.

For Representative
Col. THOMAS J. CAVER,
Wm. SCOTT, Esq.
Col Wm. H. FORNEY,
Hon. M. J. TURNLEY,
JOHN H. WRIGHT, Esq.
G. C. WHATLEY, Esq.
Wm. F. BUSH, Esq.
Wm. J. INGRAM, Esq.
Wm. J. WILLIS,
Gen. R. G. EARLE,
ELI BYNUM,
ABRAM S. BURNS.

For Sheriff.
DANIEL T. RYAN,
FIELDING LOVE,
Wm. P. DOWNING,
SPARTAN ALLEN,
JOHN YOE.

For Tax Assessor.
BARTLET OWEN,
THOMAS K. LANGFORD,
F. M. TREADAWAY,
J. R. STEEDLEY,

For Tax Collector.
JAMES MEHARG, Esq.
LOYD TRAYLOR,
Rev. T. P. GWIN.

For County Surveyor.
THOMAS R. MANGHAM,
J. L. WHITESIDE.

DISSOLUTION.

THE partnership heretofore existing between Driskill & Newman having been dissolved, all persons indebted to said firm are hereby notified to make payment to W. A Driskill, who is authorised to settle the business of the concern.

DRISKILL & NEWMAN.

N: B: The undersigned still continues the GROCERY BUSINESS, at the same location, where he will keep a good stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES,

and be glad to furnish his friend and customers. W. A. DRISKILL.

BACON.

THE undersigned has on hand and for sale, a large lot of choice Tennessee Bacon.
June 2, '59—4t W. A. DRISKILL.

LADIES GOODS.

Such as plain and figured

Barages,
Organdies,
Lawns,
French Jackanetts,
Brilliants,

SILK & SILK LACE MANTILLAS,

And all other kinds of Ladies Dress Goods, at cost. KAHN & FLEISHL.

N. B. All persons indebted to the firms of Kahn & Bro. & Kahn & Fleishl, are requested to settle immediately, as they are compelled to have money, and must close the business of J. Kahn & Bro. June 2, 1859,

SHERIFF SALES.

BY virtue of three orders of sale, issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county, and to me directed, one in favor of Ryan & Rowland vs. J A McCampbell, S P Hudson, A Woods & W C Elston, one in favor of same, plffs vs W C Elston, W R Hubbard & J A McCampbell, and one in favor of Ryan, Francis & Rowland vs J J Railton, S P Hudson & J A McCampbell, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, before the court house door, in the Town of Jacksonville, Ala on the first Monday in July next, the following described Land, to-wit: Lot No 1, Section 16, Township 14, Range 8, containing 80 acres—levied on as the property of defendants, to satisfy said orders of sale. J. B. FARMER, Shff.
By SPARTNN ALLEN, D S.
June 2, 1859—$6 00.

ALSO, at the same time and place,

BY virtue of one order of sale issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county and to me directed, in favor of John H Vandiver, vs Berryman Bice, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash; the following described land, to wit: the S E 1-4 of N W 1-4, and N E 1-4 of N W 1-4 of section 10, T 14, R 6, in the Coosa Land Dist: levied on as the property of deft to satisfy said order of sale.

J. B. FARMER, Shff.
By SPARTAN ALLEN, D S.
June 2, 1859—$3 00.

ALSO, by virtue of one fi fa, issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county, and to me directed, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at the house of A Fite, on the 13th day of June inst, seventy-five bushels of Corn. levied on as the property of Marcus L Pinson, to satisfy said fi fa in favor of Asa Skelton. J. B. FARMER, Shff.
By SPARTAN ALLEN, D S.
June 2, 1859—$1 50.

Notice to Contractors.

Office of Dalton & Gadsden R R Co.
Dalton, Ga, May 27th, 1859.

Proposals for the Gadsden and masonry of the Dalton & Gadsden Rail Road will be received up to the 20th of June next. The work is situated, 11 miles in Whitfiled County, 15¼ in Gordon, 31 in Floyd and 6 3-4 miles in Polk County. There are some 650,000 cubic yds. of Earth work and 20,000 yds of masonry to be done.

A seperate bid will be required on each section, the Company reserving the right to reject all bids if none are Satisfactory.

A profile of the work may be seen, and all requisite information with regard to the same may be obtained, at the office of the Company in Dalton.

Wm WADSWORTH,
June 2, '59 Chief Engineer.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
CALHOUN COUNTY.
Court of Probate for Calhoun County, Ala. Special Term, May 28th A. D. 1859.

THIS day came S. O. Striplin, Guardian of Martha Jenkins, formerly a minor, now of full age, and Frances Barnes, formerly Frances Jenkins, now the wife of John P. Barnes, who is over 21 years of age, and filed his account and vouchers for a final settlement of said estate.

It is ordered by the court that Saturday the 2d day of July next be set for examining, stating and reporting said account, allowing said vouchers, and making said settlement, and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said county, for three successive weeks, prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a Special term of said Court, to be holden at the Court House of said county, on said Saturday the 2nd day of July next, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

Witness, A Woods, Judge of said Court, at office in Jacksonville, on this the 28th day of May, A. D. 1859.
A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.
June 2, 1859.—3t.

Chancery Notice.

THE creditors of J. A. McCampbell & Co. and J. J. Railton & Co., are hereby notified to prove their claims upon said firms preparatory to a settlement, before the Register of the 36th District before the 1st of June next.
R. G. EARLE, Register &c.
Jan. 27, 1859.—4t.

R. S. NORTON & SON,

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS,

ROME, GEORGIA.

ARE OFFERING ESPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO BUYERS FROM A DISTANCE.

WE are desirous of building upa first *class* DRY GOODS trade with Northern Alabama, by first class—we mean *cash* customers and those who pay *promptly* at maturity. We do not say that we sell lower than any one—but all men who have a grain of common sence, *know* that those who sell on long time are obliged to buy on long time and DO sell at long prices.

We tell every one frankly that money is better than even *short* credit, and that we wish no dealings with any man who puts his debts when he pleases, or at the end of the law.

Our present stock is complete, consisting not only of all classes of

Staple Goods,

But also a much larger assortment of

Fine Dress Goods, MANTILLAS, *Real Laces*, EMBROIDERS, WHITE GOODS, &c.

Than ever before kept this side of Augusta—this is particularly the case with our **CURTAIN GOODS** assortment, WINDOW SHADES, CORNICE, **LACE CURTAINS.**

EMBROIDED MUSLIN CURTAINS,

CURTAIN DAMASK'S &c.

WE HAVE ALSO ON HAND AT ALL TIMES

Wall Paper IN EVERY VARIETY.

We ask an examination by all who can comply with our terms and feel satisfied that we can make it to their interest to purchase.

Our friends will oblige by telling us who they are *and* where from.

R. S. NORTON & SON.

Rome Ga., May 26, 1859.—1m.

Home Trade.

NEW SPRING & SUMMER

GOODS.

WILLIAMS & ARGOES,

RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of White Plains and surrounding country, that they are now receiving direct from NEW YORK & PHILADELPHIA a large and carefully selected stock of

Staple & Fancy Goods,

Suitable to the season, and embracing every article usually called for, or necessary to supply the wants of the community: among which may be found, the latest and most fashionable styles of

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes.

A LARGE LOT OF

OSNABURG & DOMESTICS,

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.

CHINA GLASS and QUEENSWARE,

PAINTS, OILS and DRUGS,

All of which we will sell to solvent dealers at the shortest profit, either for cash or on the usual time.

We cordially invite all who may wish to purchase Goods, to call and examine our stock. We will make it to their interest to encourage home trade by selling them goods of as good quality and upon as good terms as they can purchase elsewhere; and convince them that they "may go further & fare worse."

They will also have in a short time a small stock of *Groceries* for the accommodation of their friends and customers, at low prices.

White Plains, Ala. May 26, 1859.

NEW GOODS.

J. B. & G. H. FORNEY

RESPECTFULLY announce the reception of their splendid stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER **GOODS.**

THE long standing character and appreciated patronage of the house renders an enumeration of the various articles of Merchandise useless.

Feeling grateful to their friends whose ever ready favors have so flatteringly increased their sales, they promise a continuation of strictly courteous and honorable intercourse with them. The public generally are invited to examine their stock.

Prompt personal attention given to all orders. April 28 1859—tf.

A WELL SELECTED STOCK OF

Dry Goods,

HARDWARE,

Hats, Shoes & Boots,

FANCY GOODS,

Books and Stationery,

CROCKERY,

Drugs & Medicines, and nearly every article in demand, just opening at the store of J. D. HOKE & BRO.

April 21, 1859.

LADIES DRESSES, CORSETS, HOOP SKIRTS,

HATS,

FINE SLIPPERS & GAITERS of the newest style at the store of J. D. HOKE & BRO.

April 21, 1859.

TRANSPARENT SHADES,

GILT CORNICES AND CURTAIN BANDS; **Damask Curtains** with heavy loops, **DIMITY,** *OIL CALICO and Muslin Curtains and FRINGES,* at the Store of J. D. HOKE & BRO.

April 21, 1859.

STIPES & ROWLAND'S

New Stock of Spring & Summer

GOODS.

CONSISTING of every article usually kept by us. Our Styles are remarkable for their uniform beauty—the prices are out of the range of competition.

We are now opening a select Stock of

READY MADE CLOTHING

IN THE MOST APPROVED STYLES.

We will continually be adding all the Novelties of the season, during the Summer, having made our arrangements to be supplied with New and Fashionable Goods, at any time during the season. We respectfully invite the particular attention of our friends and customes to our present stock. April 14, 1859.—tf.

Piles & Fistula,

Cancers & Scrofula

Strictures, Tumors, Worms,

and all other diseases of the skin

CURED.

PAMPHLETS containing testimonials of the highest character as to his success will be forwarded to any that may wish them.

A three cent stamp must accompany all communications.

Address

J. A. CLOPTON, M. D.

Mar. 3 1859—1y. Huntsville, Ala.

SELMA BOOK STORE,

J. M. WEST,

Bookseller and Stationer,

SELMA, ALA.

A LARGE STOCK OF

BOOKS PAPER, &C.,

Kept constantly on hand & sold very low. Orders by mail solicited, and promptly filled.

Selma, Feb. 17 '59.—1y.

WOOD, EDDY & CO.'S

SINGLE NUMBER LOTTERIES!

CHARTERED BY THE STATE OF GA.

CAPITAL PRIZE

$50,000.

TICKETS ONLY $10!

WOOD, EDDY & Co. Manager,

Successors to S. SWAN & CO.

The following Scheme will be drawn by Wood, Eddy & Co. Managers, of the Sparta Academy Lottery, in each of their Single Number Lotteries for JUNE 1859, at AUGUSTA, Georgia, in public, under the superintendence of Commissioners.

Class 23 *draws Saturday,*			*June* 4, 1859
" 24	"	"	" 11, "
" 25	"	"	" 18, "
" 26	"	"	" 25, "

ON THE PLAN OF

SINGLE NUMBERS.

50,000 Tickets!

Five Thousand four hundred & 85 Prizes!

NEARLY ONE PRIZE TO *EVERY NINE TICKETS!!*

MAGNIFICENT SCHEME.

TO BE DRAWN

EACH SATURDAY IN JUNE.!

1 Prize of	$50,000	1	Prizes of	1,500
1 "	20,000	50	"	500
1 "	10,000	100	"	400
1 "	5,000	100	"	300
1 "	4,000	100	"	150
1 "	3,000	100	"	100

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

4 pri's of	$400	apx to	$50,000	Pr is $1,600
4 "	300	"	20,000	" " 1,200
4 "	250	"	10,000	" " 1,000
4 "	225	"	5,000	Pr are 900
4 "	200	"	4,000	" " 800
4 "	150	"	3,000	" " 600
4 "	100	"	1,500	" " 400
5,000 "	20	are		160,000

5,485 Prizes amounting to **$320,000**

Tickets, $10—Halves $5—Quarters $2½

Remember that every prize in the above Scheme is drawn, and payable in full without deduction.

Certificates of Packages will be sold at the following rates which is the risk:

Cer'ate of Package of	10	Whole Tickets	$80
Certificate "	10	Half "	40
" "	10	Quarter "	20
" "	10	Eighths "	10

SPARTA ACADEMY LOTTERY,

CLASS NO. 359.

Draws Wednesday, June 29th, 1859,

ON THE THREE NUMBER PLAN.

75 Numbes—12 Drawn Ballots.

Nearly one Prize to every two Tickets!

1 Grand Prize of $30.000.

1 Prize	of	$15,170	4 Prizes of		$2,000
1 "	of	10,000	20 "		1,000
2 "	of	5,000	150 "		250
&c,	&c.		&c.,	&c.	

27,814 Prizes Amt'g to $513,190!

Tickets $10; Halves 5; Quarters $2 50.

In Ordering Tickets or Certificates,

Enclose the money to our address for the Tickets ordered, on receipt of which they will be forwarded by first mail.

Purchasers can have tickets ending in any figure they may designate.

The List of Drawn Numbers and Prizes willbe sent to purchsers immediately after the drawing.

☞ Purchasers will please write their signatures plain, and give their Post Office, County and State.

☞ Remember that every Prize is drawn, and payable in full without deduction.

All Prizes of 1,000 and under, paid immediately after the drawing—other Prizes at the usual time of thirty days.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Those who prefer not sending money by mail, can use THE ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY, who only money for Tickets, in sums of Ten Dollars and upwards, can be sent as AT OUR RISK & EXPENSE, from any city or town where they have an office. The money and order must be enclosed in a "GOVERNMENT POST OFFICE STAMPED ENVELOPE" or the Express Company cannot receiv them

All communications strictly confidential.

Address Orders for Tickets or certificates

WOOD, EDDY & Co. Augusta, Geo.

or, WOOD, EDDY & Co Atlanta, "

or WOOD, EDDY & Co. Wilmington Delaware.

CONSOLIDATED

Lotteries of Delaware

For June, 1859.

FRANCE, BROADBENTS & Co. Managers.

All drawings under the superintendence of the Lottery Commissioners. Prizes paid soon as drawn

---

Grand Delaware Lottery

ON THE HAVANA PLAN.

Extra Class Three,

To be drawn in Wilmington, Del. Saturday, June 30, 1859.

25,265 numbers!–50,000 prizes

Prizes paid in full, without deduction.

In these Lotteries every Prize is drawn.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	$50,000
1 prizes of	15,500
2 prizes of	5,000
2 prizes of	2,500
2 prizes of	2,000
2 prizes of	1,000
10 prizes of	500
10 prizes of	400
10 prizes of	300
100 prizes of	100
25,000 prizes of	5

And 212 Approximations prizes ranging from $20 up to $400.

MAGNIFICENT SCHEME.

GRAND CAPITAL PRIZE $70,000!

Grand Consolidated Lottery of Delaware.

Class N, to be drawn in Wilmington, Delaware Saturday, June, 25, 1859.

SPLENDID SCHEME.

1 Prize	$70,000 is	$70,000
1	25,000	25,000
1	12,550	25,100
1	12,550	
2	10,000	20,000
4	8,000	32,000
4	5,000	20,000
4	2,500	10'000
10	2,000	20,000
10	1,250	12,500
182	1,000	182,000
66	600	39,600
66	500	33,000
132	200	26,400
132	100	13,200
3,960	40	158,400
25740	20	514,800

30,316 prizes, amt'g to $1,202,000

Tickets $20; Halves $10; Qrs. $5; Eighths $2.50

A package of 26 whole tickets at $20 costs, $520

There are 12 drawn ballots, & each bal lot being worth $20, makes $240

15 per cent off, being 36

Leaves net 204

Leaving risk to the purchaser $316

Persons who desire need only remit the risk on a Package, for which we will send a Certificate as follows:

Cer'ate of Package of	26	wholes cost	$300
do	do	26 Halves,	150
do	do	26 Quarters	75
do	do	26 Eighths,	37 50

All order addressed to France, Broadcents & Co., Wilmington, Del., will meet with prompt attention, and the printed official drawings sent as soon as over.

FRANCE, BROADBENTS & Co.,

April 7, '59. Managers.

Boots and Shoes,

SOMETHING superior in quality and finish just received by

Oct. 14. J. D. HOKE & BRO.

For Philadelphia, New York, &c.

FROM

Charleston and Savannah

CABIN PASSAGE $15:::::::::::STEERAGE $5

Excursion Tickets good to return till Jan'y 1860:::::::::$25.

THE well known, first class sidewheel Steamships, **State of Georgia**, Capt. J. J. GARVIN, & **Keystone State**, Capt. C. P. MARSHMAN, now form a *regular* line for the North, leaving Charleston and Savannah alternately.

The ***State of Georgia*** sails from Savannah every ten days, as follows, Feb. 26, March 4, 14, &c.

The ***Keystone State*** sails from Charleston every ten days as follows: Feb. 16th, 26th, March 9th, 19th, &c.

These ships are in strength, speed and accommodations, fully equal to any on the coast. Inland navigation 100 miles on Delaware river and Bay; two nights at sea.

For Niagara Falls, the Lakes & Canada.

SHORTEST AND CHEAPEST ROUTE

This line connects at Philadelphia with the Great Northwestern Railroad Route through to Niagara Falls or Buffalo, in 18 hours from Philadelphia. Through Tickets with the privilege of stopping at Philadelphia and intermediate points, for sale by the Agents in Savannah.

Fare to Niagara, or Buffalo, $23. Elmira $21; to Canandaigua, $22.

A. HERON, Jr.
Agent at Philadelphia.
C. A. GREINER, & Co.
Agents at Savannah.
T. S. & T. G. BUDD, *Agents at Charleston.*

Feb. 4, 1859.—1y.

$363,040

TO BE DISTRIBUTED.

Georgia State Lottery,

On the Plan of Single Numbers.

—for the benefit of the—

MONTICELLO UNION ACADEMY,

OF JASPER COUNTY, GEORGIA.

Authorized by Special Act of Legislature

McKINNEY & CO., Managers.

CAPITAL PRIZE

$60,000.

Fifty Thousand Tickets!

25,828 PRIZES. More than 1 Prize to every two Tickets.

Tickets only $10.

HALVES QUARTERS & EIGHTS IN PROPORTION.

To be drawn each Saturday in June 1859.

CLASS 22 DRAWS ON Saturday, June 4, 1859.

CLASS 23 DRAWS ON Saturday; June 11, 1859.

CLASS 24 DRAWS Saturday, June 18, 1859,

CLASS 25 DRAWS ON Saturday, June 25, 1859,

To be drawn in public under the sworn superintendence of two Commissioners, appointed for that purpose, in the CITY OF SAVANAH GEORGIA.

MAGNIFICENT SCHEME!

1 Prize of	$60,000 is	$60,000
1 "	20,000 is	20,000
1 "	10,000 is	10,000
1 "	5,000 is	5,000
1 "	4,000 is	4,000
1 "	3,000 is	3,000
1 "	2,000 is	2,000
1 "	1,500 is	1,500
1 "	1,000 is	1,000
5 "	1,000 are	5,000
10 "	500 are	5,000
2 "	400 are	800
2 "	300 are	600
2 "	200 are	400
50 "	150 are	7,500
100 "	100 are	10,000
100 "	95 are	9,500
100 "	85 are	8,500

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

4 Pr's of $200 ap'xg to	$60,000 prize are	$800
4 Pr's of 150 ap'xg to	20,000 prize are	600
4 Pr's of 125 ap'xg to	10,000 prize are	500
4 Pr's of 100 ap'xg to	5,000 prize are	400
8 Pr's of 80 ap'xg to	4,000 prize are	640
8 Pr's of 60 ap'xg to	3,000 prize are	480
8 Pr's of 50 ap'xg to	2,000 prize are	400
8 Pr's of 40 ap'xg to	1,500 prize are	320
100 Prs of 20 ap'xg to	100 prize are	8000
25,000 Prizes of $5 are		200,000

27,827 Prizes amounting to **$366,040**

WHOLE TICKETS $10. HALVES $5, QUARTERS $2.50.

PLAN OF THE LOTTERY.

The numbers from 1 to 50,000 corresponding with those numbers on the tickets printed on separate slips of paper, are encircled with small tin tubes and placed in one wheel.

The first 380 prizes, similarly printed and encircled, are placed in another wheel.

The wheels are then revolved, and a number is drawn from the wheel of numbers, and at the same time a prize is drawn from the other wheel. The number and prize drawn out are opened and exhibited to the audience, and registered by the Commissioners; the Prize being placed against the Number drawn. This operation is repeated until the prizes are drawn out.

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.—The two preceding and the two succeeding Numbers to those drawing the first 8 Prizes will be entitled to the 48 Approximation Prizes. For example: if Ticket 11250 draws the $60,000 Prize, those Tickets numbered 11248, 11249 11251, 11252 will each be entitled to $300. If Ticket No. 550 draws the $20,000 Prize those tickets numbered 548, 549, 551, 552, will each be entitled to $150, and so on according to the above scheme.

CERTIFICATES OF PACKAGES will be sold at the following rates, which is the risk.

Cert. of Packages of	10	Whole Tickets,	$60
" "	10	Half Tickets,	30
" "	10	Qr. Tickets,	15
" "	10	Eighth "	7,50

In ordering Tickets or Certificates.

Enclose the money to our address for the tickets ordered, on receipt of which they will be forwarded by first mail. Purchasers can have tickets ending in any figure they may designate.

The list of drawn numbers and prizes will be sent to purchasers immediately after the drawing.

☞ Purchasers will please write their signatures plain, and give their post office, county, and State.

☞ Remember that every prize is drawn & payable in full without deduction.

☞ All prizes of $1,000 and under paid immediately after the drawing—other prizes at the usual time of 20 days.

All communications strictly confidential.

Address orders for Tickets or Certificates to McKINNEY & CO., Savannah, Ga.

☞ A list of the numbers that are drawn from the wheel, with the amount of the prize that each one is entitled to, will be published after every drawing, in the Savannah Daily News. Feb. 10, '59.

C. G. KUHNE,

SADDLE & HARNESS

MANUFACTURER,

AND UPHOLSTERER,

WILL KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND

Between Monroe and Morrow's & Norris and Ware's, a large supply of Spring and other MATRESSES.

☞ *ORDERS SOLICITED.* ☜

BROAD ST., SELMA, ALA.

Selma, Ala Feb, 17, 1859—1y.

Stockholder's Annual Convention.

OFFICE OF THE ALA. & TENN. R. R. Co. Selma, May 18th, 1859.

THE tenth Annual Convention of the Stockholders of the Alabama and Tennessee River Railroad Company, will convene at Shelby Springs, on Wednesday, the 13th day of July next, for the purpose of electing a President & Board of ten Directors for said Company, for the ensuing year.

The Board are requested to meet at the same place on the Monday previous.

A. M. GOODWIN,
Secretary.

May 19, '59.

FURNITURE STORE!

Dallas street, Selma, Ala.

The subscriber takes pleasure in informing the public generally that his stock of ***FURNITURE*** is quite extensive, and of a superior quality, consisting of

PARLOR, *Dining & Bed Room*

FURNITURE,

of all qualities and description.

Splendid Piano Forts,

Of a superior tone, a good stock, which will be sold cheaper than the same articles have ever before been sold in Alabama.

Metalic Coffins,

always on hand, all sizes and styles. Also—

Wooden Coffins,

at prices from $2 to $50. To all of which the attention of the public is invited and which will be sold at unprecedented low prices for cash.

J. J. NORRIS.

Aug. 19, 1858.—1y.

D. M. FULLENWIDER,

WITH

M'Clure, Thames & Johnson,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

Grocers,

WATER STREET,

SELMA, ALA.

July 12, 1858.—1y.

N. YORK & CHARLESTON

Steamship Line,

Through Tickets.

From New Orleans to to N. York,			$30 00
" Mobile to	"		25 00
" Montgomery, Ala.,	"		26 00
" Atlanta, Geo.	"		23 00
" Augusta, Geo.	"		20 00

☞ Can be had on applications at the Rail Road Ticket Offices at each point.

UNITED STATES MAIL

Steamships through in 48 to 50 Hours.

The new Steamship Columbia 1800 Tons. M. BERRY, Commander.

NASHVILLE, 1800 Tons. L. M. MURRY, Commander.

JAMES ADGER, 1500 Tons. A. ANDREWS, Commander.

MARION, 1500 Tons. W. J FOSTER, Commander.

LEAVES ADGER'S WHARVES

Every Wednesday & Saturday

AT HIGH WATER.

These Steam Ships were built expressly for the Line, and for safety, comfort, & speed, are unrivalled on the coasts. Tables supplied with every luxury.—Attentive and courteous commanders, willensure Travellers of this Line every possible comfort and accommodation. Elegant State Room accommodations, Freight or passage, apply to

HENRY MISSROON & CO.
Corner of East Bay and Adger's South Wharf,
Charleston to N. York, Cabin passage $15
Steerage, $.
March 11, 1859.—1y.

JOINT RESOLUTIONS

Proposing Amendments to the Constitution.

SECTION 1. *Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Alabama in General Assembly convened,* That the following amendments to the Constitution of Alabama are hereby proposed to the people thereof, which, when proposed by two-thirds of each House of the present General Assembly, voted in favor of by a majority of all the citizens of this State voting for representatives, and ratified by two-thirds of each House of the nex General Assembly voting thereon, by yeas, and nays, shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the Consittution of said State. *Provided,* that said proposed amendments shall at each session, have been read three times on three several days in each House, to wit:

1. Strike out the third section of the third article, & the amendments thereto, as ratified by the General Assembly of the State of Ala. at the session held on the first Monday in December, 1845, and in the place of said section and said amendment thereto, insert the following: "The representatives shall be chosen biennially, and the election shall take place on the first Monday and the day following in August until otherwise directed by law."

2. Strike out the words "three years," in the twelfth section of the third article and in place thereof insert "four years."

3. Strike out the fourteenth section of the third article, and the amendment thereto, as ratified by the General Assembly of the State of Alabama, at the session held on the first Monday in December, 1845, and in place thereof, insert the following section: "The General Assembly shall hold annual session at times to be fixed by law. The House of Representatives shall at each sessions choose a Speaker and its other officers and the Senate a President and its other officers; each House shall judge of the qualifications, elections and returns of its own members but a contested election shall be determined in such manner as may be directed by law."

4. Strike out the word "biennial," in the amendment to the eighth section of the fourth article, as ratified by the General Assembly of the State of Alabama, at the session held on the first Monday in December, 1845 and insert in place thereof the word "annual."

Sec. 2. *Be it further resolved,* That all the provisions of chapter seven, title six, part one, of the Code of Alabama, shall be observed by the officers therein named in the election to be held on these proposed amendments to the Constitution, and all the penalties; designated in chapter eight of said title, shall be enforced against all persons amenable thereto, for any act of omission or commission relating to the matter herein contained.

Sec. 3. *Be it further resolved,* That the Secretary of State shall cause joint resolutions and proposed amendments to the Constitution to be published at least three months before the next general election in one newspaper published in each of the following places, to wit; Montgomery, Mobile, Tuskaloosa, Huntsville Eufaula, Jacksonville, Florence. Selma and Talladega. Approved, February 8, 1858.

April 21 1859.

Another School.

Mrs. McCRACKAN respectfully offers her services to the citizens of Jacksonville as a teacher, and as she has had considerable experience in teaching, she flatters herself that she will be able to give entire satisfaction to those who may favor her with their patronage.

She will commence her school on MONDAY next the 16th inst. at her residence in this place, & continue five months. A few small boys will be taken also.

Satisfactory references can be given if desired. May 12, 1859.

FORT & HARGROVE,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

GROCERS,

BROAD STREET, ROME, GA.

OPPOSITE PLANTER'S BANK AGENCY.

WILL keep constantly for sale, all kinds of Groceries at the lowest market prices.

Call and examine our stock.

Rome, Ga. May 19 1859—1y.

Selma Advertisements.

SEWING MACHINES.

J. W. BLANDIN,

SELMA, ALABAMA,

AGENT FOR

WHEELER & WILSON'S

CELEBRATED

SEWING MACHINES.

PRICES GRATLY REDUCED.

Selma, Feb. 17 1859—y.

R. VALENTINE & CO.

SADDLE & HARNESS

ESTABLISHMENT,

(OLD POST OFFICE.)

Water St. Selma. Ala.

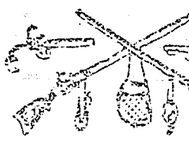
MANUFACTURERS OF

Saddles,
Harness,
Bridles,
Collars,
Whips, &c.

HAVING permanently located in Selma, and will pay strict attention to all orders, from the surrounding and up country, with promptness and neatness An invitation is extended to all who are in want of anything in our line to give us a call, as we are confident that they will be satisfied with the quality of our goods as well as prices.

Feb. 17, 1859—1y.

TO SPORTSMEN & DEALERS!



C. SUTER,

Manufacturer & Importer

OF

Guns, Rifles and Pistols,

Broad St., Selma, Ala.

Respectfully informs the citizens of Jacksonville, and the public in general that he is selling all articles in his line of business at the lowest price for Cash.

Also, repairing in all its branches attended to with care and dispatch at reasonable charges. Selma, Ala., Aug. 19, 1858.—1y.

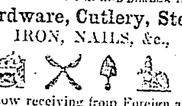
HARDWARE STORE

SELMA, ALA.

JOHN K. GOODWEN,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

Hardware, Cutlery, Steel. Bar IRON, NAILS, &c., &c.



IS now receiving from Foreign and Domestic ports, and offers for sale, at the very lowest prices and on liberal terms, one of the largest stocks ever brought to this section, amongst which may be found:

Rogers', Wostenholm and American Table and Pocket Cutlery.

Building Hardware Materials of every variety and kind.

Carpenter's Tools, of the best makes—a large assortment.

Bar Iron—round, square and flat Sweeds English and American.

Hoop, band, sheet and boiler Iron.

Nail, tod and horse shoe Bars.

Plow Steel & Iron, of all widths & thickness.

Cut and Wrought Nails and Spikes.

Hand and Broad Axes. Traces.

Planters' Hoes, of English and American makers. Hollow Ware.

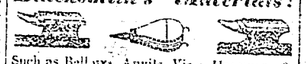
Mill Saws, Circulars & Cross-cut Saws; (Hoe' make.)

Bolting Cloths. Best Anchor-brand Manilla Rope and Plow Lines.

Gin Gearing; Gum Belting.

Chopping Axes. Grind Stones.

Blacksmith's Materials!



Such as Bellows, Anvils, Vices, Hammers, & Stocks and Dies, &c., &c

Cook, parlor, office, church, and schoolroom Grates, Furnaces, Cauldrons, Ovens, &c.

Corn Shellers Hay Cutters. Grain Cradles.

PLOWS

OF ALL KINDS.

White Lead and Zincs in oil, Window Glass, Oil Putty and Varnish.

ALSO—Agent for the sale of Iron Railing, for cemeteries, verandahs, portieos, front yards Iron Doors, Shutters, Mill Gearing, best French Burr Mill Rock. Together with all articles usually kept in Hardware stores—all of which I invite purchasers to examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Selma, Ala., March 3, 1859—1y.

Cures Guaranteed.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, CALHOUN COUNTY.

Court of Probate for Calhoun County Ala. Special Term, May 21, A. D. 1859.

THIS day came Simeon H. Weaver, Administrator of the estate of Lucretia B. Weaver deceased, and filed in court his petition, praying an order of court authorizing him to sell a negro Man named, Bill, belonging to said estate, for distribution. Said Administrator alleges, that Louisa J. Weaver, wife of John I. Weaver, Calvin R. Price, James M. Weaver, Henry C. Weaver, Zacharia T. Weaver and Alexander H. S. Weaver are the children and distributees of said Estate, the said Lucretia J. Weaver and Calvin R. Price are over twenty-one years of age, and reside in Rusk county Texas, the balance all minors, and reside with said Administrator in Calhoun county, Ala

It is ordered by the Court, that Monday the 27th day of June next be set for the hearing of said petition, & that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day as a notice to said distributees of said estate and all others concerned, to be and appear at a Special Term of said Court, to be holden at the Court House of said County, on said Monday the 27th day of June, next, and defend against said petition if they think proper.

Witness, A Woods, Judge of said court, at office on this 21st day of May A. D. 1859.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

May 27—3t.

Selma Advertisements.

NEW BRICK WARE-HOUSE.

THE PROPRIETORS Propose to STORE COTTON in this well-known BUILDING at

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS for the Season.

Cotton from the Railroad Depots will be charged Drayage.

Dry Goods received and forwarded on usual rates without Drayage.

M. J. A. KEITH, & Co.

M. J. A. KEITH, }
W. Y. LUNDIE, } SELMA, ALABAMA.

July 12, 1858—

RECEIVING & FORWARDING

Ware-house.

THE CENTRAL WARE HOUSE COMPANY AT SELMA,

ARE now prepared to receive and forward, with dispatch, all Goods and produce consigned to them for shipment by Rail-R. River or otherwise. They have a large and commodious Brick-Ware House on the bank of the river, and will furnish all needful accommodations and will receive and forward Goods &c., at as low rates as can be done through any other channel.

Strict attention given to the measurement of Goods, the settlement of Freight Bills, and taking receipts and Bills of Landing, for goods and produce, and to warding duplicates for the same.

They also receive produce on consignment for sale, and attend strictly to filling all such orders for Cotton and do a

GENERAL COMMISSION BUSINESS.

Goods intended for this House should be marked and consigned, specially to the "Central Ware House," otherwise they are liable to be divided

RATES OF STORAGE.

Receiving & forwarding Goods	50c per Bbl.
If stored over 1 Month	10c additions.
Packages under one Bbl.	50c "

RATES OF COMMISSION.

For Selling Cotton	50c per Bale
" other produce	6 1-2 per cent
" Purchasing Goods	2 1-2 per "
"And Freights and Charges on Goods when there is no deposit 5 per cent.	

Persons depositing money for the purpose of paying Freights, will be allowed 8 per cent interest.

Accounts for Freight and Storage due when Goods are forwarded.

R. HAGOOD, C. B. WHITE, } Managers.

J. W. LAPSLEY, E. T. WATTS, C. B. WHITE, R. HAGOOD, } Proprietors.

P. S.—No charge for Drayage to or from the Rail road on Goods Consigned to us.

Aug. 12, 1858.

J. N. MONTGOMERY,

DEALER IN ITALIAN & AMERICAN

MARBLE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Calhoun & surrounding country, that he has on hand, the largest assortment of MARBLE ever in the State, and that he is prepared to execute all orders for MONUMENTS, TOMBS, and all other Grave Stones, as well as all kinds of Marble Work.

He is determined that his work shall give satisfaction. His shop is on Broad Street, opposite the store of P. J. Weaver, where he solicits calls from those desiring work in his line. As he is determined to sell as cheap, if not cheaper than any other establishment in the State.

Selma, Ala. Feb. 17 1858.

G. P. SAVAGE. W. H. BURR

SAVAGE & BURR,

CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS,

SELMA, ALABAMA.

ARE prepared to execute orders for DRUGS and MEDICINES, and all articles pertaining to the Drug Business with their customary despatch.

The same attention will be given as heretofore to have every article of as good quality as represented, and in no instance will anything be put up that is of a doubtful characteter.

SERGICAL INSTRUMENTS furniture and fixtures, and all articles required for the profession and trade will be furnished—and ORDERS BY MAIL will have the same attention as if left in person.

Country Merchants and Physicians who would like to see the difference between our goods and those generally sold, are invited to call and examine, or to send their orders and make the comparison at home.

Our Bottled Goods, Essences, &c., are prepared with unusual care, so that there is no loss by leakage or breakage.

Pure Drugs and Good Medicines can be obtained at the *PHYSICIANS DRUG STORE* at as low prices as many purchasers are paying for those that are inferior, adulterated, carelessly put up.

It is our intention to maintain the reputation we have established in selling none but *PURE* Drugs and Medicine, and we, therefore, invite you to examine our stock before buying elsewhere, believing that we can show you inducements seldom offered in this city.

SAVAGE & BURR,

Selma, Aug. 19 1858.—1y. Corner Broad and Selma sts., Selma, Ala.

P. H. POMEROY. JOHN H. MARSHALL

POMEROY & MARSHALL,

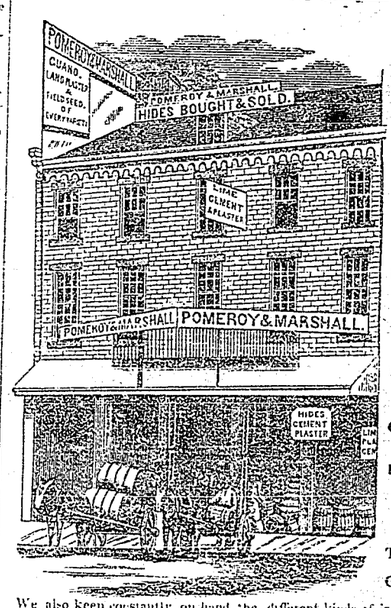
AGENTS SHELBY LIME CO.,

No. 42 COMMERCE STREET, MOBILE,

DEALERS IN

HAY, CORN, OATS, BRAN, &C., &C

Embracing all Articles Usualy kept in Feed Stores.



We also keep constantly on hand the different kinds of in Ros Oils, Paint, Lubricating, Tanners and Burning which can be sold at very low prices.

GUANO—Pure Peruvian, procured direct from the Agent of the Peruvian Government. Also, Land or Plaster direct from the Manufactories.

☞ Orders for the above articles respectfully solicited, and purchasers may be assured of always purchasing at the *lowest* Market prices.

☞ *The highest price* paid for BEESWAX and COUNTRY DRIED HIDES. Will also always purchase or contract for the deli very of White Oak Pipe Staves.

Mobile, Ala, July 18, 1858.—1y

OUR MOTTO!

Short Profits, and Prompt Payments

THE UNDERSIGNED ARENOW RECEIVING THEIR

Spring & summer

GOODS.

And earnestly solicit all their customers, friends, and all persons wishing to buy

Cheap and Substantial GOODS,

To call and examine our STOCK OF GOODS before purchasing elsewhere.

We have purchased our Goods at the lowest figures, and will be satisfied with as small profits as any other men.

Come and examine our Goods, and you will come as near finding every thing you may want in our Store as any other house in Town—and by the time you get through, we will be sure to make it to your interest to spend a few dollars with us.

We have a handsome stock of

LADIES DRESS GOODS.

Trimmings,
Ribbons,
Collars,
& Bonnets,
Kid & Lasting BOOTS, &c.

FOR GENTLEMEN.

A large and well selected stock of

Readymade Clothing,
Hats,
Boots and Shoes,
Saddles Bridles, Harness &c.

HARDWARE & CUTLERY, GLASS & QUEENSWARE, PAINTS DRUGS &c.

Jacksonville, April 7, 1859.—3m SMITH & SELF.

DO YOU WANT A FIRST RATE

Buggy or Carriage

OF ANY DESCRIPTION, MADE OF THE BEST QUALITY OF HICKORY, at *LOWER PRICES* than any other Establishment in the South? If you do, call on

M. L. PALMER,
Rome, Ga.

where you can also find the celebrated SALADEE PATENT BUGGY, the best plan for the construction of Buggies ever invented. They run lighter, ride easier and last longer than any other Buggy in the world.

Repairing done cheap at short notice. *All work warranted*

SILVER PLATING done to order. Rome, Ga. February 3, 1859—1y.

HARDWARE AND IRON.

A. R. HARPER,

HEAVY DEALER IN

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN HARDWARE,

Old stand of R. T. McCay, Broad Street. Rome, Ga.

THERE is not a single article of Hardware ENUMERATED in any advertisement, or thought of by any person that he does not keep.

HIS GOODS ARE FOR SALE LOW!

No house this side of Augusta can undersell him.
No house this side of Augusta SHALL undersell him.

His connection with his old friends and customers has been extremely pleasant to him. He thanks them for past favors, and most earnestly solicits a continuation of patronage and friendship. To those who have not as yet honored him with their patronage, he asks to call and see him—it may be for their good—at least will do no harm!! Jan. 13 '59—1y.

Threshers and Horse Powers.

HARDWARE AND IRON.

STOECKEL TOOK THE PREMIUM!

TOBACCO STORE.

GEORGIA vs. VIRGINIA?

GEO. W. STOECKEL,

BROAD ST., ROME, GEORGIA.

Would respectfully call the attention of Storekeepers, and those using Tobacco in any form, to his well assorted Stock of Segars & Tobacco, having now on hand

A LARGER & BETTER ASSORTMENT THAN EVER KEPT IN CHEROKEE GA

SEGARS, SEGARS,

From 75c to $6 per box, of Havana, German, and American manufacture

CHEWING TOBACCO!

From 20c to $1,25 per lb. I have chewing tobacco at 50c per lb equal to any that is wrapped in tinfoil. Just try it!—and remember the old adage: "All is not gold that glitters;" nor does tin foil INCREASE THE REAL VALUE OF TOBACCO

SMOKING TOBACCO OF ALL KINDS.

A large stock of Burwell's Tobacco now on hand!

VARIETY OF SNUFFS & PIPES!

Some of Burwell's Tobacco, manufactured by me, took the first premium at the Southern Central Agricultural Fair held at Atlanta.

Rome, Georgia, November 25th, 1858—1y.

HARDWARE STORE & IRON YARD.

Oswell Bones Eve,

ROME, GEORGIA

ONE DOOR BELOW SLOAN, ALLMAN & CO.,

Importer and Dealer in

English and American Hardware,

OFFERS for sale one of the best assortments of PLANTERS, MECHANICS and BUILDERS Hardware to be found in upper Georgia consisting of Iron of the best qualities (Swedes and refined) Chains of all descriptions, Farmers' Tools and agricultural Implements generally.

For Planters and Mechanics.

Axes, Hoes, Shovels, Spades, Mattocks, Picks, &c., of the best make. Also Gin Gearing, Gudgeons, &c. Nails of all kinds of the best brands, Blacksmith Tools of best qualities, Mill Irons and Saws of best manufacture. Ibbotson's and other Files. Axles, Springs, and other Carriage Irons of all descriptions.

House Furnishing Goods.

Cooking and Parlor Stoves, warranted to give satisfaction, Hollow Ware, Pots Ovens, Andirons, Shovels & Tongs and other Table Cutlery.

For Sportsmen.

Guns, of English and Damascus Twist and Laminated Steel Barrels, Colts, and other Pistols. Eley's and Baldwin's Gun Wadding. Eley's, Cox's and Walker's Gun Caps. Rodgers, and other best makers of Pocket Knives. July 15, '58—1y

---

Merchant Mills.

The undersigned having taken charge of Maj. J. A. Stevenson's Brick Merchant Mills, 2 miles south of Jacksonville, respectfully informs the public that he has put them in good order and condition to make as much and as good Flour as any Mills in the country. Corn also ground in a manner that cannot fail to please.

ABRAHAM ADERHOLT.

March 10, 1859—tf.

P. S. Also a Splendid SAW MILL in first rate order, at which we can fill bills for LUMBER of every description and variety, of the very best quality, upon short notice.

P. LOUGHRY,

IMPORTER OF

CHINA CROCKERY

AND

GLASS WARE,

34 WATER STREET MOBILE, ALA.

IS prepared to put up merchants and planters orders at as low rates as they can be purchased in New York or Boston. Particular care taken in packing Goods for the Country.

Feb. 24, 1859—1y.

MEDICAL NOTICE.

DRS. WM. & E. W. TREADWELL

HAVING resumed the practice of MEDICINE in partnership, offer their services to the citizens of Cherokee and Calhoun counties, in the various branches of their profession.

Dr. Wm. Treadwell will remain at his residence near Adams' Ferry, Dr. E. W. Treadwell will reside at Maj. Colvin's, where he may be found at all times when not professionally absent. March 10, 1859

WANTED.

A GOOD industrious Carriage and Wagon Maker Refer to G. R. REINHART. Gadsden Ala. March 17, 1859.

COMMITTED

To the Jail of Jacksonville, Alabama, on the 1st day of May, 1859, a Negro man who calls his name CAESAR, who says he belongs to Thomas West, of Pickens County, Alabama, who resides near Pickensville.

Said boy is of black color, about five feet eight inches high, and about twenty-two years of age; no scars or marks discernible. He says he runaway about the first of March last.

The owner of the above described boy is hereby notified to come forward, prove property in the manner prescribed by law, pay charges, and take him away, or he will be dealt with agreeably to the Statute in such cases made & provided.

JAMES B. FARMER, Shff.

May 5, 1859.—tf.

BOOK & JOB

Printing.

HAVING a large amount of ornamental & display type, together with the combined materials of the Republican and Sunny South Offices, we are prepared to execute all kinds of Job Work in the most neat and expeditious manner: such as Pamphlets, Handbills, Circulars, Cards, Billheads, Blanks, &c., &c.

We respectfully request our friends not to send their work to distant cities, when they can get it done equally as well at home, and a great deal cheaper.

Great Arrival.

J. FISHER,

Chattanooga, Tenn.

HAS just received the LARGEST and HANDSOMEST Stock of

Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, and Trunks.

ALL are requested to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. Don't forget the place—one door north of O. H. P. Wayne's, Market street, Chattanooga.

JUST RECEIVED,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

MISSES AND CHILDREN'S FANCY

STRAW GOODS,

Fedal Bloomer, buttons, Brown Leghorn Bloomers, Drooping Leghorn Bloomers, Mixed straw Equestrian, Mixed straw Wm. Tell, Assorted Dangles Drab do., Brown Dangles Lace trimmed.

Gentlemen's Fashionable Moleskin Hats,
" " Casmere "
" Black " "

Gents' and Boys' Straw Goods, of all styles and qualities. Everett Bell Crowned Hats, Mt. Vernon Leghorn Hats, Boys' fancy trimmed Hats; Just received at J. FISHER'S, mar10, 1859.—6m.

Ladies Dress Goods.

NEWEST styles in Merinos, Cashmeres De Lanes, &c. Robes, Side Stripes plain and figured, for sale by

April 7. J. D. HOKE & BRO.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration having been on the 4th day of April A. D. 1859, granted to the undersigned, by the Probate Court of St. Clair County, on the estate of Thos. M. Barker, deceased, late of said county; all persons indebted to said estate, are hereby required to make payment thereof to me, and persons having claims against said estate, must present them within eighteen months or they will be barred. This 12th day of April A D. 1859.

WILLIAM H. ELDRIDGE, *Admr.*

Apr. 21, 1859.—6t.

FARMERS AND MECHANICS

LOOK TO

YOUR INTEREST!

All those PERSONS who buy

HARDWARE,

Expecting and intending to pay for it when their accounts are due, I respectfully invite

To Examine my Goods

At Prices below. My object not being to sell more than my share of Goods, but it is to get them into prompt paying hands.

Having settled in Rome

For Life, my object is first to get the confidence of the People and thereby build up a

Trade that will Stick to me,

And my sons after me.

I Mean just what I Say.

EVERY BAR WARRANTED.

Swedes Iron 6¼ cents.

REFINED IRON;

Common sizes Tire 4¼c wholesale: 5c retail
" " Round & Square Iron 4¼c. wholesale; 5c. retail.

Horse Shoe Iron at wholesale		5¼c:	retail 6
Band Iron, 1-8 to 3-16 in.	"	5½c:	" 6½c.
" 1-4 in.	"	4½c:	" 5½c.
Hoop	"	" 7	" 8.
Sheet	"	" 7	" 8.
Oval	"	" 6	" 7
Cast Steel,		" 20	" 22
Blister "		" 10	

Nails, keg, wholesale $5,50, ret'l $6, good Vices, solid box 18c Cotter keyed 12 & 15 Bellows, 50c an inch. (good article.) Axles 8½c. Springs 13c, Borax 45; Shovels (Ames') $1 15, Rowlands $1 00; Axes—S. W. Collins, $1 25, H. Collins, $1 00; Hoyts $1 25.

Stoves of all kinds and styles—very low.

OSWELL BONES EVE.

Sept. 9, 1858—1y.

SHERIFF SALES.

BY virtue of one fi. fa. issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun County, and to me directed, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, before the Court house door in the Town of Jacksonville, on the first Monday in July next, the following described land, to-wit: the S W fourth of N E fourth; the N E fourth of S W fourth of Sec. 35, T. 12, R 7. Also, N W fourth of S E fourth & S E fourth of N W fourth Sec. 35, Township 12, R. 7—levied on as the property of defendant to satisfy said fi. fa. in favor of Cook against Hedden. J. B. FARMER, Shff.

By SPARTAN ALLEN, D. S.

May 26, 1859.—$3 50.

Also, at the same time and place,

BY virtue of one execution issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county and to me directed, I will sell, to the highest bidder for cash, the following land., to-wit, S W 1-4 of S. E. 1-4, Sec. 22, T 14, R. 6; also Fl. Sec. 3, T 15, R 6; also, Fr B in Sec. 3, T. 15, R 6—levied on as the property of defendant, to satisfy said execution in favor of Elston & McCain against N D Willis.

J. B. FARMER, Shff.

By SPARTAN ALLEN, D. S.

May 26, 1859.—$3 50.

Also, at the same time and place,

BY virtue of one order of sale in favor of E C Womack against Josiah T Womack, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, the following described land, to-wit: N E 1-4 of N W 1-4 of Sec. 15, T 15, R 7 East, levied on as the property of defendant to satisfy said order of sale. J. B. FARMER, Shff.

By SPARTAN ALLEN, D S.

May 26, 1859—$3 50.

Also, at the same time and place,

BY virtue of one order of sale in favor of H B Rowe vs. Jesse Graham, issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash the following described land, to-wit: the S. E 1-4 of S E 1-4 and N 1-2 of N W 1-4 and the S W 1-4 of N E 1-4 of Sec. 13, T 15, R 11, levied on as the property of defendant to satisfy said order of sale. J. B. FARMER, Shff.

By SPARTAN ALLEN, D.S.

May 26, 1859—$3 50.

Also, at the same time and place,

BY virtue of two orders of sale issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county, in favor of T L Bowden, use &c M A Ragan vs. John Mackelvania, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, the following described land, to-wit: N E 1-4 of N W 1-4 of Sec 18, T 16, R 10 east in the Coosa land dist. levied on as the property of defendant to satisfy said order of sale. J. B. FARMER, Shff.

By SPARTAN ALLEN, D S.

May 26, 1859—$3 50.

Also, at the same time and place,

BY virtue of two orders of sale, issued from the Circuit court of Calhoun county, in favor of A P Wade and Joseph Gladden, vs Russel Parker, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, the following described land; to-wit: the S W 1-4 of N E 1-4 and S E 1-4 of S W 1-4 of Sec. 11 T 14 R 8 east—levied on, as the property of defendant to satisfy said orders of sale. J. B. FARMER, Shff.

By SPARTAN ALLEN, D. S.

May 26, 1859—$3 50

Land for Sale.

THE undersigned will offer for sale to the highest bidder, on Tuesday the 12th day of July next, if not sooner disposed of, the Tract of Land on which she now resides, lying on Coosa river, about nine miles below Gadsden, containing 160 acres, a portion cleared and the remainder well timbered, about 50 acres, river bottom, first quality cotton land.—It is watered by a number of fine Springs, and is advantageously situated for stock range.—Persons wishing to purchase would do well to call and examine the place, and for further information, can address a line to Esquire Gilbert 4 miles below Gadsden.

May 12, 1859. ROSANNA BILL.

Wheat Wanted.

FROM 20,000 to 30,000 BUSHELS of Wheat will be purchased by the undersigned, and the best cash prices paid, delivered either at our Mills or Cane Creek or Choccolocco.

E. G. & I. G. MORRIS.

May 12, 1859.

METROPOLITAN

ACADEMY & GYMNASIUM;

FOR THE EDUCATION OF BOTH SEXES

Nos. 93 & 95 Sixth Avenue, New York City.

Prof. S. J. SEDGWICK Principal.

BUILDING 100 FEET by 50. Five Stories High. Appointments throughout of the first order, and the finest GYMNASIUM in the United States.

BOARDING PUPILS.—Reference to well known gentlemen in the North and at the South.—Catalogues may be obtained by addressing as above.

Wanted, at this Institution, two (six now employed,) able and experienced Teachers. Interviews may be had with the Principal at any hour. May 19, 1859.

Carpenters Work.

THE undersigned still offers his services to the citizens of Jacksonville and vicinity, in the execution of all kinds of Carpenters work. He will contract for building and furnish materials for the same at the usual rates.

Thankful for past patronage, he hopes to merit and receive a continuance of the same.

He will also put up FURNITURE to order, such as *Wardrobes, Safes, Tables, &c.* He will keep good workmen and may be usually found at his shop on main street, South of the Court-house. Call and make contracts to suit your wishes.

Two or three good, sober industrious workmen can get employment at fair wages on application to him. H. B. JONES.

Jacksonville, May 19, 1859—tf.

JOB WORK

NEATLY EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE

ROME

STEAM ENGINE WORKS.

Rome, Georgia.

FOR the manufacture of Locomotive and Stationary Engines of any size or pattern according to order.

Rail Road work, Iron bridges & Roofs, Hot Blasts for Furnaces, & Rolling Mill Castings and Machinery. Housing, Mill Screws, Turning Lathes, Drill Presses, Shafting, &c.

Gas & Water Works erected; all kinds of Machinery repaired. Have always on hand Wrought Iron Steam & Water Pipe, Steam Cocks, Gauges, &c.

CASTINGS OF ANY SIZE.

Iron and Brass castings made to order—have always on hand some of the *best* GIN GEARING in the Country; also Gudgeons, Castings for Horse Power, Thrashing Machines, and a variety of beautiful Patterns of Iron Railing for Railing for Dwellings, Public Buildings, Cemetry Lots, &c.

BOILERS.

Flue Tubular, Locomotive and Cilender Boilers, made & repaird. Water Tanks, Blast Pipes, Gasometers, Wrought Iron Smoke Stacks, &c. Blacksmith work made to order.

MINING MACHINERY.

Cornish Pumping, Engines, Crushers, Lifting and Force Pumps, Pump Rods & Joints, Whim and Whinze Kibbles, Stamp Heads of any required hardness; all kinds of MINER'S TOOLS.—Particular attention is given to this branch of business. Mr James Noble, Sr., who superintends the work, having been a long time in Europe for the purpose of obtaining the latest improvements and drawing of mining work.

Persons in want of Steam Engines will do well to call on us before going elsewhere, we will warrant our Engines to be equal in every particular to the *best* made anywhere, and for simplicity and durability not to be excelled. A list of prices sent on application.

We can make and put up Engines in running order and warrant them, for less than they can be had from Philadelphia or New York, none but the best material used in our work. All boilers manufactured at our establishment we will warrant to be of the best No. 1 Penna Charcoal Hammered Iron

We are now manufacturing a new Iron Cotton Screw with Anti Friction Ball, those who have them prefer them to all others. We invite all in want of a good screw, that will always last to pack any size bale, to examine this.

HAVE ON HAND AND FOR SALE

VERY LOW

One 30 Horse Engine,
One 15 " "
One 10 " "
Two 8 " "

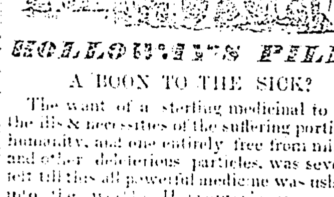
Also a second hand Locomotive with 6 driving wheels, admirably adapted for a Freight Switch or Construction Engine, has been rebuilt having new fire box and Flues.

Having the largest establishment and machinery of any shop in the State, and as every department is superintended by ourselves we feel confident that we can do work as cheap and equal to any in the United States.

NOBLE BROTHERS & CO.

Dec. 2 1858—1y. *Rome Ga*

THE GREAT AMBASSADOR OF HEALTH TO ALL MANKIND.



HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

A BOON TO THE SICK?

The want of a sterling medicinal to meet the ills & necessities of the suffering portion of humanity, and one entirely free from mineral and other deleterious particles, was severely felt till this all powerful medicine was ushered into the world; HOLLOWAY'S INVALUABLE PILLS have become the HOUSEHOLD REMEDY of all nations. Their attribute is to prevent as well as to cure; they attack the radix or root of the complaint and thus by removing the hidden cause of disease reinvigorate & restore the drooping energies of the system, assisting nature in her task of vital & functionary reformation.

DYSPEPSIA.

The great scourge of this continent yields quickly to a course of these antiseptic Pills, & the digestive organs are restored to their proper tone; no matter in what hideous shape this hydra of disease exhibits itself, this searching and unerring remedy disperses it from the patient's system.

GENERAL DEBILITY & WEAKNESS.

From what'ever cause, lowness of spirits, & all other signs of a diseased liver, & other disorganization of the system, vanish under the eradicating influence of this all powerful antiseptic and detergent remedy.

BILIOUS DISORDERS.

The proper quantum and right condition of the biles is of momentous importance to the health of the human frame, this anti-bilious medicine expels the hidden seeds of the complaint, and renders all the fluids & secretions pure and fluent, cleansing and resuscitating the vital functions of the body.

SICKLY FEMALES.

Should lose no time in trying a few doses of this regulating and renovating remedy, whatever may be their complaint, it can be taken with safety in all periodical and other disorganizations its effects is all but miraculous.

UNREFUTED PROOF.

The testimony of Nations is unanimously borne to the health-giving virtues of his noble remedy, & certificates in every living language bear witness to the undeniableness of their intrinsic worth.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases:

Asthma,	Diarrhoea,
Bowel Complaints,	Dropsy,
Coughs,	Debility,
Colds,	Fever and Ague,
Chest Diseases,	Female Complaints,
Costiveness,	Headaches,
Dyspepsia,	Indigestion,
Influenza,	Stone and Gravel,
Inflammation,	Secondary symptoms,
Inward Weakness,	Venereal Affections
Liver Complaints,	Worms of all kinds,
Lowness of Spirit.	Pile

CAUTION!—None are genuine unless the words "*Holloway, New York and London,*" are discernible as a *Water-mark* in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by *holding the leaf to the light.* A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detections of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

Sold at the Manufactories of Prof. Holloway, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggist and Dealers in Medicine throughout the United States and the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents, 63 cents, and $1 each.

There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box. April 21, 1859—1y.

TIN SHOP.

FARMER & NESBIT.

ARE prepared to do all sorts of Tin and Sheet Iron work, at the old stand of S. P. Hudson.

They will also keep COOKING STOVES to sell low for the *CASH*.

Still take old pewter and Beaswax in exchange for Tin ware.

FARMER & NESBIT.

Sept. 30 1857—tf.

THE LIVER

INVIGORATOR!

PREPARED BY DR. SANFORD.

COMPOUNDED entirely from GUMS.

IS ONE OF THE BEST PURGATIVE and Liver Medicines now before the public, that acts as a *Cathartic.* It is not only a *Cathartic,* but a *Liver* remedy, acting first on the *Liver* to eject its morbid matter, then on the stomach and bowels to carry off that matter, thus accomplishing two purposes effectually, without any of the painful feelings experienced in the operations of most *Cathartics.* It strengthens the system at the same time that it purges it; and when taken daily in moderate doses, will strengthen and build it up with unusual rapidity.

SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR

The Liver is one of the principal regulators of the human body; and when it performs its functions well, the powers of the system are fully developed. The *stomach* is almost entirely dependent on the healthy action of the *Liver* for the proper performance of its functions; when the stomach is at fault, the bowels are at fault, and the whole system suffers in consequence of one organ—the Liver—having ceased to do its duty. For the disease of that organ, one of the proprietors has made it his study, in a practice of more than twenty years, to find some remedy wherewith to counteract the many derangements to which it is liable.

To prove that this remedy is at last found, any person troubled with liver Complaint, in any of its forms, has but to try a bottle, and conviction is certain.

These Gums remove all morbid or bad matter from the system, supplying in their place a healthy flow of bile, invigorating the stomach, causing food to digest well, purifying the blood, giving tone and health to the whole machinery, removing the cause of the disease—effecting a radical cure.

Billious attacks are cured, and what is better, prevented by the occasional use of the LIVER INVIGORATOR.

One dose after eating is sufficient to relieve the stomach & prevent the food from rising & souring.

Only one dose taken before retiring, prevents Nightmare.

Only one dose taken at night, loosens the bowels gently, and cures Costiveness.

One dose taken after each meal will cure Dyspepsia.

One dose of two teaspoonfuls will always relieve Sick Headache.

One bottle taken for female obstruction removes the cause of the disease, and makes a perfect cure.

Only one dose immediately relieves Cholic, while one dose often repeated is a sure cure for Cholera Morbus, and a preventive of Cholera

Only one bottle is needed to throw out of the system the effects of medicine after a long sickness.

One bottle taken for Jaundice removes all sallowness or unnatural color from the skin.

One dose taken a short time before eating gives vigor to the appetite, and makes food digest well.

One dose often repeated cures Chronic Diarrhœa in its worst forms, while Summer and Bowel complaints yield almost to the first dose.

One or two doses cures attacks caused by Worms in Children: there is no surer, safer, or speedier remedy in the world, as it *never fails.*

A few bottles cures Dropsy, by exciting the absorbents.

We take pleasure in recommending this medicine as a preventive for Fever & Ague, Chill Fever, and all Fevers of a Billous TYPE. It operates with certainty, & thousands are willing to testify to its wonderful virtues.

ALL WHO USE IT ARE GIVING THEIR UNANIMOUS TESTIMONY IN ITS FAVOR.

MIX WATER IN THE MOUTH WITH THE INVIGORATOR, AND SWALLOW BOTH TOGETHER.

The Liver Invigorator

IS A SCIENTIFIC MEDICAL DISCOVERY, and is daily working cures, almost too great to believe. It cures as if by magic, *even the first dose giving benefit,* and seldom more than one bottle is required to cure any kind of Liver Complaint, from the worst *Jaundice* or *Dyspepsia* to a common *Headache,* all of which are the result of a Diseased Liver.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

DR. SANFORD, Proprietor,
335 Broadway, New York.

Retailed by all Druggist. Sep 9, '58—1y.

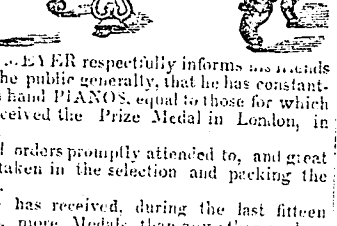
NOTICE.

WE have our Furnace in operation, and can furnish the people with HOLLOW WARE and MACHINERY CASTINGS, at any time. We will also give employment to 25 or 30 men to cut wood, or will give any man or company of men a contract for the cutting of 2,000 Cords Wood for us, provided they will complete the job by the first of March next.

GOODE, MORRIS, & CO.

Morrisville, Calhoun co., Nov. 4—t

THE World's Great Exhibition. PRIZE MEDAL, awarded to C. MEYER, for his two PIANOS, London, October 15, 1851.



C. MEYER respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has constantly on hand PIANOS, equal to those for which he received the Prize Medal in London, in 1851.

All orders promptly attended to, and great care taken in the selection and packing the same.

He has received, during the last fifteen years, more Medals than any other maker, from the Franklin Institute—also, First Premiums in Boston, New York and Baltimore.

Warerooms, No. 772 ARCH Street, below Eighth, South side, PHILADELPHIA.

Dec. 16, 1858.

Cotton Cultivator.

LETTERS PATENT were granted to the undersigned, on the 6th day of July, 1858, for his *improvement* in *Cotton Cultivators*; to which he calls the attention of both Cotton and Corn Cultivators.

The plow will penetrate the ground to *any required depth,* and will pulverise and loosen the soil, and cut off all the weeds. It will mow close to the stalks of cotton or corn, and loosen the soil near the roots without injuring or destroying them. It does not make a furrow, or turn over the soil, but loosens it up and lets it fall back into its place again. It is peculiarly adapted to the cultivation of cotton; and one horse power is sufficient to propel it.

It is believed, as will be seen by the following certificate, that it will save 25 per cent. of labor over the best improvements, and at least 50 per cent. over the common plow.

He believes the cultivator entitled to all the claims for it, and in support of his belief, he calls the readers attention to the subjoined certificate of Messrs. Moragne and Hollingsworth, who are the *only* persons who have tried the Cultivator. As to its utility no more need be said—TRY IT—its BEST recommendation is ITS USE.

He offers for sale County or State rights at reasonable prices. Address,

ASBERRY SMITH,

Jan. 20, '59—6m. Jacksonville, Ala.

Gadsden, Ala., Jan. 15, 1859.

The undersigned have used the Cotton Cultivator of Asberry Smith, and we take pleasure in saying, that is a most excellent plow; superior to any we have ever used in the cultivation of cotton, & saves at least 25 per cent. in labor, over any plow we have ever tried, and from 30 to 50 per cent. over the common plow. In the cultivation of young corn it is superior to any we have tried. We take pleasure in recommending it to the public as worthy of patronage; as we believe from actual experiment, it comes fully up to all that is claimed for it.

ISAAC P. MORAGNE.
THOS. HOLLINGSWORTH.

I am personally acquainted with Isaac P. Moragne and Thos. Hollingsworth, and I have the utmost confidence in the above statement made by them.

THOS. A. WALKER.

GROCERIES

AND

CONFECTIONARIES,

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the public, that he has purchased the entire stock of GROCERIES, &c. from G. W. Mathews, on the South-west corner of the public square, and has his arrangements so made, that he will constantly keep a full assortment by the frequent reception of fresh supplies.

The following articles, of superior quality, may always be found, as constituting a part of his supply, and for sale upon the most reasonable terms:

SUGAR AND COFFEE

SYRUP & MOLASSES,

Candies and Raisins,

Dried Currents & Figs.

CIGARS & TOBACCO,

CHEESE & CRACKERS,

OYSTERS,

SARDINES & MACKEREL

WINES AND LIQUORS

of various descriptions. Together with every other article usually kept in a retail Gorcery Store. To all of which he invites the attention of purchasers, with the assurance that every effort will be used on his part to merit a liberal share of their patronage.

JOHN A. COBB.

Jacksonville, Feb. 10 1859—tf.

CENTRAL HOUSE

NOW owned by WM. E. KENEDY, has been thoroughly repaired, and is now opened under the management of Mrs M. R. Kennedy and her son Jno. H. Kennedy. It is their intention to make the accommodations acceptable to all who bestow upon the house their patronage. The many fine, well ventilated and furnished rooms, will enable them to accommodate families or gentlemen to their satisfaction. The house is situated in the centre of the business part of the city. The Table shall be as good as any other in the city and every exertion will be made to render guests comfortable.

JOHN H. KENNEDY.

mar10, 1859.—6m. Proprietor.

GROVER & BAKER'S

CELEBRATED

FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.

A New Style. Prices $50.

495 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
11 CAMP ST. NEW ORLEANS.
33 ST. FRANCIS STEET, MOBILE.

These Machines sew from two spools, and from a seam of unequaled strength, beauty, and elasticity, which will NOT rip, even if every fourth stitch be cut. They are unquestionably the best in the market for family use.

SEND FOR A CIRCULAR.

J. D. HOKE & BRO.
Agents Jacksonville.

New Millinery, Trimming,

AND

VARIETY STORE.

Misses Noble & Stoeckel,

RESPECTFULLY announce to the Public of Rome, and vicinity, that they have opened a new Millinery Store in the City Hall Building where all the

Latest & Most Fashionable GOODS

Will be kept constantly on hand. With the experience and ability of the firm they hope to meet with a due share of public patronage.

All are invited to examine their stock.

All work faithfully attended to at reasonable prices.

Give the Philadelphia Millinery Store a call.

MISS JANE NOBLE,
MISS M. C. STOECKEL.

Rome, Ga., November 25, 1858—1y.

YOUTH & MANHOOD.

JUST PUBLISHED, the 25th Thousand, and mailed in a sealed envelope to any address, post paid, on receipt of three stamps.

A Medical essay on the physical exhaustion and decay of the frame, caused by "self abuse," infection, and the injurious consequences of mercury, by R. J. Culverwell, M. D., member of the royal college of surgeons, &c. Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Emissions, Genital and Nervous Debility, Impotency, Loss of Energy, Depression of Spirits, Timidity, Diseases of the Sexual Organs, and Impediments to Marriage, are promptly and effectually removed by the authors' novel and most successful mode of treatment, by means of which the invalid can regain pristine health without having recourse to dangerous and expensive medicines.

(From the London Lancet.)

The best treatise ever written on a subject of vital importance to all, well worthy the author's exalted reputation.

Address, the Publishers J. C. KLINE & Co. 1st Avenue, Cor. 19th street; Post Box 4586, New York City.

March 31, 1859—1y.

Ashville Hotel.

EDWARD GOODE, *Proprietor,*

Has made great improvements in this House: and is now prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with a call. His table is supplied with the best the country affords. March 24, 1859.—6m.

Masonic Notice.

THE 24TH OF JUNE NEXT, will be celebrate, by Crozier Lodge, No. 78, at White Plains, Ala. by procession, oration public installation of officers &. Transient brethren and those of neighboring Lodges are respectfully invited to attend.

J. H. BURTON,
J. B. HAYES,
B. S. EVINS,
S. MORGAN,
} *Com. of Inv.*

May 5, 1859.

C. C. PORTER

Resident Surgeon Dentist;

Jacksonville, Ala

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of Eliza Caver, dec'd having been granted to the undersigned, by the Probate Court of Calhoun County, Ala., on the 18th day of April, 1859: Notice is hereby given, to all persons having claims against said estate, to present them legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and those indebted to said estate are requested to make payment.

Ap'l 21, '59. THOMAS J. CAVER *Adm.*

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.

H. C. BILLINGS. J. J. THOMPSON.

H. C. BILLINGS & CO.

(CITY AUCTIONEERS,)

AUCTION AND COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

—AND—

COLLECTORS,

BROAD ST., SELMA, ALA.

HAVING permanently located in Selma, for the purpose of transacting a General Auction and Commission Business, we respectfully solicit a share of public patronage.

We will receive and sell on commission, either at auction or private sale, (having extensive store room) Dry Goods, Groceries Country Produce, Furniture, either new or second-hand, Horses, Mules and Negroes.

Our terms shall be moderate, and account of sales and payments prompt.

Liberal advances made on all consignments in store.

H. C. BILLINGS,
J. J. THOMPSON,

March 3, 1859—1y.

NOTICE.

I HAVE my Steam Grist Mills in operation now and will be able to accommodate my customers and the public immediately. Everything connected with the *Flouring Mill* is of the best material, strict attention will be paid to all grain sent to these mills. All foraigners can be accommodated with a comfortable house and lot during their stay at the mills.

JAMES G. NISBET.

Feb, 3 1859.—tf

BAARCKE & KIENCKE

MERCHANT TAILORS,

ROYAL STREET,

Under the Battle House, North of the Entrance

MOBILE, ALA.

February 17, 1859.—1y.

MARIESVILLE

Marble Works,

15 Miles South of Talladega.

25 per cent saved by applying to

J. M. N. B. NIX,

For Tombs or Monuments.

Address at TALLADEGA.

February 24, 1859.—1y.

LIVERY STABLE.

J. H. PRIVETT continues his LIVERY STABLE at the old stand, and is prepared at all times to furnish the public with VEHICLES and HORSES, at the following rates:

Horse per day,	$1 00
Buggy " "	1 00
Horse and Buggy per day,	2 00
Horses and Hack, " "	5 00

Damages to Horses or Vehicles must be settled for by persons hiring them.

Transient persons can have their horses well taken care of at this Stable.

N. B. Persons who hire Horses and Buggies, must not forget to pay up occasionally, as corn is high and a cash article, and if they fail, 25 per cent. will be added. July 1857

ETOWAH HOUSE,

ROME, GA.

L. P. THOMAS, Proprietor,

(LATE OF EATONTON HOTEL.)

The Stage Offices are kept at this house

AND IT IS NEAREST THE D. POT.

April 21, 1859.

GRAND SPECULATION!

To be determined on the 11th and 25th of each month, from MAY, 1859, until further notice.

Great reduction in Numbers?

Only 10,000 Numbers. 300 Prizes.

Walton Female College

LOTTERY.

Chartered by the State, in '56.

Having been appointed by the President & Directors of the Walton Female College Managers of their Lottery Charter, we intend conducting the same on the favorite Havana Plan of Single Numbers and have located our office in the City of Savannah, Geo. We now offer the following

Favorite scheme of 10,000 Numbers.

CAPITALS OF

$12,000, $5,000, $2,000 &c.

WM. C. DAWSON & CO, *Managers.*

CLASSES 3 and 4 draw at Savannah, Geo. April 11th and 25th, 1859, at ARMORY HALL, under the sworn superintendance of Commissioners

W. R. Symons, & J. M. Prentis, Esq's.

PRIZES PAYABLE WITHOUT DEDUCTION.

GRAND SCHEME.

1 Prize of	$12,000	is	$12,000
1 do	5,000	is	5,000
1 do	2,000	is	2,000
3 Prizes of	1,000	are	3,000
5 do	500	are	2,500
6 do	200	are	1,200
83 do	100	are	8,300
100 do	50	are	5,000
100 do	25	are	2,500

300 Prizes amounting to $41,500

TICKETS—Wholes $5. H'ves $2,50, Qrs 125

All Prizes paid immediately after the drawing. On the 1st of each month a $10 scheme with a Capital of $10,000 will be drawn, and on the 15th of each month a $5 scheme with a Capital of $30,000 will be drawn. Persons sending money by mail need not fear its being lost. Orders punctually attended to.—Communications strictly confidential. Notes of sound Banks taken at par. Those wishing particular numbers should order immediately. Registered Letters at our risk. Certified copies of the drawing mailed to all purchasers of Tickets immediately after the drawing.

REFERENCES:

Hon. Ovid G. Sparks, Mayor of Macon.—LaRoche & Bell, Savannah, Ga. T. R. Bloom Cotton Factor, Macon, Ga. Farley, Jury & Co. New Orleans.

For Tickets, address

W. C. DAWSON & Co., Managers,

SAVANNAH OR MACON, GA.

Or Box D, Number 11, New Orleans, La.

Prizes cashed either in Macon or Savannah, Ga., or at No. 80 1-2 St. Charles; between Gravier and Commercial Place, New Orleans La March 31, 1859.

PICTURES, PICTURES!

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the people of White Plains and vicinity, and indeed the people of the entire county of Calhoun, that he has located himself at the Plains, where he is prepared to get up the *finest* pictures—New York to the contrary, notwithstanding! Likenesses taken in all sorts of weather, in from 3 to 5 seconds. Prices moderate, terms cash; or good produce will *sometimes* be taken.

R. E. NEELD.

P. S. Garments of all kinds will be cut out, in the best style, and on short notice. Also, coats and pants made to order.

ROOMS, up stairs above Williamson's & Keer's Storehouse. Jan. 6, 1859.

COMMITTED

To the Jail of ST. CLAIR COUNTY, Alabama, a Negro Man, who says his name is **ALBERT,** and that he belongs to Doc. Hunter, of Montgomery, Alabama.

Said boy is about five feet six or eight inches high, a little light colored for a Negro. No marks noticed—about thirty-six or thirty seven years of age.

The owner is hereby notified to come forward, prove property, pay charges; and take him away, or he will be dealt with as the law directs Ashville, Ala. April 15, 1859.

WM. G. RIGGS,
Jailor of St. Clair County.

April 21, 1859.—tf.

MORRIS' MERCHANT

FLOURING MILLS.

THESE extensive Mills on Cane Creek, are now in excellent order and in full operation, with abundant water power, and capable of grinding about 500 bushels of Wheat per day, and making flour of as good quality and as much per bushel as any mills in the country. Every effort will be made for the prompt accommodation of customers, by competent, correct and experienced Millers.

The best cash price will be paid for Wheat at all times, delivered at the Mill.

Our Flouring Mills on Choccolocco, formerly owned by Wm Mallory, are also now in successful operation, for doing custom or market grinding, at which place wheat will also be purchased, and the best cash price paid—Bring on your Wheat.

E. G. & I. G. MORRIS.

May 12, 1859.

BLANKS

For Sale at this Office

HOUSE AND SIGN

PAINTING.

The undersigned offers his services to the citizens of Jacksonville and vicinity. Having followed the business for 10 or 12 years, he flatters himself that he will be able to execute work in a manner to please all.

All kinds of marble, granite, and paper hanging, &c., executed in the best style.

March 11, 1857—tf. JAMES Z. BRADY.

R. R. R.

NO MORE PAIN,
NO MORE SICKNESS,
NO MORE RHEUMATISM.

The Rapid and Complete Efficacy of

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

OR STIFFNESS OF THE JOINTS, LUMBAGO, HEADACHES, TOOTHACHES, OR SUFFERINGS FROM OTHER BODILY INFIRMITIES;

in instantly stopping the most excruciating Pains and Aches. Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Wounds, Bruises, &c., &c., renders it important that every family keep a supply of it in the house.

Armed with this remedy, a household is always protected against sudden attacks of sickness. Thousands of lives of persons have been saved by its timely use, who were suddenly seized in the night time with Cramps, Spasms, Vomiting, Cholera, Yellow Fever, and other violent diseases. Let a dose of this Remedy be taken internally, as the case may require, when suddenly seized with Pain or Sickness, and it will instantly relieve the patient from pain, and arrest the disease!

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF,

Has Cured

Rheumatism,	In four hours.
Neuralgia,	In one hour.
Cramp,	In ten minutes.
Diarrhœa,	In fifteen minutes.
Toothache,	In one minute.
Spasms,	In five minutes.
Sick Headache,	In five minutes.
Chills and Fever,	In fifteen minutes.
Chilblains,	In fifteen minutes.
Influenza,	In six hours.
Sore Throat,	In ten minutes.
Burns,	In twenty minutes.
Frost Bites,	
Ague Cheek,	
Paralysis,	
Lameness,	

AND IN ALL CASES OF

BRUISES, WOUNDS, STRAINS, & SPRAINS

the moment it is applied to the injured parts, all pain and uneasiness cease. Look out for Counterfeits and Imitations.—Purchase only RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Price 25 cts, 50 cts, and $1 per bottle.

A NEW CONTRIBUTION TO SCIENCE.

The Great Grand Discovery,

R. R. R.

RADWAY'S REGULATING PILLS.

Dr. Radway & Co. have recently discovered a method for extracting from roots, herbs, plants and gums, a nutritious extract of such wonderful nourishing power—which they have combined with Radway's Regulating Pills—that six of these Pills will supply the blood with the same amount of nutrition as one ounce of ordinary bread; so that, while the system is undergoing a thorough physicking, and regulating process, it daily becomes strengthened.

Persons afflicted with Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Heart Diseases, Fullness or blood, and all Females who are subject to Irregularities, Hysteria, &c., are particularly recommended to use these Pills. They are pleasant to take—elegantly *coated with gum—free from taste,* and *will not gripe, sicken or weaken the system,* or leave the bowels costive.—Mothers nursing should likewise take one or two of these Pills once or twice per week.—They will not only keep your system healthy and regular, but will protect your infants against Cramp and Pains in the stomach, and insure not only a healthy child, but will invest every child, thus suckled, with a sweet disposition.

RADWAY'S REGULATING PILLS

Regulate each and every organ of the system and correct all derangements of the Liver, Bowels, Stomach, Heart and Kidneys.

They Cure

Costiveness,	Indigestion,
Heart-Burn,	Dyspepsia,
Biliousness,	Headache,
Dropsy,	Constipation,
Palpitation of the Heart,	Congestion.
	&c., &c., &c.

They are entirely vegetable & harmless; an infant at the breast can take them with safety, and persons who are subject to Fits of Apoplexy, Epileptic, Heart Diseases, &c., should always keep a box on hand.

PRICE 25 CENTS.

Ask for Radway's Regulators, Regulating Pills.

THE GREAT CONSTITUTIONAL REMEDY

R. R. R.

(No 2)

A New Life-Creative Principle.

RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT

Heals Old Sores, Purifies the Blood, Instills within the System renewed Health & Resolves and Exterminates all Chronic and Constitutional Diseases.

The great and glorious remedy should be hailed by the human race as a special gift from the Almighty, to *regenerate* dilapidated humanity.

Dr. Radway & Co. are the only Physicians and Chemists in the world that have succeeded in discovering a remedy that will effectually eradicate from the human system constitutional diseases and ailments, transmitted from parents to their children.

RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT

Will radically exterminate from the system

Scrofula,	Cankers.
Syphilis,	Fits,
Fever Sores,	Runnings from Ear,
Ulcers.	White Swellings,
Sore Eyes,	Tumors,
Sore Legs,	Cancerous affections,
Sore Mouth.	Nodes,
Sore Head,	Rickets,
Insanity,	Glandular Swelling
Bronchitis	Night Sweats,
All diseases of the Womb,	Consumption,
	Rash Tetter,
Prolapsus Uteri,	Humors of all kinds,
Skin Diseases,	Chronic rheumatism
Salt Rheum,	Dyspepsia,

And all diseases that have been established in the system for years.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

sold by Druggists and Merchants everywhere.

RADWAY & CO.
162 Fulton st., New York.

June 17, 1858—1y.

A Word to the Wise is SUFFICIENT.

If not, a Warrant will be.

CIRCUMSTANCES render it imperiously necessary that I collect the amounts due me by note or account, in a short time. I therefore hereby give fair notice to all person indebted to me, that if they do not pay up within a few weeks, their notes and accounts will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection.

WM. H. FLEMING.

January 13, 1859.—tf.

MERCHANT MILLS.

THE undersigned takes this method to inform his friends and the public generally, that his MILLS on Tallasseehatchee, five miles west of Jacksonville, are now in excellent running order, that he has two pair of French Burrs now in operation; and that he is prepared to make as good **Flour** and **Meal** as can be made in the up country.

He further informs his friends and old customers, that he has no connection with the Stephenson Mills, advertised over the signature of Abraham Adihold.

J. A. ADIHOLD.

March 24, 1859.—tf.

Chancery Notice.

THE creditors of J. A. McCampbell & Co, and J. J. Railton & Co., are hereby notified to prove their claims upon said firms preparatory to a settlement, before the Register of the 36th District before the 1st of June next.

R. G. EARLE, *Register &c.*

Jan. 27, 1859.—td.

Boots and Shoes,

SOMETHING superior in quality and finish just received by

Oct.14. J. D. HOKE & BRO.

Jacksonville Republican.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING BY
J. F. GRANT,
At Two Dollars within the year, or three dollars at the end of the year.
A failure to give notice of a wish to discontinue will be considered an engagement for the next year.

Jacksonville Republican.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
One dollar per square of 12 lines or less for the first insertion, and fifty cents per square for each continuance. Over one square, counted as two, &c. Advertisements not marked, continued until forbid.
Yearly advertisements, $10 for one square and $5 for each additional square.
Annunciation of Candidates $5. Circulars of Candidates, 50 cents per square.
Interest charged on all accounts from the time they are due.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER, DEVOTED TO POLITICS, LITERATURE, EDUCATION, MECHANIC ARTS, SCIENCES, AGRICULTURE, GENERAL INTELLIGENCE, THE MARKETS, CURRENCY, AND NEWS OF THE DAY.

VOL. 23, NO. 23. JACKSONVILLE, ALA., THURSDAY, JUNE 9, 1859. WHOLE NO. 1173

Law Cards.

A. WOODS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Jacksonville, Alabama.
Will attend promptly to the collection of debts, and all other business entrusted to his care, in the Counties of Benton, Cherokee, DeKalb, St. Clair, Talladega and Randolph.
Special attention given to Pension and Bounty Land Claims. Office in the north East corner of the Court House Jan. 28, 1858 1y

WILLIAM M. HAMES,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
AND SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY.
Jacksonville, Ala.
Will practice in Benton and adjoining Counties. Dec. 10, 1856.—1y.

JOHN T. HEFLIN. WM. H. FORNEY
HEFLIN & FORNEY,
Attorneys at Law,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
WILL practice in the Courts of Benton, Cherokee, DeKalb, Randolph, St. Clair, and Talladega Counties. Jan. 1, 1858.

J. H. WRIGHT,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
JACKSONVILLE,
Alabama;
Will practice in the Courts of Benton, St. Clair, DeKalb, Cherokee, Randolph & Talladega. Feb. 5, 1857.

B. A. BROOKS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
JACKSONVILLE,
Alabama.

M. J. TURNLEY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
AND SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY.
Jacksonville, Ala.
WILL continue to practice in all the Courts in the counties of DeKalb, St. Clair, Cherokee, Benton, Randolph and Talladega; also in the Supreme Court of the State.
Office in the North East corner of the Court House.
Thankful for the kind patronage he has heretofore received, he is determined to deserve the confidence of the public, and trusts he may continue to receive a liberal share of patronage.
March 25, 1857.—1y.

WHATLEY & ELLIS,
HAVE associated themselves in the Practice of the Law.
Office Row, No. 9, Jacksonville, Ala.

J. B. MARTIN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Talladega, Ala.
WILL practice in the Counties of Talladega, 1st Monday in May & Nov.
Calhoun, 3d " in April and Octob.
St. Clair, 1st " in March and Sep
Shelby, 2d " in March and Sept
Cherokee, 2d " after 1h "
Randolph, last " in Feb. and August.
Office on North side of the square, in new brick building up stairs. july 1st 58-1y.

JOHN I. THOMASON. THOMAS HAYDEN
THOMASON & HAYDEN,
Attorneys at Law,
AND
Solicitors in Chancery,
ASHVILLE, ALA.
WILL pay strict attention to all business entrusted to their care in the counties of Jefferson, Blount, Shelby, Mhrshal, DeKalb, Cherokee, Benton and St. Clair, and in the Supreme Court of the State. Jan. 20, '54t

R. G. EARLE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Jacksonville Ala.
WILL Practice in Benton, Talladega, St. Clair, & Randolph Counties, Ala. Office in the North East Room of the Court House, opposite the office of the Judge of Probate. July 8, 1856.

J. S. PORTER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
AND
Solicitor in Chancery.
WETUMPKA ALA.
WILL practice in the Counties of Coosa, Benton, St. Clair, DeKalb and Cherokee.

B. T. POPE
Attorney at Law,
ASHVILLE, ALA

J. W. HOYL,
GROCER
AND DEALER IN
GRAIN AND PRODUCE,
One door above the old stand of the Messrs. Ragsdales, MARKET STREET,
CHATTANOOGA, TENN.
IS receiving, direct from New Orleans, a large stock of Groceries, which will be sold as low as they can be bought in Nashville or Memphis freights added. All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for Groceries. Also, the highest cash prices paid for Corn, Wheat, Dried Fruit, Tallow, Beeswax, Feathers, Furs of all kinds &c. &c.
March 10, 1859.—1y.

NEW MILLINERY STORE!
Chattanooga, Tenn.
MRS. R. HAGAN.
WOULD respectfully announce to the citizens of North Alabama and surrounding country, that she has opened a new and selected assortment of
MILLINERY,
FANCY GOODS & TRIMMINGS,
Bonnets, Ribbons, Laces, Trimmings Fringe, Flowers, and all articles in the Millinery Line.
These goods have been purchased in one of the most fashionable cities in the Union, are of the LATEST STYLE AND FASHION, and cannot fail to please, and which will be sold at small profits for Cash. Call and see.
mar10, 1859.—6m.

TERRASS BROTHERS,
(Successors to McCrea & Terrass.)
Wholesale Grocers,
AND DEALERS IN
FINE WINES,
Brandies, & Domestic Liquors
CIGARS, TOBACCO, IRON, NAILS, &C.
NO. 7 SOUTH MARKET ST.,
NASHVILLE, : : : : : : : TENN.
Have Removed to the above stand April 21, 1859.

NOTICE.
I FORWARN any person against trading for a certain promisary note given by myself and Robert J. Harden to Richard Fletcher, dated 3rd day of Dec., 1858, due twelve months after date. The amount of said note is $115 50 as I do not intend to pay said note, as the consideration for which it was given has failed.
This the 23rd day of April, 1859.
May 5 '59. JOHN OWEN

BOOTS & SHOES
AT WHOLESALE;
R. A. PRINGLE & CO.
177 EAST BAY,
Opporitete the New Custom House,
CHARLESTON, S. C.
WILL keep constantly on hand Boots, Shoes and Brogans, of every variety, suited to the Southern Trade. We will be able to show our friends a much better stock of Ladies and Gents Fine Goods than usual; and for cash or approved paper, will sell as low as the same quantity can be bought from the manufacturers.
ROBERT A. PRINGLE,
Feb. 3, '59. CHARLES H. BERRY.

Waggon & Carriage Making Bussiness.
The undersigned is prepared to execute any work in the above named line of business, at his shop in Gadsden, of good materials and in the most neat and durable manner.
Orders for work promptly executed, and prices moderate.
Repairing of every description also done upon short notice.
G. R. REINHART.

RICHARDSON'S
IRISH LINENS;
DAMASKS, DIAPERS, &c.
CONSUMERS of RICHARDSON'S LINENS, and those desirous of obtaining the GENUINE GOODS, should see that the articles they purchase are sealed with the full name of the firm,
RICHARDSON, SONS & OWDEN,
as a guarantee of the soundness and durability of the Goods.
This caution is rendered essentially necessary as large quantities of inferior and defective Linens are prepared; season after season and sealed with the name of RICHARDSON by Irish Houses, who, regardless of the injury thus inflicted alike on the American consumer & the manufacturers of the genuine Goods, will not readily abandon a business so profitable, while purchasers can be imposed on with Goods of a worthless character.
J. BULLOCKE & J. B. LOCKE,
Agents, 36 Church St., N. York.
Sept. 16, 1858—1y.

United States Daily Mail Line
FROM
JACKSONVILLE, Ala. to CHATTANOOGA. Tenn.
Via Goshen, Caloma, Centre, Cedar Bluff, Gaylesville, and Sommerville, Ga.
Divine & Kennedy, Contractors.
Through Tickets from Jacksonville to Chattanooga, $7 00.
The travelling public are respectfully advised that this line is in successful operation, supplied with splendid Four Horse Coaches.
Experienced, attentive and courteous drivers, and good houses on the line will insure passengers on this line every possible comfort and accommodation.
January 3, 1859.—tf.

United States Mail Line.
FROM CUSSETA TO JACKSONVILLE ALABAMA.
(Via LaFayette, Milltown, Louina, Wedowee, Rockdale, Milner, Oakfuskie, Chulafinnie, Cora Grove & White Plains.
THE Contractors of the above line would respectfully notify the travelling public, that they are now running, and will continue to run a four horse coach from Cusseta (on the Montgomery and West Point Railroad) daily, (except Sunday) to Lafayette, Ala. and triweekly the residue in two horse coaches or hacks, leaving Jacksonville on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 6 o'clock, A. M. and arrive at Cusseta the next days in time to connect with the cars reaching Montgomery and Columbus by 9 o'clock P. M. same days. Passengers will find excellent teams and careful drivers, through this line, and have the advantages of daylight traveling.
Fare through—$7 00.
C. STONE & CO., Proprietors.
December 9, 1858.—tf.

A. W. CALDWELL,
BROAD STREET, ROME, GA.
Manufacturer and Dealer in
Tin, Sheet Iron & Copper wares,
Always on hand, a good assortment of TIN WARE, *Cooking, Parlor & Box STOVES.* Also,
Arthur's Self-Sealing Cans,
For preserving fresh Fruits and Vegetables, with Taylor's air exhauster, for exhausting all the air from the cans, causing the fruit to retain its freshness and flavor. No one should be without them.
Also, Agent for the sale of the "OLD DOMINION COFFEE POTS," a splendid invention for retaining the flavor of the Coffee, and making it of better quality from less quantity.
Rome, Ga., June 17, 1858.—1y.

Tri-Weekly Mail.
WISDOM'S
HACK LINE!
From Jacksonville, Ala., via Gadsden and Guntersville, to Larkinsville on Memphis and Charleston Railroad-Distance 88 miles.
Hacks leave Jacksonville every Monday Wednesday and Friday, at 6 o'clock, A. M and arrive at Larkinsvill the next day at 11 o'clock, A. M., connecting with the Train from Memphis.
On return, leave Larkinsville every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 11 o'clock, A. M., on the arrival of the Up Train, and arrive at Jacksonville the next day at 5 1-2 o'clock, P. M., making close connection with the Selma Railroad Stage Line. Also connecting with the Hack Line by Wedowee & Lafayette to Cusseta.
The above Lines have been recently fitted up with New Hacks,
GOOD HORSES, AND SOBER, CAREFUL DRIVERS, and no pains will be spared in contributing to the pleasure and convenience of Passengers. The Proprietor gives his personal attention to the superintendance of these Lines, and hopes by meriting to receive a liberal share of public patronage.
JOHN H. WISDOM, *Contractor.*
Feb 24th 1859,—6m.

DR. C. J. CLARK,
Surgeon & Practicing Physician,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
DR. CLARK will keep constntly on hand a supply of **Pure Medicines** for his own prescribing and to supply his patrons.
He will also take charge of Negroes suffering from Chronic Diseases, or requiring Surgical treatment, and board and treat them on reasonable terms. Jan. 18, 1859.—1y.

Masonic Notice.
THE 24th of June next will be celebrated by Alexandria Lodge, No. 208, by procession, address, public installation of Officers, &c.
Transient brethren, and those of neighboring Lodges are respectfully invited to attend.
S. D. McCLELEN, } Com.
I. M. FORD, } of
Apl 28, '59 J. PRATHER, } Inv.

SOMETHING NEW!!
A Gift Enterprise conducted upon a Liberal and Impartial Plan!!!
Endorsed by the entire Press of the City of Baltimore!
E. H. HOYT & CO'S
GREAT SOUTHERN
GIFT BOOK STORE,
No. 41 Baltimore Street,
BALTIMORE, MD.
Headquarters for Southern & Wesern Orders.
Write for a Catalogue for 1859,
IT CONTAINS THE
LARGEST LIST of Useful, Ornamental and Valuable Gifts ever Published !
GREATER INDUCEMENTS TO AGENTS than ever before offered by any other establishment in the United States.
A Gift worth from Fifty Cents to
One Hundred Dollars,
ACCOMPANIES EVERY BOOK.
Postmasters, Country Merchants, Booksellers, Librarians of Universities, Academies Private and Circulating Libraries, Schools,
And all others whose buisness will enable them, are respectfully solicited to BECOME OUR AGENTS. Any person can by collecting a few clubs, obtain a valuable collection of Books in a short time, without any actual cost save a few moments leisure time.
We have Agents in all parts of the country who besides supplying themselves with valuable Libraries, are REALIZING HANDSOME PROFITS from the sale of Gifts, accompanying their books.
Catalogues giving full particulars mailed free to any address.
WHAT THE PRESS SAY.
They have a magnificent assortment of Books and have prepared themselves with innumerable elegant Gifts to be distributed among their troupe of friends and customers large.—*Balt Sun.*
Not only a may selection be made of any choice work, but with it the purchaser is sure to receive some article of Jewelry, which in many cases proves quite valuable.—*Balt. Daily Exchange.*
They make no promises that are not performed strictly to the letter, and by thus punctually canceling their obligations have gained the entire confidence of not only our citizens, but the country abroad *Balt. Patriot.*
A young lady acquaintance of ours purchased for $1, a Book at this establishment, a few days since, and received a double cased *Gold Watch, valued at one hundred dollars.—Balt. Clipper.*
The success which attends the Gift Book House of Messrs. H. E. HOYT & Co. has no precedents in the annals of Gift Enterprises.—*Republican and Argus.*
Call and see them, and our word for it you will not regret your visit—*Dispatch, Balt.*
The inducements to the Southern and Western people to make their purchases from Messrs. HOYT & Co. are much gratter than can be offered by any house of the kind in the country. Freight from Baltimore to any Southern point is less and the immense order buisness done by this firm is a guarrntee of their fulfilment of all promises.—*Family Journal.*
It is, in a moral, getting books for nothing and being paid to take them away.—*Elevator.*
All orders will be promtly and imparitally filled, and forwarded within one day after being received. The Gifts in all cases will accompany the Books with a written certificate to the person sending the order.
Remember no Gifts distributed of less value than 50 cts or more than $100,00
Address
H. E. HOYT & Co
No. 41 Baltimore St Baltimore Md.
April 14. 1859—3m.

BENTON
STEAM MILLS.
THE undersigned having leased these Mills, is now running them, and prepared to furnish *LUMBER* to all who may hand in bills, with dispatch, for cash or produce.
All bills will be considered due when completed. Wm. L. STOKES.
March 11. 1858—tf.

DR. S. C. WILLIAMS,
Practising Physician,
OXFORD, ALA.
HAS on hand, and is now receiving a new and large assortment of
Drugs & Medicines,
Paints, Oils, Varnishes,
BRANDIES, WINES, CIGARS,
And all the various articles usually found in a Drug Store—all of which he offers low for cash, or to punctual customers on a short credit. Dec. 2, 1858.—tf.

NOTICE.
M. K. KIMBRELL still continues the Wagon Making Business, at his old stand, one mile west of Jacksonville. Thankful to his former customers for their liberal patronage, he hopes still to merit a continuance of the same. He will be found ready at all times to execute work in his line with neatness and dispatch, and upon the fairest terms.
Although it has been insinuated by some persons, that he visits Town too frequently, yet he will always be found ready to do business whenever called upon. As he lives at home and boards at the same place, and generally provides him-elf with accessaries.
Feb. 3 1859.—6 m.

ARCHITECTURE.
R. STEPHENS,
ARCHITECT & BUILDER,
IS PREPARED TO FURNISH PLANS & drafts for buildings in the most approved styles of Architecture. Also to undertake contracts for building.
Talladega, January, 27, 1859.—1y.

Dr. B. S. EVINS,
RESPECTFULLY tenders his professional services to the citizens of White Plains, Calhoun County, Ala. and surrounding country, in the practice of MEDICINE & SURGERY. His shop is in White Plains, where he may be found when not absent on professional business.
March 10, 1859.—tf.

For Sale.
I will offer for sale to the highest bidder, on the first Monday in August next, in the Town of Jacksonville, the House and Lot where I now reside, containing half an acre—also one likely young Mule, five head of Cattle, and some Household and Kitchen Furniture.
Any of the above articles can be purchased very low before the day of sale.
May 5, 1859. HANNAH STINER.

Time! Time is Money.
If you wish your Watches to keep time, call at the old stand, next door to Kahn & Bro., where you will find WM. C. LAND doing business on his own account, who will faithfully endeavor to make watches placed in his care keep time, and use every effort to give satisfaction. TERMS—*CASH.*
Engraving of every description neatly executed. Jacksonville, May 5, 1859—tf.

POETRY.

We are not sure but we have published the following once before; but if so it is well worthy of a repetition, and is peculiarly appropriate to the present time. The reader will seldom find more sound sense as well as poetry, & more true philosophy & sentiment in smooth and flowing verse.

Going Home.

BY FRANCIS BROWN.

We said that the days were evil
We felt that they might be few,
For low were our fortune's level,
And heavy the winter grew;
But one who had no possession
Looked up to the azure dome,
And said in his simple fashion,
"Dear friends, we are going home!"

This world is the same old dull market
That wearied its earliest sage;
The times to the wise are dark yet,
But so hath been many an age.
And rich grow the toiling nations,
And red grow the battle spears,
And dreary with desolations
Roll onward the laden years.

What need of the changeless story
Which time has so often told,
The spectre that follows glory,
The canker that comes with gold,—
That wisdom, and strength, & honor
Must fade like the far sea foam,
And Death is the only winner,—
But, friends, we are going home!

The homes we had hoped to rest in
Were open to sin and strife,
The dreams that our youth was blest in
Were not for the wear of life;
For care can darken the cottage,
As well as the palace hearth,
And birthrights are sold for pottage,
But never redeemed on earth.

The springs have gone by in sorrow,
The summers were grieved away,
And ever we feared to-morrow,
And ever we blamed to-day.
In depths which the searchers sounded,
On hills which the high heart clomb,
Have trouble and toil abounded—
But, friends, we are going home!

Our faith was the bravest builder,
But found not a stone of trust:
Our love was the fairest gilder,
But lavished its wreath on dust,
And time hath the fabric shaken,
And fortune the clay hath shown,
For much they have changed & taken,
But nothing was our own.

The light that to us made baser
The paths which so many choose,
The gifts there was found no place for,
The riches we could not use;
The heart that when life was wintry
Found summer in strain and tone,
With these to our kin and country—
Dear friends, we are going home!

The Captain and his Child.

Of this old ballad of the tempest, by James T. Fields, one can never weary. There is something in the little daughter's whisper above all human philosophy:

We were crowded in the cabin,
Not a soul would dare to sleep—
It was midnight on the waters,
And a storm was on the deep.

'Tis a fearful thing in Winter
To be shattered by the blast,
And to hear the rattling trumpet
Thunder "cut away the mast!"

So we shuddered these in silence—
For the stoutest held his breath.
While the hungry sea was roaring,
And the breakers talked with death.

As thus we sat in darkness,
Each man busy with his prayers—
"We are lost," the captain shouted,
As he staggered down the stairs.

But his little daughter whispered
As she took his icy hand,
"Isn't God upon the water,
Just the same as on the land?"

Then he kissed the little maiden,
And we spoke in better cheer,
And we anchored safe in harbor,
When the morn was shining clear.

Ode to Spring.

WRITTEN IN A LAWYER'S OFFICE.

Whereas on Sundry boughs and sprays
Now divers birds are heard to sing;
And sundry flowers their heads upraise
Hail to the coming on of Spring!

The songs of the said birds arouse
The memory of our youthful hours,
As young and green as the said boughs,
As fresh and fair as the said flowers.

The birds aforesaid, happy pairs!
Love midst the aforesaid, boughs enshrined
In household nests, themselves, their heirs,
Administrators, and assigns.

O! busiest term of Cupid's court!
What tender plaintiffs actions bring!
Seasons of frolic and of sport,
Hail, as aforesaid, coming Spring!

WHAT PARTY DO YOU BELONG TO?—"What party do you belong to now, Bill?" said Joe, the other day. "I belong to the Know—no, the American—no—the—the—hanged ef I haint forgot, Joe. What sort of varmint was it you ketched tother night stealin, chickens?"

"It was an oppossum."

"That's it Joe, that's it. Op—Op—what did you say it was, Joe.

"Oppossum."

"It was something like oppossum."

"Opposition," said Joe.

"I know'd it was sumthin' or other. My party changes so often, darn me ef I can keep up."

Modesty is not only an ornament, but a guard to virtue.

Miscellaneous.

"TF."

Sometimes the reader of newspapers will notice bringing up the rear of an advertisement the letters, "tf." Probably they never troubled him much; he might have regarded them as a sort of cabalistic literature peculiar to the press, and certainly no fit theme for song or sermon.

However this may be, that pair of letters has a significance beyond the range of types, and on into shadows, & out into the sunshine of that mosaic work we call life.

To the uninitiated it is only "tf," "till forbid," a reminder that the advertisement it waits on, is to be continued from day to day or from week to week till ordered out by him who directed its publication.

The story of how many springs that have brought the blue bird and the violet, has been told in that "tf." Wrought in the green tracery of leaves that rise and fall on the bosom of the air, painted on clouds at anchor in the summer sea; carved on the stone threshold of ever going floods, silvered on the round ruby of the morning sun, in the scroll of storm it is woven, on the breath of song it is broidered, & "tf,"—"till forbid"—is the story of the world.

"Tf" is written alike on the drop of dew—that satellite of sod—and on the great world that dances in the breath, and brightens in the smile of God.

"Tf" rounds the summer of human hopes, it is delicately traced on beauty's brow, you will find it in the rose's blushing bud, you may see it in the ever shining star.

"Tf" is wrought in the helms of the sweeping Tamerlanes of all times, and the silver thread of the small voiced brook will not be broken without it.

Nature has no stereotypes, all her advertisements are published with a "tf," and the types that express her loveliness, are silently "distributed," and the graves are filled with the eloquence of yesterday.

And even there enamelled in little billows of turf that break up earth's green sward like a sea there is a "till forbid," and so the silent swell of sod subsides where graves have been, and back to the light and back to the air, and up to the clouds and away in gladness, goes the dust to be fashioned into new expressions of truth and beauty.

"Tf" is woven into the scarlet robe of wrong, and the purple garb of Power. Conquests glowing wheels are locked with a "tf," and the wearied bonds that ever bowed humanity bear those letters stamped on every link.

The young mother bending with looks of love over the fairest "copy" her eyes have ever seen, forgets that in that little face, hid in the dimple of a cheek, or shaded by a tress of golden hair, two words are traced in life's blue autograph that ere long obeyed, may leave her gazing up to the full heaven, and sighing that some breath of air has wafted away forever, the sweetest "copy" in all the world.

But the singer of the little song, that goes into all lands wherever it is Spring, reads no "tf" upon its pinion. He knows that it will carol on to other times, and win a welcome; that will be sung when he is dead; that the olive leaf it bears, will never wither; that by and by a window will be open in Heaven, and a hand will be put forth, and singing still, that tuneful bird of his will be touched with "the white radiance" of immortal morning.

And the thinker who entrusts his living thought to time; his thought instinct with beauty and eloquent with truth, feels that no "tf" will prove "the end all" of its mission; that leaving the red threshold of his heart, it begins an independent being, and will stand sublimely there, in the broken columns of the "proof" of time.

This is not to die; this is the true transmigration of soul; clinging to no frail tenure of a "till forbid," its types shall never fall to dust, not a syllable of all its utterance be lost.

There is a dignity in such a work; to bridge the narrow breadth of graves; to keep repaired the crumbling ashes in the halls of time. This has no emblem in the drop of rain that builds the bow upon the cloud, and glitters down the changeful ray that gilds a stormy world.

This is to pass like some armed warrior, unchallenged down the ages as they stand and hear his foot unfaltering press the threshold of to-morrow. Upon its gates "on golden hinges turning," no "till forbid" was ever traced, and to all truth and earnest thought, bright hands are beckoning, & the line moves on.—B. F. TAYLOR.

FEEDING RUSTED OATES TO CATTLE. The safety of allowing stock to feed on rusted oates and other grain, having become a mooted question, and in most instances decided adversely, it may not be amiss to give the experience of a friend on the subject. He had, last year, a beautiful field of oats, which was taken with rust; feeling unwilling to lose it entirely, he turned in his milch cows, and kept them there until it was entirely consumed, without the slightest unfavorable effect upon them. On the contrary, they thrive and grow fat; though it is but safe to say—for without it the case might have resulted otherwise—that a large boulder of rock salt was kept in the lot where the cattle were turned nightly. He is thoroughly covvinced that the rusted oat is harmless, that he is now repeating the experiment, his present crop being in the same condition as that of last year, as, we regret to learn, is generally the case throughout the low country.
Savannah Republican.

Gone to Prison.

W. A. Parker convicted of the murder of Thos. Noah at the last term of our Circuit Court and sentenced to the Penitentiary for life, left for that institution on Monday morning last in charge of Sherif Oden and his deputy Mr. Renfro.—*Talladega Reporter.*

From the Rome Courier.

Newspaper Praise.

MR. EDITOR:—I am impressed with the belief, that newspapers, more now, than at any period in my recollection, are venal in their praise of public men and things. Of the few papers, which are exempt from this imputation, yours is conspicuous; and hence, I beg to trouble you with a few reflections on the subject.

In proportion with the power of the Press, is its independence. I am inclined to think, however, that at the present time, it is either more given to servility and Toadyism, than ever, or the world is more blest with Statesmen and Orators of brilliant talents than in any age that has preceded it. When Cicero, in his celebrated work entitled Brutus, was giving a long list of Orators, who had flourished at Athens and Rome, he was thus interrupted by his friend Atticus: "If you deal with the living as you have of the dead, and say something of every paltry fellow that occurs to your memory, you will plague us with the Autronii and Stejani without end. Do not I pray encumber yourself with such a crowd of insignificant wretches." This remark will apply to the Press. If distinguished for anything, it is for the emulation of praise. Each paper makes an effort to out do the other in commendation of some political, judicial, or other favorite. To this end the English language is exhausted in the search of superlatives of flattery. A Judge cannot hold a session of a court, a school boy make an effort at an exhibition, a Tailor make a coat, a Baker a pound-cake, or a candidate a speech, but the paper of the particular place drains eulogy to the very dregs, in heralding the wounderful ability, the lofty eloquence, the extraordinary art of the affair. To him, who in future, shall reach to draw from newspapers the history of the time, this will appear to be a most uncommon age. No gem will appear to have been hidden in the dark unfathomed caves of ocean, no flower to have wasted its sweets upon the desert air. Before the fading pictures of the Mansfields and Coke's, of judicial learning, and the great masters of eloquence of former times; the virtues of the men of the present period, will be disclosed in striking splendor. The truth is, that praise is the good and wise man's best reward, and it is unjust to apply it so indiscriminately, that its value is lessened. The love of approbation is natural, and it is the parent of emulation from which springs all human improvement. Take from the eyes of those whose lives are spent in virtuous exertions, the praise which more or less influences our actions, and confer it upon the notoriously bad or feeble men, who are the accidents of fortune, make it the common property of every man, to be distributed by a species of agrarian law, to the rabble, *per capita,* not by merit; and while you may not wholly discourage the true patriot and honest man in his efforts in the cause of mankind, you will at least pervert the objects of commendation, and make it the agent of a system of corruption and hypocricy. Where do you see a court held, where the local paper does not make its praise cheap as dirt, by adulation to the presiding officer? When do you see a new book issued, when in view of the interest of some book agent, without knowing what it contains, the very highest eulogy is not passed upon it? When did the most trifling man of a party, announce himself as a candidate for office, when in base servility to the wave of the cane of the drum major of the party, the Press did not far and near, out lie each other in panegyric? We do not say, that encomiums are not sometimes deserved, but we do say, that they have become so common; they have so sunk into mere time serving flattery; that no man who deserves them, feels otherwise than disgraced by being made their object. When proffered, indeed, they are rebukes to an honest man; for he at once says, "if these same praises are given to another whose talents and integrity are notoriously of low order, what ideas can the public have of any merit?" The practice is, too, exceedingly short sighted The mass of the people have a large fund of common sense, and the Press losses its influence by attempting to deceive them. Instead of being looked to as the organ of truthfulness and sincerity; and the leader of a public mind, it is regarded as a deceiver; and dissimulation is more rarely forgiven, than is imagined. Let me ask, if, in view of the power, which the newspaper Press is capable of exerting upon morals, governments, and literature, its proneness to this lick spitleism is not a very great calamity? The writer does not wish to repress praise —He desires to direct it to proper objects, to render it less venal, to make it truthful.

The practice of extolling public men, has attached itself to the Press, as a species of necessary duty, and in discharge of this assumed duty, uncontrolled by reason or justice, the Press has diverted praise from its proper work and rendered it dangerous from its excess. Instead of promoting the good of society, by directing the eyes of mankind to noble objects, it makes the newspaper glory and agrandizement of persons, the primary object of editorial comment. It is rare that men place themselves in such striking positions, to render a public notice of their official action necessary. True merit is of a cautious and retiring disposition, and will not seek to exhibit itself in such dazling attitudes, as to court public admiration. It is the opposite of qualities, which need public display. The splendor of reflected light is necessary to bodies, possessing no inherent luminousness. Really deserving men proceed, in a straight forward course, to the discharge of official duty, nor is it thought by them or the public, necessary to stimulate them by the drunken revelry of praise. A truly sagacious and virtuous press will not descend from its lofty position, as an impartial advocate of truth, and by its indiscret and immoderate zeal, sacrifice its independence, its purity and its value, to aid the purposes of faction, or to gratify either party, personal, or local prejudices. It moves in the orbit of the social sphere, the acknowledged, pure organ of TRUTH. Its inevitable adherence to her great standard secures the permanent confidence of men, whether now refulgent as the mid-day sun, or now obscured by the clouds of fortune.

We trust the Press will consider this subject, and resolve upon the abandonment of a practice, which destroys its usefulness and power. A resolution to praise none, will do no injustice to the efficient and faithful public officer; but cut off from the demagogue and worthless aspirants, the balloon of inflated gas, by which alone he can be elevated above his native dust. It will save the Press from the damning sin of sacrificing its self respect at the altar of a false God, and relieve the public eye of the disgusting spectacle of public journals constantly filled with well known & unnecessary lies. P.

Signs of Rain.

An excuse for not accepting the invitation of a friend to make an excursion with him by the late Dr. Jenner.

1. The hollow winds begin to blow,
2. The clouds look black, the glass is low:
3. The soot falls down, the spaniels sleep,
4. And spiders from their cobwebs peep;
5. Last night the sun went pale to bed,
6. The moon in halos hid her head
7. The boding shepherd heaves a sigh,
8. For, see, a rainbow span the sky.
9. The walls are damp the ditches smell,
10 Closed is the pink-eyed pimpernell.
11 Hark how the chairs and tables crack,
12 Old Betty's joints are on the rack;
13 Loud quack the ducks, the peacock's cry,
14 The distant hills are looking nigh.
15 How restless are the snorting swine,
16 The busy flies disturb the kine.
17 Low o'er the grass the swallow wings,
18 The cricket too how sharp he sings;
19 Puss on the hearth, with velvet paws,
20 Sits, wiping o'er her whiskered jaws.
21 Through the clear streams the fishes rise,
22 And nimbly catch the incautious flies;
23 The glow-worms numerous and bright,
24 Illumed the dewy dell last night.
25 At dusk the squalid toad was seen,
26 Hopping and crawling o'er the green;
27 The whirling wind the dust obeys,
28 And in the rapid eddy plays;
29 The frog has changed his yellow vest,
30 And in a russet coat is drest.
31 Though June, the air is cold and still;
32 The mellow blackbird's voice is shrill;
33 My dog, so altered in his taste,
34 Quits Mutton bones, on grass to feast,
35 And see yon rooks how the flight,
36 They imitate the gliding kite;
37 And seem precipitate to fall—
38 As if they felt the piercing ball.
39 'Twill surely rain, I see, with sorrow;
40 Our jaunt must be put off to-morrow.

SHOCKING TRAGEDY IN NEW YORK *Murder and Suicide.*—The N. Y. Courier & Enquirer, of the 20th inst., says:

Julius Ossetenberg, a German, shot his wife yesterday afternoon shortly before 1 o'clock, at No. 236 William street, and the next instant committed suicide. It appears that Ossetenberg came to this country six years ago from Germany, where he left a wife and two children. Two years afterward he fell desperately in love with German girl, daughter of Mr. Waunnemacher, living at No. 236 William street, and she, not knowing that he had a wife already, was induced to marry him. Shortly after this they went to New Orleans and opened a grocery. They did a good business and lived happily, until the former wife ascertained his whereabout, and came out with her two children to reclaim him. Ossetenberg still clung to his young wife, and last October they broke up business in New Orleans and came to New York, leaving the abandoned wife and children behind. Immediately after returning to this city, the younger wife thought it prudent to leave the husband who had deceived her, knowing that she was not legally his wife, and went home to live with her father and mother, where she was well received. Ossetenberg pleaded in vain to regain her, but she was determined and would have nothing more to say to him. He then threatened to kill her, and kill himself, and since then he has made similar threats. Last winter he opened a grocery in this city, but failed, and a short time ago he was sold out by the Sheriff. This reverse seemed to make him more desperate, and it is thought he had been lurking about the above street for some days to get an opportunity to shoot his wife. Yesterday, shortly before 1 o'clock, he went into the saloon No 238 William street, next door to Mr. Waunnemache's, and was taking dinner, when his wife happened in with a pitcher in her hand to get some lager bier for dinner, and immediately returned, apparently without noticing him. Ossetenberg followed her out of the saloon and then into the half next door, where he drew a revolver and shot her dead. Then letting drop the revolver, he drew a heavy boarding pistol from his coat and shot himself through the heart. Both lay dead on the floor, within a few feet of each other, before parties who heard the reports reached them. The occurrence created intense excitement in the neighborhood. Ossetenberg was about 30 years of age; his wife was about 21. The relatives of the latter were intensely grieved at the tragedy.

Written for Grant's Republican

Maggie Wilson,

A ROMANCE.

BY R. E. N.

Maggie Wilson was *not* a belle, tho' beautiful beyond description. She seldom went into company without hearing the whispered words, "What a lovely creature!" Yet, co timod was "Maggie"—so sensative in the finer, softer traits of her woman's character, that she shrank instinctively from the gaze of admiration; and, indeed, had not a *secret* wish to be caressed. She was, therefore, but rarely seen in public assemblages. She prefered the "*Cot*" in the bosom of the valley, for that was her own "sweet home" and loved ones were there to claim all the love of her pure, young heart. Like a wild flower, *blooming in the solitude* of the green forest, she had blossomed into life, "unknowing and unknown," for she had as yet, dreamed of no Paradise beyond the little horizon of her dear home. When weary of confinement, she threw aside her needle work, and bounded away to the field—or to the forest, where birds of bright plumage were singing; and where the golden sunshine drifted thro' the foliage of beautiful trees:—where melody was in the brook and streamlet, and the leaves and twigs tremulous in the music of the sighing winds. Like an Antelope—half wild—she fled to the woods, and her dark eyes flashed with native fire as she bounded over the rocks, and clomb the precipitous hillsides! What a wild and beautiful "creature" she really was, as with flushed cheeks and panting bosom, she stood fearlessly on the very verge of a precipice. Her white neck, curved like a Swan's, is bare, and her glossy ringlets float loosely over her ivory shoulders. She stoops to re-lace her little bootees; and discovers that one of them is busted.—Her hands—surprisingly small—are tremulous from excitement; but in hoisting her embroidered dress, to refix her shoe-ties, I discovered two of the prettiest feet I ever beheld! And her ankles!—"its no use talking."—Maggie was, at this period nearly seventeen, and *ripely* developed into full womanhood Thus her sweet life was passing away more like a *romance* than a reality. And altho' she was happy, her heart was a woman's, & there were times where it thrilled with strange emotions! She had a vague yearning after *something,* she scarcely knew what. Had she thought of a lover? No! Maggie did not think of marrying; she was startled at the idea! And yet, there came, sometimes, in her sweet imagenings, a face of a young man whom she had seen once. It was a handsome face. Perhaps it was an *ideal* creature, seen *only* in her dreams! At all events, she *mentally* vowed never to wed!—She could not leave her parents;—the sacrifice was too great. But one bosom should be her pillow—her refuge—in sorrow; that was her mother's or her father's.—Alas, she little knew the capabilities of her warm, impulsive nature. Her heart, like harpstrings, wanted but the touch of a master's hand to thrill with love's delicious music.

CHAPTER II.

A stranger, travelling through the county of Calhoun, chanc'd to have his buggy broken; and waiting for some repairs, tarried a few days in the beautiful village of J——. If the reader has never visited this place, he cannot well imagine the surpassing beauty of its *site.* Surrounded by an amphitheatre of majestic mountains, it nestles in the bosom of a broad rich valley. So fine is the adjacent scenery, so infinitely diversified, that one cannot resist half an inclination to turn poet. So, at least, felt the stranger, who lingered longer than he, at first, intended—longer than his business would warrant. But he was wealthy, and generally careless.—Perhaps he had rambled in the vicinity of Maggie's residence, for he had been seen walking in that direction several times. Her father's farm was only some mile and a half distant from the village; and was embosomed in the prettiest vale poets ever sung of. Indeed, he *had seen* Maggie, at the fountain, a beautiful spring of bright water near her residence, where she often went for pleasure,—sometimes for water. It was a romantic place, enclosed by dense woods, and overshadowed by the loveliest of trees. Often she had sat there alone, & dreamed the time away,—her bright blue eyes fixed upon the water, and seemingly watching the long green moss that grew from the bottom of the spring, and swayed to and fro in the eddying current. It was a May morning when Frank Maloan (for that was his name) was seen near that fountain. Of a sudden, he drew from his pocket a splended lever watch; but quickly snapping down the case, he remarked to himself that it was yet early, and he would protract his walk. In a moment he was at the spring—which had an indescribable charm for him. He was decidedly handsome. Tall, yet compactly built, with features regular, and eyes wonderfully bright. His hair was jet black, short, and inclined to curl. The contour of his head was "*Byronic.*" There was indiscribable beauty in his classically cut mouth, and a sort of voluptuous sweetness in his full, expressive lip. He was altogether princely in his bearing, and had hands of the smallest and whitest kind. Various were the conjectures concerning him; but none knew *certainly who* he was. Many had guessed him to be an English Nobleman, for he had the foreign "*accent,*" and spent his money with a boundless extravagance, few could imitate. As an example, he had given a golden necklace to the Tavern Keeper's daughter—a little girl some ten years old—who had interested him with her beauty & sprightliness. The Necklace was

to be worth two hundred dollars. To the negro waiters he gave dollars instead of *dimes*.

"Dear lady, will you please to let me drink from your pitcher?" with a hesitating, trembling hand, she reached him the vessel across the fountain, remarking that she had stolen off from home—must run back—had not expected to see any one" glancing down at her plain dress. Long he drank out of that Silver pitcher—looking over its rim at the loveliest woman he had ever beheld. That moment decided his destiny! Being accustomed, as a child of fortune, to have every wish instantly gratified, he could illy brook the cold formalities that lay before him and his heart's dearest wish. He proposed accompanying her back to her residence. The pitcher of water he said "was too heavy for her hand;" he would carry it himself; "besides she might upset its contents," a thing he said too *horrible* to think of!" With a smile, worth a fortune to such a lover, she thanked him for his proffered services, saying that she "could not so far tresspass upon his kindness—as, doubtless, his *time* was *precious*, seeing that he was a traveler." "Yes, Miss, I *am*—or have been, a "traveler," but will be one no longer. I will settle here—near this fountain—if but to see a certain person dip water from it,—perchance to aid her in carrying water!" "Hark! the Driver's horn! the Stage is about starting! I fear you will be left;—be off kind stranger," my prayers shall attend you!" Thus spake the humorous Maggie, for she feared not her destiny. You mock me! what care I for Stages, or Stage horns? or aught else save this pitcher, which I mean to carry—at least to the top of yonder hill—with your permission.—Accordingly they walked together.—"Dear lady, I did not mean to tresspass upon your kindness;—I would scorn such an action; but believe me, I could not resist your charms!

She was gone! she had taken a by-path, and thus eluded him in the thick woods! Of course he would not persue the beautiful fugitive. Standing by himself in the path, the circumstances duly considered, he felt remarkably "*foolish*." "Who was she?" "What business had she to be so beautiful?" &c., such were the questions that rush through his mind. "Well, well; this is a bad pickle to be in—at least, *bad* for me. Never was in love before—for surely I'm in that delicious predicament now. "Oddsbodkins!" what will my lovely tormentor think of me?" "If my knife was sharpe, I would use it upon my throat for my scandulous behavior towards this lady. "The girl will despise me, I am sure." By this time he had reached the Hotel, where he turned in for breakfast.

CHAPTER III.

What were Maggie's feelings as she reached home with the pitcher of water? They were of the most tumultuous kind; for, if the truth must be told she, was really in love with the stranger! How wicked she felt to love so *soon*! so wildly! Ought she to speak to her parents about the man whom she met at the spring? She feared to betray her secret, for her cheeks were hot, and her bosom having restlessly. She betook herself to the solitude of her own chamber, and wept, she scarcely knew why! Finally she slept; and beautiful dreams floated through her mind. She dreamed of a bridal scene; felt the soft pressure of a hand;—looked up into bright eyes—and felt an arm encircling her waist! She was happy! She was a *bride!* Now she awoke. A noise down stairs had startled her. She arose; stood before the Mirror, and adjusted her hair;—then descended the stairsteps about midway. Here she hesitated to listen to several voices in the parlor. Amongst them, she decerned that of the stranger's! She was seized with trembling! & now sat down where she was, to recover her self-possession. Never had her heart beat so wildly before! It rearlly frightened her! At this juncture her father came to lead her to the parlor! He was in fine spirits, and in a great bustle.—Would not allow Maggie to go back to the toilet—she was "pretty enough" he said, and thus literally *forced* her to the parlor. "This is Mr. Maloan, my daughter, the son of my old friend James Maloan of Virginia. I assure you he is a man of the right stamp. I knew his father, intimately, for twenty years, or more; and he is rich as creosus, and generous to a fault." Thus, Maggie's father rattled on, little caring *what* he said—provided it was in favor of Maloan, sr.

Mr. Wilson, seeing the young couple interested with each other, and having urgent business to attend to, withdrew with a suitable apology, leaving Maloan and Maggie together—a thing they did not object to, for the plain reason that they were in love with each other. "I was too much delighted to meet you, simply as a stranger, Miss Wilson; but now that I have ascertained you to be the daughter of my father's best friend, I cannot sufficiently express my delight. I trust you will not feel altogether uninterested in one who, at least, would claim your friendship," said the young man. "Sir," said Maggie—in a sweet, earnest tone—"it does not become me to express *all* I feel; but you may be assured that I shall always respect my father's friend." Mr. Wilson came to the door at this juncture, and suggested that Maggie play a tune on the Piano, as that seemed to her the happiest way of entertaining their guest—in the meantime she withdrew to superintend the preparation of dinner—What passed between Maggie and the stranger, we are not allowed to relate; but suppose that from that moment until dinner was announced the time passed off very rapidly. On seating herself at the table, I noticed Maggie seemed uncommonly pale and serious; and there was in the dewy softness of her blue eyes, a *something* very demonstrative—but of this I will not speak;—at least not *now*. After having dined—and we may say, sumptuously—the company repaired to the parlor again. Various topics, of general interest, were discussed, in which Maloan took part, and acquited himself well, considering the little interest he *really* felt in any subject save that of Maggie Wilson. They were soon left alone once more. Mr. Maloan now insisted upon having some music; and after some hesitation Maggie seated herself at the piano looking more beautiful than ever. She ran her fingers carelessly over the ivory keys, then asked him *what* she should play. "Something sentimental—something about "*love at first sight*" if possible!" Sweet as the notes of the mocking bird she warbled the following stanzas to an air thrillingly effective:

> "I have met thee but once,
> Yet thy image, forever
> Is fixed in this heart;—
> O, 'twill part with it never!
> With thee I would go,
> Would die with thee too;
> This heart may be wild—
> But O it is true."

As the last vibration died on that pianoforte, Maloan was pouring into Maggie's ear the tale of his love. So pale was he—so evidently in earnest—that she could not resist giving him encouragement. He continued as if with the eloquence of despair. She attempted to leave the room! He threw himself in her way and such was the resistless torrent of his feelings, that she was obliged to re-seat herself and listen to his petition. The next thing she knew, she was leaning her head upon his bosom !the—the next was the vague impression that some one was kissing her! perhaps it was Maloan!

CHAPTER IV.

In about two months, after the events recorded in the last chapter, there was music and dancing, and the wildest of mirth, at the residence of Mr. Wilson. His beautiful daughter, Maggie, had married a Virginia Planter said to be immensely rich. The old maids generally—with other prades—thought the wedding was rather "too hasty;" and hinted that no good ever come of a girl who thus, *suddenly*, gave herself away to a *stranger*."

Many other *immaculate* persons held up holy hands, and expressed the most pious surprise that Mr. Wilson should have countenanced a match so *premature*.

Those anxious mothers who had pretty daughters, that Maggie had stolen a march on them, actually raved out against Mr. Wilson, and charged him with having sacraficed his innocent child on the alter of Mammon!

Nevertheless, the young couple were happy; and the next day, sat out upon a splendid bridal tour, in a magnificent carriage, drawn by four cream-colored horses—leaving old* maids, & envious persons generally, to snuff consolation from the clouds of *dust* thrown up by the carriage wheels!

*Nothing is intended, in this connection, towards desparaging "old maid's" or young ones either. The best of women are, sometimes, "old maids."

THE AUTHOR

SMOKING A CAUSE OF INSANITY.—The terrible ravages which tobacco smoking is making on the minds and bodies of the young, seems to be attracting the attention of medical men in various parts of the world. In a pamphlet just issued by Dr. Seymour, of London, on Private Lunatic Asylums, and the causes of insanity of late years, the Dr. denounces with emphasis as one of the producing causes, the practice of immoderate smoking, indulged in by boys and young men at the universities and "large schools, now called cottages."

The Doctor's remarks are as applicable to the youths of this country as those of Europe. No one conversant with disease can doubt that excessive smoking, especially in the case of young people, must be highly injurious to both mind and body. Its effect is to depress the circulation—the heart becomes weak, irregular in its action, and the pulse is scarcely to be felt.—The victim becomes irresolute and nervous, his appetite fails, and his mind fills with imaginary evils. This may continue for years, but at length the smoker dies off suddenly; then examination has shown that the muscular structure of the heart is imperfect in its action; the left side is thin, and in some cases in which sudden death has occurred, there has been found little more than a strip of muscular fibre left it on that side. The question of restraining boys from smoking is rather a difficult one to deal with, but the grave interests at stake seem to demand that some action should be taken in the premises

A MONSTROUS CRIME UNATONED FOR.—The San Francisco *Bulletin* thus alludes to the massacre some time ago of an emigrant party from Arkansas, comprising about *one hundred and thirty-five* men, women and children, by Indians, as it was at first charged, and the plunder of their entire train of wagons, horses, mules, and a variety of goods. At that time this terrible slaughter was attributed solely to Indians; but subsequent developments led to the suspicion that the attack was stimulated and aided by members of the Mormon communities settled in the vicinity of the scene of blood. From time to time, since, these dark suspicions have been confirmed by admissions of Mormons themselves, or of men who have abandoned the Church. A few months ago, about the time the army under General Johnson entered the Valley of Salt Lake, a gentleman from California, visiting the Mormon southern settlements, embraced the opportunity to push inquiries in regard to the massacre, and learned that the struggle in which the emigrants lost their lives was protracted during a period of nearly three weeks, and yet it was not claimed that the Mormons tendered the assailed the slightest assistance. The fiendish disregard of all obligation to aid their fellow-men prepares us to receive with credit the statement of other witnesses, who say that the attack was prompted and led by Mormons, that its purpose was to chastise the emigrants for offenses against Mormondom, and that an agreement was made between the Indians and their Mormon allies, by which the former were to take the cattle and the Mormons their wagons. We have also had evidence that the Mormons did not keep faith with the Indians, but themselves retained the greater part of the cattle, which as late as June last were still in their possession. Judge Cradlebaugh, of the United States District Court at Provo City, evidently is satisfied that these terrible stories are not without foundation, for in a recent charge to the grand jury, he alluded to the case, distinctly declaring that others than Indians were engaged in the slaughter.

The *Valley Tan*, a paper published at Salt Lake, lately emphatically charged the responsibility of the wholesale murder upon the Mormons, who were in *disguise* of Indians, and who after wiping out of existence the whole party, reserving for distribution among their families some seventeen young children, in the most deliberate manner brought all the valuable plunder into town and divided it out among the heads of the church! It is notorious that the massacre took place, that the plunder was appropriated, that Mormons were the parties, that several of the more prominent actors in the bloody tragedy were arrested, and yet the judicial authorities have been utterly powerless to convict and punish.—*Cin. Enquirer.*

Jacksonville Republican.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

June, 9, 1859.

FOR GOVERNOR

A. B. MOORE,

OF PERRY.

FOR CONGRESS

J. L. M. CURRY,

OF TALLADEGA.

☞Mr. F. H. GOODWIN, is our authorized Agent, to receive and receipt for subscriptions to the Rebublican, contract and receipt for advertising, &c.

Our friends and patrons will confer a favor upon us, which will be gratefully appreciated, by affording him every facility in their power, in the transaction of business.

☞ Our readers will this week miss the name of Hon M. J. Turnley from the list of candidates for Representative. Judge Turnley has declined in consequence of having received the appointment of U. S. Dist. Attorney made vacant by the resignation of Hon. G. S. Walden. This appointment however will not cause Judge T. to change his residence or pr.v.nt him from practising in the local Courts, when not in attendance on the U. S. Courts.

Improved Cotton Cultivator.—In every case where a new improvement is presented to the public, there is one class of persons who are ready to approve it, and award to it all the advantages and merits claimed by the over-sanguine inventor; and on the other hand there is another class, perhaps equally numerous, who are ready to condem it even without investigation. In all such cases, the wisest and best way is neither to condemn or approve, without a fair trial or experiment.

We have for some time been advertising Mr. A. Smiths patent Cotton Cultivator but until recently have had no opportunity to see one in practical operation. We have lately used one for some days, and heard the opinion of others who have done the same, from which, it appears to possess the following advantages.

1st In running near to cotton or corn without injury.

2d. In not turning over the ground to be killed by the burning sun, nor taking it away from the growing vegetation.

3d. In preventing land from washing, and aiding in improving its fertility.

4th. In the increased amount of work performed, one hand being able to do almost as much as two on the old plan, in first plowing and choping out of cotton.

To show that we are not alone in the favorable opinion we have formed, we subjoin the two following, from a number of certificates Mr. Smith has received, and had published in a handbill; and also an extract from a letter received by him from Dr. W. Woolf, of Marengo County.

I have seen Asberry Smith's Cultivator in operation on nine different plantations, and it gives perfect satisfaction in every instance. Plows were ordered in every case where they had authority. It surpasses any Plow by at least 25 or 30 per cent. I have ever seen, as a cultivator for corn or cotton, and I take pleasure in recommending it to the public.

JNO. W. DACUS.

Uniontown, Perry Co., May 6. 1859.

I have Mr. Asberry Smith's Cotton Cultivator in use on several of my plantations and prefer it to anything of the kind I have ever used.

P. J. WEAVER.

May 10, 1859.

DAYTON, May 5th, 1859.

"My overseer and negroes are delighted with it on my plantion—my hoe work is almost nothing, and I would not exchange it for any thing I ever saw in the way of a cotton plow. As far as my judgment is worth any thing, from the trials made, I should say it is the very thing the Canebrake planter wants. I hear that Dr. Jones goes up to get a dozen for his father to day—several gentlemen are going to my place to day and to morrow, who intends ordering plows, if they like as well as they expect.

Yrs, verry Respty.

W. WOOLF.

☞ Those who wish to purchase Groceries and Confectionaries of superior quality at reduced prices, are referred to the advertisement of J. Kahn Co. in another column, who have just received, at their new establishment, on the south east corner of the public square, a very large assortment.

A Suggestion.

Many persons in this section of country have relatives and friends, who have emigrated to Texas, Arkansas, California and other new countries. These persons know that their friends who have left would be glad to hear frequently from them, but they partake of the general neglect and feeling of indisposition to write letters. To obviate this and gratify both themselves and friends, they have only to give us the names of their friends and nearest post office, becoming responsible here for the subscrption, and we will forward the Republican regularly. One single number of the paper might give their friends more information, interesting them, of the country they had left, than they could communicate, by writing letters enough to cost two dollars in postage.

Our friend Capt. L. M. Gilbert has again brought us under obligations by forwarding additional names, from Louisiana, as subscribers to our paper, together with the gold to pay for previous subscribers.

We also acknowledge our obligations to others, for favors of like character.

Great Fire in Key West, Florida.

The *Key of the Gulf*, of the 21st, gives the particulars of a terrible conflagration which occurred in Key West on the 16th inst., destroying about 71 stores and dwellings, and forty out houses—property valued at $260,000.

"It is our painful duty," says the *Key*, "to record the most disastrous event in the history of Key West that has occurred before or since the great gale of 1746. Eighteen acres, comprising the business portion of our once fair and beautiful city, is in ashes.—Through the charred branches of the leafless almond and the cocoa-nut the wind sighs a sad requiem of desolation, while the smoking ruins of stores, offices and dwellings tell of hopes crushed, of poverty and despair. In a word, a most terrible calamity has befallen our island home."

If the blaze of battle burns long in the Old World, says the New Orleans *Picayune*, such a convulsion will take place as has been seldom witnessed by our race, and America will become the granary of the nations. In our position of neutrality & peace—intermeddling with no controversy and enduring no interference—the disasters of the Old World must pour a tide of prosperity upon us, such as will give a new impetus to all our industrial enterprises, and enable us to consolidate and extend our influence over the whole of this continent. Silently we are going into an importance that cannot but be felt in Europe itself—becoming, while the nations are struggling for aggrandizement, a balance of power in the system of civilized governments, that will affect the relations of those who would even now ignore our existence. Let us avoid rash and ill-grounded speculation, so as to realize all the advantages which must flow from our position.

GOLD IN TALLADEGA COUNTY.—The recent discoveries of Gold says the Talladega *Watchtower* which have been made in this region of the country promise to be of great importance. New discoveries are being daily made and parties are rapidly organizing for the purpose of mining. The gold is found in quartz, and also in the gulches and streams.

We understand that a place has been discovered on the Rob Roy place belonging to Messrs. Curry, which yielded from seven pausful of dirt, as many pennyweights of fine gold. Much excitement prevails.

WHEAT.—The Cleveland (Tenn.) Banner represents the wheat crop in that section, as being in the most deplorable condition. It says: there is no possible chance of making a half crop.

The friends of our Railroad. and citizens of the County. generally will read with pleasure the following extracts from a letter received from the Hon. T. A. Walker, to a citizen of this place.

SELMA, JUNE 3, 1859.

Dear Sir:

I have the pleasure of informing you, that our Railroad Land Grant has been adjusted, and titles to the land have been forwarded to Gov. Moore. Also, that two cargoes of Railroad Iron have arrived in the port Mobile—and two boat loads have arrived in Selma.

I am closely confined in making up a report of the last year's running operations of the road, and also trying to get up a party of hands to lay the track to Talladega.

As soon as I can, I will come home and enter the canvass, and if possible make up for lost time.

I have a hard time of it here, struggling with all kinds of difficulties to keep up the road, and trying to press it forward.

Your friend, &c.

THOS. A. WALKER.

A Parisian Sensation—Parisians are occupying themselves very much about a mysterious doctor, M Vries, called "The Black Doctor of Java," who they say has accomplished the most marvellous cures. He is the "rage" and his advice is sought even at the most exorbitant prices, to the great chagrin of the faculty physicians who have commenced a suit against him for illegal practice. A petition has been addressed to the Emperor by many of the most influential members of the institute and by many high personages, cured by by the black doctor, to shield him from their pursuits. Among the well known persons that this physician of the "Thousand and One Nights" has benefitied they cite M. Adolpe Sax saved from a horrible and hitherto incurable malady. Adolphe had a black cancer on his lip which since 1853, has caused him inexpressible torture. MM. Ricord and Velpean had abandoned all hope of effecting his cure, and his friend believed him doomed. The black cancer happily very rare, conducts infallibly to death all whom it attacks, whether treated by internal remedies or with the knife. Sax had arrived at that extremity that a horrible operation became necessary; his lips, his cheek must be sacrificed, face forever disfigured and even then with but a narrow chance of relief.

The Black Doctor examined him. He told him his disease was black cancer but that he could cure it. He commenced his treatment in June last; and by dieting and internal remedies Sax found himself well in six months. In November the complaint seemed worse than ever but Vries was full of confidence. He told his patient to have his photograph taken but thinking the demannd absurd the latter refused though finally by a threat of abandoning him the doctor Vries succeeded in procuring the likeness. "I desired this portrait," he said "of you in this sate because without it when you were cured others will not believe that you were ever as you are. In a few days you will be well!"

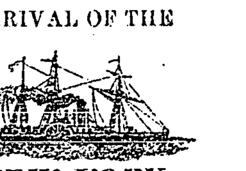
And in effect, some days after the inflammation became horrible, the tumor more frightful than ever. It was like a hot coal devouring the face of the unhappy Sax. But wonderful to relate, the flame seemed to devour only the evil; the cancer alone was burnt and its carbonized fragments some of them the size of a chery dropped away. To-day there is not the slightest scar even of this formidable disease before which the savans were powerless.

In gratitude for this miraculous cure Sax's friends offered to the Black Doctor a banquet, at which one hundred and fifty covers. Among the guest were Auber, Halevry, Berlioz and other musical celebrities, and the occasion was a most enthusiastic one. The Black Doctor said but little, but he ate heartily and was highly honored.—Boston Post.

Telegraphic.

THREE DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE



NEW YORK.

COTTON REPORTED EASIER, & DULL.

NO BATTLE YET FOUGHT!

GENERAL NEWS INTERESTING

NEW YORK, May 29.—The steamship New York, from Bremen, arrived to-day, bringing Liverpool dates to the 17th instant.

Commercial News.

Liverpool Market.—The sales of cotton for the past two business days, were 8,000 bales. Some circulars report a slight decline, but all state that the market opened and closed quiet, and with weak prices, and a light enquiry. Breadstuffs were firm.

SECOND DISPATCH

Liverpool, Monday, May 14.—The sales of cotton to-day were 5,000 bales. Prices were easier, but quotations continued unchanged.

General News.

The steamship Jura and Saxonia had arrived out.

There had been no battles fought, so far as was known up to the time of the sailing or the New York.

The Austrians were negotiating to obtain a loan of seventy-five millions of pounds sterling.

The head-quarters of the Emperor Napoleon was at Alessandria.

There were many failures reported in the London Stock Exchange.

The ship Thames, from Savannah, has been partially burnt in the dock at Liverpool. The fire was confined to the cotton in the after lower hold.

Many failures are reported to have occurred on the continent.

CRESSWELL & Co., of Birmingham, have failed.

At London, on the 16th., French red wheat had advanced from three to four shillings during the previous week.

Queen VICTORIA reviewed the English troops at Aldersholt, on the 16th.

Count PERSIGNY, the new French minister, arrived at London on the 14th.

Prince GORTSCHAKOFT had also arrived at the seat of his mission.

The Paris correspondent of the London *Times* says that confidence in the success of the army in Italy is so great preparations will soon be made at *Notre Dame* for a *Te Deum* of thanksgiving for the great victory expected to be announced next week.

All the officers of the Regiment of Sappers, to be commanded by Prince Napoleon, left Paris on the 14th, for Toulon.

A train siege of artillery had also left for Italy.

It was rumored that arms had been sent to Hungary, and that Hungarians abroad were actively employed in fomenting an insurrection in their country.

It was reported that Napoleon, before leaving Paris, had addressed a letter to Queen Victoria, repeating the promise made to take no steps, during the war, compromising the interests of England

The Austrian government loan of seventy-five millions of pounds sterling is to bear an interest of five per cent., payable in silver.

The Piedmont officials bulletin of the the 4th, says that the Austrians withdrew to-day from Robbio, but a second and still stronger reconnoitering force had pushed forward to the walls of Vercilli.

The Emperor Napoleon and General Canrobert had rode through the streets of Alessandria, and were everywhere received with great demonstrotions of joy.

The German Diet was closed on the 14th by the Prince Regent in person who said that Prussia was determined to maintain the balance of power in Europe, and would stand up for the security, protection, and national interests of Germany.

It was expected that the German confederative powers would stand firmly by the side of Austria.

The mobilization of eight Federal corps of the *D'Aarmee* had been completed, and Prince William Frederick appointed commander in-chief.

Later news from China had been received. Intelligence from Calcutta, to the 8th of April, and from Hong Kong to the 28th of March, had reached London.

The French troops had captured a place of considerable strength in Cochin China. The trade at Canton was suffering much from the exactions of the Mandarins.

A dispatch at London, on the 15th, says: "The Duke of Grammont left Rome on the 15th inst., in consequence of the order of the Emperor."

An English steamer, with Indian mails, had been overhauled off Sessara by boats from a French war ship.

The official bulletin of Turin announces that the Austrians were moving from Strabella towards Vochera.

Charles Villati & Co., of Birmingham, have failed.

ONE DAY LATER FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of the Steamship *HUNGARIAN.*

Cotton Declined 1-8d.

MANCHESTER ADVICES UNFAVORABLE.

QUEBEC, May 30.—The steamship Hungarian has arrived from Liverpool, with dates up to Wednesday, May 18th.

Manchester advices are reported unfavorable; all qualities of goods had slightly declined; and there was some talk as to the policy of working short time.

London, May 17.—At the Stock Exchange to-day there was very little disposition to operate on the part of buyers; and the applications for discount were very limited. The demand for money was rather more active.

Latest—Manchester.—All qualities of cotton goods have considerably declined, and the tendency is downward.

General News.

The Piedmontese women and children have been compelled to work on the Austrian defences

Several Sardinian Mayors who refused contributions, have been arrested

The rains are falling incessantly, and this may account for the inactivity of military operations.

The rivers are very full, and transportation of troops and ammunition very difficult and hazardous.

SECOND DISPATCH.

The sales of Cotton in Liverpool, for the three business days, were 13,000 bales, of which speculators and exporters took 1,000 bales. All qualities had slightly declined. Corn was firm.

Arrival of the Hammonia.

NEW YORK, May 30.—The steamship Hammonia, which left Southampton on the 18th of May, has arrived.—She brings Liverpool dates to Tuesday, the 17th. The sales of cotton reported that day were four thousand bales. There was but little enquiry, and prices were weak, but the market had scarcely declined ⅛d. Flour, wheat and corn were advancing.

Virginia Elections.

RICHMOND, May 30.—Ninety-five counties have been heard from and Letchers majority for Governor is four hundred and twenty-eight. There are forty-eight counties yet to hear from, which gave Wise two thousand and forty majority.

Latest Dispatch.—One hundred and eleven counties heard from. Letcher's majority is three hundred and thirty-five. The remaining thirty-five counties gave Wise one thousand four hundred and thirty-nine majority.

Fight with the Camanches.

ST. LOUIS, May 30.—Intelligence has been received here that Major Van Dorn has had a severe fight with the Camanches at the fork of the Arkansas There were forty Indians killed, besides thirty-six of them taken prisoners.—Only three soldies of Major Van Dorn's command were wounded.

Market Reports.

Charleston, May 28.—Sales of Cotton to-day 500 bales, at prices ranging from 8½ to 11½c. The market was irregular and depressed.

Charleston, May 30.—The sales of cotton to-day were 150 bales, ranging from 8½ to 11 cents. The market is depressed.

Mobile, May 30.—Sales of Cotton to-day 250 bales. There are more buyers than sellers. Middlings 10¾ a 11c.

[From the Associated Press.]

LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAM SHIP ***AMERICA.***

HALIFAX, June 3.—The steam ship *America*, Captain MILLER, from Liverpool, May 21, has arrived.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET, May 21.—The sales of the week sum up 38,000 bales, of which exporters took 4000 and speculators 200 bales. The market has declined from an eighth to a quarter of a penny on better grades, with a still further reduction in inferior qualities. Sandy Cottons are almost unsaleable.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.—There has been no battle. The aspect of affairs between the belligerents is unchanged.

The Austrian headquarters is now at Garlasco,* they having withdrawn from Vercelli, which had been occupied by the Allies.

A battle is daily expected.

The French squadron is blockading Austrian ports.

Vague reports are in circulation to the effect that the Emperor of Austria will command his troops in person.

It is expected that the Austrians will remain inactive until the arrival of their Emperor at the camp.

The Liverpool *Post* publishes, upon what it calls reliable information, the report that the passage of the river Ticino by the French will be the cause of an European alliance against France, and that the Austrian troops will march on Paris.

DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE.

Starvation at Pike's Peak Mines-Riot and Murder Resorted To.

ST. LOUIS, May 23.—The advices from Pike's Peak mines continue to be of a most unfavorable character.

Private letters, received in this city from the mines, state that many of the emigrants are totally destitute of the means of subsistence, and are in a state of starvation.

A party of destitute emigrants, unable to obtain food otherwise, had commenced capturing the outward bound trains.

One train was attacked near Offalon's Bluff, and D. C Oakes, the conductor of the train, was killed.

Mr. Griffith, the Postmaster at Ausaria, has been hung.

A dispatch from Washington this evening states that the Government will take immediate measures to protect the emigrant trains and their agents from the famishing Pike's Peak emigrants.

Our Foreign Relations.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—At a meeting of the Cabinet to-day, the foreign policy of our Government and the form of dispatches to our foreign Ministers was agreed upon, with a view of defining our position during the pending hostilities in Europe.

The dispatches direct our Ministers to declare that the United States will remain neutral, unless our rights upon the high sea are infringed, and set forth in clear language our position upon the right of search question.

Just Dropped In.—A gentleman in a neighboring city, having occasion to get a note changed, dropped into a broker's office, and having accomplished his errand, was induced to try his luck by purchasing a whole ticket in the Georgia Lottery which resulted in his obtaining the capital prize That was his "tide," "which," as Shakspeare says "if taken at the flood, leads on to fortune." There is indeed," a tide in the affairs of men," & no one would be more likely to realize the sentiment of the "Bard of Avon," than those who avail themselves of the chances offered by the great firm of WOOD, EDDY & Co., of Augusta, Geo., and Wilmington, Delaware An investment of $10, $5 or $2 50 in any of their lotteries, may be the tide for many, if they address the above firm at Wilmington Delaware or Augusta, Georgia, and enclose the money for a whole ticket or shares, in any of their liberal and attractive schemes.—*Sunday Leader.*

For the Republican.

To the memory of Mary Alice Hoke, who died May, 1859.

> Now far beyond the starry skies,
> Her ransomed spirit sweetly sings,
> As round the throne of God she flies;
> On never failing angel's wings;
> There all the saints of every age,
> In endless praise to Christ engage.
>
> Alice! sweet child too pure for earth,
> With talents rare and truly bright,
> Thou rose bud of immortal worth,
> Now blooming in eternal light;
> Thus children leave this world of woe,
> And to the arms of Jesus go.
>
> Father, and mother dry your tears,
> Nor mourn for her, whose gone to dwell,
> Romote from sorrow, pain, & fears;
> Whose happiness no tongue can tell;
> And while she joins the blissful throng,
> Still wonders that you stay so long.
>
> Then hasten to this happy place,
> Where sickness never can intrude.
> Where christian families embrace,
> And feast on most delicious food;
> And countless millions ever sing,
> Loud praises to their matchless king.
>
> Alice! dear child thy tender form,
> Will in affection's mem'ry rest;
> Until secure from every storm
> We meet to dwell among the blest,
> And join the everlasting song,
> Of Praise, to whom all praise belong.

J. McC.

Military Forces of Europe.

The Gazette of Antwerp, has the following statistics of the military and naval forces of the different States of the Continent of Europe.—The figures which this journal publishes, without being official, appear to be taken from reliable sources:

FRANCE—Army (effective force no June 1 1859), 672,400 men, 168 field batteries. Navy, 417 vessels of war; 300 sailing, 117 steam 27,000 mariners.

AUSTRIA—army, 670,477 men; of which 520,400 are infantry, 70,300 cavalry, 59,292 artillery, 11,116 engineers and staff, 9,217 pontoniers. Navy, 104 vessels of war.

PRUSSIA—Army 525,000 men; of which 410,000 of the active army and Landweher of first ban., 115,000 of Landweher of second ban. Navy, 50 vessels of war, 3,500 mariners.

ENGLAND—Army, 223,000 men, including those dispersed in the colonies. Navy, 600 vessels of war; 309 sailing, 251 steam, 40 ships of the line carrying 17,291 guns and 69,500 sailors.

RUSSIA—Army, 1,067,700 men including the reserve, and 226,000 irregulars. Navy, 177 vessels, 62,000 mariners and gunners.

TURKEY—Army, 178,000 men; reserve 148,680, irregulars 61,000 different contingents 110,000. Navy, 70 vessels, 38,000 mariners.

SPAIN—Army, 7,500 men, peace establishment; 500,000 war establishment. Navy, 410 vessels, 15,000 mariners.

SARDINIA—Army, 50,000 men. Navy 40 vessels; 2,860 sailors.

TWO SICILIES—Army, 100,000 men; of which 10,000 are Swiss. Navy, 60 vessels; 22 sailing, 28 steamers; 100 cannoniers (gun boats?) 5,362 sailors.

MODENIA—Army, 3,800 men.

PARMA—Army, 2,802 men.

ROME—Army, 1,600 infantry, 1,315 cavalry.

TUSCANY—Army 16,000 men.

DENEARK—Army, 60,000. Navy, 126 vessels of war.

SWEEDEN AND NORWAY—Army of Sweeden, 44,000 men; of Norway, 24,000. Navy, 349 vessels and 126 chaloupes cannoniers, (gun boats).

PORTUGAL—Army, 35,000 men including conlonial corps. Navy, 44 vessels of war.

NETHERLANDS—Army, 58,647 men. Navy, 72 vessels, 53 gun boats, 7,000 sailors.

BELGIUM—Army, 31,400 men 7,321 cavalry peace establishment; 84,000 men 14,000 cavalry, war establishment. Navy, 1 brig of 20 guns, 1 goelette, 120 caloupes cannoniers.

SWITZERLAND—Army, 125,000 men, the reserve including; Landweher, 150,000 men.

GREECE—Army, 10,000 men. Navy, 25 vessels.

GERMAN STATES—Federal army, 250,000 men.

GERMAN CONFEDERATION—Army, 525,000 men; 49,500 cavalry, including the Austrian and Prussiau contingents.

Total of European armies, 4,962,066 men

Navy, stated and estimated, 253,222 vessels.

☞See in another column advertisement of Dr. Sanford's *Liver Invigorator*.

CANDIDATES.

☞We are authorized to announce the following named gentlemen as candidates for the various offices named.

For the Senate.

HON. T. A. WALKER,
DR. X. H. MILLER.

For Representative

Col. THOMAS J. CAVER,
Wm. SCOTT, Esq.
Col Wm. H. FORNEY,
JOHN H. WRIGHT, Esq.
G. C. WHATLEY, Esq.
Wm. F. BUSH, Esq.
Wm. J. INGRAM, Esq.
Wm. J. WILLIS,
Gen. R. G. EARLE.
ELI BYNUM,
ABRAM S. BURNS.

For Sheriff.

DANIEL T. RYAN,
FIELDING LOVE.
Wm. P. DOWNING.
SPARTAN ALLEN,
JOHN YOE.

For Tax Assessor.

BARTLET OWEN,
THOMAS K. LANGFORD,
F. M. TREADAWAY,
J. R. STEEDLEY.

For Tax Collector.

JAMES MEHARG. Esq.
LOYD TRAYLOR,
Rev. T. P. GWIN.

For County Surveyor.

THOMAS R. MANGHAM,
J. L. WHITESIDE.

MOLASSES—30 Bbls of Choice re-boiled Molasses, for sale Cheap by
J. KAHN & Co.

Sugar & Coffee—A Lot just received by
June 9, 1859. J. KAHN & Co.

50 Bbls. **Whiskeys, Brandys,** and all kinds of Liquors, CHEAPER than can be bought in Nashville or Selma, for sale by J. KAHN & Co.

CANDIES, and all kinds of **CONFECTIONARIES**, as good an assortment as can be found in any city, for sale by J. KAHN & Co.
June 9, 1859—tf.

Public Speaking

The Candidates for the Legislature will address their fellow Citizen at the following times and places.

Tuesday	5th	July	at	Sugar Hill.
Wednesday	6th	"	"	Pine Grove.
Thursday	7th	"	"	Pounds.
Friday	8th	"	"	Muscadine.
Saturday	9th	"	"	Fair Play.
Monday	11th	"	"	Rabbit town.
Friday	15th	"	"	Oxford.
Saturday	16th	"	"	Teagues X Roads
Monday	18th	"	"	Phipp's.
Tuesday	19th	"	"	Hortone's
Wednesday	20th	"	"	Ladiga.
Thursday	21th	"	"	Mas Colvins.
Friday	22th	"	"	Peek's Hill
Saturday	23th	"	"	Sulphor Springs.
Monday	25th	"	"	Alexandria.
Tuesday	26th	"	"	FolKville.
Wednesday	27th	"	"	Maddox's
Thursday	28th	"	"	June Bug.
Friday	29th	"	"	White Plains
Saturday	30th	"	"	Jacksonville.

Speaking to commence at 11. O'clock A. M.

AT THE SPRING TERM, 1859, of the **Circuit Court** of Calhoun County, Alabama, the following proceedings, were had and held, to-wit:

Daniel T. Ryan & John D. Rowland, vs. James A. McCampbell. } CAME the Plaintiffs by their Attorney, & moved the Court for an order of publication as to the Defendant—and it appearing that the suit was commenced by an original Attachment, returnable to this term of the Court against the Defendant, as a non resident.

It is therefore ordered by the Court, that the Clerk cause a notice of the Attachment and levy on the Defendant's property to be advertised four successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said county for four successive weeks, and a copy of the same to be sent by mail to the Defendant.

A true copy from the minutes.

Witness my hand this 7th day of June A. D. 1859.

G. B. DOUTHIT, Clerk

The Defendant, James A. McCampbell will take notice, that the attachment above stated, was levied upon the following property, to-wit: Lot No. 1, in Sec. 16, T 14, R 8, east—one Centre Table, one bed and furniture, one Bureau, one Carriage known as a Rockaway, as the property of Deft. 21st April, 1859.

June 9th 1859.—4t.—$7 50.

AT THE SPRING TERM, 1858 of the **Circuit Court** of Calhoun County, Ala., the following proceedings were had and held, to-wit:

Daniel T. Ryan, vs. James A. McCampbell. } CAME the Plaintiff by his Attorney & moved the Court for an order of puplication as to the Deft. and it appearing that this suit was commenced by an original attachment, returnable to this Court, against the Defendant, as a non resident.

It is therefore considered by the court, that the Clerk cause a notice of the attachment and levy on the Defendant's property to be advertised for four successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said county, and a copy of the same be sent to the Defendant by mail.

A true copy from the minutes.

Witness my hand this 7th day of June. A. D. 1859.

G. B. DOUTHIT, Clerk

The Defendant J A McCampbell will take notice, that the attachment above stated was levied upon the following property, to-wit: Lot No. one in section 16, T 14, R 8 east; one Centre Table, one bed and furniture, one Bureau, one carriage known as a Rockaway, as the property of defendant, 21st Apl, 1859.

June 9th 1859.—4t.—$7 50.

AT THE SPRING TERM, 1859 of the **Circuit Court** of Calhoun County, Alabama, the following proceedings were had and held, to-wit:

John D. Hoke & Bro. vs. Amos T. Laird. } CAME the Plffs by their Attorney and moved the court for an order of publication as to the Deft. and it appearing that this suit was commenced by an original attachment against the Defendant as a non resident.

It is therefore ordered by the Court, that the Clerk cause a notice of the Attachment and levy on the Defendant's property, to be advertised for four successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in the county and a copy be sent by mail to defendant.

A true copy from the minutes.

Witness my hand this 7th day of June. A. D. 1859.

G. B. DOUTHIT, Clerk.

The Defendant, A T Laird will take notice, that the attachment above stated was levied upon the following property, to-wit: Lot No. 130 in the old plan of the Town of Jacksonville, as the property of said defendant, on 1st January, 1859.

June 9th, 1859.—4t.—$7 50.

SHERIFF SALES.

BY virtue of one fi. fa. issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun County, and to me directed, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, before the Court house door in the Town of Jacksonville, on the first Monday in July next, the following described land, to-wit: the S W fourth of N E fourth; the N E fourth of S W fourth of Sec. 25, T. 12. R 7. Also, N W fourth of S E fourth & S E fourth of N W fourth Sec. 35, Township 12, R. 7—levied on as the property of defendant to satisfy said fi. fa. in favor of Cook against Hadden. J. B. FARMER, Shff.

By SPARTAN ALLEN, D. S.

May 26, 1859.—$3 50.

Also, at the same time and place,

BY virtue of one execution issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county and to me directed, I will sell, to the highest bidder for cash, the following land, to-wit; S W 1-4 of S. E. 1-4, Sec. 22, T 14, R. 6; also Fl. Sec. 3, T 15. R 6; also, Fr B in Sec. 3. T. 15, R 6—levied on as the property of defendant, to satisfy said execution in favor of Liston & McCain against N D Willis.

J. B. FARMER, Shff.

By SPARTAN ALLEN, D. S.

May 26, 1859.—$3 50.

Also, at the same time and place,

BY virtue of one order of sale in favor of E C Womack against Josiah T Womack, for the use of William B. Turnipseed, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, the following described land, to-wit: N E 1-4 of N W 1-4 of Sec. 15, T 15, R 7 East, levied on as the property of defendant to satisfy said order of sale. J. B. FARMER, Shff.

By SPARTAN ALLEN, D. S.

May 26, 1859—$3 50.

Also, at the same time and place,

BY virtue of one order of sale in favor of H Baine vs. Jesse Graham, issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, the following described land, to-wit: the S E 1-4 of S E 1-4 and N 1-2 of N W 1-4 and the S W 1-4 of N E 1-4 of Sec. 23, T 14, R 11, levied on as the property of defendant to satisfy said order of sale. J. B. FARMER, Shff.

By SPARTAN ALLEN, D. S.

May 26, 1859—$3 50.

Also, at the same time and place,

BY virtue of two orders of sale issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county, in favor of T L Bowden, use &c M A Ragan vs. John Mackelvania, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, the following described land, to-wit: N E 1-4 of N W 1-4 of Sec. 18, T 14, R 10 east in the Coosa land dist. levied on as the property of defendant to satisfy said order of sale. J. B. FARMER, Shff.

By SPARTAN ALLEN, D. S.

May 26, 1859—$3 50.

Also, at the same time and place,

BY virtue of two orders of sale, issued from the Circuit court of Calhoun county, in favor of A P Wade and Joseph Gladden, vs. Russel Parker, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, the following described land, to-wit: the S W 1-4 of N E 1-4 and S E 1-4 of S W 1-4 of Sec. 11, T 14, R 6. east—levied on as the property of defendant to satisfy said orders of sale. J. B. FARMER, Shff.

By SPARTAN ALLEN, D. S.

May 26, 1859—$3 50.

The following beautiful lines, written in imitation of Edger A. Poe's "Raven," were handed to us by an esteemed female acquaintance, who informed us that the author was a young man, whose spirit has since fled to join his lost Eleanore, &whose hand will trace the foot-prints of thought "nevermore."

We have also another piece from the same pen, entitled "The Old Homestead," which will be given in a future number.

For the Jacksonville Republican.

An Imitation of the "Raven."

Once more again I pronder, and in looking back but wonder,
That time should ever under from us those whom we adore.
That days of tuneful measure, which were fraught with every pleasure,
Whose remembrance now a treasure are as bright as once of yore
Are as bright but yet have glided by those happy days of yore
They have pressed us evermore.

While thus my fancy musing and without the least abusing,
Some remembered words perusing which warm feelings did outpour,
I had turned me to the mountain, to the little rippling fountain,
And had just commenced the counting of the pebbles on the shore;
The dewy sparkling pebbles which lay glittering on the shore,
I shall see them evermore.

I was listlssely reclining and the sun was just declining
'Neath a cloud with silver lining; while his golden pinions bore;
And the silence was unbroken, yet I thought I saw a token
Of sweet welcome words unspoken, which enchained me once before,
And the smile of a sweet maiden as she murmered once before,
I am thine, thine evermore.

Long had I thus been thinking, and my scattered thoughts been linking
With the past whose sweets in drinking had made happiness my store;
When a tell-tale thought I muttered with a tiny wave that fluttered,
And a low sigh softly uttered seemed attention to implore,
And again I heard it plainly as my mercy to implore.
And it murmered evermore.

My heart set quick to beating while the thrilliyg word repeating,
A word my heart in greeting once had opened wide its door,
While e'er to love appealing can be seen a maiden kneeling,
In its portals now concealing half the form of Eleanore,
And with trembling lips is beaming half the form of Eleanore.
Thine she whispers evermore.

It is not the long lost maiden, who has wandered from her Aden,
And whose bosom purely laden with warm love within its core?
Is it she or am I dreaming of some holy light thats streaming,
From the cherubim whose seemiug form is like my Eleanore,
Whose form in matchless purity is like my Eleanore.
Is it, is it, nothing more?

Oh tell me is this heaven, where such placid rest is given?
Where the cherished one shall even the past happiness restore;
And is this gentle sighing which hath heaven's music lying
Like the floral spirits dying on thy bosom Eleanore,
Does it come from mortal lips or from thine my Eleanore;
This sweet melting evermore.

Perhaps it is the groaning of the winds that nightly moaning,
And to evening now is loaning all its dismal sullen roar;
Though with feelings something daunted, thus I spake as one enchanted,
And my fears were soon supplanted by the thought of Eleannmore,
By the tender loved and lost one—by my angel Eleanore,
With that plaintive evermore.

Does the happy angel lover round the living one still hover,
Till life's fitful fever's over with its troubles sad and sore;
Do they list the anxious calling, and the constant teardrop falling
From the heart with sorrow galling do they hear it Eleanore:
Do they watch from heaven above us and protect us Eleanore,
Quoth the vision evermore.

Heaven's love I gasped beseeching, as my trembling arms outstretching,
Is it she the loved one teaching me this heaven to explore,
Or is this the flashing glances of that love whose power entrances,
And where it covers all enhances as the light which earth first wore,
As the light all radiant sparkling which this virgin earth first wore,
Is it this and nothing more.

Scarce the words my lips had parted, when a glowing light imparted,
As if night forever thwarted, had fled back forevermore;
And in its beams which interlacing, like smooth trellised work and facing
Was revealed—I rushed embracing for I knew 'twas Eleanore,
But 'twas a dream and all was vanished with my angel Eleanore,
Such it was, and nothing more.

And this picture bright as morning, now my inner soul adorning,
Hangs illumined as a warning just within its sacred door,
Of that bliss when reunited, where pure loves are never blig'ed.
Pure as that which once we plighted—plighted here my Eleanore,
Here that love shall never perish which I gave thee Eleanore,
'Tis enshrined here evermore.

Home Trade.

NEW SPRING & SUMMER

GOODS.

WILLIAMS & ARGOES,

RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of White Plains and surrounding country, that they are now receiving direct from NEW YORK & PHILADELPHIA a large and carefully selected stock of

Staple & Fancy Goods,

Suitable to the season, and embracing every article usually called for, or necessary to supply the wants of the community: among which may be found, the latest and most fashionable styles of

READY MADE CLOTHING,
Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes.
A LARGE LOT OF
OSNABURG & DOMESTICTS,
HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.
CHINA GLASS and QUEENSWARE,
PAINTS, OILS and DRUGS,

All of which we will sell to solvent dealers at the shortest profit, either for cash or on the usual time.

We cordially invite all who may wish to purchase Goods, to call and examine our stock. We will make it to their interest to encourage home trade by selling them goods of as good quality and upon as good terms as they can purchase elsewhere; and convince them that they "may go further & fare worse."

They will also have in a short time a small stock of *Groceries* for the accommodation of their friends and customers, at low prices.

White Plains, Ala. May 26, 1859.

NEW GOODS.

J. B. & G. H. FORNEY

RESPECTFULLY announce the reception of their splendid stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

THE long standing character and appreciated patronage of the house renders an enumeration of the various articles of Merchandise useless.

Feeling grateful to their friends whose ever ready favors have so flatteringly increased their sales, they promise a continuation of strictly courteous and honorable intercourse with them. The public generally are invited to examine their stock. Prompt personal attention given to all orders. April 28 1859—tf.

STIPES & ROWLAND'S

New Stock of Spring & Summer

GOODS.

CONSISTING of every article usually kept by us. Our Styles are remarkabl for their uniform beauty—the prices are out of the range of competition.

We are now opening a select Stock of
READY MADE CLOTHING
IN THE MOST APPROVED STYLES.

We will continually be adding all the Novelties of the season, during the Summer, having made our arrangements to be supplied with New and Fashionable Goods, at any time during the season. We respectfully invite the particular attention of our friends and customes to our present stock. April 14, 1859.—tf.

Bolting Cloths.

A FULL assortment of the very best make for sale by J. D. HOKE & BRO.
Oct 14, 1858.

BLANKS
For Sale at this Office.

R. S. NORTON & SON,

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS,

ROME, GEORGIA.

ARE OFFERING ESPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO BUYERS FROM A DISTANCE

WE are desirous of building up a first-*class* DRY GOODS trade with Northern Alabama, by first class—we mean *cash* customers and those who pay *promptly* at maturity. We do not say that we sell lower than any one—but all men who have a grain of common sence, *know* that those who sell on long time are obliged to buy on long time and no sell at long prices.

We tell every one frankly that money is better than even *short* credit, and that we wish no dealings with any man who pais his debts when he pleases, or at the end of the law.

Our present stock is complete, consisting not only of all classes of

Staple Goods,

But also a much larger assorment of

Fine Dress Goods, MANTILLAS, *Real Laces*, EMBROIDERS, WHITE GOODS, &C.

Than ever before kept this side of Augusta—this is particularly the case with our CURTAIN GOODS assortment, WINDOW SHADES, CORNICE LACE CURTAINS.
EMBROIDED MUSLIN CURTAINS,
CURTAIN DAMASK'S &c.
WE HAVE ALSO ON HAND AT ALL TIMES
Wall Paper *IN EVERY VARIETY.*

We ask an examination by all who can comply with our terms and feel satisfied that we can make it to their interest to purchase.

Our friends will oblige by telling us who they are *and* where from.

R. S. NORTON & SON.

Rome Ga., May 26, 1859.—1m.

DISSOLUTION.

THE partnership heretofore existing between Driskill & Newman having been dissolved, all persons indebted to said firm are hereby notified to make payment to W. A. Driskill, who is authorised to settle the business of the concern.

DRISKILL & NEWMAN.

N: B: The undersigned still continues the GROCERY BUSINESS, at the same location, where he will keep a good stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES,

and be glad to furnish his friend and customers. W. A. DRISKILL.

BACON.

THE undersigned has on hand and for sale, a large lot of choice Tennessee Bacon.
June 2, '59—4t W. A. DRISKILL.

LADIES GOODS.

Such as plain and figured
Barages,
Organdies,
Lawns,
French Jackanetts,
Brilliants,
SILK & SILK LACE MANTILLAS,

And all other kinds of Ladies Dress Goods, at COST. KAHN & FLEISHL.

N, B. All persons indebted to the firms of Kahn & Bro. & Kahn & Fleishl, are requested to settle immediately, as they are compelled to have money, and must close the business of J. Kahn & Bro. June 2, 1859.

SHERIFF SALES.

BY virtue of three orders of sale, issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county, and to me directed, one in favor of Ryan & Rowland vs. J A McCampbell, S P Hudson, A Woods & W C Elston, one in favor of same plffs vs W C Elston, W R Hubbard & J A McCampbell, and one in favor of Ryan, Francis & Rowland vs J J Railton, S P Hudson & J A McCampbell, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, before the court house door in the Town of Jacksonville, Ala on the first Monday in July next, the following described Land, to-wit: Lot No 1, Section 16, Township 14, Range 8, containing 80 acres—levied on as the property of defendants, to satisfy said orders of sale. J. B. FARMER, Shff.

By SPARTNN ALLEN, D S.

June 2, 1859—$6 00.

ALSO, at the same time and place,

BY virtue of one order of sale issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county and to me directed, in favor of John H Vandiver, vs Berryman Bice, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash; the following described land, to wit: the S E 1-4 of N W 1-4, and N E 1-4 of N W 1-4 of section 10, T 14, R 6, in the Coosa Land Dist: levied on as the property of deft to satisfy said order of sale.

J. B FARMER, Shff.
By SPARTAN ALLEN, D S
June 2, 1859—$3 00.

ALSO, by virtue of one fi fa, issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county, and to me directed, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at the house of A Fite, on the 13th day of June inst, seventy-five bushels of Corn, levied on as the property of Marcus L Pinson, to satisfy said fi fa in favor of Asa Skelton. J. B. FARMER, Shff.

By SPARTAN ALLEN, D S.
June 2, 1859—$1 50.

Notice to Contractors.

Office of Dalton & Gadsden R R Co.
Dalton, Ga, May 27th, 1859.

Proposals for the Gadsden and masonry of the Dalton & Gadsden Rail Road will be received up to the 20th of June next. The work is situated, 11 miles in Whitfiled County, 15½ in Gordon, 31 in Floyd and 5 3-4 miles in Polk County. There are some 650,000 cubic yds. of Earth work and 20,000 yds of masonry, to be done.

A sepetate bid will be required on each section, the Company reserving the right to reject all bids if none are Satisfactory.

A profile of the work may be seen, and all requisite information with regard to the same may be obtained, at the office of the Company in Dalton.

Wm WADSWORTH,
June 2, '59 Chief Engineer.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
CALHOUN COUNTY.

Court of Probate for Calhoun County, Ala. Special Term. May 28th A. D. 1859.

THIS day came S. O. Striplin, Guardian of Martha Jenkins, formerly a minor, now of full age, and Frances Barnes, formerly Frances Jenkins, now the wife of John P. Barnes, who is over 21 years of age, and filed his account and vouchers for a final settlement of said estate

It is ordered by the court that Saturday the 2d day of July next be set for examining, stating and reporting said account, allowing said vouchers, and making said settlement, and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said county, for three successive weeks, prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a Special term of said Court, to be holden at the Court House of said county, on said Saturday the 2nd day of July next, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

Witness, A Woods, Judge of said Court, at office in Jacksonville, on this the 28th day of May, A. D. 1859.

A. WOODS, Judge of
June 2, 1859.—3t. Probate.

Time! Time is Money.

If you wish your Watches to keep time, call at the old stand, next door to Kahn & Bro. where you will find WM. CLAND doing business on his own account, who will faithfully endeavor to make watches placed in his care keep time, and use every effort to give satisfaction. TERMS—CASH. Engraving of every description neatly executed. Jacksonville, May 5, 1859—tf.

WOOD, EDDY & CO.'S
SINGLE NUMBER LOTTERIES!
CHARTERED BY THE STATE OF GA.
CAPITAL PRIZE
$50,000.
TICKETS ONLY $10!

WOOD, EDDY & Co. Manager,
Successors to S. SWAN & CO.

The following Scheme will be drawn by Wood, Eddy & Co. Managers, of the Sparta Academy Lottery, in each of their Single Number Lotteries for JUNE 1859, at AUGUSTA, Georgia, in public, under the superintendence of Commissioners.

Class 23 draws Saturday,	*June*	4, 1859
" 24 " "	"	11, "
" 25 " "	"	18, "
" 26 " "	"	25, "

ON THE PLAN OF
SINGLE NUMBERS.
50,000 Tickets!
Five Thousand four hundred & 85 Prizes!
NEARLY ONE PRIZE TO
EVERY NINE TICKETS!!
MAGNIFFICENT SCHEME.
TO BE DRAWN
EACH SATURDAY IN JUNE!

1 Prize of	$50,000	1 Prizes of	1,500
1 "	20,000	50 "	500
1 "	10,000	100 "	400
1 "	5,000	100 "	300
1 "	4,000	100 "	150
1 "	3,000	100 "	100

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

4 pri's of $400 apx to	$50,000	Pr is	$1,600
4 " 300 "	20,000	" "	1,200
4 " 250 "	10,000	" "	1,000
4 " 225 "	5,000	Pr are	900
4 " 200 "	4,000	" "	800
4 " 150 "	3,000	" "	600
4 " 100 "	1,500	" "	400
5,000 " 20 are			100,000

5,485 Prizes amounting to $320,000

Tickets, $10—Halves $5—Quarters $2½

Remember that every prize in the above Scheme is drawn, and payable in full without deduction.

Certificates of Packages will be sold at the following rates which is the risk:

Cer'ate of Package of	10 Whole Tickets	$80
Certificate " "	10 Half "	40
" " "	10 Quarter "	20
" " "	10 Eighths "	10

SPARTA ACADEMY LOTTERY,
CLASS NO. 935.

Draws Wednesday, June 29th, 1859, *ON THE THREE NUMBER PLAN.*
75 Numbes—12 Drawn Ballots.
Nearly one Prize to every two Tickets!
1 Grand Prize of $30.000.

1 Prize of	$19.170	4 Prizes of	$2,000
2 " of	10.000	20 "	1,000
2 " of	8,000	130 "	230
&c,	&c.	&c.,	&c.

27,814 Prizes Amt'g to $513,190!

Tickets $10, Halves 5; Quartors $2 50.

In Ordering Tickets or Certificates,

Enclose the money to our address for the Tickets ordered, on receipt of which they will be forwarded by first mail.

Purchasers can have tickets ending in any figure they may designate.

The List of Drawn Numbers and Prizes willbe sent to purchsers immediately after the drawing.

Purchasers will please write their signatures plain, and give their Post Office, County and State.

Remember that every Prize is drawn, and payable in full without deduction.

All Prizes of 1,000 and under, paid immediately after the drawing—other Prizes at the usual time of thirty days.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Those who prefer not sending money by mail, can use THE ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY, whereby money for Tickets, in sums of Ten Dollars, and upwards, can be sent us AT OUR RISK & EXPENSE, from any city or town where they have an office. The money and order must be enclosed in a "GOVERNMENT POST OFFICE STAMPED ENVELOPE" or the Express Company cannot receiv them

All communications strictly confidential.

Address Orders for Tickets or certificates
WOOD, EDDY & Co. Augusta, Geo.
or, WOOD, EDDY & Co Atlanta, "
or WOOD, EDDY & Co. Wilmington Delaware.

Cures Guaranteed.
Piles & Fistula,
Cancers & Scrofula
Strictures, Tumors, Wens,
and all other diseases of the skin
CURED.

PAMPHLETS containing testimonials of the highest character as to his success will be forwarded to any that may wish them.

A three cent stamp must accompany all communications.

Address

J. A. CLOPTON, M. D.
Mar. 3 1859—1y. Huntsville, Ala.

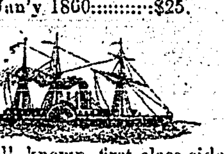
LEMUEL MILICAN—dec. *Estate of*

LETTERS of Administration upon the estate of said decedent having been granted to the undersigned, on the 22d day of February 1859, by the Probate Court of St. Clair county, Ala.—notice is hereby given, to all persons having claims against said estate, to present the same, within the time allowed by law, or they will be barred.

THOMAS W. GILBERT,
May 19, 1859.—6t. *Admr.*

JOB WORK
NEATLY EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE

For Philadelphia, New York, &c.
FROM
Charleston and Savannah
CABIN PASSAGE $15 STEERAGE $5
Excursion Tickets good to return till Jan'y 1860 $25.



THE well known, first class sidewheel Steamships, **State of Georgia,** Capt. J. J. GARVIN, & **Keystone State,** Capt. C. P. MARSHMAN, now form a *regular* line for the North, leaving Charleston and Savannah alternately.

The ***State of Georgia*** sails from Savannah every ten days, as follows, Feb. 22d, March 4, 14, &c.

The ***Keystone State*** sails from Charleston every ten days as follows: Feb. 16th, 26th, March 9th, 19th, &c.

These ships are in strength, speed and accommodations, fully equal to any on the coast. Inland navigation 100 miles on Delaware river and Bay; two nights at sea.

For Niagara Falls, the Lakes & Canada.
SHORTEST AND CHEAPEST ROUTE

This line connects at Philadelphia with the Great Northwestern Railroad Route through to Niagara Falls or Buffalo, in 18 hours from Philadelphia. Through Tickets with the privilege of stopping at Philadelphia and intermediate points, for sale by the Agents in Savannah.

Fare to Niagara or Buffalo, $23. Elmira $21; to Canandaigua, $22.

A. HERON, Jr.
Agent at Philadelphia.
C. A. GREINER, & Co.
Agents at Savannah.
T. S. & T. G. BUDD, *Agents*
Feb. 4, 1859—1y. *at Charleston.*

$363,040
TO BE DISTRIBUTED.
Georgia State Lottery,
On the Plan of Single Numbers.
—for the benefit of the—
MONTICELLO UNION ACADEMY,
OF JASPER COUNTY, GEORGIA,
Authorized by Special Act of Legislature
McKINNEY & CO., Managers.
CAPITAL PRIZE
$60,000.
Fifty Thousand Tickets!
25,828 PRIZES. More than 1 Prize to every two Tickets.
Tickets only $10.
HALVES QUARTERS & EIGHTS IN PROPORTION.
To be drawn each Saturday in June 1859.
CLASS 22 DRAWS ON Saturday, June 4, 1859.
CLASS 23 DRAWS ON Saturday; June 11, 1859.
CLASS 24 DRAWS Saturday, June 18, 1859,
CLASS 25 DRAWS ON Saturday, June 25, 1859,

To be drawn in public under the sworn superintendence of two Commissioners, appointed for that purpose, in the CITY OF SAVANAH GEORGIA.

MAGNIFICENT SCHEME!

1 Prize of	$60 000 is	$60,000
1 "	20,000 is	20,000
1 "	10,000 is	10,000
1 "	5,000 is	5,000
1 "	4,000 is	4,000
1 "	3,000 is	3,000
1 "	2,000 is	2,000
1 "	1,500 is	1,500
1 "	1,000 is	1,000
5 "	1,000 are	5,000
10 "	500 are	5,000
2 "	400 are	800
2 "	300 are	600
2 "	200 are	400
50 "	150 are	7,300
100 "	100 are	10,000
100 "	95 are	9,500
100 "	85 are	8,500

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

4 Pr's of $200 ap'xg to	$60,000 prize are	800
4 Pr's of 150 ap'xg to	20,000 prize are	600
4 Pr's of 125 ap'xg to	10,000 prize are	500
4 Pr's of 100 ap'xg to	5,000 prize are	400
8 Pr's of 80 ap'xg to	4,000 prize are	640
8 Pr's of 60 ap'xg to	3,000 prize are	480
8 Pr's of 50 ap'xg to	2,000 prize are	400
8 Pr's of 40 ap'xg to	1,500 prize are	320
400 Prs of 20 ap'xg to	100 prize are	8000
25,000 Prizes of 8 are		200,000

25,827 Prizes amounting to **$366,040**

WHOLE TICKETS $10. HALVES $5, QUARTERS $2,50.

PLAN OF THE LOTTERY.

The numbers from 1 to 50,000 corresponding with those numbers on the tickets printed on separate slips of paper, are encircled with small tin tubes and placed in one wheel.

The first 380 prizes, similarly printed and encircled, are placed in another wheel.

The wheels are then revolved, and a number is drawn from the wheel of numbers, and at the same time a prize is drawn from the other wheel. The number and prize, drawn out are opened and exhibited to the audience, and registered by the Commissioners; the Prize being placed against the Number drawn. This operation is repeated until the prizes are drawn out.

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.—The two preceding and the two succeeding Numbers to those drawing the first 8 Prizes will be entitled to the 48 Approximation Prizes. For example: if Tickat 11250 draws the $60.000, Prize, those Tickets numbered 11248, 11249 11251, 11252 will each be entitled to $200. If Ticket No. 550 draws the $20,000 Prize those tickets numbered 548, 549, 551, 552, will each be entitled to $150, and so on according to the above scheme.

CERTIFICATES of PACKAGES will be sold at the following rates, which is the risk.

Cert. of Packages of	10 Whole Tickets,	$80
" "	10 Half Tickets	30
" "	10 Qr. Tickets,	15
" "	10 Eighth "	7,50

In ordering Tickets or Certificates.

Enclose the money to our address for the tickets ordered, on receipt of which they will be forwarded by first mail. Purchasers can have tickets ending in any figure they may designate.

The list of drawn numbers and prizes will be sent to purchasers immediately after the drawing.

Purchasers will please write their signatures plain, and give their post office, county, and State.

Remember that every prize is drawn & payable in full without deduction.

All prizes of $1,000 and under paid immediately after the drawing—other prizes at the usual time of 30 days.

All communications strictly confidential.

Addsess orders for Tickets or Certificates to McKINNEY & CO., Savannah, Ga.

A list of the numbers that are drawn from the wheel with the amount of the prize that each one is entitled to, will be published after every drawing, in the Savannah Daily News. Feb. 10, '59.

C. G. KUHNE,
SADDLE & HARNESS
MANUFACTURER,
AND UPHOLSTERER,

WILL KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND

Between Monroe and Morrow's & Norris and Ware's, a large supply of Spring and other MATRESSES.

ORDERS SOLICITED.

BROAD ST., SELMA, ALA.
Selma, Ala Feb, 17, 1859—1y.

SELMA BOOK STORE,
J. M. WEST,
Bookseller and Stationer,
SELMA, ALA.
A LARGE STOCK OF
BOOKS *PAPER,* &C.,

Kept constantly on hand & sold very low. Orders by mail solicited, and promptly filled. Selma, Feb. 17 '59.—1y.

Selma Advertisements.

New Brick Warehouse
M. J. A. KEITH. W. Y. LUNDIE.

THE subscribers (successors to Keith & Spence,) will commence on the first day of September next, doing a general

Warehouse & Commission Business,

In their NEW BRICK WARE-HOUSE, situated at the foot of Water street, at the following rates:

RATES OF STORAGE.

Storage on Cotton for the season,	25c.
Drayage from Rail Road,	10c.

RATES OF COMMISSION.

For selling Cotton ₽ bale,	25c.
Other Produce,	5 ₽ ct.
For Purchasing Goods,	2½ ₽ ct.
Advancing Freights,	2 ₽ ct.

Particular attention paid to the sale of Cotton, Flour and other produce.

Persons depositing money for the purpose of paying freights will be allowed 8 ₽ cent interest.

Accounts for freight & storage due when Goods forwarded.

M. J. A. KEITH & CO.
Aug. 16, 1858.—1y.

RAIL ROAD WARE-HOUSE.
W. Y. LUNDIE. M. J. A. KEITH

THE Subscriber having leased from the Ala. & Tenn. R. R. R. Co., their Ware-House, for three years, from the 1st of September next, propose doing a general Storage and Commission Business, at the following rates:

RATES OF STORAGE.

Storage on Cotton till June, 2½c per bale.
Receiving & forwarding goods, 20c per bbl. if stored over one month 10c additional.

RATES OF COMMISSION.

For selling Cotton per bale,	25c.
Other Produce,	5 per ct.
For purchasing Goods,	2½ " "
Advancing Freights on Goods,	5 " "

No drayage on Goods, charged.

Persons depositing money, for the purpose of paying freight, will be allowed 8 per cent interest.

Accounts for freight and storage, due when goods forwarded,

W. Y. LUNDIE & CO.
Selma, August 19th 1858.

Drugs! Drugs! Drugs!
Chemicals, Chemicals.
T. M. CUNNINGHAM
Corner Broad and Water Streets.
SELMA, ALA.

HAS now on hand, and shall be constantly receiving, the largest & best selected stock of *DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &c., &c.,* ever offered in this market. Call and price them before you purchase elsewhere, as he knows you cannot find BETTER BARGAINS. His stock of

Paints, Oils, &c.,

is very large, and persons having painting done would do well to call and price. His BRANDIES, WINES, &c., &c., for medical purposes, cannot be beaten in the market for quality.

A large lot of Window Glass, Kyrosene Oil and Lamps. 800 oz. Quinine at $1 75 cash, less by the quantity. SELMA, Nov 25, 1858.

J. KROUT & CO.,
Wholesale Confectioners
and dealers in **fine WINES,**
Brandies & Cigars;
BROAD Street, Selma, Ala.

THE Subscribers beg leave to Call the attention of Southern dealers to their Very Large and varied assortment of Fine

Wine, brandy & liquors

of OUR OWN IMPORTATION which will be sold at unprecedented low prices for *"Cash and Cash only."*

We have also connected with our already Complete establishment a Superior Machine, which will manufacture, any quantity of Soda and Butter Crackers which will be sold at New York prices.

We also MANUFACTURE ***CANDY,*** in any quantity for shipping at short notice.

In fine we keep every article connected with our business on reasonable terms. Orders from the Country shall have our personal attention.

J. KROUT & Co.
Aug. 19, 1858.—1y.

WARE-HOUSE
AND
Commission Business.

THE SUBSCRIBERS are prepared to carry on the above BUSINESS, in all its branches, with facility and despatch.

Our COTTON WARE-HOUSE, (known as Johnson's Ware-House.) is situated immediately on the River Bank and lying remote from other buildings, run little or no risk from fire: consequently, Insurance can be effected, on COTTON stored there, at the *lowest* rates.

Goods consigned to our care are forwarded to and from Rail Roads free of charge for Drayage.

Cotton Storage for the season,	25c. per bale.
Drayage from Depot,	7c. " "
Coms. for selling Cotton,	50c. " "
" " " Flour	5c. " cent.

Having had long experience in the above business, we tender our services to the public, believing we will be able to give full satisfaction

WILEY & KNOX.
Selma, September 2, 1858.—1y.

W. G. PRIVETT,
WITH
G. C. & A. W. DUNCAN,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL
GROCERS,
AND DEALERS IN
Wines, Liquors & Staple GOODS.
WATER STREET.
SELMA, ALA.
TERMS CASH. Sept. 9, 1858—1y.

J. B. CLARK,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Bookseller & Stationer,
SELMA, ALA.

J. B. C. has constantly on sale, at low prices a large stock of

LAW, MEDICAL, SCHOOL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,
ALSO,

Staple and Fancy Stationery, Extensive and Elegant Variety of Paper Hangings, Cutlery, Gold Pens, Pencils, Music, &c., &c.

Magazines and Periodicals Supplied.

Prompt attention to orders from the Country. Selma, Ala. Aug 9, 1858.

B. ELIASBURG,
CONFECTIONARY,
FRUIT AND FAMILY
GROCERY STORE.
(Opposite P. J. Weaver's)
BROAD ST., SELMA, ALA.

WILL keep the best of articles constantly on hand, for sale at low prices.

Orders from the country solicited, and accurately and promptly filled.
February 17, 1859—1y.

FURNITURE STORE!
Dallas street, Selma, Ala.

The subscriber takes pleasure in informing the public generally that his stock of *FURNITURE* is quite extensive, and of a superior quality, consisting of

PARLOR, Dining & Bed-Room
FURNITURE,

of all qualities and description.

Splendid Piano Forts,

Of a superior tone, a good stock, which will be sold cheaper than the same articles have ever before been sold in Alabama

Metalic Coffins;

always on hand, all sizes and styles. Also—

Wooden Coffins,

at prices from $2 to $50. To all of which the attention of the public is invited and which will be sold at unprecedented low prices for cash.

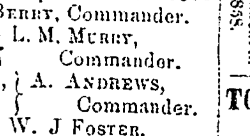
J. J. NORRIS.
Aug. 19, 1858.—1y.

D. M. FULLENWIDER,
WITH
M'Clure, Thames & Johnson,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL
Grocers,
WATER STREET,
SELMA, ALA.
July 12, 1858.—1y.

N. YORK & CHARLESTON
Steamship Line,
Through Tickets.

From New Orleans to N. York,	$39 00
" Mobile to "	35 00
" Montgomery, Ala., "	26 00
" Atlanta, Geo. "	25 00
" Augusta, Geo. "	20 00

Can be had on applications at the Rail Road Ticket Offices at each point.



UNITED STATES MAIL
Stamships through in 48 to 50 Hours.

The new Steamship Columbia 1800 Tons. M. BERRY, Commander.
NASHVILLE, 1800 Tons. L. M. MURRY, Commander.
JAMES ADGER, 1500 Tons. A. ANDREWS, Commander.
MARION, 1500 Tons. W. J FOSTER, Commander.

LEAVES ADGER'S WHARVES
Every Wednesday & Saturday
AT HIGH WATER.

THESE Steam Ships were built expressly for the Line, and for safety, comfort, & speed, are unrivalled on the coasts. Tables supplied with every luxury.—Attentive and courteous commanders, willensure Travellers of this Line every possible comfort and accommodation-elegant State Room accommodations, Freight or passage, apply to

HENRY MISSROON & CO.
Corner of East Bay and Adger's South Wharf,
Charleston to N. York. Cabin passage $15
Steerage, 8.
March 11, 1859.—1y.

JOINT RESOLUTIONS

Proposing Amendments to the Constitution.

SECTION 1. *Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Alabama in General Assembly convened,* That the following amendments to the Constitution of Alabama are hereby proposed to the people thereof, which, when proposed by two-thirds of each House of the present General Assembly, voted in favor of by a majority of all the citizens of this State voting for representatives, and ratified by two-thirds of each House of the nex General Assembly voting thereon, by yeas, and nays, shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the Consitution of said State. *Provided,* that said proposed amendments shall at each session, have been read three times on three several days in each House, to wit:

1. Strike out the third section of the third article, & the amendments thereto, as ratified by the General Assembly of the State of Ala. at the session held on the first Monday in December, 1845, and in the place of said section and said amendment thereto, insert the following: "The representatives shall be chosen biennially, and the election shall take place on the first Monday and the day following in August until otherwise directed by law."

2. Strike out the words "three years," in the twelfth section of the third article and in place thereof insert "four years."

3. Strike out the fourteenth section of the third article, and the amendment thereto, as ratified by the General Assembly of the State of Alabama, at the session held on the first Monday in December, 1845, and in place thereof, insert the following section: "The General Assembly shall hold annual session at times to be fixed by law. The House of Representatives shall at each sessions choose a Speaker and its other officers and the Senate a President and its other officers: each House shall judge of the qualifications, elections and returns of its own members but a contested election shall be determined in such manner as may be directed by law."

4. Strike out the word "biennial," in the amendment to the eighth section of the fourth article, as ratified by the General Assembly of the State of Alabama, at the session held on the first Monday in December, 1845 and insert in place thereof the word "annual."

SEC. 2. *Be it further resolved,* That all the provisions of chapter seven, title six, part one, of the Code of Alabama, shall be observed by the officers therein named in the election to be held on these proposed amendments to the Constitution, and all the penalties; designated in chapter eight of said title, shall be enforced against all persons amenable thereto, for any act of omission or commission relating to the matter herein contained.

SEC. 3. *Be it further resolved,* That the Secretary of State shall cause joint resolutions and proposed amendments to the Constitution to be published at least three months before the next general election in one newspaper published in each of the following places, to wit: Montgomery, Mobile, Tuskaloosa, Huntsville Eufaula, Jacksonville, Florence, Selma and Talladega. Approved, February 8, 1858.

April 21 1859.

ROME TO SELMA R. R.
Mail Stage Line.
NEW ARRANGEMENT.

THE Mail Stage leaves Rome daily at 8 o'clock, A. M., via Cave Spring, Jacksonville, Talladega, and Alpine, Ala., or head of Selma Railroad, and arrives at Selma at 2 o'clock P. M., second day—distance 200 miles. Returning leaves Selma at 8 A. M., and arrives at Rome next day by 8 P. M.

April 28, 1859.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the estate of Lucretia B. Weaver, dec. having been granted to the undersigned on the 14th day of May, A. D. 1859, by the Hon'l A. Woods, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun County, Ala.—Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred—and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment.

May 26, 1859. H. S. WEAVER, Adm.

Selma Advertisements.

SEWING MACHINES.
J. W. BLANDIN,
SELMA, ALABAMA.
AGENT FOR
WHEELER & WILSON'S
CELEBRATED
SEWING MACHINES
PRICES GRATLY REDUCED.
Selma, Feb. 17 1859—1y.

R. VALENTINE & CO.
SADDLE & HARNESS
ESTABLISHMENT,
(OLD POST OFFICE,)
Water St. Selma, Ala.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Saddles,
Harness,
Bridles,
Collars,
Whips, &c.

HAVING permanently located in Selma, and will pay strict attention to all orders, from the surrounding and up country, with promptness and neatness. An invitation is extended to all who are in want of anything in our line to give us a call, as we are confident that they will be satisfied with the quality of our goods as well as prices.

Feb. 17, 1859—1y.

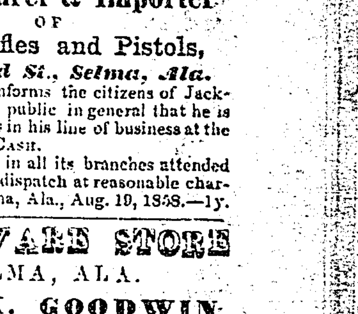
J. N. MONTGOMERY,
DEALER IN ITALIAN & AMERICAN
MARBLE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Calhoun & surrounding country, that he has on hand, the largest assortment of MARBLE ever in the State, and that he is prepared to execute all orders for MONUMENTS, TOMBS, and all other Grave Stones, as well as all kinds of Marble Work.

He is determined that his work shall give satisfaction. His shop is on Broad Street, opposite the store of P. J. WEAVER, where he solicits calls from those desiring work in his line. As he is determined to sell as cheap, if not cheaper than any other establishment in the State.

Selma, Ala. Feb. 17 1858.

TO SPORTSMEN & DEALERS!



C. SUTER,
Manufacturer & Importer
OF
Guns, Rifles and Pistols,
Broad St., Selma, Ala.

Respectfully informs the citizens of Jacksonville, and the public in general that he is selling all articles in his line of business at the lowest price for Cash.

Also, repairing in all its branches attended to with care and dispatch at reasonable charges. Selma, Ala., Aug. 19, 1858.—1y.

HARDWARE STORE
SELMA, ALA.
JOHN K. GOODWIN,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
Hardware, Cutlery, Steel. Bar
IRON, NAILS, &c., &c.

IS now receiving from Foreign and Domestic ports, and offers for sale, at the very lowest prices and on liberal terms, one of the largest stocks ever brought to this section, amongst which may be found:

Rogers', Westenholmn and American Table and Pocket Cutlery.
Building Hardware Materials of every variety and kind.
Carpenter's Tools, of the best makes—a large assortment.
Bar Iron—round, square and flat Sweeds English and American.
Hoop, band, sheet and boiler Iron.
Nail, rod and horse shoe Bars.
Plow Steel & Iron, of all widths & thickness.
Cut and Wrought Nails and Spikes.
Hand and Broad Axes. Traces.
Planters' Hoes, of English and American makers. Hollow Ware.
Mill Saws, Circulars & Cross-cut Saws, (Hoe' make)
Bolting Cloths. Best Anchor-brand Manilla Rope and Plow Lines.
Gin Gearing; Gum Belting.
Chopping Axes. Grind Stones.

Blacksmith's Materials!

Such as Bellows, Anvils, Vices, Hammers, & Stocks and Dies, &c., &c.
Cook, parlor, office, church, and schoolroom Grates, Furnaces, Caldrons, Ovens, &c.
Corn Shellers Hay Cutters, Grain Cradles.

PLOWS
OF ALL KINDS.

White Lead and Zincs in oil, Window Glass, Oil Putty and Varnish.

ALSO—Agent for the sale of Iron Railing, for cemeteries, verandahs, porticoes, fronyards Iron Doors, Shutters, Mill Gearing, best French Burr Mill Rock. Together with all articles usually kept in Hardware stores—all of which I invite purchasers to examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Selma, Ala., March 3, 1859—1y.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
CALHOUN COUNTY.

Court of Probate for Calhoun County Ala. Special Term, May 21, A. D. 1859.

THIS day came Simeon H. Weaver, Administrator of the estate of Lucretia B. Weaver deceased, and filed in court his petition, praying an order of court authorizing him to sell a negro Man named, Bill, belonging to said estate, for distribution. Said Administrator alleges, that Louisa J. Weaver, wife of John T. Weaver, Calvin R. Price, James M. Weaver, Henry C. Weaver, Zacharia T. Weaver and Alexander H. S. Weaver are the children and distributees of said Estate, the said Lucretia J. Weaver and Calvin R. Price are over twenty-one years of age, and reside in Rusk county Texas, the balance all minors, and reside with said Administrator in Calhoun county, Ala.

It is ordered by the Court, that Monday the 27th day of June next be set for the hearing of said petition, & that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day as a notice to said distributees of said estate and all others concerned, to be and appear at a Special Term of said Court, to be holden at the Court House of said County, on said Monday the 27th day of June, next, and defend against said petition if they think proper.

Witness, A. Woods, Judge of said court, at office on this 21st day of May A. D. 1859.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

May 27—3t.

DO YOU WANT A FIRST RATE

Buggy or Carriage

OF ANY DESCRIPTION, MADE OF THE BEST QUALITY OF HICKORY, at ***LOWER PRICES*** than any other Establishment in the South? If you do, call on

M. L. PALMER,
Rome, Ga.

Where you can also find the celebrated SALADEE PATENT BUGGY, the best plan for the construction of Buggies ever invented. They run lighter, ride easier and last longer than any other Buggy in the world.

Repairing done cheap at short notice. ***All work warranted***
SILVER PLATING done to order. Rome, Ga. February 3, 1859—1y.

HARDWARE AND IRON.

A. R. HARPER,

HEAVY DEALER IN

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN HARDWARE,

Old stand of R. T. McCay, Broad Street. Rome, Ga.

REAPING MACHINES — **Threshers and Horse Powers**

THERE is not a single article of Hardware ENUMERATED in any advertisement, or thought of by any person that he does not keep.

HIS GOODS ARE FOR SALE LOW!

No house this side of Augusta can undersell him.
No house this side of Augusta SHALL undersell him.

His connection with his old friends and customers has been extremely pleasant to him. He thanks them for past favors, and most earnestly solicits a continuation of patronage and friendship. To those who have not as yet honored him with their patronage, he asks to call and see him—it may be for their good—at least will do no harm!! Jan. 13 '59—1y.

HARDWARE AND IRON.

STOECKEL TOOK THE PREMIUM!

TOBACCO STORE,

GEORGIA vs. VIRGINIA?

GEO. W. STOECKEL,

BROAD ST., ROME, GEORGIA.

Would respectfully call the attention of Storekeepers, and those using Tobacco in any form, to his well assorted stock of Segars & Tobacco, having now on hand

A LARGER & BETTER ASSORTMENT THAN EVER KEPT IN CHEROKEE GA

SEGARS, SEGARS.

From 75c to $6 per box, of Havana, German, and American manufacture

CHEWING TOBACCO!

From 20c to $1,25 per lb. I have chewing tobacco at 50c per lb equal to any that is wrapped in tinfoil. Just try it!—and remember the old adage: "All is not gold that glitters;" nor does tin foil INCREASE THE REAL VALUE OF TOBACCO

SMOKING TOBACCO OF ALL KINDS.

A large stock of Burwell's Tobacco now on hand!

VARIETY OF SNUFFS & PIPES!

Some of Burwell's Tobacco, manufactured by me, took the first premium at the Southern Central Agricultural Fair held at Atlanta.
Rome, Georgia, November 25th, 1858—1y.

HARDWARE STORE & IRON YARD.

Oswell Bones Eve,

ROME, GEORGIA

ONE DOOR BELOW SLOAN, ALLMAN & CO.,

Importer and Dealer in

English and American Hardware,

OFFERS for sale one of the best assortments of PLANTERS, MECHANICS and BUILDERS Hardware to be found in upper Georgia consisting of Iron of the best qualities (Swedes and refined) Chains of all descriptions. Farmers' Tools and agricultural Implements generally.

For Planters and Mechanics.

Axes, Hoes, Shovels, Spades, Mattocks, Picks, &c., of the best make. Also Gin Gearing, Gudgeons, &c. Nails of all kinds of the best brands. Blacksmith Tools of best qualities, Mill Irons and Saws of best manufacture. Hobson's and other Files. Axles, Springs, and other Carriage Irons of all descriptions.

House Furnishing Goods.

Cooking and Parlor Stoves, warranted to give satisfaction, Hollow Ware, Pots, Ovens, Andirons, Shovels & Tongs and other Table Cutlery.

For Sportsmen.

Guns, of English and Damascus Twist and Laminated Steel Barrels, Colts, and other Pistols. Eley's and Baldwin's Gun Wadding. Eley's, Cox's and Walker's Gun Caps. Rodgers, and other best makers of Pocket Knives. July 15, '58—1y

---

Merchant Mills.

The undersigned having taken charge of Maj. J. A. Stevenson's Brick Merchant Mills, 2 miles south of Jacksonville, respectfully informs the public that he has put them in good order and condition to make as much and as good Flour as any Mills in the country. Corn also ground in a manner that cannot fail to please.

ABRAHAM APERHOLT.
March 10, 1859—tf.

P. S. Also a Splendid SAW MILL, in first rate order, at which we can fill bills for LUMBER of every description and variety, of the very best quality, upon short notice.

P. LOUGHERY,
IMPORTER OF
CHINA CROCKERY
AND
GLASS WARE.
34 WATER STREET MOBILE, ALA.

IS prepared to put up merchants and planters orders at as low rates as they can be purchased in New York or Boston. Particular care taken in packing Goods for the Country.
Feb. 24, 1859—1y.

MEDICAL NOTICE.

DRS. WM. & E. W. TREADWELL.

HAVING resumed the practice of MEDICINE in partnership, offer their services to the citizens of Cherokee and Calhoun counties, in the various branches of their profession.

Dr. Wm. Treadwell will remain at his residence near Adams' Ferry; Dr. E. W. Treadwell will reside at Maj. Colvin's, where he may be found at all times when not professionally absent. March 10, 1859

WANTED.

A GOOD industrious Carriage and Wagon Maker. Refer to G. R. REINHART
Gadsden Ala. March 17, 1859.

Stockholder's Annual Convention.

OFFICE OF THE ALA. & TENN. R. R. Co.
Selma, May 15th, 1859.

THE tenth Annual Convention of the Stockholders of the Alabama and Tennessee River Railroad Company, will convene at Shelby Springs, on Wednesday, the 13th day of July next, for the purpose of electing a President & Board of ten Directors for said Company, for the ensuing year.

The Board are requested to meet at the same place on the Monday previous.

A. M. GOODWIN.
May 19, '59. Secretary.

Bolting Cloths.

A FULL assortment of the very best make for sale by J. D. HOKE & BRO.
Oct 14, 1858.

Boots and Shoes,

SOMETHING superior in quality and finish just received by
Oct. 14. J. D. HOKE & BRO.

BOOK & JOB

Printing.

HAVING a large amount of ornamental & display type, together with the combined materials of the Republican and Sunny South Offices, we are prepared to execute all kinds of Job Work in the most neat and expeditious manner: such as Pamphlets, Handbills, Circulars, Cards, Bill-heads, Blanks, &c., &c.

We respectfully request our friends not to send their work to distant cities, when they can get it done equally as well at home, and a great deal cheaper.

Great Arrival.

J. FISHER,

Chattanooga, Tenn.

HAS just received the LARGEST and HANDSOMEST Stock of

Boots, Hats, Shoes, Caps, and Trunks.

ALL are requested to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. Don't forget the place—one door north of O. H. P. Wayne's, Market street, Chattanooga.

JUST RECEIVED,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S FANCY

STRAW GOODS,

Pedal Bloomer, buttons, Brown Leghorn Bloomers, Drooping Leghorn Bloomers, Mixed straw Equestrian, Mixed straw Wm. Tell, Assorted Dangles, Drab do, Brown Dangles Lace trimmed.

Gentlemen's Fashionable Moleskin Hats,
" " Casmere "
" " Black "

Gents' and Boys' Straw Goods, of all styles and qualities. Everett Bell Crowned Hats, Mt. Vernon Leghorn Hats, Boys' fancy trimmed Hats, Just received at J. FISHER'S,
mar10, 1859.—6m.

Ladies Dress Goods.

NEWEST styles in Merinos, Cashmeres De Laines, &c. Robes, Side Stripes plain and figured, for sale by
April 7. J. D. HOKE & BRO.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration having been on the 4th day of April A. D. 1859, granted to the undersigned, by the Probate Court of St. Clair County, on the estate of Thos. M. Barker, deceased, late of said county; all persons indebted to said estate, are hereby required to make payment thereof to me, and persons having claims against said estate, must present them within eighteen months or they will be barred. This 12th day of April A. D. 1859.

WILLIAM H. ELDRIDGE, *Admr.*
Apr. 21, 1859.—6t.

FARMERS AND MECHANICS

LOOK TO

YOUR INTEREST!

All those PERSONS who buy

HARDWARE,

Expecting and intending to pay for it when their accounts are due, I respectfully invite

To Examine my Goods

At Prices below. My object not being to sell more than my share of Goods, but it is to get them into prompt paying hands.

Having settled in Rome

For Life, my object is first to get the confidence of the People and thereby build up a

Trade that will Stick to me,

And my sons after me.

I Mean just what I Say.

EVERY BAR WARRANTED.

Swedes Iron 6¼ cents.
REFINED IRON;

Common sizes Tire 4½c wholesale: 5c retail
" " Round & Square Iron 4½c. wholesale; 5c. retail.

Horse Shoe Iron at wholesale		5½c	retail 6
Band Iron, 1-8 to 3-16 in.	"	5½c	" 6½c.
" " 1-4 in.	"	4½c	" 5½c.
Hoop "	"	7	" 8.
Sheet "	"	7	" 8.
Oval "	"	6	" 7
Cast Steel,	"	20	" 22
Blister "	"	10	

Nails, keg, wholesale $5.50, ret'l $6, good Vices, solid box 18c Cotter keyed 12 & 15 Bellows, 50c an inch, (good article.) Axles 8½c. Springs 13c. Borax 45; Shovels (Ames') $1 15, Rowlands $1 00; Axes—S. W. Collins, $1 26, H. Collins, $1 00; Hoyrs $1 25.

Stoves of all kinds and styles—very low.
OSWELL BONES EVE.
Sept. 9, 1858—1y.

CONSOLIDATED

Lotteries of Delaware
For June. 1859

FRANCE, BROADBENTS & Co. Managers.
All drawings under the superintendence of the Lottery Commissioners. Prizes paid soon as drawn

Grand Delaware Lottery
ON THE HAVANA PLAN.
Extra Class Three,
To be drawn in Wilmington, Del. Saturday, June 30, 1859.

25,365 numbers!—50,000 prizes

Prizes paid in full, without deduction. *In these Lotteries every Prize is drawn.*

SCHEME.

1 prize of	$50,000
1 prizes of	12,500
2 prizes of	5,000
2 prizes of	2,500
2 prizes of	2,000
2 prizes of	1,000
10 prizes of	800
10 prizes of	600
10 prizes of	400
100 prizes of	100
25,000 prizes of	8

And 212 Approximations prizes ranging from $20 up to $400.

MAGNIFICENT SCHEME.

GRAND CAPITAL PRIZE $70,000!

Grand Consolidated Lottery of Delaware.

Class N. to be drawn in Wilmington, Delaware Saturday, June, 25, 1859.

SPLENDID SCHEME.

1 Prize	$70,000 is	$70,000
1	25,000	25,000
1	12,550	25,100
1	12,550	
2	10,000	20,000
4	8,000	32,000
4	5,000	20,000
4	2,500	10,000
10	2,000	20,000
10	1,250	12,500
182	1,000	182,000
66	600	39,600
66	500	33,000
132	200	26,400
132	100	13,200
3,960	40	158,400
25740	20	514,800

30,316 prizes, am't'g to	$1,202,000

Tickets $20; H'ves $10; Qrs. $5; Eighths $2 50

A package of 26 whole tickets at $20 costs.	$520
There are 12 drawn ballots & each ballot being worth $20, makes	$240
15 per cent off, being	36
Leaves net	204
Leaving risk to the purchaser	$316

Persons who desire need only remit the risk on a Package, for which we will send a Certificate as follows:

Certificate of Package of	26	wholes cost	$300	
do	do	26	Halves,	150
do	do	26	Quarters	75
do	do	26	Eights,	37 50

All orders addressed to France, Broadbents & Co., Wilmington, Del., will meet with prompt attention, and the printed official drawings sent as soon as over.

FRANCE, BROADBENTS & Co.,
April 7, '59. Managers.

Land for Sale.

THE undersigned will offer for sale to the highest bidder, on Tuesday the 12th day of July next, if not sooner disposed of, the Tract of Land on which she now resides, lying on Coosa river, about nine miles below Gadsden, containing 160 acres, a portion cleared and the remainder well timbered, about 50 acres, river bottom, first quality cotton land.—It is watered by a number of fine Springs, and is advantageously situated for stock range.—Persons wishing to purchase would do well to call and examine the place, and for further information, can address a line to Esquire Gilbert 4 miles below Gadsden.

May 12, 1859. ROSANNA HILL.

Wheat Wanted.

FROM 20,000 to 50,000 BUSHELS of Wheat will be purchased by the undersigned, and the best cash prices paid, delivered either at our Mills or Cane Creek or Choccolocco.

E. G. & I. G. MORRIS.
May 12, 1859.

METROPOLITAN

ACADEMY & GYMNASIUM,

FOR THE EDUCATION OF BOTH SEXES.

Nos. 93 & 95 Sixth Avenue, New York City.

Prof. S. J. SEDGWICK Principal.

BUILDING 100 FEET by 50. Five Stories High. Appointments throughout of the first order, and the finest GYMNASIUM in the United States.

BOARDING TERMS.—Reference to well known gentlemen in the North and at the South.—Catalogues may be obtained by addressing as above.

☞ Wanted, at this Institution, two (six now employed) able and experienced Teachers. Interviews may be had with the Principal at any hour. May 19, 1859.

Carpenters Work.

THE undersigned still offers his services to the citizens of Jacksonville and vicinity, in the execution of all kinds of Carpenters work. He will contract for building and furnish materials for the same at the usual rates.

Thankful for past patronage, he hopes to merit and receive a continuance of the same.

He will also put up FURNITURE to order, such as *Wardrobes, Safes, Tables, &c.* He will keep good workmen and may be usually found at his shop on main street, South of the Court-house. Call and make contracts to suit your wishes.

Two or three good, sober industrious workmen can get employment at fair wages on application to him. H. B. JONES.
Jacksonville, May 19, 1859—tf.

JOB WORK

NEATLY EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE

ROME

STEAM ENGINE WORKS.

Rome, Georgia.

FOR the manufacture of Locomotives and Stationary Engines of any size or pattern according to order.

Rail Road work, Iron bridges & Roofs, Hot Blasts for Furnaces, & Rolling Mill, Castings and Machinery, Housing, Mill Screws, Turning Lathes, Drill Presses, Shafting, &c.

Gas & Water Works erected; all kinds of Machinery repaired. Have always on hand Wrought Iron Steam & Water Pipe, Steam Cocks, Gauges, &c.

CASTINGS OF ANY SIZE.

Iron and Brass castings made to order—have always on hand some of the *best* GIN GEARING in the Country; also Gudgeons, Castings for Horse Power, Thrashing Machines, and a variety of beautiful Patterns of Iron Railing for Railing for Dwellings, Public Buildings, Cemetry Lots, &c.

BOILERS.

Flue Tubular, Locomotive and Cilender Boilers, made & repaird. Water Tanks, Blast Pipes, Gasometers, Wrought Iron Smoke Stacks, &c. Blacksmith work made to order.

MINING MACHINERY.

Cornish Pumping, Engines, Crushers, Lifting and Force Pumps, Pump Rods & Joints, Whim and Whinze Kibbles, Stamp Heads of any required hardness; all kinds of MINER'S TOOLS.—Particular attention is given to this branch of business. Mr James Noble, Sr., who superintends the work, having been a long time in Europe for the purpose of obtaining the latest improvements and drawing of mining work.

Persons in want of Steam Engines will do well to call on us before going elsewhere, we will warrant our Engines to be equal in every particular to the *best* made anywhere, and for simplicity and durability not to be excelled. A list of prices sent on application.

We can make and put up Engines in running order and warrant them, for less than they can be had from Philadelphia or New Bork, none but the best material used in our work. All boilers manufactured at our establishment we will warrant to be of the best No. 1 Penna Charcoal Hammered Iron.

We are now manufacturing a new Iron Cotton Screw with Anti Friction Ball, those who have them prefer them to all others. We invite all in want of a good screw, that will always last to pack any size bale, to examine this.

HAVE ON HAND AND FOR SALE *VERY LOW*

One 30 Horse Engine,
One 15 " "
One 10 " "
Two 8 " "

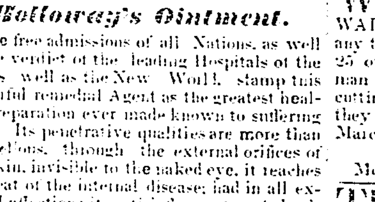
Also a second hand Locomotive with 6 driving wheels, admirably adapted for a Freight Switch or Construction Engine, has been rebuilt having new fire box and Flues.

Having the largest establishment and machinery of any shop in the State, and as every department *is* superintended by ourselves we feel confident that we can do work as cheap and equal to any in the United States.

NOBLE BROTHERS & CO.
Dec. 2 1858—1y. *Rome Ga.*

THE MIGHTY HEALER!!

WORLD KNOWN AND WORLD TRIED



Holloway's Ointment.

The free admissions of all Nations, as well as the verdict of the leading Hospitals of the Old as well as the New World, stamp this powerful remedial Agent as the greatest healing preparation ever made known to suffering man. Its penetrative qualities are more than marvellous, through the external orifices of the skin, invisible to the naked eye, it reaches the seat of the internal disease; and in all external affections its anti-inflammatory & healing virtues surpass anything else on record, & is Nature's great ally.

ERYSIPELAS AND SALT RHEUM

Are two of the most common and virulent disorders prevalent on this continent, to these the Ointment is especially antagonistic, its "*modus operandi*" is first to eradicate the venom and then complete the cure.

Bad Legs, Old Sores, and Ulcers.

Cases of many years standing that have pertinaciously refused to yield to any other remedy or treatment, have invariably succumbed to a few applications of this powerful unguent.

Eruption on the Skin,

Arising from a bad state of the blood or chronic disease are eradicated, and a clear & transparent surface regained by the restorative action of this Ointment. It surpasses many of the cosmetics and other toilet appliances in its power to dispel rashes & other disfigurements of the face.

Piles and Fistula.

Every form and feature of these prevalent and stubborn disorders is eradicated locally & entirely by the use of this emolient; warm fomentations should precede its application.—Its healing qualities will be found to be thorough and invariable.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:

Bunions,	Mecurial Eruptions,
Burns,	Piles,
Chapped Hands,	Rheumatism,
Chilblains,	Ringworm,
Fistula,	Salt Rheum,
Gout,	Scalds,
Lumbago,	Skin Diseases,
Swelled Glands,	Sprains,
Sore Legs,	Stiff Joints,
Sore Breasts,	Tetter,
Sore Heads	Ulcers,
Sore Throats,	Veneral Sores,
Sores of all kinds,	Wounds of all kinds.

☞ CAUTION!—None are genuine unless the words "*Holloway, New York and London*," are discernible as a *Water-mark* in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box: the same may be plainly seen by *holding the leaf to the light.* A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detections of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

Sold at the Manufactories of Prof. Holloway, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggist and Dealers in Medicine throughout the United States and the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents, 62 cents, and $1 each.

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box. April 21, 1859—1y.

TIN SHOP.

FARMER & NESBIT.

ARE prepared to do all sorts of Tin and Sheet Iron work, at the old stand of S. P. Hudson.

They will also keep COOKING STOVES to sell low for the *CASH*.

Still take old pewter and Beaswax in exchange for Tin ware.

FARMER & NESBIT.
Sept. 30 1857—tf.

FORT & HARGROVE,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

GROCERS,

BROAD STREET, ROME, GA.

OPPOSITE PLANTER'S BANK AGENCY.

WILL keep constantly for sale, all kinds of Groceries at the lowest market prices.
Call and examine our stock.
Rome, Ga. May 19 1859—1y.

THE LIVER

INVIGORATOR!

PREPARED BY DR. SANFORD.

COMPOUNDED entirely from GUMS, IS ONE OF THE BEST PURGATIVE and Liver Medicines now before the public, that acts as a *Cathartic*. It is not only a *Cathartic*, but a *Liver* remedy, acting first on the *Liver* to eject its morbid matter, then on the stomach and bowels to carry off that matter, thus accomplishing two purposes effectually, without any of the painful feelings experienced in the operations of most *Cathartics*. It strengthens the system at the same time that it purges it; and when taken daily in moderate doses, will strengthen and build it up with unusual rapidity.

SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR.

The **Liver** is one of the principal regulators of the human body; and when it performs its functions well, the powers of the system are fully developed. The *stomach* is almost entirely dependent on the healthy action of the *Liver* for the proper performance of its functions; when the stomach is at fault, the bowels are at fault, and the whole system suffers in consequence of one organ—the Liver—having ceased to do its duty. For the disease of that organ, one of the proprietors has made it his study, in a practice of more than twenty years, to find some remedy wherewith to counteract the many derangements to which it is liable.

To prove that this remedy is at last found, any person troubled with **Liver Complaint**, in any of its forms, has but to try a bottle, and conviction is certain.

These Gums remove all morbid or bad matter from the system, supplying in their place a healthy flow of bile, invigorating the stomach, causing food to digest well, purifying the blood, giving tone and health to the whole machinery, removing the cause of the disease—effecting a radical cure.

Billious attacks are cured, and what is better, prevented by the occasional use of the LIVER INVIGORATOR.

One dose after eating is sufficient to relieve the stomach & prevent the food from rising & souring.

Only one dose taken before retiring, prevents **Nightmare**.

Only one dose taken at night, loosens the bowels gently, and cures **Costiveness**.

One dose taken after each meal will cure **Dyspepsia**.

☞ One dose of two teaspoonfuls will always relieve **Sick Headache**.

One bottle taken for female obstruction removes the cause of the disease, and makes a perfect cure.

Only one dose immediately relieves **Cholic**, while one dose often repeated is a sure cure for **Cholera Morbus**, and a preventive of **Cholera**

☞ Only one bottle is needed to throw out of the system the effects of medicine after a long sickness.

☞ One bottle taken for **Jaundice** removes all sallowness or unnatural color from the skin.

One dose taken a short time before eating gives vigor to the appetite, and makes food digest well.

One dose often repeated cures **Chronic Diarrhœa** in its worst forms, while **Summer** and **Bowel** complaints yield almost to the first dose.

One or two doses cures attacks caused by **Worms** in Children; there is no surer, safer, or speedier remedy in the world, as it *never fails*.

☞ A few bottles cures **Dropsy**, by exciting the absorbents.

We take pleasure in recommending this medicine as a preventive for **Fever & Ague, Chill Fever**, and all **Fevers** of a **Bilious TYPE**. It operates with certainty, & thousands are willing to testify to its wonderful virtues.

ALL WHO USE IT ARE GIVING THEIR UNANIMOUS TESTIMONY IN ITS FAVOR.

MIX WATER IN THE MOUTH WITH THE INVIGORATOR, AND SWALLOW BOTH TOGETHER.

The Liver Invigorator

IS A SCIENTIFIC MEDICAL DISCOVERY, and is daily working cures, almost too great to believe. It cures as if by magic, *even the first dose giving benefit*, and seldom more than one bottle is required to cure any kind of **Liver Complaint**, from the worst *Jaundice* or *Dyspepsia* to a common *Headache*, all of which are the result of a **Diseased Liver.**

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.
DR. SANFORD, Proprietor,
335 Broadway, New York.
Retailed by all Druggist. Sep 9, '58—1y.

NOTICE.

WE have our Furnace in operation, and can furnish the people with HOLLOW WARE and MACHINERY CASTINGS, at any time. We will also give employment to 25 or 30 men to cut wood, or will give any man or company of men a contract for the cutting of 2,000 Cords Wood for us, provided they will complete the job by the first of March next.

GOODE, MORRIS & CO.
Morrisville, Calhoun co., Nov. 4—t

THE World's Great Exhibition. PRIZE MEDAL, awarded to C. MEYER, for his two PIANOS, London, October 15, 1851.

C. MEYER respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has constantly on hand PIANOS, equal to those for which he received the Prize Medal in London, in 1851.

All orders promptly attended to, and great care taken in the selection and packing the same.

He has received, during the last fifteen years, more Medals than any other maker, from the Franklin Institute—also, First Premiums in Boston, New York and Baltimore.

Warerooms, No. 772 ARCH Street, below Eighth, South side, PHILADELPHIA.
Dec. 16, 1858.

Cotton Cultivator.

LETTERS PATENT were granted to the undersigned, on the 6th day of July, 1858, for his *improvement* in *Cotton Cultivators*; to which he calls the attention of both Cotton and Corn Cultivators.

The plow will penetrate the ground to *any required depth*, and will pulverise and loosen the soil, and cut off all the weeds. It will mow close to the stalks of cotton or corn, and loosen the soil near the roots without injuring or destroying them. It does not make a furrow, or turn over the soil, but loosens it up and lets it fall back into its place again. It is peculiarly adapted to the cultivation of cotton; and one horse power is sufficient to propel it.

It is believed, as will be seen by the following certificate, that it will save 25 per cent. of labor over the best improvements, and at least 50 per cent. over the common plow.

He believes the cultivator entitled to all he claims for it, and in support of his belief, he calls the readers attention to the subjoined certificate of Messrs. Moragne and Hollingsworth, who are the *only* persons who have tried the Cultivator. As to its utility no more need be said. TRY IT—its BEST recommendation is ITS USE.

He offers for sale County or State rights at reasonable prices. Address,

ASBERRY SMITH.
Jan. 20, '59—6m. Jacksonville, Ala.

Gadsden, Ala., Jan. 15, 1859.

The undersigned have used the Cotton Cultivator of Asberry Smith, and we take pleasure in saying, that is a most excellent plow; superior to any we have ever used in the cultivation of cotton, & saves at least 25 per cent. in labor, over any plow we have ever tried, and from 30 to 50 per cent. over the common plow. In the cultivation of young corn it is superior to any we have tried. We take pleasure in recommending it to the public as worthy of patronage; as we believe from actual experiment, it comes fully up to all that is claimed for it.

ISAAC P. MORAGNE,
THOS. HOLLINGSWORTH.

I am personally acquainted with Isaac P. Moragne and Thos. Hollingsworth, and I have the utmost confidence in the above statement made by them.

THOS. A. WALKER.

GROCERIES AND **CONFECTIONARIES.**

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he has purchased the entire stock of GROCERIES, &c. from G. W. Mathews, on the South-west corner of the public square, and has his arrangements so made, that he will constantly keep a full assortment by the frequent reception of fresh supplies.

The following articles, of superior quality, may always be found, as constituting a part of his supply, and for sale upon the most reasonable terms:

SUGAR AND COFFEE
SYRUP & MOLASSES;
Candies and Raisins,
Dried Currents & Figs.
CIGARS & TOBACCO,
CHEESE & CRACKERS,
OYSTERS,
SARDINES & MACKEREL
WINES AND LIQUORS

of various descriptions. Together with every other article usually kept in a retail Gorcery Store. To all of which he invites the attention of purchasers, with the assurance that every effort will be used on his part to merit a liberal share of their patronage.

JOHN A. COBB.
Jacksonville, Feb. 10 1859—tf.

CENTRAL HOUSE.

NOW owned by WM. E. KENEDY, has been thoroughly repaired, and is now opened under the management of Mrs M. R. Kennedy and her son Jno. H. Kennedy. It is their intention to make the accommodations acceptable to all who bestow upon the house their patronage. The many fine, well ventilated and furnished rooms, will enable them to accommodate families or gentlemen to their satisfaction. The house is situated in the centre of the business part of the city. The Table shall be as good as any other in the city and every exertion will be made to render guests comfortable.

JOHN H. KENNEDY.
mar10, 1859.—6m. Proprietor.

GROVER & BAKER'S

CELEBRATED

FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.

A New Style. Prices $50.

495 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
11 CAMP ST. NEW ORLEANS.
33 ST. FRANCIS STREET, MOBILE.

These Machines sew from two spools, and from a seam of unequaled strength, beauty, and elasticity, which will NOT rip, even if every fourth stitch be cut. They are unquestionably the best in the market for family use.

☞ SEND FOR A CIRCULAR. ☜

J. D. HOKE & BRO.
Agents Jacksonville.

New Millinery, Trimming,
AND
VARIETY STORE.

Misses Noble & Stoeckel,

RESPECTFULLY announce to the Public of Rome, and vicinity, that they have opened a new Millinery Store in the City Hall Building where all the

Latest & Most Fashionable GOODS

Will be kept constantly on hand. With the experience and ability of the firm they hope to meet with a due share of public patronage.

All are invited to examine their stock.

All work faithfully attended to at reasonable prices.

Give the Philadelphia Millinery Store a call.

MISS JANE NOBLE,
MISS M. C. STOECKEL.
Rome, Ga., November 25, 1858—1y.

YOUTH & MANHOOD.

JUST PUBLISHED, the 25th Thousand, and mailed in a sealed envelope, to any address, post paid, on receipt of three stamps.

A Medical essay on the physical exhaustion and decay of the frame, caused by "self-abuse," infection, and the injurious consequences of mercury, by R. J. Culverwell, M. D., member of the royal college of surgeons, &c. Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Emissions, Genital and Nervous Debility, Impotency, Loss of Energy, Depression of Spirits, Timidity, Diseases of the Sexual Organs, and Impediments to Marriage, are promptly and effectually removed by the authors' novel and most successful mode of treatment, by means of which the invalid can regain pristine health without having recourse to dangerous and expensive medicines.

(From the London Lancet.)

The best treatise ever written on a subject of vital importance to all, well worthy the author's exalted reputation.

Address, the Publishers J. C. KLINE & Co. 1st Avenue, Cor. 19th street; Post Box 4586, New York City.
March 31, 1859—1y.

Ashville Hotel.

EDWARD GOODE, *Proprietor.*

Has made great improvements in this House; and is now prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with a call. His table is supplied with the best the country affords. March 24, 1859.—6m.

Masonic Notice.

THE 24TH OF JUNE NEXT, will be celebrate, by Crezier Lodge, No. 78, at White Plains, Ala. by procession, oration public installation of officers &c. Transient brethren and those of neighboring Lodges are respectfully invited to attend.

J. H. BURTON,
J. B. HAYES,
B. S. EVINS, *Com. of Inv.*
S. MORGAN,

May 5, 1859.

C. C. PORTER

Resident Surgeon Dentist;
Jacksonville, Ala

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of Eliza Caver, dec'd having been granted to the undersigned, by the Probate Court of Calhoun County, Ala., on the 18th day of April. 1859. Notice is hereby given, to all persons having claims against said estate, to present them legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and those indebted to said estate are requested to make payment.

Apl 21, '59. THOMAS J. CAVER *Adm.*

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.

H. C. BILLINGS. J. J. THOMPSON.

H. C. BILLINGS & CO.
(CITY AUCTIONEERS)
AUCTION AND COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
—AND—
COLLECTORS,
BROAD ST., SELMA, ALA.

HAVING permanently located in Selma, for the purpose of transacting a General Auction and Commission Business, we respectfully solicit a share of public patronage.

We will receive and sell on commission, either at auction or private sale, (having extensive store room) Dry Goods, Groceries Country Produce, Furniture, either new or second hand, Horses, Mules and Negroes.

Our terms shall be moderate, and account of sales and payments prompt.

☞ Liberal advances made on all consignments in store. H. C. BILLINGS,
J. J. THOMPSON,
March 3, 1859—1y.

NOTICE.

I HAVE my **Steam Grist Mills** in operation now and will be able to accommodate my customers and the public immediately. Everything connected with the ***Flouring Mill*** is of the best material, strict attention will be paid to all grain sent to these mills. All foreigners can be accommodated with a comfortable house and lot during their stay at the mills.

JAMES G. NISBET.
Feb, 3 1859.—tf

BAARCKE & KIENCKE

MERCHANT TAILORS,
ROYAL STREET,

Under the Battle House, North of the Entrance

MOBILE, ALA.

February 17, 1859.—1y.

MARIESVILLE

Marble Works,

15 Miles South of Talladega.

25 per cent saved by applying to
J. M. N. B. NIX,
For Tombs or Monuments.
Address at TALLADEGA.
February 24, 1859:—1y.

LIVERY STABLE.

J. H. PRIVETT continues his LIVERY STABLE at the old stand, and is prepared at all times to furnish the public with VEHICLES and HORSES, at the following rates:

Horse per day,	$1 00
Buggy " "	1 00
Horse and Buggy per day,	2 00
Horses and Hack, " "	5 00

Damages to Horses or Vehicles must be settled for by persons hiring them.

Transient persons can have their horses well taken care of at this Stable.

N. B. Persons who hire Horses and Buggies, must not forget to pay up occasionally, as corn is high and a cash article, and if they fail, 25 per cent. will be added. July 1857

ETOWAH HOUSE,
ROME, GA.

L. P. THOMAS, Proprietor,
(LATE OF EATONTON HOTEL.)

The Stage Offices are kept at this house AND IT IS NEAREST THE DEPOT.
April 21, 1859.

GRAND SPECULATION!

To be determined on the 11th and 25th of each month, from MAY, 1859, until further notice.

Great reduction in Numbers?

Only 10,000 Numbers. 300 Prizes.

Walton Female College LOTTERY.

Chartered by the State, in '56.

Having been appointed by the President & Directors of the Walton Female College Managers of their Lottery Charter, we intend conducting the same on the favorite Havana Plan of Single Numbers, and have located our office in the City of Savannah, Geo. We now offer the following

Favorite Scheme of 10,000 Numbers.

CAPITALS OF

$12,000, $5,000, $2,000 &c.

WM. C. DAWSON & CO., *Managers.*

CLASSES 3 and 4 draw at Savannah, Geo. April 11th and 25th, 1859, at ARMORY HALL, under the sworn superintendance of Commissioners

W. R. Symons, & J. M. Prentiss, Esq's.

PRIZES PAYABLE WITHOUT DEDUCTION.

GRAND SCHEME.

1	Prize of	$12,000 is	$12,000
1	do	5,000 is	5,000
1	do	2,000 is	2,000
3	Prizes of	1,000 are	3,000
5	do	500 are	2,500
6	do	200 are	1,200
83	do	100 are	8,300
100	do	50 are	5,000
100	do	25 are	2,500

300 Prizes amounting to	$41,500

TICKETS—Wholes $5, H'ves $2.50, Qrs 125

All Prizes paid immediately after the drawing. On the 1st of each month a $10 scheme with a Capital of $20 000 will be drawn, and on the 15th of each month a $5 scheme with a Capital of $30,000 will be drawn. Persons sending money by mail need not fear its being lost. Orders punctually attended to.—Communications strictly confidential. Notes of sound Banks taken at par. Those wishing particular numbers should order immediately. Registered Letters at our risk. Certified copies of the drawing mailed to all perchasers of Tickets immediately after the drawing.

REFERENCES:

Hon. Ovid G. Sparks, Mayor of Macon.—LaRoche & Bell, Savannah, Ga. T. R. Bloom Cotton Factor, Macon, Ga. Farley, Jury & Co. New Orleans.

For Tickets, address

W. C. DAWSON & Co., Managers,
SAVANNAH OR MACON, GA.

Or Box D. Number 11, New Orleans, La.

☞ Prizes cashed either in Macon or Savannah, Ga., or at No. 89 1-2 St. Charles; between Gravier and Commercial Place, New Orleans La March 31, 1859.

PICTURES, PICTURES!

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the people of White Plains and vicinity, and indeed the people of the entire county of Calhoun, that he has located himself at the Plains, where he is prepared to get up the *finest* pictures—New York to the contrary, notwithstanding! Likenesses taken in all sorts of weather, in from 3 to 5 seconds. Prices moderate: terms cash; or good produce will *sometimes* be taken.

R. E. NEELD.

P. S.. Garments of all kinds will be cut out, in the best style, and on short notice. Also, coats and pants made to order.

☞ ROOMS, up stairs above Williamson's & Keer's Storehouse. Jan. 6, 1859.

COMMITTED

To the Jail of St. CLAIR COUNTY, Alabama, a Negro Man, who says his name is **ALBERT**, and that he belongs to Doc. Hunter, of Montgomery, Alabama.

Said boy is about five feet six or eight inches high, a little light colored for a Negro. No marks noticed—about thirty-six or thirty seven years of age.

The owner is hereby notified to come forward, prove property, pay charges; and take him away, or he will be dealt with as the law directs Ashville, Ala. April 15, 1859.

WM. G. RIGGS,
Jailor of St. Clair County.
April 21, 1859.—tf.

MORRIS' MERCHANT

FLOURING MILLS.

THESE extensive Mills, on Cane Creek, are now in excellent order and in full operation, with abundant water power, and capable of grinding about 500 bushels of Wheat per day, and making flour of as good quality and as much per bushel as any mills in the country. Every effort will be made for the prompt accommodation of customers, by competent correct and experienced Millers.

The best cash price will be paid for Wheat at all times, delivered at the Mill.

Our Flouring Mills on Choccolocco, formerly owned by Wm Mallory, are also now in successful operation, for doing custom or market grinding, at which place wheat will also be purchased, and the best cash price paid—Bring on your Wheat.

E. G. & I. G. MORRIS.
May 12, 1859.

BLANKS

For Sale at this Office

HOUSE AND SIGN

PAINTING.

The undersigned offers his services to the citizens of Jacksonville and vicinity. Having followed the business for 10 or 12 years he flatters himself that he will be able to execute work in a manner to please all.

All kinds of marble, granite, and paper hanging, &c., executed in the best style.

JAMES Z BRADY.
March 11, 1857.—tf.

R. R. R.

NO MORE PAIN,
NO MORE SICKNESS,
NO MORE RHEUMATISM,

The Rapid and Complete Efficacy of
RADWAY'S READY RELIEF,

OR STIFFNESS OF THE JOINTS, LUMBAGO, HEADACHES, TOOTHACHES, OR SUFFERING FROM OTHER BODILY INFIRMITIES.

in instantly stopping the most excruciating Pains and Aches.. Burns. Scalds, Cuts, Wounds, Bruises, &c., &c.,

renders it important that every family keep a supply of it in the house.

Armed with this remedy, a household is always protected against sudden attacks of sickness. Thousands of lives of persons have been saved by its timely use, who were suddenly seized in the night time with Cramps, Spasms, Vomiting, Cholera, Yellow Fever, and other violent diseases. Let a dose of this Remedy be taken internally, as the case may require, when suddenly seized with Pain or Sickness, and it will instantly relieve the patient from pain, and arrest the disease!

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF,

Has Cured

Rheumatism,	In four hours.
Neuralgia.	In one hour
Cramp,	In ten minutes.
Diarrhœa,	In fifteen minutes.
Toothache,	In one minute.
Spasms.	In five minutes.
Sick Headache,	In five minutes.
Chills and Fever,	In fifteen minutes.
Chilblains,	In fifteen minutes.
Influenza,	In six hours.
Sore Throat,	In ten minutes.
Burns,	In twenty minutes.
Frost Bites,	
Ague Cheek,	
Paralysis,	
Lameness,	

AND IN ALL CASES OF

BRUISES, WOUNDS, STRAINS, & SPRAINS

the moment it is applied to the injured parts, all pain and uneasiness cease. Look out for Counterfeits and Imitations.—Purchase only RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Price 25 cts, 50 cts, and $1 per bottle.

A NEW CONTRIBUTION TO SCIENCE.
The Great Grand Discovery,

R. R. R.

RADWAY'S REGULATING PILLS.

Dr. Radway & Co. have recently discovered a method for extracting from roots, herbs, plants and gums, a nutritions extract of such wonderful nourishing power—which they have combined with Radway's Regulating Pills—that six of these Pills will supply the blood with the same amount of nutrition as one ounce of ordinary bread; so that, while the system is undergoing a thorough physicking, and regulating process, it daily becomes strengthened.

Persons afflicted with Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Heart Diseases, Fullness or blood, and all Females who are subject to Irregularities, Hysteria, &c., are particularly recommended to use these Pills. They are pleasant to take—elegantly *coated with gum—free from taste*, and *will not gripe, sicken or weaken the system*, or leave the bowels costive.—Mothers nursing should likewise take one or two of these Pills once or twice per week.—They will not only keep your system healthy and regular, but will protect your infants against Cramp and Pains in the stomach, and insure not only a healthy child, but will invest every child, thus suckled, with a sweet disposition.

RADWAY'S REGULATING PILLS

Regulate each and every organ of the system, and correct all derangements of the Liver, Bowels, Stomach, Heart and Kidneys.

They Cure

Costiveness,	Indigestion,
Heart-Burn,	Dyspepsia,
Biliousness,	Headache.
Dropsy,	Constipation,
Palpitation of the Heart,	Congestion,
	&c., &c., &c.

They are entirely vegetable & harmless; an infant at the breast can take them with safety, and persons who are subject to Fits of Apoplexy, Epileptic, Heart Diseases, &c., should always keep a box on hand.

PRICE 25 CENTS.

Ask for Radway's Regulators, Regulating Pills.

—:0:—

THE GREAT CONSTITUTIONAL REMEDY

R. R. R.
(No 2)

A New Life-Creative Principle.

RADWAY' RENOVATING RESOLVENT

Heals Old Sores, *Purifies the Blood, Instills* within the System renewed Health & Resolves and Exterminates all Chronic and Constitutional Diseases.

The great and glorious remedy should be hailed by the human race as a special gift from the Almighty, to *regenerate* dilapidated humanity.

Dr. Radway & Co. are the only Physicians and Chemists in the world that have succeeded in discovering a remedy that will effectually eradicate from the human system constitutional diseases and ailments, transmitted from parents to their children.

RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT
Will radically exterminate from the system

Scrofula,	Cankers.
Syphilis,	Fits,
Fever Sores,	Runnings from Ear,
Ulcers.	White Swellings,
Sore Eyes,	Tumors,
Sore Legs,	Cancerous affections,
Sore Mouth.	Nodes,
Sore Head,	Rickets,
Insanity,	Glandular Swelling
Bronchitis	Night Sweats,
All diseases of the Womb,	Consumption,
	Rash Tetter,
Prolapsus Uteri,	Humors of all kinds,
Skin Diseases,	Chronic rheumatism
Salt Rheum,	Dyspepsia,

And all diseases that have been established in the system for years.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.
sold by Druggists and Merchants everywhere.

RADWAY & CO.
162 Fulton st., New York.
June 17. 1858.—1y.

A Word to the Wise is SUFFICIENT.

If not, a Warrant will be.

CIRCUMSTANCES render it imperiously necessary that I collect the amounts due me by note or account, in a short time. I therefore hereby give fair notice to all persons indebted to me, that if they do not pay up within a few weeks, their notes and accounts will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection.

WM. H. FLEMING.
January 13, 1859.—tf.

MERCHANT MILLS.

THE undersigned takes this method to inform his friends and the public generally, that his MILLS, on Tallassechatchee, five miles west of Jacksonville, are now in excellent running order, that he has two pair of French Burrs now in operation; and that he is prepared to make as good **Flour** and **Meal** as can be made in the up country.

He further informs his friends and old customers, that he has no connection with the Stephenson Mills, advertised over the signature of Abraham Adiholt.

J. A. ADIHOLD.
March 24, 1859.—tf.

Another School.

Mrs. McCRACKAN respectfully offers her services to the citizens of Jacksonville as a teacher, and as she has had considerable experience in teaching, she flatters herself that she will be able to give entire satisfaction to those who may favor her with their patronage.

She will commence her school on Monday next the 16th inst. at her residence in the place, to continue five months. A few small boys will be taken also.

Satisfactory references can be given if desired. May 12, 1859.

Jacksonville Republican.

Jacksonville Republican.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING BY
J. F. GRANT,
At Two Dollars within the year, or three dollars at the end of the year.
A failure to give notice of a wish to discontinue will be considered an engagement for the next year.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
One dollar per square of 12 lines or less, for the first insertion, and fifty cents per square for each continuance. Over one square, counted as two, &c. Advertisements not marked, continued until forbid.
Yearly advertisements, $10 for one square and $5 for each additional square.
Annunciation of Candidates $5. Circulars of Candidates, 50 cents per square.
Interest charged on all accounts from the time they are due.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER, DEVOTED TO POLITICS, LITERATURE, EDUCATION, MECHANIC ARTS, SCIENCES, AGRICULTURE, GENERAL INTELLIGENCE, THE MARKETS, CURRENCY, AND NEWS OF THE DAY.

VOL. 23, NO. 24. JACKSONVILLE, ALA., THURSDAY, JUNE 16, 1859. WHOLE NO. 1174

Law Cards.

A. WOODS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Jacksonville, Alabama.
Will attend promptly to the collection of debts, and all other business entrusted to his care, in the Counties of Benton, Cherokee, DeKalb, St. Clair, Talladega and Randolph.
Special attention given to Pension and Bounty Land Claims. Office in the north East corner of the Court House. Jan. 28, 1858 1y

WILLIAM M. HAMES,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
AND SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY.
Jacksonville, Ala.
☞ Will practice in Benton and adjoining Counties. Dec. 10, 1856.—1y.

JOHN T. HEFLIN. WM. H. FORNEY
HEFLIN & FORNEY,
Attorneys at Law,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
WILL practice in the Courts of Benton, Cherokee, DeKalb, Randolph, St. Clair, and Talladega Counties. Jan. 1, 1858.

J. H. WRIGHT,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
JACKSONVILLE,
Alabama;
WILL practice in the Courts of Benton, St. Clair, DeKalb, Cherokee, Randolph & Talladega. Feb. 5, 1857.

B. A. BROOKS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
JACKSONVILLE,
Alabama.

M. J. TURNLEY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
AND SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY.
Jacksonville, Ala.
WILL continue to practice in all the Courts in the counties of DeKalb, St. Olair, Cherokee, Benton, Randolph and Talladega; also in the Supreme Court of the State.
Office in the North East corner of the Court House.
Thankful for the kind patronage he has heretofore received, he is determined to deserve the confidence of the public, and trusts he may continue to receive a liberal share of patronage.
March 25, 1857.—1y.

WHATLEY & ELLIS,
HAVE associated themselves in the Practice of the Law.
Office Row, No. 9, Jacksonville, Ala.

J. B. MARTIN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Talladega. Ala.
WILL practice in the Counties of Talladega, 1st Monday in May & Nov.
Calhoun, 3d " in April and Octob.
St. Clair, 1st " in March and Sep
Shelby, 2d " in March and Sept
Cherokee, 2d " after 4th "
Randolph, last " in Feb. and August.
Office on North side of the square, in new brick building up stairs. july 1st '58-1y.

JOHN I. THOMASON. THOMAS HAYDEN
THOMASON & HAYDEN,
Attorneys at Law,
AND
Solicitors in Chancery,
ASHVILLE, ALA.
WILL pay strict attention to all business entrusted to their care in the counties of Jefferson, Blount, Shelby, Mhrshal, DeKalb, Cherokee, Benton and St. Clair, and in the Supreme Court of the State. Jan. 20, '54.

R. G. EARLE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Jacksonville Ala.
WILL Practice in Benton, Talladega, St. Clair, & Randolph Counties, Ala.
☞ Office in the North East Room of the Court House, opposite the office of the Judge of Probate. July 8, 1856.

J. S. PORTER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
—AND—
Solicitor in Chancery.
WETUMPKA ALA.
WILL practice in the Counties of Coosa, Benton, St. Clair, DeKalb and Cherokee.

B. T. POPE
Attorney at Law,
ASHVILLE, ALA

J. W. HOYL,
GROCER
AND DEALER IN
GRAIN AND PRODUCE,
One door above the old stand of the Messrs. Ragdales, MARKET STREET,
CHATTANOOGA, TENN.
IS receiving, direct from New Orleans, a large stock of Groceries, which will be sold as low as they can be bought in Nashville or Memphis freights added. All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for Groceries. Also, the highest cash prices paid for Corn, Wheat, Dried Fruit, Tallow, Beeswax, Feathers, Furs of all kinds &c. &c.
March 10, 1859.—1y.

NEW MILLINERY STORE!
Chattanooga, Tenn.
MRS. R. HAGAN.
WOULD respectfully announce to the citizens of North Alabama and surrounding country, that she has opened a new and selected assortment of
MILLINERY,
FANCY GOODS & TRIMMINGS,
Bonnets, Ribbons, Laces, Trimmings Fringe, Flowers, and all articles in the Millinery Line. These goods have been purchased in one of the most fashionable cities in the Union, are of the LATEST STYLE AND FASHION, and cannot fail to please, and which will be sold at small profits for CASH. Call and see.
mar16, 1859.—6m.

Cures Guaranteed.
Piles & Fistula,
Cancers & Scrofula
Strictures, Tumors, Wens,
and all other diseases of the skin
CURED.
PAMPHLETS containing testimonials of the highest character as to his success will be forwarded to any that may wish them.
A three cent stamp must accompany all communications.
Address
J. A. CLOPTON, M. D.
Mar. 2 1859—1y. Huntsville, Ala.

JOB WORK
NEATLY EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE

C. C. PORTER
Resident Surgeon Dentist;
Jacksonville, Ala

BOOTS & SHOES
AT WHOLESALE;
R. A. PRINGLE & CO.
177 EAST BAY,
Opporitete the New Custom House,
CHARLESTON, S. C.
WILL keep constantly on hand Boots, Shoes and Brogans, of every variety, suited to the Southern Trade. We will be able to show our friends a much better stock of Ladies and Gents Fine Goods than usual; and for cash or approved paper, will sell as low as the same quantity can be bought from the manufacturers.
ROBERT A. PRINGLE,
Feb. 3, '59. CHARLES H. BERRY.

Waggon & Carriage Making Bussiness.
The undersigned is prepared to execute any work in the above named line of business, at his shop in Gadsden, of good materials and in the most neat and durable manner.
Orders for work promptly executed, and prices moderate.
Repairing of every description also done upon short notice.
G. R. REINHART.

RICHARDSON'S
IRISH LINENS,
DAMASKS, DIAPERS, &c.
CONSUMERS of RICHARDSON'S LINENS, and those desirous of obtaining the GENUINE GOODS, should see that the articles they purchase are sealed with the full name of the firm,
RICHARDSON, SONS & OWDEN,
as a guarantee of the soundness and durability of the Goods.
This caution is rendered essentially necessary as large quantities of inferior and defective Linens are prepared; season after season and sealed with the name of RICHARDSON by Irish Houses, who, regardless of the injury thus inflicted alike on the American consumer & the manufacturers of the genuine Goods, will not readily abandon a business so profitable, while purchasers can be imposed on with Goods of a worthless character.
J. BULLOCKE & J. B. LOCKE,
Agents, 36 Church St., N. York.
Sept. 16. 1858—1y.

United States Daily Mail Line
FROM
JACKSONVILLE, Ala. to CHATTANOOGA. Tenn.
Via Goshen, Caloma, Centre, Cedar Bluff, Gaylesville, and Sommerville, Ga.
Divine & Kennedy, *Contractors.*
Through Tickets from Jacksonville to Chattanooga, $7 00.
The travelling public are respectfully advised that this line is in successful operation, supplied with splendid Four Horse Coaches
Experienced, attentive and courteous drivers, and good houses on the line will insure passengers on this line every possible comfort and accommodation.
January 3, 1859.—tf.

United States Mail Line.
FROM CUSSETA TO JACKSONVILLE ALABAMA.
(Via LaFayette, Milltown, Louina, Wedowee, Rockdale, Milner, Oakfuskie, Chulafinnie, Corn Grove & White Plains.
THE Contractors of the above line would respectfully notify the travelling public, that they are now running, and will continue to run a four horse coach from Cusseta (on the Montgomery and West Point Railroad) daily, (except Sunday) to Lafayette, Ala. and triweekly the residue in two horse coaches or hacks, leaving Jacksonville on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 6 o'clock, A. M. and arrive at Cusseta the next days in time to connect with the cars reaching Montgomery and Columbus by 9 o'clock P. M. same days. Passengers will find excellent teams and careful drivers, through this line, and have the advantages of daylight traveling.
Fare through—$7 00.
C. STONE & CO., Proprietors.
December 9, 1858.—tf.

LEMUEL MILICAN—dec. *Estate of*
LETTERS of Administration upon the estate of said decedent having been granted to the undersigned, on the 22d day of February 1859, by the Probate Court of St. Clair county, Ala.—notice is hereby given, to all persons having claims against said estate, to present the same, within the time allowed by law, or they will be barred.
THOMAS W. GILBERT,
May 19, 1859.—6t. *Admr.*

Tri-Weekly Mail.
WISDOM'S
HACK LINE!
From Jacksonville, Ala., via Gadsden and Guntersville, to Larkinsville on Memphis and Charleston Railroad-Distance 88 miles.
Hacks leave Jacksonville every Monday Wednesday and Friday, at 6 o'clock. A. M. and arrive at Larkinsvill the next day at 11 o'clock, A. M., connecting with the Train from Memphis.
On return, leave Larkinsville every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 11 o'clock, A. M., on the arrival of the Up Train, and arrive at Jacksonville the next day at 5 1-2 o'clock. P. M., making close connection with the Selma Railroad Stage Line. Also connecting with the Hack Line by Wedowee & Lafayette to Cusseta.
The above Lines have been recently fitted up with New Hacks,
GOOD HORSES, AND SOBER, CAREFUL DRIVERS, and no pains will be spared in contributing to the pleasure and convenience of Passengers. The Proprietor gives his personal attention to the superintendance of these Lines, and hopes by meriting to receive a liberal share of public patronage.
JOHN H. WISDOM, *Contractor.*
Feb. 24th 1859.—6m.

DR. C. J. CLARK,
Surgeon & Practicing Physician,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
DR. CLARK will keep constly on hand a supply of Pure Medicines for his own prescribing and to supply his patrons.
He will also take charge of Negroes suffering from Chronic Diseases, or requiring Surgical treatment, and board and treat them on reasonable terms. Jan. 18, 1859.—1y.

Masonic Notice.
THE 24th of June next will be celebrated by Alexandria Lodge, No. 288, by procession, address, public installation of Officers, &c.
Transient brethren, and those of neighboring Lodges are respectfully invited to attend.
S. D. McCLELEN, } Com.
I. M. FORD, } of
Apl 28, '59 J. PRATHER, } Inv.

Time! Time is Money.
If you wish your Watches to keep time, call at the old stand, next door to Kahn & Bro. where you will find WM. C. LAND doing business on his own account, who will faithfully endeavor to make watches placed in his care keep time, and use every effort to give satisfaction. TERMS—*CASH.*
Engraving of every description neatly executed. Jacksonville, May 5, 1859—tf.

BLANKS
For Sale at this Office

SOMETHING NEW!!
A Gift Enterprise conducted upon a Liberal and Impartial Plan!!!
Endorsed by the entire Press of the City of Baltimore!
E. H. HOYT & CO'S
GREAT SOUTHERN
GIFT BOOK STORE,
No. 41 Baltimore Street,
BALTIMORE, MD.
Headquarters for Southern & Western Orders.
Write for a Catalogue for 1859,
IT CONTAINS THE
LARGEST LIST of Useful, Ornamental and Valuable Gifts ever Published!
☞ GREATER INDUCEMENTS TO AGENTS than ever before offered by any other establishment in the United States.
A Gift worth from Fifty Cents to
One Hundred Dollars,
ACCOMPANIES EVERY BOOK.
Postmasters, Country Merchants, Booksellers, Librarians of Universities, Academies Private and Circulating Libraries, Schools,
And all others whose buisness will enable them, are respectfully solicited to BECOME OUR AGENTS. Any person can by collecting a few clubs, obtain a valuable collection of Books in a short tim e, without any actual cost save a few moments leisure time.
We have Agents in all parts of the country who besides supplying themselves with valuable Libraries, are REALIZING HANDSOME PROFITS from the sale of Gifts, accompanying their books
Catalogues giving full particulars mailed free to any address.
WHAT THE PRESS SAY.
They have a magnificent assortment of Books and have prepared themselves with a snumerable elegant Gifts to be distributed among their troupe of friends and customers large.—*Balt Sun.*
Not only a may selection be made of any choice work, but with it the purchaser is sure to receive some article of Jewelry, which in many cases proves quite valuable.—*Balt. Daily Exchange.*
They make no promises that are not performed strictly to the letter, and by thus punctually canceling their obligatons have gained the entire confidence of not only our citizens, but the country abroad *Balt. Patriot.*
A young lady acquaintance of ours purchased for $1, a Book at this establishment, a few days since, and received a double cased *Gold Watch, valued at one hundred dollars.—Balt. Clipper.*
The success which attends the Gift Book House of Messrs. H. E. HOYT & Co. has no precedents in the annals of Gift Enterprises.—*Republican and Argus.*
Call and see them, and our word for it you will not regret your visit—*Dispatch, Balt.*
The inducements to the Southern and Western people to make their purchases from Messrs. HOYT & Co. are much gratter than can be offered by any house of the kind in the country. Freight from Baltimore to any Southern point is less and the immense order buisness done by this firm is a guarrntee of their fulfillment of all promises.—*Family Journal.*
It is, in a moral, getting books for nothing and being paid to take them away.—*Idecator.*
All orders will be promtly and impartially filled, and forwarded within one day after being received. The Gifts in all cases will accompany the Books with a written certificate to the person sending the order.
Remember no Gifts distributed of less value than 50 cts or more than $100,00
Address
H. E. HOYT & Co
No. 41 Baltimore St Baltimere Md.
April 14. 1859—3m.

NOTICE.
M. K. KIMBRELL still continues the Wagon Making Business, at his old stand, one mile west of Jacksonville. Thankful to his former customers for their liberal patronage, he hopes still to merit a continuance of the same. He will be found ready at all times to execute work in his line with neatness and dispatch, and upon the fairest terms.
Although it has been insinuated by some persons, that he visits Town too frequently, yet he will always be found ready to do business whenever called upon. As he lives at home and boards at the same place, and generally provides himself with necessaries.
Feb. 3 1859.—6 m.

ARCHITECTURE.
R. STEPHENS,
ARCHITECT & BUILDER,
IS PREPARED TO FURNISH PLANS & drafts for buildings in the most approved styles of Architecture Also to undertake contracts for building.
Talladega, January, 27, 1859.—1y.

Dr. R. S. EVINS,
RESPECTFULLY tenders his professional services to the citizens of White Plains, Calhoun County, Ala. and surrounding country, in the practice of MEDICINE & SURGERY. His shop is in White Plains, where he may be found when not absent on professional business.
March 10, 1859.—tf.

For Sale.
I will offer for sale to the highest bidder, on the first Monday in August next, in the Town of Jacksonville, the House and Lot where I now reside, containing half an acre—also one likely young Mule, five head of Cattle, and some Household and Kitchen Furniture.
Any of the above articles can be purchased very low before the day of sale.
May 5, 1859. HANNAH STINER.

HOUSE AND SIGN.
PAINTING.
The undersigned offers his services to the citizens of Jacksonville and vicinity: Having followed the business for 10 or 12 years he flatters himself that he will be able to execute work in a manner to please all.
All kinds of marble, granite, and paper hanging, &c., executed in the best style.
JAMES Z BRADY.
March 11, 1857.—tf.

DISSOLUTION.
THE partnership heretofore existing between Driskill & Newman having been dissolved, all persons indebted to said firm are hereby notified to make payment to W. A. Driskill, who is authorised to settle the business of the concern.
DRISKILL & NEWMAN.
N. B. The undersigned still continues the GROCERY BUSINESS, at the same location, where he will keep a good stock of
FAMILY GROCERIES,
and be glad to furnish his friend and customers. W. A. DRISKILL.

BACON.
THE undersigned has on hand and for sale, a large lot of choice Tennessee Bacon.
June 2, '59—1t W. A. DRISKILL.

D. M. FULLENWIDER,
WITH
M'Clure, Thames & Johnson,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL
Grocers,
WATER STREET,
SELMA, ALA.
July12, 1858.—1y.

POETRY.

THERE'S BUT ONE PAIR OF STOCKINGS TO MEND TO-NIGHT.

An old wife sat by her bright fireside,
Swaying thoughtfully to and fro,
In an ancient chair whose cheeky craw
Told a tale of long ago;
While down by her side on the kitchen floor,
Stood a basket of worsted balls—a score.

The good man dozed o'er the latest news,
Till the light of his pipe went out;
And unheeded, the kitten with cunning paws,
Rolled out & tangled the balls about;
Yet still sat the wife in the ancient chair,
Swaying to & fro in the fire-light glare.

But anon, a misty tear-drop came
In her eye of faded blue,
Then trickled down in a furrow deep,
Like a single drop of dew;
So deep was the channel—so silent the stream,
The good man saw naught but the dimmed eyebeam.

Yet marveled he much that the cheerful light
Of her eye, had weary grown,
And marveled he more at the tangled balls—
So he said in a gentle tone:
"I have shared thy joys since our marriage vows,
Conceal not from me thy sorrows now."

Then she spoke of the time when the basket there
Was filled to the very brim,
And now there remained of the goodly pile
But a single pair—for him:
Then wonder not at the dimmed eye-light:
There's but one pair of stockings to mend to-night.

I cannot but think of the busy feet,
Whose wrapling were wont to lay
In the basket, awaiting the needle's time—
Now wandered so far away;
How the sprightly steps to a mother dear
Unheeded fell on the careless ear.

For each empty nook in the basket old,
By the hearth there's an empty seat;
And I miss the shadows from off the wall,
And the patter of many feet;
'Tis for this that a tear gathered over my sight;
At the one pair of stockings to mend to-night.

'Twas said that far through the forest wild
And over the mountains bold,
Was a land whose rivers & darkening caves,
Were gemmed with the fairest gold;
Then my first-born turned from the oaken door,
And I knew the shadows were only four.

Another went forth on the foaming wave
And diminished the basket's store—
But his feet grew cold—so weary and cold—
They'll never be warm any more—
And this nook in its emptiness, seemeth to me,
To give forth no voice but the moan of the sea.

Two others have gone toward the setting sun,
And made them a home in its light,
And fairy fingers have taken their share,
To mend by the fireside bright;
Some other baskets their garments fill—
But mine! Oh! mine is emptier still.

Another—the dearest—the fairest—the best—
Was taken by the angels away,
And clad in a garment that waxeth not old,
In a land of continual day.
O! wonder no more at the dimmed eye-light,
While I mend the one pair of stockings to night.

Miscellaneous.

THE LAWYER'S BRIDE.

JUDGE REMSEN'S FIRST CLIENT.

Old Judge Remsen, of Cowan, was fond of telling his early experience at the bar. My first case, he would say, came upon me unexpectedly, after I had waited a considerable time for a client. The way I came to get it was this;

A young girl, Helen Montressor, was to be tried at our County Court for stealing a breastpin, valued at four dollars, and twenty dollars in gold from her betrayer, James Wesley, merchant in the town of Bedford. The theft, which was detected five weeks before, occasioned quite a talk at the time, as the girl was beautiful, and Wesley and his wife Eunice were anything but that, besides being generally detested. People said Helen had been shamefully treated by her mistress, who was jealous of her; and it was even hinted that there had been foul play in the prosecution for theft.

The subject trial of a gang of counterfeiters and horse thieves had so absorbed public attention, that the case of Helen Montressor was forgotten, and no one seemed to care for her fate.—But when she was placed in the prisoner's box, her beauty riveted every eye, and when the Judge asked her who was her counsel, and she modestly replied that she had none, and no money to pay a lawyer, there was not a member of the bar who would not have willingly undertaken her case. The Judge after looking around for a moment, fixed his eye upon me, and said, "Mr. Remsen, will you please act as this young lady's council?" I started as though I had been shot. Luckily a juror had been ill, and the Court had adjourned till next morning, or I am afraid I should have made sad work with my client's case.

As I left the court room I looked at my watch; it was eleven, so I had but twenty-three hours to prepare. I called upon the district Attorney and asked to see the indictment and the evidence taken before the Justice of the Peace. As he tumbled over a pile of documents in search of the papers he said: "The Judge must have a spite against you, Remsen, to put you in such a tight place, and you a green hand. No offence," he added, as he observed the rising color of my cheek—"no offence; I simply meant that you are inexperienced. There are the documents; taken them home with you—only be sure to bring them to court to-morrow morning. You will see that your client has not a chance."

I was annoyed at this light reference to my client, for whom I already entertained deep respect, and believed innocent; but I said nothing. Hastening to my office I locked myself in & commenced the analysis of my case. The evidence consisted of the testimony of James & Eunice Wesley, Sarah Brown, a seamstress, Charlotte Boyce, a domestic, and Thos. Hannegan, a man of all work employed by the Wesleys. Hannegan's evidence seemed straightforward and truthful, and so did the servant girl's. I made up my mind that they were not unfriendly to my client, and that I would seek an interview with them, although it would necessitate a journey to Bedford. In Miss Brown's testimony I at once detected intense malice, and determined to harrow her unmercifully in cross-examination.—Wesley's evidence was similar in style and matter to that of Hannegan; but Mrs. Wesley's was full, discursive and acrimonious—such as, that "she had always believed Helen to be a viper, but her husband upheld the trollop." To my mind the case seemed clear; Mrs. Wesley herself had put those things in Helen's trunk.

I next went to the Court House, and requested Mr. Mace, the Sheriff, who lived in the wing of the building, to introduce me to the prisoner. He conducted me to her cell. Although the bolts clanged heavily as they sprang from the locks, our entrance did not seem to attract her attention. She was standing with clasped hands before her grated window, gazing at the sky. The Sheriff touched her arm and said, "Miss Montressor, Mr. Remsen is the lawyer who is to manage your case, & he wants to see you." She started, turned quickly around, and made an inclination of her head, to indicate her readiness to listen, but she said not a word. The Sheriff left the cell and we were alone. Conscious that every moment was precious, I said:

"Miss Montressor, we must throw aside ceremony, & communicate frankly upon this painful business. I believe you are innocent. The thing is to prove you so. This promises to be difficult, but I am not without hope. If you tell me frankly what your experience has been with the Wesleys my task may be lightened."

I then put a series of questions, and learnined she was fifteen years old; that she had lived with a kind old gentleman named Gregory, who had taught her to call him grandpa; that Mrs Wesley, who was then called Miss Neasmith inherited all his property, and married Mr. Wesley about a month after he died; that she told her never to call him grandpa any more for he wasn't any relation to her; that the day on which old Mr. Gregory died he gave her a sealed package, and told her not to let Eunice see it; but to give it to a certain lawyer when he returned to town for it would make her a rich young lady, and then he cried and said he had let Eunice have her own way too much; that she fell asleep with the packet in her lap, and when she awoke it was gone, and she never dare ask any questions about it; that Mrs. Wesley hated her and beat her, and treated her like a slave, and that she sometimes thought of drowning herself, she was so miserable; that Mr. Wesley said improper things to her; that he was a bad man, but weak and under his wife's control; that the day on which her trunk was searched, she was sent on an errand to the minister's; was gone about an hour and a half, and on her return was taken up stairs to see her trunk opened before she had pulled off her bonnet & shawl; then she was sure Mrs. Wesley had put her things in her trunk while she was out, because she (Helen) had overhauled it that morning, and they were not in it then; but whether Mr. Wesley knew about it she could not say, although she rather thought he did, because he looked guilty when his wife was opening her trunk.

Telling the poor girl to cheer up, I went to the Sheriff's sitting room, where I found Mrs. Mace. I at once informed her that I thought Miss Montressor was a persecuted girl, and hoped she would try to cheer her up, so that she could enter the court-room with a good heart on the morrow: this the kind-hearted woman promised to do, and I hastened to my office. My brain was in a whirl. Gregory—grandpa—and the packet which was to make her a rich young lady—its mysterious disappearance? Was old Mr. Gregory really Helen's grandfather? Was the old packet his last will and testament, bequeathing his property to her? And had Eunice Naesmith, now Mrs. Wesley, stolen it from the child as she slept, that *she* might clutch the property by virtue of a former will which had been forced from the old man?

"He cried and said he had let Eunice have her own way too much!"—Her own way about what? I felt certain that I had got on the track of great villainy, and thought I could understand the reason for Eunice Wesley's hatred of Ellen, and her desire to blast the poor girl's character. After spending an half hour in arranging my plans, I ordered a carriage and drove to Bedford.

It was two o'clock when I reached the village. I wished first to see Hannegan, Wesley's serving man. By making a few cautious inquiries at the tavern, and disbursing a half dollar to the hostler, Hannegan was soon in my room. He was pleased to find I was Helen's friend, and on my promising him never to let what he said to go to Wesley's ear, he told me that she had treated the poor girl like a dog; that he had seen her strike Helen, and heard her threaten to kill her and ruin her reputation; and then he believed the breastpin and money had been put into the trunk by the catamaran herself.

He stated what Helen's behavior was when the articles were found in her trunk, and described the breastpin and money. The latter consisting of four half eagles, one of which had a hole in it, that had been made by Mr. Murch, the jeweler, so Mrs. Wesley could put it on a ribbon for a birthday present for the minister's little boy; and that was one way Mrs. Wesley knew the money was hers. He also gave me a letter signed "Eunice Gregory," that he had found in the yard that day, and which he maintained was in Mrs. Wesley's handwriting. That made him suspect that her name wasn't Naesmith before she was married to Wesley; and he had thought she might have been some relation to old Mr. Gregory, who died, and there must have been something bad to make her change her name.

This information made a deep impression on my mind, taken in connection with what Helen had told me; besides, the name of Eunice Gregory seemed floating in my memory as though I had seen it connected with some event which had faded from recollection and was dimly recalled.

I dismissed Hannegan, and paid a visit to Mr. Murch, the jeweler, told him who I was, and for what I called. He remembered the half eagle business—in fact it was on his record. He turned to see on what day the hole was made in the half eagle. It was Wednesday, the 17th March—the very day Helen's trunk was searched. I asked at what hour the coin was delivered to Mrs Wesley. He replied that she called for it about 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and that Miss Montressor's trunk was searched about 1 in the afternoon of the same day.

"That looks very strange," said I, "Would you have any objections to attend the trial to-morrow, with your books, and testify?"

"None at all," he replied.

I turned to depart. At that moment Wesley entered the shop and was accosted by the jeweler, who gave me a wink to indicate who he was. We had never before met, so I regarded him at my leisure He was an evil looking man. Over his left eye was a queer shaped scar which ran crookedly across his forehead. The instant I saw the scar I felt as though the whole thing was clear. The scar, the description of which so well remembered, brought the whole story freshly to my mind. I remembered now the name of Eunice Gregory—the child murderess—and there stood her accomplice under an assumed name.—Giving the jeweler a warning glance, I hastened to my carriage and drove furiously home, shut myself in my room, and determined to pass the entire night, if necessary, in preparing for the contest. I wished to clear my client of the charge made against her, expose the Wesleys, and oblige them to make restitution to the wronged and pillaged orphan.

I ransacked my memory to find something tangible concerning the past career of Eunice Gregory and her accomplice, but found nothing. I had read the story many years ago before in a newspaper, the name of which I could not remember. I could not prove that the Wesleys were the same parties: and should I mention my suspicions in court the District Attorney would scout at them as ridiculous and malicious inventions of my own, and the Judge would charge the jury to pay no heed to them I must sap the characters of the Wesleys in my cross-examination of their witnesses & thus try to effect a breach sufficient to justify a direct assault, on charge of conspiracy against Helen, & crush James Wesley on the witness stand. And I wove my meshes for the victim until the morning sun rays streamed through my windows,

The Court was opened, a jury empannelled and the case called. Helen Montressor placed in the prisoner's box; and the District Attorney's telling, merciless opening of the case completed, what seemed to be but a few minutes of time. Helen seemed to look more innocent than ever, and I resolved that full justice should be done her, if my resources could compass such a result. It is in such an hour that a lawyer feels the honor and dignity of his position—it is then that he also feels his responsibility.

The first witness was Charlotte Boyce. She had been called by her mistress to go up and see Helen's trunk searched; and she went up and saw the breastpin and money found in it—tucked away in one corner. By my cross-examination I elicited the fact that Helen had just come home from an errand, (on which she had been sent more than an hour,) when her trunk was searched, & had on her bonnet and shawl; that "she looked quite innocent and unconcerned until the things were found, and then she seemed astonished.

On dismissing the witness I gazed at the jury, but they sat with stern faces, as though resolved that nothing could make them clear the culprit. I called Miss Boyce back saying I had forgotten a very important point. This excited some attention, and when I asked her if Mrs. Wesley was in the habit of ill-treating the prisoner, everybody pricked up their ears. The girl hesitated and stammered, and finally said she was.

"And why do you think so?" I asked.

"Because Mrs. Wesley beat her once with a large club, and threatened to kill her and was scolding her. But don't ask me any more questions," she suddenly exclaimed, "or I shall lose my place!"

I glanced at Mrs. Wesley, and saw that she was regarding her servant with a look of intense malignity, and to annoy her I appealed to the Court to protect the witness against the threatning looks of her mistress. This brought all eyes to a focus on Mrs. Wesley's ugly countenance, & she turned fairly white white with indignation. The Judge told the witness so speak without fear, and if she lost her place by telling the truth, she would find plenty of better ones. Being satisfied with the impression made, I told the witness she might go, and the District Attorney permitted her to pass without questioning.

The next witness was Miss Sarah Brown, the seamstress—a rat eyed, hatchet-faced, dapper little creature.—She was at work for Mrs. Wesley, at the time the theft was discovered. She met Helen the day before the trunk was searched, coming out of her mistress' room, and she looked so guilty she suspected she had been doing something wrong. The same day Mrs. Wesley spoke to her about the things being gone and she told her suspicions. Thereupon she thought it would be a good plan to search Helen's trunk; proposed to do it at once, but Mrs. Wesley preferred to wait. When the trunk was searched, the things were found in it, just as she expected they would be."

When the witness was passed over to me, I asked in a careless tone, how she knew the money was in Mrs. Wesley's room the day she had met Helen *coming hence.*

"She knew it, because Mrs. Wesley had told her. Couldn't be mistaken, for Mrs. Wesley had spoken about the half eagle with it, which she was going to present to the minister's boy."

This I made her say over and over agan, until there could be no mistake about it, and then asked if she knew who made the hole in the half eagle.

"Yes; Mr. Murch, the jeweller, made it."

"Is he in the room?" I asked.

"Yes: there he is," said she pointing.

I told Miss Brown she could go, and the District Attorney requested that Mr. Murch should be sworn. The Attorney handed Murch the identical half eagle and asked if he recognized it He said he did; that the magistrate who committed the prisoner had made a mark upon it.

"That's all; the witness is your's Mr. Remsen."

"Do you remember, Mr. Murch, on what day of the month you made the hole in the half eagle?" I asked.

"It was on the 17th of March," said he.

"Why, that was the very day the prisoner's trunk was searched, was it not?" said I, turning to the District Attorney.

"That is the day mentioned in the indictment," he replied.

Turning again to the witness, I said. "Mr. Murch please to recollect with precision; you heard the witness who preceded you swear that Mrs. Wesley told her that the identical half eagle with the hole then made in it, was in her husband's trunk on or before the 16th of last March"

"Yes," said Murch, "I heard her swear to that, and was astonished, for Mrs. Wesley brought me the coin in the afternoon of the 16th and told me I must have it fixed by noon next day; at 11 on the 17th she came for it, and at 1 that afternoon it was found in Miss Montressor's trunk!"

The District Attorney turned sharp round and gave the Wesleys a piercing look. Mrs. Wesley was immovable: but Wesley turned pale and fairly cowered beneath the gaze of the Attorney, who, I saw, was now convinced of the true facts of the case; and Judge and jury seemed to be of the same mind. I felt certain, then, of a verdict in my client's favor; but how was I to crush the Wesleys, and how win back her estate? I decided on my course.

Hannegan was next, and I showed by him that Mrs. Wesley had persecuted the prisoner in the most outrageous manner—beating her, and threatening to kill her, and ruin her reputation, and treating her shamefully. His testimony excited so much indignation against the couple, that I longed for the moment when James Wesley should take the stand. When Hennegan retired, Mrs. Wesley whispered to her husband, and he whispered to the Attorney. The latter seemed surprised, but announced that the prosecution would there rest the case.

Everybody was surprised that the Wesleys were not called, and my plans were disarranged. I divined at once that Mrs. Wesley had suggested this course to shield her husband and herself from cross examination. Had the instinct of self-preservation told her what was coming? I rose to open my case for the defence, and I began by stating that I had incontestible evidence that a conspiracy had been entered into to blast the character of my client, to enable the parties in the conspiracy to perfect certain secret plans, which would fill the community with horror. I saw that everybody was prepared to believe almost everything, and determined to waste no time in words So I requested that James Wesley might be sworn, and desired the Judge to have Eunice Wesley removed, while her husband was being examined. She was taken out by the Sheriff and I turned to question James Wesley.

"James Wesley," said I, sternly, "how came that scar on your forehead?"

As the villain turned ghastly pale, staggered, and clutched at the railing of the witness box for support, I felt sure of my man.

"Answer me, Bob Harmon; how came that scar on your forehead?"

At the mention of the name "Bob Harmon," the wretch fell back upon the seat and groaned, "Oh don't—don't bring that agin me!"

"I shall bring *that* up, and more too, unless you answer me truly about this pretended theft. Now, tell me—did not Eunice Gregory put these things in Miss Montressor's trunk?"

"Yes, she did; let the girl go, and don't ask me any more questions."

The excitement had now become over whelming, and the witness began to fear for his bodily safety—a fact I determined to use as an additional screw. "I shall ask for little more," I replied, as I do not wish to expose you to the rage of this audience, if you'll answer promptly. Where is the will that old Mr. Gregory executed, in which he made his grandchild, Helen Montressor, his heir, and which he gave her to give to his lawyer when he returned—the will your wife stole from the child as she lay sleeping."

"Oh, Lord! its come at last! just as I told her it would."

"Where is the will?" I thundered.

"It is burnt," he exclaimed, "but Helen is his only surviving relation, and the will by which my wife got the property is a *forged one.*"

Having achieved everything, and not caring to prolong the painful scene, I asked the District Attorney if it would not be best to dismiss the case. He cheerfully assented, and Miss Montressor, who in her flush of agitation and thankfulness looked more lovely than ever, was released from the custody of Mr. Mace and placed in charge of his wife, while Wesley and his wife slunk away from public indignation.

The excitement was so great the Court was not adjourned till 3 P. M., and I was obliged to state for the gratification of the crowd how I had managed to get on track of the Wesleys. I told that many years before I had read an account of the murder of a child by its aunt, Eunice Gegory, assisted by her lover, one Bob Harmon, for the purpose of possessing her neice's estate. In that account it was stated that Harmon, at the time of the murder, had fallen down an area and gashed his forehead terribly, which afterward healed and left a peculiar scar. The hints I received from Helen's story, and the letter signed Eunice Gregory, had set my memory at work, and when I met Wesley and observed the peculiar scar on his forehead, the whole thing flashed upon me, and I determined to make a bold push to expose them, and not only defend Helen against the charge of larceny, but wrench from her unnatural aunt the patrimony that had been withheld from her.

My explanation was received with applause, and a movement set on foot to have the Wesleys indicted for perjury; but it was never carried out, as they disappeared from that part of the country and we all thought it best not to bring them back for any purpose whatever.

Helen secured her estate, and I secured Helen; and if you will go home with me you shall have an introduction to her and the children. That first case did the business for me all round, as by it I secured a great reputation, plenty of practice, a handsome wife and a large fortune.

CANCER CURE.—The Milawukie, *Democrat* recently noticed the case of Mr. Matson, proprietor of a music store in this city, (brother Lowell Matson,) who was cured of a cancer upon his face, after the removal by knife and reappearance of the disease. He was treated by a Cincinnati physician, after the process of Dr. Fell, of London, described as follows:

A piece of sticking plaster was put over the cancer, with a circular piece cut out of the centre, a little larger than the cancer, so that the cancer had a small circular rim of healthy skin next to it where exposed. Then a plaster made of chloride of zinc, blood root and wheat flour, was spread on a piece of this circular opening, and applied to the cancer for twenty-four hours. On removing it, the cancer was found burnt into, and appeared of the color and hardness of an old shoe sole, and the circular rim outside of it appeared white and parboiled, as if scalded by hot steam. The wound was now dressed and the outside rim soon separated, and the cancer came out in a hard lump, and the place healed up.—The plaster kills the cancer, so that it sloughs out like dead flesh, and never grows in again. The remedy has been used in this city succes fully. We have seen a cancer which was removed entire from the face of an esteemed lady of this city by Dr. Colly. The afflicted should know that there is a remedy which is so near infallible.—*Rochester Democrat.*

INCENDIARY REVENGE.—Last winter the people of Oshkosh, Wisconsin, were scandalized by certain houses of bad repute in the city. Instead of proceeding against them according to law, they set fire to the buildings, dragged the poor children of sin and shame to jail and destroyed their furniture, clothing and jewelry. After a trial the prisoners were liberated. It seems that they, with some of their friends, held a meeting, at which they bound themselves by oath to revenge themselves by burning the city, before the summer was over. The citizens heard of it and for some time kept watch, but finally discharged it; and when the spring advanced, and the buildings, which were of wood, became dry, the city was fired and almost wholly destroyed. The buildings were close together, and from their combustible material, insurance was high, ranging from 4½ to 8 per cent., so that few were insured, and the loss, which is stated at $500,000, falls mostly on the people.

Thus it is that one crime leads to another. The people, however bad they may have been, whose houses were burnt over their heads, suffered a great outrage. The citizens who took up lynch law upon others have been terribly visited with it upon themselves. The example of lawlessness that some of them set has returned upon the whole community. It is best to stand by the law. [Providence Journal.

TRUE, ISN'T IT.—Politeness goes a great ways: Henry Ward Beecher says, "an imprudent clerk can do almost as much injury to his store as the neglect of the proprietor to advertise his goods." Two undoubted and significant facts, which every one interested will please bear in mind.

Jacksonville Republican.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

June, 16, 1859.

FOR GOVERNOR

A. B. MOORE.

OF PERRY.

FOR CONGRESS

J. L. M. CURRY,

OF TALLADEGA.

☞Mr. F. H. GOODWIN, is our authorized Agent, to receive and receipt for subscriptions to the Republican, contract and receipt for advertising, &c.

Our friends and patrons will confer a favor upon us, which will be gratefully appreciated, by affording him every facility in their power, in the transaction of business.

☞We are authorized and requested to announce WILLIAM T. ARGO, as an "Independent" candidate for Representative of Calhoun County in the next Legislature.

The Next Legislature, Internal Improvement Fund and Rail Roads.

A writer in the last Talladega Watchtower, over the signature of "A Talladega Voter," characterizes the brief article in our paper of 2nd June, as "selfish" and "absurd." He says the people of this and Talladega counties "will avoid the stain which would attach in consequence of the doctrine that they desire other people to be taxed against their will for their benefit, and will not ask more to be done by the State for them than has been done for other counties to aid internal improvements." In our article we did not advocate the doctrine of taxing the people of one section to make improvements in another; but merely stated, that if the argument of increased taxation were entitled to any weight, the argument would be a poor one for a people who would be benefitted one and a half millions of dollars, by being taxed perhaps one hundred and fifty. But it is not true that it would increase taxation: to prove which let us briefly review the history of the two and 3 per cent funds:

In 1841, the United States relinquished the 2 per cent. fund to the State of Alabama, for the express purpose of connecting the waters of Mobile Bay with the Tennessee river, and to construct a road across the State from West Point, Ga., in the direction of Jackson, Miss. Some time after the State loaned $116,000 of this fund to the Montgomery and West Point Railroad, for ten years, four without interest, and the remainder at 5 per cent. Where then was this unselfish Talladega voter that his *patriotic* voice was not raised against this loan? and also against other appropriations since.

The 3 per cent. fund was relinquished to the State of Alabama by the general government, for the express purpose of internal improvements, & cannot be legally used for any other. A committee raised from both houses of the last Legislature, for the purpose of investigating the condition of that fund, reported that the State then had of the fund, $537,125 58, a large portion of which had been in possession of the State for 35 years $188,996 16 of this fund has heretofore been appropriated to various objects of improvement and to collecting agents, from Dec. 1837 to Feb. 1858, to wit: To improve the Coosa river $70,000 Tombigbee river $25,000; Paint Rock Creek, $10,000; Black Warrior, $20,000; Chocktohatchie, $10,000; Elk river, $10,000; Shackelford for reviewing, $1,420; Tombigbee, $20,000; Collecting agents, $22,486 16; Survey of Central R. R. from some point on the Selma road to Tenn. river at or near Decatur, $10,000.

Will our Talladega Voter inform us which of these improvements increased taxation, which has been of most benefit, or whether all put together have benefitted the State or people, aside from the Contractors a single cent. Such appropriations as the above have caused us to speak of the fund as having been, and likely still to be squandered.

The 2 per cent fund has been nearly all appropriated we believe. The State has received certificates of stock for all of it obtained by the Selma road heretofore, so that it has been neither a gift nor a loan. But we would prefer as a permanent policy that the internal improvement fund of the State be loaned, in good faith, so that successive improvements might be aided without squandering it.

The 3 per cent. fund, as before stated was relinquished to the State for the express purpose of internal improvements, and cannot legally, or according to the compact, be used in any other way. Would our very conscientious and unselfish Talladega Voter be in favor of robbing the internal improvement interests of the State of that fund & appropriating it to other purposes, or to the payment of the debts of the State. If not, will he call it *good policy* to let it remain useless in the treasury, or inform us how much more it will increase taxation to loan it out at interest.—Where will he find a more important work of internal improvement in the State to be aided by a loan than the Ala. & Tenn. R. R. Road: and does not every intelligent voter know, that if this road was finished and the taxable property in its vicinity thereby increased several millions in value, that it would *decrease* instead of *increase* the amount of tax to be raised in other parts of the State.

But the principal object & the chief point in our article was to warn the people against trival and false issues, raised by designing demagogues; and this was probably the true shot which struck this unselfish Talladega Voter, & knocked some of the *selfish* underpinning from his political edifice; for we have little doubt that he is not only a "voter" but a vote-seeker: and we have said this much, not on account of any importance we attach to his communication, but the interest we take in the subject.

We entertain the most profound contempt for all that class of politicians who would take advantage of ignorance or prejudice to accomplish their own selfish ends—who would impede or destroy improvements worth millions—keep our noble State behind every other one in the Union, and her boundless resources undeveloped, for no higher object than their own election to some office worth three or four hundred dollars; and all this too, with a pitiful whine about economy, and pretended fear of taxation.

We were glad to see that the Watchtower which contained the communication, in a remark on the subject, expressed substantially the same sentiments that we did. That paper says:

"We regret that any issue is likely to be forced upon the people of Talladega and Calhoun counties in regard to this question. We had desired to see the moneys of these funds applied legitimately to the purposes for which they were provided; satisfied as we are, that the whole of the two per cent. fund, and also a part of the three per cent., would inure to the benefit of the Ala. & Tenn. Rivers Rail Road."

If, therefore, "A Talladega Voter" wishes any further controversy on the subject, he can get it nearer home, where he is better known: and where *perhaps* his unselfish and patriotic motives will be more highly appreciated.

Dalton and Jacksonville Rail Road.

We are indebted to Mr. George Wadsworth, Chief Engineer of this road, for a neat and accurate map of the line, since its survey & location—also showing the line of the proposed Coosa and Chattooga river Railroad, from Harrison Tenn. by Layfayette, Ga., Gaylesville, Ala. to Gadsden. The Dalton & Jacksonville Railroad runs from Dalton, via Sugar Valley, Floyd Springs, Cave Spring, Spring Garden, Ladiga, and Cross Plains to Jacksonville. As marked out on the map it is a very direct route, and almost in a straight line, North and South with the road from Dalton to Cleveland, and on up into E. Tenn. and Virginia.

Proposals for the Graduation and masonry of a large portion of the Dalton road will be received up to the 20th inst. as will be seen by reference to advertisement in another column.

☞We have been requested by the Committee of Invitation, to state, that in consequence of disappointments, the celebration of the 24th June by Alexandria Lodge, No. 298 will not take place as advertised.

Hon J. L. M. Curry, our present Representative in Congress, and candidate for reelection, will address his fellow citizens at following named places and times, in this County and St. Clair. He has also other appointments in various other parts of the Dist. but not necessary to publish here.

ST. CLAIR COUNTY.

Springville,	Wednesday, July 13.
Ashville,	Thursday, July 14.
Jones' Store,	Friday, July 15

CALHOUN COUNTY.

Ladiga,	Thursday, July 28.
Jacksonville,	Friday July 29.
Oxford,	Saturday, July, 30.

NOTICE VOTERS OF CALHOUN COUNTY, ALABAMA.

MR. GRANT.

Editor of Jacksonville Republican:

Dear Sir.—We wish through your paper to call on the Candidates for Senate and Representative in the next Legislature, to answer the following questions, through your paper and also on the stump or before the people, so that we may select from them those that are in favor of the interest of the voters of the County and the State at large.

Question 1st. In the Constitution of the State of Alabama, Article 6 and Section 8, it reads that: "all Lands in this State liable to taxation shall be taxed in proportion to their value." We think that is right as far as it goes. We wish the constitution amended, or that clause, so as to include all other taxable property or things, except white poles.

Ques. 2d. In the Constitution, Article 6, Section 17, we think the words nine hundred square miles ought to be stricken out, and whatever size the people wish inserted, so that it is not too small in population to entitle them to a member in the Legislature.

Ques 3d. Section 3048 of the Code of Alabama we think ought to be repealed. We think it very unfair and unjust for the unsuccessful party in law to have to pay the successful Lawyer for that he never contracted to do, because it is the law. It is an outrage against a free people.

When I say we, I mean many voters.

TALLAPOOSA.

SHELTA SPRINGS, ALA.
June 11th, 1859.

Dear Sir:—I am here at this pleasant and most agreeable watering place, which is now opened by the new proprietor, Col. Screws—and by the way, he gives great and satisfactory evidence that this watering place will be kept in the best and most satisfactory style—Col. Screws has refitted and repainted every domicil about the place—every thing is as neat as a new pin. The dense foliage of the forest shades every thing around, and makes the place as agreeable to a southern man, who has been slumming the scorching rays of the sun, as one of Mahomet's heavens, which he so forcibly described to the Turks and Arabs, in mid-summer. You ought to visit this summer retreat, drink the cool mineral water as it gurgles from the marble font—recline on the green carpeted plains—sheltered by a beautiful forest; and fanned by the purest summer's breeze you ever felt.

Allow me to change the subject to one directly of more interest to your section.

The officers of the Ala. & Tenn. R. R. P. are here, working up their annual report, of the last year's running operations of the road. I have gathered from them some items of interest generally. After much delay & great trouble, the General Land office department has adjusted the land grant—under the act of Congress of the 3d of June, 1856, and has designated, and located all the lands free from conflict with other roads to which this road is entitled and has given a few simple title to the lands and forwarded descriptive lists of the lands and titles to the governor of the State, and the company.

The free list of land set apart to this road amounts to 418,659 acres. There are other lands belonging to this road—the titles to which have not been adjusted—they are in conflict with other roads, and left open for future adjustment. These lands embrace a large amount of minerals, which are doubtless valuable and invite the special attention of the stock holders; these lands will aid greatly the further progress of the road.

I have also ascertained that the gross earnings of the road for the last year ending June the 1st, amounts to $158,128 83, which is a large increase over any previous year. This ought to be considered flattering to your shareholders, when they take into consideration that your road yet, has no connections with other roads, and has for the most part passed thus far, over a very poor and unproductive country.

The track laying will be commenced shortly, on the arrival of the spikes and chairs.—The President and Directors have agreed to furnish from their plantations hands to lay the track to Talladega. The bridge across Talladega creek is finished and will be crossed by the train on Wednesday next. Three boat loads of iron Rails have arrived in Selma.

In connection with the land grant I should have stated that the board of Directors at their last meeting this week, adopted a resolution to allow actual settlers on the rail road lands, pre-emption and preference in the purchase of the land. This pre-emption right to the actual settler, is as favorable to him by the Rail Road as by the general government, and will no doubt be highly gratifying and satisfactory to the actual settler.

A convention of the Stockholders will meet at this place on the 13th of July next—they ought to attend generally—they have a deep interest not only in electing a President and Directors—but other important questions will arise in connection with their land grant—and the further extension of their road, not only North but South.

The Gulf Road from Selma to Mobile and Pensacola is attracting considerable attention; and it embraces a subject eminently worthy the attention of the stockholders of this company.

This Rail Road should in my opinion aid the Gulf road in its extension to Mobile as far as it is able—not to embarrass itself. You ought to urge upon all the stockholders to attend the convention. The Governor of the State will be at the convention, and many other prominent men of the State.

Very truly your friend &c.,

T.

From the North Carolian Citizen

Later Investigations Connected with the History of North Carolina, in the Revolution.

It may be of some interest to the people, at least of the old North State, to learn some facts of revolutionary memory belonging to the history of the State, which have rested in obscurity until very recently, and which may serve to silence those taunts of every upstart stripling, ever since the revolution, in the adjoining States, in regard to the position and prowess of North Carolina in the great struggle. President Swain is now in possession of some papers which were printed by an old Englishman, and came to the United States for the first time only twenty days since. The important manuscripts were lately found by the aged editor among the papers of Lord Cornwallis.—Among other things was found, in his own handwriting, the following language, and which was an acknowledgement, made by the great Briton upon the day when he surrendered his sword to Washington at Yorktown; "Of all the colonies with which I have had to contend, that of North Carolina has been by far the most difficult to conquer, owing to the situation of the colony, and, more than all, to the extremely rebellious spirit of the people. It was utterly impossible to subdue them, or dissuade them from their fixed determination; and it is that province that has crippled me in the South and finally caused my defeat in the subjection of these colonies."—"For," says my Lord, "I date my defeat from the battle of Guilford: it was there that I got my death blow. And my retreat through North Carolina into Virginia will show how I was pressed, for Greene and his brave companions ruined me that day. It was generally supposed that the Americans were badly foiled, and that what fighting was done, was by the Virginia forces; such was a great mistake. True it is a few farmers, who had left the day previous come from their fields, and retreat to their homes. But the majority of the North Carolina militia acquitted themselves remarkably well, as was their custom. It was a draw fight, and with the exception of a few who lived home better than battle, every man acted well his part and did his duty. For I never saw such fighting since God made me." This interesting sentence Lord Cornwallis uttered also in the house of a woman near Guilford, the day after the battle, when he kept leaving the Northern door open for the Much wind to come in. The servant reprimanded him and wished to know what his motive was for continually looking up the road. "Ah, Madam," said he, "I know not but that your brave countryman, Greene, may be now in pursuit of me." "I thought," said the Tender Wing, "you told me that you had completely annihilated Greene's army." "Indeed, Madam," he remarked, "if Greene had had a few more men, he would have annihilated me, for I never saw such fighting since God made me." Such are the words and acknowledgements, both oral and written, of the ablest commander sent by the British Ministry to conquer America, and the aged editor of these late publications compliments him as being both the ablest and best man among all the British officers. Yet he confessed, mournfully, he was not the man that the American hero was either in mental calibre or moral power. Let all who are disposed to speak the least disparagingly of the old North State in the period that tried men's souls, or to question the bravery of her sons at the battle of Guilford, recall to mind the declaration of Lord Cornwallis, the day after the battle, also when he struck his flag at Yorktown, and, years after, in England.—For, when looked at impartially, I think it will occur to all that "the battle of Guilford was," as Lord Cornwallis said, "the breaking up of the war." Mr. Benton has truely said, in his *Thirty Years View*, in his eulogy on Mr. Macon, "the battle of Guilford was the turning point of the war, and the philosophy of history will show it."

Let, then, every son and daughter of Rhode Island, be proud of Greene, Washington's second-self! Let every true American thank God for sending such a man to fight for our liberty at Guilford! Let every North Carolinian be proud of Hooper, Polk, Graham, Hughes, Williams and Caswell! They belong to their country: and their deeds in their native State, and at the termination of the Revolution, will remain bound to their glory so long as this Republic shall exist.

Let all who are disposed to speak sneeringly of the battle of Guilford remember these confessions of Lord Cornwallis, and consider what our fathers had to contend with, and if they had ancestors who fought in '76 let them blush in very shame for being so selfish and narrow-minded as invidiously to impeach the patriotism of a sister State.

These declarations of Lord Cornwallis speak volumns, and will show to the world, although tardily enough, after the lapse of four-score years, what part North Carolina took in the struggle for the conquest of our Independence, and the effect that the battle of Guilford had on the contest.

Chapel Hill, N. C.

HEART-RENDING SCENE.—About two weeks ago a young widow woman came to this city, and rented a room in a tenement house on Franklin Street, near Gravier. She brought with her two daughters, aged about eight and five, and a little son some three years old.—Although known to be very destitute, but little attention was ever paid to the strange family by the other lodgers, who knew neither their names nor whence they came from, although it was observed that the mother was much addicted to excessive drinking.

At an early hour yesterday morning, the sound of loud cries from the room of the strangers attracted the attention of the other people in the house, and on going into it the three children were found around the rude bed where the corpse of their mother lay, seizing the cold hands, and calling upon her who was never to speak to or caress them again. The unfortunate widow had died sometime during the night, and left her three young children orphans and unknown.

Notice was sent to the Coroner's office, and Mr. Deputy Weysham at once repaired to the scene. He found the room a bare, comfortless one, without furniture, and not even the remnants of anything to eat, for the last morsel had probably been eaten a day before. But the children, though their wan features were pinched with hunger, thought of nothing but their parent, lying cold and stiff upon the bed, and it was with difficulty they could be led from the room. When they were, and some food given to them, they devoured it so greedily in the midst of their sobbing, it forced tears to the eyes of all present.

A postmortem examination of the body showed that death had been caused by apoplexis, resulting from intemperance. The body was that of a woman of a medium size, about twenty-seven years of age. She might have once been a pretty and attractive woman but penury, suffering and liquor had made her gaunt and thin. She was burried by the Coroner.

Mr. Weysham, after having partially succeeded in calming the eldest girl, gleaned the following facts: That her mother's name was Mry Ann Gray; that her father died a very long time ago; that she remembered hearing her mother say they had no relations or friends in this city, no, nor in the whole world; that they came from Creveport (Shreveport?) that her mother had not been able to get any work here, and that she had told her and her brother and sister a few day ago that they must all starve This was all she could tell.

A German woman took charge of the children, promising to care for them until some provision could be made in their behalf and Mr. Weysham left with her a sum necessary to defray their expenses. He then called at the Mayor's office, and Mr. Solomon, the clerk, undertook to have them placed in an orphan asylum.

Here is a chapter on the dark side of life—a chapter of actual incident.—How many profligate men may have wandered by this poor young widow, throwing away more in one evening than would have given life and happiness to her and her children for months.

[True Delta.

Heartrending Occurrence.—Three Persons Burned to death.—The Lawrenceburg (Tenn.) Journal, of the 18th ult., says: "We are deeply pained to learn that the dwelling of A. W. Parker, who resides on Dry Creek, in Giles county, was consumed by fire on the night of 17th inst., together with all of the contents of the house, and three of his lovely and interesting daughters—one aged 15 and 16 years; another between 12 and 13 years of age, and the youngest aged about 7 years. The eldest and the youngest were entirely consumed—the other was rescued from the flames by the father, though so badly burned that she died in about twenty-eight hours. The fire broke out about 12 o'clock in the night, and was first discovered by Mr. Parker. Nine other persons were sleeping in the building, four of whom were up stairs. One ran down through the fire and smoke, and received no serious injury the other three were compelled to jump out at a window. The fire broke out in the kitchen, the origin of which is unaccounted for. There was an entry between the buildings, which was closed up—in this the girls were sleeping, and were of course nearest to the place where the fire originated. From the bones that were afterwards discovered, it is supposed the eldest awoke, and being startled by the flames, ran into the kitchen and fell, where she was consumed. It is probable the youngest never awoke. The other, as before remarked, was drawn out by her father, but so badly burned that death soon ended her sufferings. As soon as Mr. Parker discovered the fire, he ran to the kitchen for the purpose of rescuing his daughters, but on opening the door he discovered that the flames were spreading so rapidly that it was impossible to reach their apartment in that way. He immediately closed the door and endeavor to reach their room through another entrance, and might possibly have saved them, but from the fact that one of his little boys in his fright, had followed him to the kitchen, and after the father had closed the door, the little boy opened it again, thus causing the flames to spread with still more rapidity. Mr. Parker had two little boys sleeping with him, both of whom were rescued."

The Journal adds: "Precisely fourteen months ago, on the 17 inst., Mr. and Mrs. Parker retired to rest in good health, and during the night Mr. Parker awoke and found his wife cold in death."

It is reported in New York that General Scott has made a bet of 500 bottles of champaigne that Louis Napoleon will never return to Paris.

Telegraphic.

ARRIVAL OF THE

CITY OF WASHINGTON.

COTTON MARKET DULL.

PRICES UNCHANGED.

Provisions Steady.

CONSOLS 91 3-4 TO 92.

GREAT BATTLE FOUGHT!

Austrians Defeated.

CAPE RACE, June 4.—The steamship City of Washington arrived off Cape Race this evening with advices three days later from Europe. Sales of Cotton for the three days 18,000 bales. The market is dull—holders offer freely but show no disposition to press sales,—prices easier but quotations unchanged.

Breadstuffs dull. Provisions steady. Consols 91⅞ to 92.

A great battle has taken place at Montebello. The Austrians were 15,000 strong and retreated with the loss of 2,000 men. The allies lost 700. The Austrian prisoners had reached Marseilles.

SECOND DISPATCH.

LATEST—LIVERPOOL, WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON.—The cotton market opened dull, but closed steady.

General News.

Hostilities have commenced.

A battle was fought between the French and Austrians, on the 21st of May. The Austrians under command of General Station (?), attacked the allied posts commanded by Marshal Baraguay D'Hillers, but were driven back by Gen. Ferris' division, after a furious combat, which lasted four hours.

They carried Montibello, but did not pursue the Austrians. Two hundred of the latter were made prisoners, including a Colonel.

The allies lost several officers in the conflict.

The Austrians accounts of the battle differ widely from those of the French.

The active French in the engagement is not stated, but it is reported at sixty-seven thousand, besides a regiment of Sardinian cavalry,

The Sardinian bulletin announces that the extreme left of the Sardinian army, under, Gen. Baldwin, had forced a passage over the Sesia, putting the Austrians to flight.

Garibaldi had entered Gaven with six thousand men for revolutionary puposes

It was rumored that six Englishmen-of-war had entered the Adriatic.

LATEST.—Revolutionary movements were reported in Lombardy.

The King of Naples is dead, and Francis II, had assumed the Government.

The English admiralty had formally invited tenders for carrying monthly mails to Australia, via Panama.

A general meeting of the Atlantic Telegraph Company had been called to sanction the agreement with the government and issue six hundred thousand pounds sterling new capital.

FRANCE.—The Moniteur announces that France adheres to the abolition of privateering and the principle that a neutral flag covers an enemy's goods.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMSHIP

ARAGO.

Cotton Active and Steady.

NEW YORK, June 9.

The steamer Arago has arrived at this port, with Liverpool dates to the 25th ult.

The sales of cotton on the 30th of May amounted to ten thousand bales The market was active and steady.

Consols had slightly improved.

Progress of the War in Mexico.—A Battle.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, June, 9.

Advices have been received here from Mexico, which state that a battle has been fought at Cuicelotes, in Chihuahua. The Liberals came off victorious. Heavy losses are reported on both sides.

Thomas Zuloaga brother of the ex-President, was marching on Mazatlan with a thousand men.

SAVANNAH, June. 10.—The steamer *John G. Lawton* KEEBLER, a packet between this port and Parachula, on the South Carolina shore of the Savannah River, exploded her boilers last night, near this city, instantly killing Captain KEEBLER, the pilot and assistant engineer. Mr. J. S. MONTMOLLIN, a broker of this city and a rice planter on the Savannah, and Mr GOTEER, of Beaufort District, passengers, are also killed. In all eight persons are killed and missing. Several others are scalded and wounded—some it is feard, fatally. The steamer is a total loss.

THE COLUMBUS FIRE.—About 9½ o'clock Monday night, King, Allen & Camak's warehouse was set on fire and burned entirely out, burning with it the Fontaine warehouse, kept by Hughes, Daniel & Co. Loss variously estimated from 6 to $800,000. There were in both warehouses nearly 9,000 bales of cotton.

Among the sufferers, are Duncan McDougald, 220 bales; Henry Moffitt, about 100; Comer 75; J. P. Higis, 200 bales of cotton; Hull, Duck & Co, $4,000; Cody, $4,000 rope and bagging, and sundry others. No insurance.

M. Fontaine was insured. He will rebuild immediately. His agency of Columbus Factory is now at the Lowell. I don't think they lost much, but everything is in great confusion.

We learn from another private letter that 2000 bales of the cotton burnt belonged to the planters, and that the buyer's cotton was mostly insured.

The Insurance & Banking Company of this city had $15,000 risk on the cotton lost.

Augusta Dispatch.

Great Fire in Columbus.

COLUMBUS, Ga., June 8.—The Alabama and Fountaine Warehouses, in this city, with over eight thousand bales of cotton, were burnt last night. The loss is estimated at a half million dollars.

The Ignorance or Treason of the "Southern Opposition" Press.

BY A SOUTHERN STATESMAN.

We clip the following specimen of the blind rage which animates the "Opposition" press of Georgia, from the National American, an influentaial Opposition journal published in Atlanta, Georgia:

The election of a Black "Republican" President, in our view, would be no whit worse than the election of James Buchanan, & we should no more think of resorting to revolution on the one account than the other.

But a few weeks ago the Selma Reporter another "Opposition" paper, published in Alabama, contained the following paragraph:

We unhesitatingly say that we are in favor of a union of all the elements of opposition to the Democratic party in order to defeat them in 1860, and, if possible, to wipe the last vestage of the foul and corrupt party from the face of God's earth.

Treading fearlessly in the footsteps of the immortal Mr. Botts of Virginia, the late Tennessee "Opposition" Convention adopted a platform in harmony with the suggestion of the New York Convention, to "sink the nigger question," and now we have the proceedings of a late Congressional "Opposition" Convention held in Eutaw, Ala., which re-echoes this sentiment, and at the bidding of the New York Herald clamors against "the (Southern) agitation of the slavery question."

All this but too clearly indicates the progress of Black "Republicanism" in the "Opposition ranks of the South!

We ourselves are daily exhorting the North to cease an "agitation' which threatens the stability of our Government, and is most disastrous to the liberties of our country, but we do not understand how Southern statesmen and presses can blind themselves to the perils which are environing their homes and their altars.

If the South has really no choice between the Democracy and the Black "Republicans' then *our mission is ended*, and our friends in the South must prepare for the rule of a reckless and fanatical majority which will not scruple to rule with a "rod of iron."

But we are persuaded that the mad counsels of Botts—of the National American—the Selma Reporter—The Tennessee and Eutaw Conventions will be spurned with a just indignation by the Southern people. Whatever may have been the shortcomings of the Northern Democracy, we have been *true to the Constitution* of our country and our Southern maligners are traitors to their section or blinded by prejudice, and unworthy of confidence or sympathy. Let the South look to herself!

The Northern Democracy stands today the only break-water to the fiery rain which is dashing its waves with increasing violence against the constitutional securities of property—the same heroic party which struck Missouri Restrictionism from the National Statute book—which destroyed Wilmot Provisoism—which passed the Fugitive Slave law in obedience to constitutional mandate, and enforces it in the face of revolutionary opposition—which admits Slave States, and which holds the egis of the constitution over all property alike in the Territories.

Let "the Southern opposition" first show as good a record of Southern rights as the Northern Democracy, and then affect to doubt our loyalty to the charter of our liberties

If compromises of Southern rights have been made of a character humiliating to the South, they have been proposed and acquiesced in by Southern statesmen. How could we be expected to thrust upon the South rights which she disclaimed and yielded? Let a sense of justice animate the South if she desires to maintain an equal position in the Union, or go out of it with the sympathy and respect of intelligent patriots.—[N. Y. News.

Sonora Fillibustering Expedition.—A correspondent of the New York Evening writing from the Upper Missouri country, furnishes the following important intelligence of an expedition of which we have before had intimation:

A new phase is rapidly developing itself, which has a greater significance to this country than the discovery of gold or the sudden settlement of a new territory. The emissaries of Henningsen and other noted fillibusters have been busily at work for the past few weeks flitting between Kansas City and St. Joseph organizing and directing a larg armed force, which is to rendezvous at Pike's Peak, and march southward to meet a similar force, under command of Walker, from California. Starting in small parties under pretense of seeking gold the arrangement concerted without exciting suspicion and though the precise number cannot be definitely ascertained, there is no doubt but that at least ten thousand men amply supplied with arms and ammunition, will be ready for the occupation of Sonora and other Mexican provinces within three months from this time. Want of money is the only obstacle which the agents experience in perfecting their scheme, a deficiency which they endeavor to supply by promises of a claims at the churches and silver mines, and the ranches with cattle upon a thousad hills. *Viva la Sonora!*

In the meantime the same activity prevails on the border itself, while, if we believe accounts which reach us from Southern Mexico and California, the chief of the expedition is already on the ground.

Working up Sawdust.—It will interest the proprietors of sawmills and carpenters in general to learn that the ingenuity of Parisan cabinet-makers in the Faubourg St. Antoine has found a use for common sawdust which raises the value of that commodity far above the worth of solid timber. By a new process, combining the hydraulic press and the application of intense heat, those wooden particles are made to reform them-selves into a solid mass capable of being moulded in to any shape, and presenting brilliant surface, a durability and a beauty of appearance not found in ebony, rosewood, or mahogany.

For Grant's Republican.

To B. F. B.

I may not hope to see her like again:
So pure, so good—so gentle, was that pale
And fragile one, whom angel's must have wooed
Away—else, surely, she had not departed
Thus, from friends *so dear*, in life's sweet morn, while
Youth was dimpled on her cheek, and health sat
Smiling in her eyes.——

She died by piecemeal. Every day her Cheek grew paler! 'till 'twas marble white—
Twas as a rose, that wilts and dies, because,
Amongst its crimsoned leaves, loathsome worm
Hath coiled itself to fatten on the work Of death.——

She died as die the flowers,—those earlier
Ones that strew the lap of May. Indeed, she
Was a *flower* herself, and lovliest
In the beauteous train, that *erst* had *wreath'd*
The festive hour.——

A chain, of purer stuff than gold, descended
From above, let down by angel hands; the
Pale, meek sufferer, whose strength would scarce
Suffice to pluck a flower, reached after
Those bright, diamond links; & lighter than
A feather's weight, her chastened spirit
Floated up to God!——

The fleecy clouds curled o'er the moon's bright path,
And streamed across the starry isles, like
Snow-white banners waved by angel hands, when
Suffering virtue triumphd over sin—
And, *conquering Death*, scales Heaven's high
Battlements, to plant her flag on all the
Towers of Bliss!—Such victory doth
Befit "the pure in heart."——

Thus, she, who scarce had strength to climb upon
An Angel's hov'ring wing, beat back the hosts
That come from *hell*, like thunder clouds
To mar the beauty of her dying hour!
——No gem that flashes in an angel's crown,
Shone brighter than her full, blue eyes, as in
That glorious hour, the light celestial,
Beamed upon those beautieous orbs.—She gazed
Upon the Heav'nly guide, that waited there,
Beside her couch, to walk with her, thro' Death's
Dark vale.——

——Sweet one! *flower* lost to me; I see
Thy pale, sweet form, in memory's hall!
I hear, again, the lute toned voice that pray'd
For me at Mercy's Throne!——

The voice of yrayer is ever dear; but
Most of all, are those low, mournful tones, that
Come from those we love. And there is, too,
A music Memory hath, that comes up from
The tearful past! * * * *
But mine hath been a grief too *big* for *Little* words. There are *some* wounds that Time
May never heal! * * * *
But I must heed the wooings of her voice;—
Anon, will turn me from the camps of Sin.
My Church and Temple is the sacred Grove—
Some *lonely* spot, befitting prayer.——
There, would I die; and *there* be found,
Her dear name frozen on my lips, my dead
Arms wreath'd around the Cross of Christ!

White Plains, Ala. }
April 1859. } R. E. N.

For the Republican.

The Old Homestead.

By the Author of the "Imitation of the Ranee."

The past! ah what a varied picture
Of happy scenes and forests wild,
And images which had their being
In me when I too was a child.

The lights and shades how trembling, melting,
As now they float before my eyes;
Old Time has only changed the painting,
As sunset does Italian skies.

Long years have passed, yet now I find me
Recalling much that stirred me then;
The meadow trees, the sparkling leaflets,
With memory's hoards are op'd again.

Tha hillside where I oft have sat me;
The brook where musie lulled my ear;
The birds that trilled their joyous warblings
E'en now methinks their notes I hear.

And now the narrow path I'm threading,
As lightly as the boughs that swayed
Above me when in guileless boyhood,
Along my listless feet have strayed.

The oaks, how well do I remember,
Their wide outspreading verdant arms;
And spring is now upon them, bless them,
I wish I could behold their charms.

But other forms are flitting past me,
As now I gaze with secret joy
Upon the level green enclosures,
Where once I played a happy boy.

And other voices now awaken
The slumbering echoes that replied,
Once to my songs which gushed in gladness,
Before the cherished ones had died.

Oh who has not some sacred chamber,
A niche where childhood's joys are kept;
And who when glancing fondly o'er them,
Has not as often fondly wept.

COMPLIMENTARY—G. B. Yuille, Esq—The following resolution was passed the Board of Directors of the Selma & Gulf Railroad Company at their recent session. We publish it with pleasure, believing the compliment contained in it well deserved:

"Resolved. That the thanks of this Board are tendered on their own behalf and on behalf of the company represented by them, Mr. G. B. Yuille and his corps of assistants, collectively and severally for the faithful and efficient services performed by them in surveying the various lines proposed for the Selma and Gulf Railroad.

MELANCHOLY CASE OF DROWNING.—The Pawtucket Gazette gives the following account of the recent sad case of drowning at Blackstone, Mass., already briefly mentioned by telegraph:

"The party were sailing in a flat-bottom skiff boat, on board which they embarked a considerable distance above the dam. Becoming deeply interested in conversation and the scenery in which they were surrounded, they did not notice that the current, which, in Blackstone river being high, was strong, was fast carrying their frail boat to the dam; and the first intimation which they had of danger was when the boat struck the dam. The concussion threw Miss Brown into the river, and she was caught and held by Mr. Thorpe; and another movement of the boat threw Miss Cady out who was also caught by Mr. Thorpe; and all clung to the boat and with it went over the dam, the boat striking on one end, and remaining leaning against the dam in a nearly perpendicular position

The water below being not very deep, they obtained a foothold, and remained by the boat a considerable time; but being so thoroughly wet they were so chilled that they concluded they should become helpless and perish if they remained much longer, and resolved to make an attempt to reach the shore. Mr Thorpe says they all joined hands, and that the ladies in audible voices, committed themselves to God, and implored his acceptance if they failed. The rapid and deepening current, and uneven and uncertain footing, made their progress slow and dangerous.

They at length came to a rock which separated them; and the ladies, who are supposed to have become nearly unconscious and helpless, were swept away and drowned. Mr. Thorpe was fortunate enough to seize hold of a bush, to which he clung until assistance came and rescued him. A woman on the bank of the river saw the danger in which the party were placed, and went for aid

Miss Cady was an only child, about thirty years of age, and a member of the Congregational Church at Blackstone. Miss Brown we knew well. She was an only daughter, about twenty-seven years of age, and a young lady of rare attainments. A paper was found on her person which contained a piece of poetry entitled the "Last Sail," which she read just before entering the boat, on the bank of the stream on which she made *her* last sail. Prophetic indeed.

Miss Brown was a daughter of Rev. Geo. Brown, of Pawtucket. The Worcester Spy says, "Miss Cady was the only child of one of the most respected citizens of Blackstone, the darling and pet of her parents, who had spared no pains in the formation of her intellectual and moral character. She was a general favorite, esteemed and beloved by all who knew her.

☞Miss T known on the turf at Paris as the fair Amazon of Whashington was so brilliant at the races on horse, jet black save a white star on the forehead, that her appearance was hailed everywhere with admiration and applause. A more lovely person cannot be imagined; she guides playfully the most redoutable courser. Belzebub, the name of Miss T.'s horse, is so untameable and ferocious, that no rider can mount him, no groom guide or stall him. He has already killed an Englishman, named Thomas Dixon, who undertook to groom him in the stable. Barer was powerless to tame this terrible animal Three persons only can approach Belzabub, the first is Miss T. herself. To her Belzbeub is as pliant, gentle and affectionate as a King Charles spaniel. He follows her, he fawns on her, and kneels that she may mount him. He neighs when she approaches. He is proud and happy to carry her. He paws, he caracoles, he curvets, he never tries to unset her. He obeys her word without error exhibiting the least impatience. Miss T. reciprocates all the affection which her beautiful horse exhibits, and loves him as a friend. The two other persons who can approach Belzebub, are two young ladies of sixteen and eighteen years, Jenny and Kitty Wilkinson. But Belzebub only suffers them and shows them no attachment. Jenny and Kitty act as grooms to Belzebub; they feed and curry, him and walk him in the morning. Jenny, the youngest of these sisters a slight-looking child whose womanly figure is not yet developed, is dressed as a groom and follows Miss T. every time Miss T. pays visit on horseback, for no other person can hold Belzebub by the bridle when his mistress dismounts. For the rest, Miss T. is a charming young person; and has no need to ride Belzebub to be admired. She is a handsome girl of the happy age, of fresh brilliant healthful looks. Her figure is beautiful, without being slight, she has dark, luxuriant hair, large, flashing black eyes beautiful arms, pure complexion, clear and fair: her chest well rounded her hand small and delicate as that of a princess painted by Velasquez, her foot is neat and very firm her voice clear and sonnorous. She breathes all the life and fire of twenty-one Summers. Add to this that her soul is worthy of this outside—a soul noble and devoted—a heart passionate with generous ideas. She has much elerness and great courage.

This young lady, this American, who brings to her husband a dower of six hundred thousand frances, will soon marry one of the most intelligent of the French generals. She will follow her husband to Italy. She will make what may be facetiously termed her ouptial *campaign*. Belzebub will go along. The soldiers admire this fine woman, and the fine horse.

Sudden Death.—The Wilmington (N. C.) Herald, of the 14th instant, has the following;

A more remarkable case of sudden death we have never seen recorded, than that of Dr. Edward Speed; in Orange county, N. C., on the 17th ult. He was preaching at at a class-meeting, and on closing his address on the necessity of preparation for death, remarked: "Brethren, I am read now." In a few moments he was taken ill, and upon being carried to his residence, died.

Rev. C. Hibbard, writing from Burmah to his father says:—I have used Perry Davis, Vegetable Pain Killer for coughs, colds, summer complaints, burns bruises, and for the sting of scorpions, with uniform success. We always keep it where we can put our hands on it in the dark if need be.

Holloway's Ointment and Pill.—The skin diseases to which the *bon vivant* and man of indolent habits are peculiarly subject, as well as those scorbutic affections caused by a superabundance of salt diet and the hardships and privations of a seaman's life, are readily removed by Holloway's Ointment. The disfiguring blotches pustules, pimples, etc., arising from suppressed perspiration or obstructions in the secretive organs are also immediately obliterate by this purifying and beautifying agent. It has no equal as a means of clearing the complexion and relieving the skin of discolation and excrescences. The Pills, as they carry off all inward impurities, are an important auxilary to the Ointment in such cases.

LYNCHING IN PONTOTOC COUNTY, MISS.—*A Man Hung.*—We have already mentioned that, on Sunday, the 8th inst., the body of Mr. L. E. D. Roberts, a planter, living near Ellistown, in Pontotoc county, Miss., was found perforated with buckshot, and that it was supposed he was assassinated. The Oxford Mercury learns that Mr. Roberts was waylaid, as he was going to church, by a man named Holladay, who shot him and instantly fled. The Mercury says:

The whole neighborhood was aroused to a phrenzy of excitement as soon as the bloody deed became known. Men mounted, on the fleetest horses, scoured the country in every direction for Holladay, and a party struck his trail leading north. They pursued him to Burnesville, in Tischomingo county, where he was captured and brought back to Ellistown. Judge Lynch considered the case a capital offence, and on Saturday evening, 15th inst., Holladay was taken to the scaffold and executed by the citizens.

Our informant describes the excitement attendant upon the execution as being very great. This is the third man executed by mobs in Pontotoc county within the past two years. It seems that Roberts and Holladay, prior to the shooting, had threatened to kill each other on sight, and upon the dead body of Roberts was found two pistols.

OBITUARY.

DIED, on Sunday evening, June 12th, 1859, at her father's residence, AMELIA C., wife of John Cain, and eldest daughter of Col. John D. Hoke and Anna M. Hoke, aged 19 years 10 months and 14 days.

Truly the case of our deceased sister was a most impressive instance of the shortness & uncertainty of human life. Though sick for some weeks, her death was anticipated by few or any of her friends, until a day or two before it happened. It has been a heavy blow to her sorrow. A stricken family, already sorely tried in the furnace of affliction. They had scarcely dried their eyes over the newly made grave of a little lamb, taken away in the budding innocence of childhood, when the angel of death again casts his black wings over their devoted house. This time it was not the young and tender plant which was cut down—but one in the vigor of youth and the blossom of womanhood. A large circle of friends and acquaintances deeply sympathize with the bereaved in their dark hour of distress. This is now the eighth child whose remains they have consigned to the cold tomb. All these we trust, are now bright angels in Paradise. Surely the thought that they have so large a portion of their family resting in the abodes of the blest, should not only be a cause for devout thankfulness, but also a strong incentive for them to press with more eagerness "towards the mark for the prize of the high calling of God in Christ Jesus." May they be sustained under their deep afflictions with that consolation & "peace which the world cannot give." We cannot close this without also expressing the prayer, that the death of the deceased may leave a strong impression upon the hearts of this whole community—and especially upon the younger portion. They who have been the companions of her childhood days, and grown up side by side with her. Truly her decease is a warning lesson to all to be always ready—for "we know not when the master of the house cometh."

DIED in this place on Sunday the 13th inst. GEORGE WALTER, infant son of Mr. Chapel R. and Mrs. Teresa Lester, aged one year and 14 days.

"A little while the beauteous gem
Bloomed on the parent breast;
Ah! then it withered on the stem,
And sought a deeper rest;
And we laid on his gentle frame the sod,
But we knew his spirit had fled to God."

In justice to Davis, Pain Killer, I must say that I never sold an article which gave such universal satisfaction to all who used it. I never kept a medicine which met with such a rapid sale its virtues are the topic of conversation in many places in this vicinity. W. W. ROBERRS, Druggist, La Pert, Ind.

Public Speaking.

The Candidates for the Legislature will address their fellow Citizen at the following times and places.

Tuesday	5th	July	at	Sugar Hill.
Wednesday	6th	"	"	Pine Grove,
Thursday	7th	"	"	Pounds.
Friday	8th	"	"	Muscadime
Saturday	9th	"	"	Fair Play.
Monday	11th	"	"	Rabbit town.
Friday	15th	"	"	Oxford.
Saturday	16th	"	"	Teagues x Roads
Monday	18th	"	"	Phipp's.
Tuesday	19th	"	"	Hertone's
Wednesday	20th	"	"	Ladiga.
Thursday	21th	"	"	Mas Colvins.
Friday	22th	"	"	Peck's Hill
Saturday	23th	"	"	Sulphur Springs
Monday	25th	"	"	Alexandria.
Tuesday	26th	"	"	FolKville
Wednesday	27th	"	"	Maddox's
Thursday	28th	"	"	June Bug.
Friday	29th	"	"	White Plains
Saturday	30th	"	"	Jacksonville.

Speaking to commence at 11. O'clock A. M.

AGENTS WANTED.

WE WANT 50 TO 100 YOUNG MEN WITH a cash capital of from $50 to $1'000 each, to purchase our goods consisting of Watches and Jewelry, and to dispose of them in all the cities and towns throughout the United States and Canadas. Some persons who purchase of us are making from $5'000 to $10'000 per year, selling at auction in the various towns and villages. On the receipt of $1 by mail, we will send a beautiful set of sleeve buttons and studs, and on the receipt of $20 a beautiful gold watch, open face and for $20 a beautiful gold hunting case lever watch; for $10 a hunting case gilt watch, and for $7 a pretty open face silver watch.

Call and examine our goods or send for a catalogue.

STENNETT & GLINES,
(1 month.) 78 Nassau street, New York.

BALTIMORE COMMERCIAL COLLEGE.

Founded 1852. Chartered 1854.

LOCATED

CORNER of BALTIMORE & CHARLES STS., BALTIMORE, MD.

THE LARGEST AND MOST ELEGANTLY FURNISHED COMMERCIAL COLLEGE IN THE U. STATES.

EVERY YOUNG MAN should write immediately for one of those large and beautifully ornamented Circulars, representing the exterior and interior view of the BALTIMORE COMMERCIAL COLLEGE Penmanship, &c., which will be sent by return mail *free of charge*, with Catalogue containing list of Students, terms of tuition, opinions of the Press on our new system of Book keeping, etc.

FACULTY.

E. K. LOSIER, Principal—Lecturer on the Science of Accounts, Business, Customs, etc.
M. PHILIPS, Professor of Book-Keeping and Commercial Calculations.
H. DAVIES, Associate Prof. of Book-keeping.
C. JOHNSON, Professor of Penmanship.
T. WILLIAMS, Esq., Merchantile Law.
Rev. E. Y. REESE, D. D., Commercial Ethics.

TRUSTEES.

Hon. J. P. Kennedy	Hon. Joshua Vansant
Hon. Thomas Swan	W. H. Keighler, Esq.
Jacob Trust, Esq.,	Wm. Knabe, Esq.

The time usually required to complete the course, from 8 to 12 weeks.

Diploma is awarded to all Graduates.

Large Circulars and Catalogues stating terms, &c. sent by mail *free of charge.* Address

E. K. LOSIER, *Baltimore Md.*

January 5, 1859—1y.

CANDIDATES.

We are authorized to announce the following named gentlemen as candidates for the various offices named.

For the Senate.
HON. T. A. WALKER,
DR. X. H. MILLER.

For Representative
Col. THOMAS J. CAVER,
Wm. SCOTT, Esq.
Col Wm. H. FORNEY,
JOHN H. WRIGHT, Esq.
G. C. WHATLEY, Esq.
Wm. F. BUSH, Esq.
Wm. J. INGRAM, Esq.
Wm. J. WILLIS,
Gen. R. G. EARLE.
ELI BYNUM.
ABRAM S. BURNS.
WILLIAM T ARGO.

For Sheriff.
DANIEL T. RYAN,
FIELDING LOVE.
Wm. P. DOWNING.
SPARTAN ALLEN.
JOHN YOE.

For Tax Assessor.
BARTLET OWEN.
THOMAS K. LANGFORD.
F. M. TREADAWAY,
J. R. STEEDLEY.

For Tax Collector.
JAMES MEHARG, Esq.
LOYD TRAYLOR,
Rev. T. P. GWIN.

For County Surveyor.
THOMAS R. MANGHAM,
J. L. WHITESIDE.

STRAYED

FROM the subscriber on the evening of the 6th inst. a sorrel horse six years old, with black main and tail, one white hind foot, with some white spots where the saddle works, he also has a stair in his face.—Said horse was raised in Haralson county Ga. And the probability is that he was making for that point. Any information or the delivery of said horse at my residence will be thankfully received and liberally rewarded.

DR. R. S. JONES.
Blairsville St. Clair County Ala.
June 16, 1859—6t.

THE SECRET INFIRMITIES OF
YOUTH AND MATURITY.
Just Published Gratis, the 25 Thousand.

A FEW WORDS ON THE Rational Treatment, without Medicine, of Spermatarrhea or Local Weakness, Nocturnal Emissions, Genital and Nervous Debility, Premature Decay of the System, Impotency & Impediments to Marriage generally,

BY B. DE LANEY, M. D.

The important fact that the many alarming complaints, originating in the imprudence and solitude of youth, may be easily removed without medicine, is in this small tract, clearly demonstrated; the Author, fully explained, by means of which every one is enabled to cure himself perfectly and at the least possible cost, thereby avoiding all the advertised nostrums of the day.

Sent to any address, gratis and post free in a sealed envelope, by remitting (post paid) two postage stamps to Dr. B. DE LANEY, 88 East 31st Street, New York City.

March 31, 1859—1y.

MOLASSES—30 Bbls of Choice re-boiled Molasses, for sale Cheap by
J. KAHN & Co.

Sugar & Coffee— A Lot just received by
June 9, 1859. J. KAHN & Co.

50 Bbls. Whiskeys, Brandys, and all kinds of Liquors, CHEAPER than can be bought in Nashville or Selma, for sale by J. KAHN & Co.

CANDIES, and all kinds of CONFECTIONARIES, as good an assortment as can be found in any city, for sale by J. KAHN & Co.
June 9, 1859—tf.

AT THE SPRING TERM, 1859, of the *Circuit Court* of Calhoun County Alabama, the following proceedings were had and held, to-wit:

Daniel T. Ryan & John D. Rowland, *vs.* James A. McCampbell. } CAME the Plaintiffs by their Attorney, & moved the Court for an order of publication as to the Defendant—and it appearing, that the suit was commenced by an original Attachment, returnable to this term of the Court against the Defendant, as a non resident.

It is therefore ordered by the Court, that the Clerk cause a notice of the Attachment and levy on the Defendant's property to be advertised four successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said county for four successive weeks, and a copy of the same to be sent by mail to the Defendant.

A true copy from the minutes.
Witness my hand this 7th day of June A. D. 1859.

G. B. DOUTHIT, Clerk

The Defendant, James A. McCampbell will take notice, that the attachment above stated, was levied upon the following property, to-wit: Lot No. 1, in Sec. 16, T 14, R 8, east—one Centre Table, one bed and furniture, one Bureau, one Carriage known as a Rockaway, as the property of Deft. 21st April, 1859.

June 9th 1859.—4t.—$7 50.

AT THE SPRING TERM, 1858 of the *Circuit Court* of Calhoun County, Ala., the following proceedings were had and held, to-wit:

Daniel T. Ryan, *vs.* James A. McCampbell. } CAME the Plaintiff by his Attorney & moved the Court for an order of publication as to the Deft. and it appearing that this suit was commenced by an original attachment, returnable to this Court, against the Defendant as a non resident.

It is therefore considered by the court, that the Clerk cause a notice of the attachment and levy on the Defendant's property to be advertised for four successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said county, and a copy of the same be sent to the Defendant by mail.

A true copy from the minutes.
Witness my hand this 7th day of June. A. D. 1859.

G. B. DOUTHIT, Clerk

The Defendant J A McCampbell will take notice, that the attachment above stated was levied upon the following property, to-wit: Lot No. one in section 16, T 14, R 8 east; one Centre Table, one bed and furniture, one Bureau, one carriage known as a Rockaway, as the property of defendant, 21st Apl, 1859.

June 9th 1859.—4t.—$7 50.

AT THE SPRING TERM, 1859 of the *Circuit Court* of Calhoun County, Alabama, the following proceedings were had and held, to-wit:

John D. Hoke & Bro. *vs.* Amos T. Laird. } CAME the Plffs by their Attorney and moved the court for an order of publication as to the Deft. and it appearing that this suit was commenced by an original attachment against the Defendant as a non resident.

It is therefore ordered by the Court, that the Clerk cause a notice of the Attachment and levy on the Defendant's property, to be advertised for four successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in the county and a copy be sent by mail to defendant.

A true copy from the minutes.
Witness my hand this 7th day of June. A. D. 1859.

G. B. DOUTHIT, Clerk.

The Defendant, A T Laird will take notice, that the attachment above stated was levied upon the following property, to-wit: Lot No. 130 in the old plan of the Town of Jacksonville, as the property of said defendant, on 1st January, 1859.

June 9th, 1859.—4t.—$7 50.

WOOD, EDDY & CO'S.
SINGLE NUMBER LOTTERIES!
CHARTERED BY THE STATE OF GA.
CAPITAL PRIZE
$50,000.
TICKETS ONLY $10!

WOOD, EDDY & Co. Manager,
Successors to S. SWAN & CO.

The following Scheme will be drawn by Wood, Eddy & Co. Managers, of the Sparta Academy Lottery, in each of their Single Number Lotteries for JUNE 1859; at AUGUSTA, Georgia, in public, under the superintendence of Commissioners.

Class 23 draws Saturday, June 4, 1859
" 24 " " " 11,
" 25 " " " 18,
" 26 " " " 25,

ON THE PLAN OF
SINGLE NUMBERS.
50,000 Tickets!
Five Thousand four hundred & 85 Prizes!
NEARLY ONE PRIZE TO
EVERY NINE TICKETS!!
MAGNIFFICENT SCHEME.
TO BE DRAWN
EACH SATURDAY IN JUNE!

1 Prize of	$50,000	1	Prizes of	1,500	
1 "	20,000	50	"	500	
1 "	10,000	100	"	400	
1 "	5,000	100	"	300	
1 "	4,000	100	"	150	
1 "	3,000	100	"	100	

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

4 pri's of $400 apx to	$50,000	Pr is	$1,600
4 " 300 "	20,000	"	1,200
4 " 250 "	10,000	"	1,000
4 " 225 "	5,000	Pr are	900
4 " 200 "	4,000	"	800
4 " 150 "	3,000	"	600
4 " 100 "	1,500	"	400
5,000 " 20 are			100,000

5,485 Prizes amounting to $320,000
Tickets, $10—Halves $5—Quarters $2½

Remember that every prize in the above Scheme is drawn, and payable in full without deduction.

Certificates of Packages will be sold at the following rates which is the risk:

Certificate of Package of	10 Whole Tickets	$80
" "	10 Half "	40
" "	10 Quarter "	20
" "	10 Eighths "	10

SPARTA ACADEMY LOTTERY,
CLASS NO. 935.
Draws Wednesday, June 29th, 1859,
ON THE THREE NUMBER PLAN.
75 Numbes—12 Drawn Ballots.
Nearly one Prize to every two Tickets!
1 Grand Prize of $30,000.

1 Prize of	$19,170	4 Prizes of	$2,000
2 " of	10,000	20 "	1,000
2 " of	8,000	130 "	200
&c.,	&c.	&c.,	&c.

27,814 Prizes Amt'g to $518,190!
Tickets $10; Halves 5; Quarters $2 50.

In Ordering Tickets or Certificates,
Enclose the money to our address for the Tickets ordered, on receipt of which they will be forwarded by first mail.

Purchasers can have tickets ending in any figure they may designate.

The List of Drawn Numbers and Prizes willbe sent to purchsers immediately after the drawing.

Purchasers will please write their signatures plain, and give their Post Office, County and State.

Remember that every Prize is drawn, and payable in full without deduction.

All Prizes of 1,000 and under, paid immediately after the drawing—other Prizes at the usual time of thirty days.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Those who prefer not sending money by mail, can use THE ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY, whereby money for Tickets, in sums of Ten Dollars, and upwards, can be sent us AT OUR RISK & EXPENSE, from any city or town where they have an office. The money and order must be enclosed in a "GOVERNMENT POST OFFICE STAMPED ENVELOPE" or the Express Company cannot receiv them.

All communications strictly confidential.

Address Orders for Tickets or certificates
WOOD, EDDY & Co. Augusta, Geo.
or, WOOD, EDDY & Co. Atlanta, "
or WOOD, EDDY & Co. Wilmington Delaware.

SHERIFF SALES.

BY virtue of one fi. fa. issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun County, and to me directed, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, before the Court house door in the Town of Jacksonville, on the first Monday in July next, the following described land, to-wit: the S W fourth of N E fourth; the N E fourth of S W fourth of Sec. 35, T. 12, R 7. Also, N W fourth of S E fourth & S E fourth of N W fourth Sec. 35, Township 12, R. 7—levied on as the property of defendant to satisfy said fi. fa. in favor of Cook against Hadden.

J. B. FARMER, Shff.
By SPARTAN ALLEN, D. S.
May 26, 1859.—$3 50.

Also, at the same time and place,

BY virtue of one execution issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county and to me directed, I will sell, to the highest bidder for cash, the following land, to-wit; S W 1-4 of S. E. 1-4, Sec. 22, T 14, R. 6; also Fl. Sec. 3, T 15, R 6; also, Fr B in Sec. 3, T. 15, R 6—levied on as the property of defendant, to satisfy said execution in favor of Elston & McCain against N D Willis.

J. B. FARMER, Shff.
By SPARTAN ALLEN, D. S.
May 26, 1859.—$3 50.

Also, at the same time and place,

BY virtue of one order of sale in favor of E C Womack against Josiah T Womack, for the use of William B. Turnipseed, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, the following described land, to-wit: N E 1-4 of N W 1-4 of Sec. 15, T 15, R 7 East, levied on as the property of defendant to satisfy said order of sale.

J. B. FARMER, Shff.
By SPARTAN ALLEN, D.S.
May 26, 1859—$3 50.

Also, at the same time and place,

BY virtue of one order of sale in favor of H Baine vs. Jesse Graham, issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, the following described land, to-wit: the S E 1-4 of S E 1-4 and N 1-2 of N W 1-4 and the S W 1-4 of N E 1-4 of Sec. 23, T 14, R 11, levied on as the property of defendant to satisfy said order of sale.

J. B. FARMER, Shff.
By SPARTAN ALLEN, D.S.
May 26, 1859—$3 50.

Also, at the same time and place,

BY virtue of two orders of sale, issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county, in favor of T L Bowden, use &c M A Ragan vs. John Mackelvania, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, the following described land, to-wit: N E 1-4 of N W 1-4 of Sec. 18, T 16, R 10 east in the Coosa land dist. levied on as the property of defendant to satisfy said order of sale.

J. B. FARMER, Shff.
By SPARTAN ALLEN, D S.
May 26, 1859—$3 50.

Also, at the same time and place,

BY virtue of two orders of sale, issued from the Circuit court of Calhoun county, in favor of A P Wade and Joseph Gladden, vs Russel Parker, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, the following described land; to-wit: the S W 1-4 of N E 1-4 and S E 1-4 of S W 1-4 of Sec. 11, T 14 R 6 east—levied on as the property of defendant to satisfy said orders of sale.

J. B. FARMER, Shff.
By SPARTAN ALLEN, D. S.
May 26, 1859—$3 50

Bolting Cloths.

A FULL assortment of the verybest make for sale by J. D. HOKE & BRO.
Oct 14, 1858.

Boots and Shoes,

SOMETHING superior in quality and finish just received by
Oct. 14. J. D. HOKE & BRO

R. S. NORTON & SON,
DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS,
ROME, GEORGIA,

ARE OFFERING ESPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO BUYERS FROM A DISTANCE

WE are desirous of building up a first *class* DRY GOODS trade with Northern Alabama, by first class—we mean *cash* customers and those who pay *promptly* at maturity. We do not say that we sell lower than any one—but all men who have a grain of common sence, *know* that those who sell on long time are obliged to buy on long time and DO sell at long prices.

We tell every one frankly that money is better than even *short* credit, and that we wish no dealings with any man who pais his debts when he pleases, or at the end of the law.

Our present stock is complete, consisting not only of all classes of

Staple Goods,

But also a much larger assortment of

Fine Dress Goods, MANTILLAS, *Real Laces*, EMBROIDERS, WHITE GOODS, &c.

Than ever before kept this side of Augusta—this is particularly the case with our CURTAIN GOODS assortment, WINDOW SHADES, CORNICE, LACE CURTAINS,
EMBROIDED MUSLIN CURTAINS,
CURTAIN DAMASK'S &c.
WE HAVE ALSO ON HAND AT ALL TIMES
Wall Paper *IN EVERY VARIETY.*

We ask an examination by all who can comply with our terms and feel satisfied that we can make it to their interest to purchase.

Our friends will oblige by telling us who they are *and* where from.

R. S. NORTON & SON.

Rome Ga., May 26, 1859.—1m.

Home Trade.
NEW SPRING & SUMMER
GOODS.
WILLIAMS & ARGOES,

RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of White Plains and surrounding country, that they are now receiving direct from NEW YORK & PHILADELPHIA a large and carefully selected stock of

Staple & Fancy Goods,

Suitable to the season, and embracing every article usually called for, or necessary to supply the wants of the community: among which may be found, the latest and most fashionable styles of

READY MADE CLOTHING,
Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes.
A LARGE LOT OF
OSNABURG & DOMESTIC,
HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.
CHINA GLASS and QUEENSWARE,
PAINTS, OILS and DRUGS,

All of which we will sell to solvent dealers at the shortest profit, either for cash or on the usual time.

We cordially invite all who may wish to purchase Goods, to call and examine our stock. We will make it to their interest to encourage home trade by selling them goods of as good quality and upon as good terms as they can purchase elsewhere; and convince them that they "may go further & fare worse." They will also have in a short time a small stock of *Groceries* for the accommodation of their friends and customers, at low prices.

White Plains, Ala. May 26, 1859.

NEW GOODS.
J. B. & G. H. FORNEY
RESPECTFULLY announce the reception of their splendid stock of
SPRING AND *SUMMER* GOODS.

THE long standing character and appreciated patronage of the house renders an enumeration of the various articles of Merchandise useless.

Feeling grateful to their friends whose ever ready favors have so flatteringly increased their sales, they promise a continuation of strictly courteous and honorable intercourse with them. The public generally are invited to examine their stock. Prompt personal attention given to all orders.

April 28 1859—tf.

STIPES & ROWLAND'S
New Stock of Spring & Summer
GOODS.

CONSISTING of every article usually kept by us. Our Styles are remarkable for their uniform beauty—the prices are out of the range of competition.

We are now opening a select Stock of
READY MADE CLOTHING
IN THE MOST APPROVED STYLES.

We will continually be adding all the Novelties of the season, during the Summer, having made our arrangements to be supplied with New and Fashionable Goods, at any time during the season. We respectfully invite the particular attention of our friends and customes to our present stock.

April 14, 1859.—tf.

SHERIFF SALES.

BY virtue of three orders of sale, issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county, and to me directed, one in favor of Ryan & Rowland vs. J A McCampbell S P Hudson, A Woods & W C Elston, one in favor of same plffs vs W C Elston, W R Hubbard & J A McCampbell, and one in favor of Ryan, Francis & Rowland vs J J Railton, S P Hudson & J A McCampbell, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, before the court house door, in the Town of Jacksonville, Ala on the first Monday in July next, the following described Land, to-wit: Lot No 1, Section 16, Township 14, Range 8, containing 80 acres—levied on as the property of defendants, to satisfy said orders of sale.

J. B. FARMER, Shff.
By SPARTNN ALLEN, D S.
June 2, 1859—$6 00.

ALSO, at the same time and place,

BY virtue of one order of sale issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county and to me directed, in favor of John H Vandiver, vs Berryman Bice, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash; the following described land, to-wit: the S E 1-4 of N W 1-4, and N E 1-4 of N W 1-4 of section 10, T 14, R 6, in the Coosa Land Dist: levied on as the property of deft to satisfy said order of sale.

J. B FARMER, Shff.
By SPARTAN ALLEN, D S.
June 2, 1859—$3 00.

ALSO, by virtue of one fi fa, issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county, and to me directed, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at the house of A Fite, on the 13th day of June inst. seventy-five bushels of Corn. levied on as the property of Marcus L Pinson, to satisfy said fi fa in favor of Asa Skelton.

J. B. FARMER, Shff.
By SPARTAN ALLEN, D S.
June 2, 1859—$1 50.

Notice to Contractors.

Office of Dalton & Gadsden R R Co.
Dalton, Ga. May 27th, 1859.

Proposals for the Gadsden and masonry of the Dalton & Gadsden Rail Road will be received up to the 20th of June next. The work is situated, 11 miles in Whitfield County, 15½ in Gordon, 31 in Floyd and 6 3-4 miles in Polk County. There are some 650,000 cubic Yds. of Earth work and 20,000 yds of masonry to be done.

A seperate bid will be required on each section, the Company reserving the right to reject all bids if none are Satisfactory.

A profile of the work may be seen, and all requisite information with regard to the same may be obtained, at the office of the Campany in Dalton.

Wm WADSWORTH,
Chief Engineer.

June 2, 1859

STATE OF ALABAMA, }
CALHOUN COUNTY. }

Court of Probate for Calhoun County, Ala. Special Term, May 28th A. D. 1859.

THIS day came S. O. Striplin, Guardian of Martha Jenkins, formerly a minor, now of full age, and Frances Barnes, formerly Frances Jenkins, now the wife of John P. Barnes, who is over 21 years of age, and filed his account and vouchers for a final settlement of said estate.

It is ordered by the court that Saturday the 2d day of July next be set for examining, stating and reporting said account, allowing said vouchers, and making said settlement, and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said county, for three successive weeks, prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a Special term of said Court, to be holden at the Court House of said county, on said Saturday the 2nd day of July next, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

Witness, A Woods, Judge of said Court, at office in Jacksonville, on this the 28th day of May, A. D. 1859.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

June 2, 1859.—3t.

C. G. KUHNE,
SADDLE & HARNESS
MANUFACTURER,
AND UPHOLSTERER,
WILL KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND

Between Monroe and Morrow's & Norris and Ware's, a large supply of Spring and other MATRESSES.

ORDERS SOLICITED.

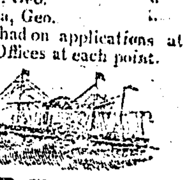
BROAD ST., SELMA, ALA.
Selma, Ala Feb 17, 1859—1y.

JOB WORK
NEATLY EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE

N. YORK & CHARLESTON
Steamship Line,
Through Tickets.

From New Orleans to to N. York,	$39 00
" Mobile to "	35 00
" Montgomery, Ala., "	26 00
" Atlanta, Geo. "	23 00
" Augusta, Geo. "	20 00

Can be had on applications at the Rail Road Ticket Offices at each point.



UNITED STATES MAIL
Stamships through in 48 to 50 Hours.

The new Steamship Columbia 1800 Tons.— M. BERRY, Commander.
NASHVILLE, 1800 Tons. } L. M. MURRY, Commander.
JAMES ADGER, 1500 Tons. } A. ANDREWS, Commander.
MARION, 1500 Tons. } W. J FOSTER, Commander.

LEAVES ADGER'S WHARVES
Every Wednesday & Saturday
AT HIGH WATER.

THESE Steam Ships were built expressly for the Line, and for safety, comfort, & speed, are unrivalled on the coasts. Tables supplied with every luxury.—Attentive and courteous commanders, willensure Travellers of this Line every possible comfort and accommodation—elegant State Room accommodations, Freight or passage, apply to

HENRY MISSROON & CO.
Corner of East Bay and Adger's South Wharf,
Charleston to N. York, Cabin passage $15
Steerage, 8.
March 11, 1859.—1y.

JOINT RESOLUTIONS

Proposing Amendments to the Constitution.

SECTION 1. *Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Alabama in General Assembly convened,* That the following amendments to the Constitution of Alabama are hereby proposed to the people thereof, which, when proposed by two-thirds of each House of the present General Assembly, voted in favor of by a majority of all the citizens of this State voting for representatives, and ratified by two-thirds of each House of the next General Assembly voting thereon, by yeas, and nays, shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution of said State. *Provided,* that said proposed amendments shall at each session, have been read three times on three several days in each House, to wit:

1. Strike out the third section of the third article, & the amendments thereto, as ratified by the General Assembly of the State of Ala. at the session held on the first Monday in December, 1845, and in the first place of said section and said amendment thereto, insert the following: "The representatives shall be chosen biennially, and the election shall take place on the first Monday and the day following in August until otherwise directed by law."

2. Strike out the words "three years," in the twelfth section of the third article and in place thereof insert "four years."

3. Strike out the fourteenth section of the third article, and the amendment thereto, as ratified by the General Assembly of the State of Alabama, at the session held on the first Monday in December, 1845, and in place thereof, insert the following section: "The General Assembly shall hold annual session at times to be fixed by law. The House of Representatives shall at each session choose a Speaker and its other officers and the Senate a President and its other officers; each House shall judge of the qualifications, elections and returns of its own members but a contested election shall be determined in such manner as may be directed by law."

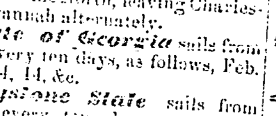
4. Strike out the word "biennial," in the amendment to the eighth section of the fourth article, as ratified by the General Assembly of the State of Alabama, at the session held on the first Monday in December, 1845 and insert in place thereof the word "annual."

SEC. 2. *Be it further resolved,* That all the provisions of chapter seven, title six, part one, of the Code of Alabama, shall be observed by the officers therein named in the election to be held on these proposed amendments to the Constitution, and all the penalties designated in chapter eight of said title, shall be enforced against all persons amenable thereto, for any act of omission or commission relating to the matter herein contained.

SEC. 3. *Be it further resolved,* That the Secretary of State shall cause joint resolutions and proposed amendments to the Constitution to be published at least three months before the next general election in one newspaper published in each of the following places, to wit; Montgomery, Mobile, Tuskaloosa, Huntsville Eufaula, Jacksonville, Florence, Selma and Talladega. Approved, February 8, 1858.

April 21 1859.

For Philadelphia, New York, &c.
FROM
Charleston and Savannah
CABIN PASSAGE $15:::::::::::STEERAGE $5
Excursion Tickets good to return till
Jan'y 1860::::::::$25.



THE well known, first class sidewheel Steamships, *State of Georgia*, Capt. J. J. GARVIN, & *Keystone State*, Capt. C. P. MARSHMAN, now form a *regular* line for the North, leaving Charleston and Savannah alternately.

The *State of Georgia* sails from Savannah every ten days, as follows, Feb. 22d, March 4, 14, &c.

The *Keystone State* sails from Charleston every ten days as follows: Feb. 16th, 26th, March 9th, 19th, &c.

These ships are in strength, speed and accommodations, fully equal to any on the coast. Inland navigation 100 miles on Delaware river and Bay; two nights at sea.

For Niagara Falls, the Lakes & Canada.

SHORTEST AND CHEAPEST ROUTE

This line connects at Philadelphia with the Great Northwestern Railroad Route through to Niagara Falls or Buffalo, in 18 hours from Philadelphia. Through Tickets with the privilege of stopping at Philadelphia and intermediate points, for sale by the Agents in Savannah.

Fare to Niagara or Buffalo, $23. Elmira $21; to Canandaigua, $22.

A. HERON, Jr.
Agent at Philadelphia.
C. A. GREINER, & Co.
Agents at Savannah.
T. S. & T. G. BUDD, *Agents at Charleston.*
Feb. 4, 1859.—1y.

LADIES GOODS.

Such as plain and figured
Barages,
Organdies,
Lawns,
French Jackanetts,
Brilliants,
SILK & SILK LACE MANTILLAS,
And all other kinds of Ladies Dress Goods, at COST.
KAHN & FLEISHL.

N. B. All persons indebted to the firms of Kahn & Bro. & Kahn & Fleishl, are requested to settle immediately, as they are compelled to have money, and must close the business of J. Kahn & Co.

June 2, 1859.

Selma Advertisements.

New Brick Ware-house
M. J. A. KEITH. W. Y. LUNDIE.

THE subscribers (successors to Keith & Spence,) will commence on the first day of September next, doing a general

Warehouse & Commission Business,

In their NEW BRICK WARE-HOUSE, situated at the foot of Water street, at the following rates:

RATES OF STORAGE.

Storage on Cotton for the season,:::::::	25c.
Drayage from Rail Road,:::::::::::::::::	10c.

RATES OF COMMISSION.

For selling Cotton ⅌ bale,::::::::::::::	25c.
Other Produce,:::::::::::::::::::::::::::	5 ⅌ ct.
For Purchasing Goods,::::::::::::::	2½ ⅌ ct.
Advancing Freights,:::::::::::::::::	2½ ⅌ ct.

Particular attention paid to the sale of Cotton, Flour and other produce.

Persons depositing money for the purpose of paying freights will be allowed 8 ⅌ cent interest.

Accounts for freight & storage due when Goods forwarded.

M. J. A. KEITH & CO.
Aug. 16, 1858.—1y.

RAIL ROAD WARE-HOUSE.
W. Y. LUNDIE. M. J. A. KEITH

THE Subscriber having leased from the Ala. & Tenn. R. R. R. Co., their Ware-House, for three years, from the 1st of September next, propose doing a general Storage and Commission Business, at the following rates:

RATES OF STORAGE.

Storage on Cotton till June,	2½c per bale.
Receiving & forwarding goods.	20c per bbl.

If stored over one month 10c additional.

RATES OF COMMISSION.

For selling Cotton per bale,	25c.
Other Produce,	5 per ct.
For purchasing Goods,	2½ " "
Advancing Freights on Goods,	5 " "

No drayage on Goods, charged.

Persons depositing money, for the purpose of paying freight, will be allowed 8 per cent interest.

Accounts for freight and storage, due when goods forwarded,

W. Y. LUNDIE & CO.
Selma, August 19th 1858.

Drugs! Drugs! Drugs!
$$$$$$
Chemicals, Chemicals.

T. H. CUNNINGHAM
Corner Broad and Water Streets,
SELMA, ALA.

HAS now on hand, and shall be constantly receiving, the largest & best selected stock of *DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &c., &c.,* ever offered in this market. Call and price them before you purchase elsewhere, as he knows you cannot find BETTER BARGAINS. His stock of

Paints, Oils, &c.,

is very large, and persons having painting done would do well to call and price. His BRANDIES, WINES, &c., &c., for medical purposes, cannot be beaten in the market for quality.

A large lot of Window Glass, Kyrocene Oil and Lamps. 800 oz. Quinine at $1 75 cash, less by the quantity.

SELMA, Nov 25, 1858.

J. KROUT & CO.,
Wholesale Confectioners
and dealers in fine WINES,
Brandies & Cigars,
BROAD Street, Selma. Ala.

THE Subscribers beg leave to Call the attention of Southern dealers to their Very Large and varied assortment of Fine

Wine, brandy & liquors

of OUR OWN IMPORTATION which will be sold at unprecedented low prices for *"Cash and Cash only."*

We have also connected with our already Complete establishment a Superior Machine, which will manufacture, any quantity of Soda and Butter Crackers which will be sold at New York prices.

We also MANUFACTURE CANDY, in any quantity for shipping at short notice.

In fine we keep every article connected with our business on reasonable terms. Orders from the Country shall have our personal attention.

J. KROUT & Co.
Aug. 19, 1858.—1y.

WARE-HOUSE
AND
Commission Business.

THE SUBSCRIBERS are prepared to carry on the above BUSINESS, in all its branches, with facility and despatch.

Our COTTON WARE-HOUSE, (known as Johnson's Ware-House,) is situated immediately on the River Bank and lying remote from other buildings, run little or no risk from fire: consequently, Insurance can be effected, on COTTON stored there, at the *lowest* rates.

Goods consigned to our care are forwarded to and from Rail Roads free of charge for Drayage.

Cotton Storage for the season,	25c. per bale.
Drayage from Depot,	7c. " "
Coms. for selling Cotton,	50c. " "
" " " Flour	5c. " cent.

Having had long experience in the above business, we tender our services to the public, believing we will be able to give full satisfaction

WILEY & KNOX.
Selma, September 2, 1858.—1y.

W. G. PRIVETT,
WITH
G. C. & A. W. DUNCAN,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL
GROCERS,
AND DEALERS IN
Wines, Liquors & Staple GOODS.
WATER STREET,
SELMA, ALA.
TERMS CASH. Sept. 9, 1858—1y.

J. B. CLARK,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Bookseler & Stationer,
SELMA, ALA.

J. B. C. has constantly on sale, at low prices a large stock of

LAW, MEDICAL, SCHOOL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,
ALSO,

Staple and Fancy Stationery, Extensive and Elegant Variety of Paper Hangings, Cutlery, Gold Pens, Pencils, Music, &c., &c.

Magazines and Periodicals Supplied.

Prompt attention to orders from the Country. Selma, Ala. Aug 9 1858.

B. SELNSBURG,
CONFECTIONARY,
FRUIT AND FAMILY
GROCERY STORE.
(*Opposite P. J. Weaver's*)
BROAD ST., SELMA, ALA.

WILL keep the best of articles constantly on hand, for sale at low prices.

Orders from the country solicited, and accurately and promptly filled.

February 17, 1859—1y.

Selma Advertisements.

SEWING MACHINES.
J. W. BLANDIN,
SELMA, ALABAMA
AGENT FOR
WHEELER & WILSON'S
CELEBRATED
SEWING MACHINES,
PRICES GRATLY REDUCED.
Selma, Feb. 17 1859—1y.

R. VALENTINE & CO.
SADDLE & HARNESS
ESTABLISHMENT,
(OLD POST OFFICE.)
Water St. Selma, Ala.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Saddles,
Harness,
Bridles,
Collars,
Whips, &c.

HAVING permanently located in Selma, and will pay strict attention to all orders, from the surrounding and up country, with promptness and neatness. An invitation is extended to all who are in want of anything in our line to give us a call, as we are confident that they will be satisfied with the quality of our goods as well as prices.

Feb. 17, 1859—1y.

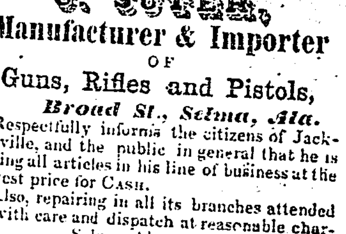
J. N. MONTGOMERY,
DEALER IN ITALIAN & AMERICAN
MARBLE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Calhoun & surrounding country, that he has on hand, the largest assortment of MARBLE ever in the State, and that he is prepared to execute all orders for MONUMENTS, TOMBS, and all other Grave Stones, as well as all kinds of Marble Work.

He is determined that his work shall give satisfaction. His shop is on Broad Street, opposite the store of P. J. WEAVER, where he solicits calls from those desiring work in his line. As he is determined to sell as cheap as any other establishment in the State.

Selma, Ala. Feb. 17 1858.

TO SPORTSMEN & DEALERS!



G. SUTER,
Manufacturer & Importer
OF
Guns, Rifles and Pistols,
Broad St., Selma, Ala.

Respectfully informs the citizens of Jacksonville, and the public in general that he is selling all articles in his line of business at the lowest price for CASH.

Also, repairing in all its branches attended to with care and dispatch at reasonable charges. Selma, Ala., Aug. 19, 1858.—1y.

HARDWARE STORE
SELMA, ALA.
JOHN K. GOODWIN,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
Hardware, Cutlery, Steel, Bar
IRON, NAILS, &c., &c.

IS now receiving from Foreign and Domestic ports, and offers for sale, at the very lowest prices and on liberal terms, one of the largest stocks ever brought to this section, amongst which may be found:

Rogers', Wostenholm and American Table and Pocket Cutlery.
Building Hardware Materials of every variety and kind.
Carpenter's Tools, of the best makes—a large assortment.
Bar Iron—round, square and flat Sweeds English and American.
Hoop, band, sheet and boiler Iron.
Nail, rod and horse shoe Bars.
Plow Steel & Iron, of all widths & thickness.
Cut and Wrought Nails and Spikes.
Hand and Broad Axes. Traces.
Planters' Hoes. of English and American makers. Hollow Ware.
Mill Saws, Circulars & Cross-cut Saws, (Hoe' make)
Belting Cloths. Best Anchor-brand Manilla Rope and Plow Lines.
Gin Gearing; Gum Belting.
Chopping Axes. Grind Stones.

Blacksmith's Materials!

Such as Bellows, Anvils, Vices, Hammers, & Stocks and Dies, &c., &c
Cook, parlor, office, church, and schoolroom Grates, Furnaces, Cauldrons, Ovens, &c.
Corn Shellers Hay Cutters, Grain Cradles.

PLOWS
OF ALL KINDS.

White Lead and Zincs in oil, Window Glass; Oil Putty and Varnish.

ALSO—Agent for the sale of Iron Railing, for cemeteries, verandahs, porticoes, front yards: Iron Doors, Shutters, Mill Gearing, best French Burr Mill Rock. Together with all articles usually kept in Hardware stores—all of which I invite purchasers to examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Selma, Ala., March 3, 1859—1y.

SELMA BOOK STORE,
J. M. WEST,
Bookseller and Stationer,
SELMA, ALA.
A LARGE STOCK OF
BOOKS PAPER, &C.,

Kept constantly on hand & sold very low. Orders by mail solicited, and promptly filled.

Selma, Feb. 17 '59.—1y.

WANTED.

A GOOD industrious Carriage and Wagon Maker Refer to G. R. REINHART.
Gadsden Ala. March 17, 1859.

FURNITURE STORE
Dallas street, Selma, Ala.

The subscriber takes pleasure in informing the public generally that his stock of FURNITURE is quite extensive, and of a superior quality, consisting of

PARLOR, *Dining & Bed-Room*
FURNITURE,
of all qualities and description.

Splendid Piano Forts,

Of a superior tone, a good stock, which will be sold cheaper than the same articles have ever before been sold in Alabama

Metalic Coffins
always on hand, all sizes and styles, ALSO—

Wooden Coffins,

at prices from $2 to $50. To all of which the attention of the public is invited, and which will be sold at unprecedented low prices for cash.

Aug. 19, 1858.—1y. J. J. NORRIS

$363,040 TO BE DISTRIBUTED.

Georgia State Lottery,
On the Plan of Single Numbers.
—for the benefit of the—
MONTICELLO UNION ACADEMY,
OF JASPER COUNTY, GEORGIA.
Authorized by Special Act of Legislature
McKINNEY & CO., Managers.

CAPITAL PRIZE
$60,000.
Fifty Thousand Tickets!
25,828 PRIZES. More than 1 Prize to every two Tickets.
Tickets only $10.
HALVES QUARTERS & EIGHTS IN PROPORTION.
To be drawn each Saturday in June 1859.
CLASS 22 DRAWS ON Saturday, June 4, 1859.
CLASS 23 DRAWS ON Saturday, June 11, 1859.
CLASS 24 DRAWS Saturday, June 18, 1859,
CLASS 25 DRAWS ON Saturday, June 25, 1859,
To be drawn in public under the sworn superintendence of two Commissioners, appointed for that purpose, in the CITY OF SAVANAH GEORGIA.
MAGNIFICENT SCHEME!

1 Prize of	$60,000 is	$60,000
1 "	20,000 is	20,000
1 "	10,000 is	10,000
1 "	5,000 is	5,000
1 "	4,000 is	4,000
1 "	3,000 is	3,000
1 "	2,000 is	2,000
1 "	1,500 is	1,500
1 "	1,000 is	1,000
5 "	1,000 are	5,000
10 "	500 are	5,000
2 "	400 are	800
2 "	300 are	600
2 "	200 are	400
50 "	150 are	7,500
100 "	100 are	10,000
100 "	95 are	9,500
100 "	85 are	8,500

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

4 Pr's of $200 ap'xg to $60,000 prize are		800
4 Pr's of 150 ap'xg to 20,000 prize are		600
4 Pr's of 125 ap'xg to 10,000 prize are		500
4 Pr's of 100 ap'xg to 5,000 prize are		400
8 Pr's of 80 ap'xg to 4,000 prize are		640
8 Pr's of 60 ap'xg to 3,000 prize are		480
8 Pr's of 50 ap'xg to 2,000 prize are		400
8 Pr's of 40 ap'xg to 1,500 prize are		320
400 Prs of 20 ap'xg to 100 prize are		$8000
25,000 Prizes of 8 are		200,000

25,827 Prizes amounting to **$366,040**

WHOLE TICKETS $10, HALVES $5, QUARTERS $2.50.

PLAN OF THE LOTTERY.

The numbers from 1 to 50,000 corresponding with those numbers on the tickets printed on separate slips of paper, are encircled with small tin tubes and placed in one wheel.

The first 350 prizes, similarly printed and encircled, are placed in another wheel.

The wheels are then revolved, and a number is drawn from the wheel of numbers, and at the same time a prize is drawn from the other wheel. The number and prize, drawn out are opened and exhibited to the audience, and registered by the Commissioners: the Prize being placed against the Number drawn. This operation is repeated until the prizes are drawn out.

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.—The two preceding and the two succeeding Numbers to those drawing the first 8 Prizes will be entitled to the 48 Approximation Prizes. For example: if Ticket 11250 draws the $60,000, Prize, those Tickets numbered 11248, 11249 11251, 11252 will each be entitled to $200. If Ticket No. 550 draws the $20,000 Prize those tickets numbered 548, 549, 551, 552. will each be entitled to $150, and so on according to the above scheme.

CERTIFICATES of PACKAGES will be sold at the following rates, which is the risk:

Cert. of Packages of 10 Whole Tickets,		$60
" "	10 Half Tickets	30
" "	10 Qr. Tickets,	15
" "	10 Eighth "	7,50

In ordering Tickets or Certificates.

Enclose the money to our address for the tickets ordered, on receipt of which they will be forwarded by first mail. Purchasers can have tickets ending in any figure they may designate.

The list of drawn numbers and prizes will be sent to purchasers immediately after the drawing.

☞Purchasers will please write their signatures plain, and give their post office, county, and State.

☞Remember that every prize is drawn & payable in full without deduction.

☞All prizes of $1,000 and under paid immediately after the drawing—other prizes at the usual time of 30 days.

All communications strictly confidential.

Address orders for Tickets or Certificates to McKINNEY & CO., Savannah, Ga.

☞A list of the numbers that are drawn from the wheel, with the amount of the prize that each one is entitled to, will be published after every drawing, in the Savannah Daily News. Feb. 19, '59.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, }
CALHOUN COUNTY. }

Court of Probate for Calhoun County Ala. Special Term, May 21, A. D. 1859.

THIS day came Simeon H. Weaver, Administrator of the estate of Lucretia B. Weaver deceased, and filed in court his petition, praying an order of court authorizing him to sell a negro Man named, Bill, belonging to said estate, for distribution. Said Administrator alleges, that Louisa J. Weaver, wife of John L. Weaver, Calvin R. Price, James M. Weaver, Henry C. Weaver, Zacharia T. Weaver and Alexander H. S. Weaver are the children and distributees of said Estate, the said Lucretia J. Weaver and Calvin R. Price are over twenty-one years of age, and reside in Rusk county Texas, the balance all minors, and reside with said Administrator in Calhoun county, Ala

It is ordered by the Court, that Monday the 27th day of June next be set for the hearing of said petition, & that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day as a notice to said distributees of said estate and all others concerned, to be and appear at a Special Term of said Court to be holden at the Court House of said County, on said Monday the 27th day of June, next, and defend against said petition if they think proper.

Witness, A. Woods, Judge of said court, at office on this 21st day of May A. D. 1859.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

May 27—3t.

ROME TO SELMA R. R.
Mail Stage Line.
NEW ARRANGEMENT.

THE Mail Stage leaves Rome daily at 8 o'clock, A. M., via Cave Spring, Jacksonville, Talladega, and Alpine, Ala., of head of Selma Railroad, and arrives at Selma at 2 o'clock P. M., second day—distance 209 miles.

Returning leaves Selma at 8 A. M., and arrives at Rome next day by 6 P. M.

April 28, 1859.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the estate of Lucretia B. Weaver, dec. having been granted to the undersigned on the 14th day of May, A. D. 1859, by the Hon'l A. Woods, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun County. Ala.—Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred—and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment.

May 28, 1859. H. S. WEAVER, Adm.

DO YOU WANT A FIRST RATE
Buggy or Carriage

OF ANY DESCRIPTION, MADE OF THE BEST QUALITY OF HICKORY, at ***LOWER PRICES*** than any other Establishment in the South? If you do, call on

M. L. PALMER,
Rome, Ga.

Where you can also find the celebrated SALADEE PATENT BUGGY, the best plan for the construction of Buggies ever invented. They run lighter, ride easier and last longer than any other Buggy in the world.

Repairing done cheap at short notice. ***All work warranted.***
SILVER PLATING done to order. Rome, Ga. February 3, 1859—1y.

HARDWARE AND IRON.

Iron Bar Steel &c. &c. — Threshers and Horse Powers

A. R. HARPER,
HEAVY DEALER IN
ENGLISH AND AMERICAN HARDWARE,
Old stand of R. T. McCay, Broad Street. Rome, Ga.

THERE is not a single article of Hardware ENUMERATED in any advertisement, or thought of by any person that he does not keep.

HIS GOODS ARE FOR SALE LOW!

No house this side of Augusta can undersell him.
No house this side of Augusta SHALL undersell him.

His connection with his old friends and customers has been extremely pleasant to him. He thanks them for past favors, and most earnestly solicits a continuation of patronage and friendship. To those who have not as yet honored him with their patronage, he asks to call and see him—it may be for their good—at least will do no harm!! Jan. 13 '59—1y.

HARDWARE AND IRON.

STOECKEL TOOK THE PREMIUM!

TOBACCO STORE.

GEORGIA vs. VIRGINIA?

GEO. W. STOECKEL,
BROAD ST., ROME, GEORGIA.

Would respectfully call the attention of Storekeepers, and those using Tobacco in any form, to his well assorted Stock of Segars & Tobacco, having now on hand

A LARGER & BETTER ASSORTMENT THAN EVER KEPT IN CHEROKEE GA

SEGARS, SEGARS.

From 75c to $6 per box, of Havana, German, and American manufacture

CHEWING TOBACCO!

From 20c to $1,25 per lb. I have chewing tobacco at 50c per lb equal to any that is wrapped in tinfoil. Just try it!—and remember the old adage: "All is not gold that glitters;" nor does tin foil INCREASE THE REAL VALUE OF TOBACCO

SMOKING TOBACCO OF ALL KINDS.

A large stock of Burwell's Tobacco now on hand!

VARIETY OF SNUFFS & PIPES!

Some of Burwell's Tobacco, manufactured by me, took the first premium at the Southern Central Agricultural Fair held at Atlanta.

Rome, Georgia, November 25th, 1858—1y.

OUR MOTTO!
Short Profits, and Prompt Payments

THE UNDERSIGNED ARE NOW RECEIVING THEIR

Spring & summer GOODS &c.

And earnestly solicit all their customers, friends, and all persons wishing to buy

Cheap and Substantial GOODS,

To call and examine our STOCK OF GOODS before purchasing elsewhere.

We have purchased our Goods at the lowest figures, and will be satisfied with as small profits as any other men.

Come and examine our Goods, and you will come as near finding every thing that you may want in our Store as any other house in Town—and by the time you get through, we will be sure to make it to your interest to spend a few dollars with us.

We have a handsome stock of

LADIES DRESS GOODS.	FOR GENTLEMEN.
Trimmings, Ribbons, Collars, & Bonnets,	A large and well selected stock of **Readymade Clothing, Hats. Boots and Shoes,**
Kid & Lasting BOOTS, &c.	Saddles Bridles. Harness &c.

HARDWARE & CUTLERY, GLASS & QUEENSWARE, PAINTS DRUGS &c

Jacksonville, April 7, 1859.—3m. SMITH & SELF

Merchant Mills.

The undersigned having taken charge of Maj. J. A. Stevenson's Brick Merchant Mills, 2 miles south of Jacksonville, respectfully informs the public that he has put them in good order and condition to make as much and as good Flour as any Mills in the country. Corn also ground in a manner that cannot fail to please.

ABRAHAM ADERHOLT.

March 10, 1859—tf.

P. S. Also a Splendid SAW MILL in first rate order, at which we can fill bills for LUMBER of every description and variety, of the very best quality, upon short notice.

P. LOUGHERY,
IMPORTER OF
CHINA CROCKERY
AND
GLASS WARE,
24 WATER STREET MOBILE, ALA.

IS prepared to put up merchants and planters orders at as low rates as they can be purchased in New York or Boston, Particular care taken in packing Goods for the Country.

Feb. 24, 1859—1y.

MEDICAL NOTICE.
DRS. WM. & E. W. TREADWELL.

HAVING resumed the practice of MEDICINE in partnership, offer their services to the citizens of Cherokee and Calhoun counties, in the various branches of their profession.

Dr. Wm. Treadwell will remain at his residence near Adams' Ferry; Dr. E. W. Treadwell will reside at Maj. Colvin's, where he may be found at all times when not professionally absent. March 10, 1859

Stockholder's Annual Convention.

OFFICE OF THE ALA. & TENN. R. R. Co. }
Selma, May 18th, 1859. }

THE tenth Annual Convention of the Stockholders of the Alabama and Tennessee River Railroad Company, will convene at Shelby Springs, on Wednesday, the 13th day of July next, for the purpose of electing a President & Board of ten Directors for said Company, for the ensuing year.

The Board are requested to meet at the same place on the Monday previous.

A. M. GOODWIN, Secretary.

May 19, '59.

MERCHANT MILLS.

THE undersigned takes this method to inform his friends and the public generally, that his MILLS, on Tallasseehatchee, five miles west of Jacksonville, are now in excellent running order, that he has two pair of French Burrs now in operation; and that he is prepared to make as good **Flour** and **Meal** as can be made in the up country.

He further informs his friends and old customers, that he has no connection with the Stephenson Mills, advertised over the signature of Abraham Adiholt.

J. A. ADIHOLD.

March 24, 1859.—tf.

BOOK & JOB
Printing.

HAVING a large amount of ornamental & display type, together with the combined materials of the Republican and Sunny South Offices, we are prepared to execute all kinds of Job Work in the most neat and expeditious manner: such as Pamphlets, Handbills, Circulars, Cards, Billheads, Blanks, &c., &c.

We respectfully request our friends not to send their work to distant cities, when they can get it done equally as well at home, and a great deal cheaper.

Great Arrival.
J. FISHER,
Chattanooga, Tenn.

HAS just received the LARGEST and HANDSOMEST Stock of

Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, and Trunks.

ALL are requested to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. Don't forget the place—one door north of O. H. P. Wayne's, Market street, Chattanooga.

JUST RECEIVED,
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S FANCY
STRAW GOODS.

Pedal Bloomer, bullous, Brown Leghorn Bloomers, Drooping Leghorn Bloomers, Mixed straw Equestrian, Mixed straw Wm. Tell, Assorted Dangles Drab do., Brown Dangles Lace trimmed.

Gentlemen's Fashionable Moleskin Hats,
" " Casmere "
" Black " "

Gents' and Boys' Straw Goods, of all styles and qualities, Everett Bell Crowned Hats, M't. Vernon Leghorn Hats, Boys' fancy trimmed Hats, Just received at J. FISHER'S.

mar10, 1859.—6m.

Ladies Dress Goods.

NEWEST styles in Merinos, Cashmers De Lanes, &c. Robes, Side Stripes plain and figured, for sale by

April 7. J. D. HOKE & BRO.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration having been on the 4th day of April A. D. 1859, granted to the undersigned, by the Probate Court of St. Clair County, on the estate of Thos. M. Barker, deceased, late of said county: all persons indebted to said estate, are hereby required to make payment thereof to me, and persons having claims against said estate, must present them within eighteen months or they will be barred. This 12th day of April A D. 1859,

WILLIAM H. ELDRIDGE, *Admr.*

Apr. 21, 1859.—6t.

GROCERIES
AND
CONFECTIONARIES,

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the public, that he has purchased the entire stock of GROCERIES, &c. from G. W. Mathews, on the South-west corner of the public square, and has his arrangements so made, that he will constantly keep a full assortment by the frequent reception of fresh supplies.

The following articles, of superior quality, may always be found, as constituting a part of his supply, and for sale upon the most reasonable terms:

SUGAR AND COFFEE,
SYRUP & MOLASSES,
Candies and Raisins,
Dried Currents & Figs.
CIGARS & TOBACCO,
CHEESE & CRACKERS,
OYSTERS,
SARDINES & MACKEREL
WINES AND LIQUORS

of various descriptions. Together with every other article usually kept in a retail Gorcery Store. To all of which he invites the attention of purchasers, with the assurance that every effort will be used on his part to merit a liberal share of their patronage.

JOHN A. COBB.

Jacksonville, Feb. 10 1859—tf.

CENTRAL HOUSE.

NOW owned by WM. E. KENEDY, has been thoroughly repaired, and is now opened under the management of Mrs M. R. Kennedy and her son Jno. H. Kennedy. It is their intention to make the accommodations acceptable to all who bestow upon the house their patronage. The many fine, well ventilated and furnished rooms, will enable them to accommodate families or gentlemen to their satisfaction. The house is situated in the centre of the business part of the city. The Table shall be as good as any other in the city and every exertion will be made to render guests comfortable.

JOHN H. KENNEDY. Proprietor.

mar10, 1859.—6m.

GROVER & BAKER'S
CELEBRATED
FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.

A New Style. Prices $50.

495 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
11 CAMP ST. NEW ORLEANS.
33 ST. FRANCIS STEET, MOBILE.

These Machines sew from two spools, and from a seam of unequaled strength, beauty, and elasticity, which will NOT rip, even if every fourth stitch be cut. They are unquestionably the best in the market for family use.

☞SEND FOR A CIRCULAR.☜

J. D. HOKE & BRO.
Agents Jacksonville.

New Millinery, Trimming,
AND
VARIETY STORE.

Misses Noble & Stoeckel,

RESPECTFULLY announce to the Public of Rome, and vicinity that they have opened a new Millinery Store in the City Hall Building where all the

Latest & Most Fashionable GOODS

Will be kept constantly on hand. With the experience and ability of the firm they hope to meet with a due share of public patronage.

All are invited to examine their stock.

All work faithfully attended to at reasonable prices.

Give the Philadelphia Millinery Store a call.

MISS JANE NOBLE.
MISS M. C. STOECKEL.

Rome, Ga., November 25, 1858—1y.

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.

H. C. BILLINGS, J. J. THOMPSON.

H. C. BILLINGS & CO.
(*CITY AUCTIONEERS.*)
AUCTION AND COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
—AND—
COLLECTORS,
BROAD ST. SELMA, ALA.

HAVING permanently located in Selma, for the purpose of transacting a General Auction and Commission Business, we respectfully solicit a share of public patronage.

We will receive and sell on commission, either at auction or private sale, (having extensive store room) Dry Goods, Groceries Country Produce, Furniture, either new or second-hand, Horses, Mules and Negroes.

Our terms shall be moderate, and account of sales and payments prompt.

☞Liberal advances made on all consignments in store.

H. C. BILLINGS,
J. J. THOMPSON,

March 3, 1859—1y.

A Word to the Wise is SUFFICIENT.

If not, a Warrant will be.

CIRCUMSTANCES render it imperiously necessary that I collect the amounts due me by note or account, in a short time. I therefore hereby give fair notice to all persons indebted to me, that if they do not pay up within a few weeks, their notes and accounts will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection.

WM. H. FLEMING.

January 13, 1859.—tf.

Howard Association.
PHILADELPHIA.

A benevolent Institution, established by special endowment for the relief of the sick and distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic diseases.

TO all persons afflicted with Sexual Diseases, such as *Spermatorrhea, Seminal weakness, Impotence, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Syphilis,* the Vice of *Onanism,* or *Self abuse, &c., &c.*

The HOWARD ASSOCIATION, in view of the awful destruction of human life, caused by Sexual diseases, and the deceptions practiced upon the unfortunate victims of such diseases by Quacks, several years ago directed their Consulting Surgeon, as a charitable act worthy of their name to open a Dispensary for the treatment of this class of diseases, in all their forms and to give

Medical Advice Gratis

to all persons thus afflicted, who apply by letter, with a description of their condition, age, occupation, habits of life, &c., and in cases of extreme poverty and suffering, to FURNISH MEDICINES FREE OF CHARGE.

It is needless to add that the Association commands the highest Medical skill of the age and will furnish the most approved modern treatment.

The Directors, on a review of the past, feel assured that their labors in this sphere of benevolent effort, have been of great benefit to the afflicted, especially to the young, and they have resolved to devote themselves, with a renewed zeal, to this very important but much despised cause.

Just published, by the Association, a Report on Spermatorrhoea, or Seminal Weakness, the vice of Onanism, Masturbation or Self Abuse and Diseases of the Sexual Organs by the Consulting Surgeon, which will be sent by mail, (in a sealed envelop) FREE OF CHARGE, on the receipt of TWO STAMPS for postage.

Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon Howard Association No. 2 South NINTH Street, Philidelphia, Pa. By order of the Directors.

EZRA D. HEARTWELL, President.
GEO. FAIRCHILD, Secretary.

January 6 1859—1y.

FORT & HARGROVE,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL
GROCERS,
BROAD STREET, ROME, GA.
OPPOSITE PLANTER'S BANK AGENCY.

WILL keep constantly for sale, all kinds of Groceries at the lowest market prices.

Call and examine our stock.

Rome, Ga. May 19 1859—1y.

NOTICE.

I HAVE my **Steam Grist Mills** in operation now and will be able to accommodate my customers and the public immediately. Everything connected with the ***Flouring Mill*** is of the best material, strict attention will be paid to all grain sent to these mills. All foreigners can be accommodated with a comfortable house and lot during their stay at the mills.

JAMES G. NISBET.

Feb. 3 1859.—tf

BAARCKE & KIENCKE
MERCHANT TAILORS,
ROYAL STREET,
Under the Battle House, North of the Entrance
MOBILE, ALA.
February 17, 1859.—1y.

MARIESVILLE
Marble Works,
15 Miles South of Talladega.

25 per cent saved by applying to
J. M. N. B. NIX,
For Tombs or Monuments.
Address at TALLADEGA.
February 24, 1859—1y.

LIVERY STABLE.

J. H. PRIVETT continues his LIVERY STABLE at the old stand, and is prepared at all times to furnish the public with VEHICLES and HORSES, at the following rates:

Horse per day,	$1 00
Buggy "	1 00
Horse and Buggy per day,	2 00
Horses and Hack, "	5 00

Damages to Horses or Vehicles must be settled for by persons hiring them.

Transient persons can have their horses well taken care of at this Stable.

N. B. Persons who hire Horses and Buggies, must not forget to pay up occasionally, as corn is high and a cash article, and if they fail, 25 per cent. will be added. July 1857.

ETOWAH HOUSE,
ROME, GA.
L. P. THOMAS, Proprietor,
(LATE OF EATONTON HOTEL.)

The Stage Offices are kept at this house AND IT IS NEAREST THE DEPOT.

April 21, 1859.

GRAND SPECULATION!

To be determined on the 11th and 25th of each month, from MAY, 1859, until further notice.

Great reduction in Numbers?

Only 10,000 Numbers. 300 Prizes.

Walton Female College LOTTERY.

Chartered by the State, in '56.

Having been appointed by the President & Directors of the Walton Female College Managers of their Lottery Charter, we intend conducting the same on the favorite Havana Plan of Single Numbers, and have located our office in the City of Savannah, Geo. We now offer the following

Favorite Scheme of 10,000 Numbers.

CAPITALS OF
$12,000, $5,000, $2,000 &c.
WM. C. DAWSON & CO, *Managers.*

CLASSES 3 and 4 draw at Savannah, Geo. April 11th and 25th, 1859, at ARMORY HALL, under the sworn superintendance of Commissioners

W. R. Symons, & J. M. Prentiss, Esq's.

PRIZES PAYABLE WITHOUT DEDUCTION.

GRAND SCHEME.

1	Prize of	$12,000 is	$12,000
1	do	5,000 is	5,000
1	do	2,000 is	2,000
3	Prizes of	1,000 are	3,000
5	do	500 are	2,500
6	do	200 are	1,200
83	do	100 are	8,300
100	do	50 are	5,000
100	do	25 are	2,500

300 Prizes amounting to **$41,590**

TICKETS—Wholes $5, H'ves $2.50, Qrs 125

All Prizes paid immediately after the drawing. On the 1st of each month a $10 scheme with a Capital of $50 000 will be drawn, and on the 15th of each month a $5 scheme with a Capital of $30,000 will be drawn. Persons sending money by mail need not fear its being lost. Orders punctually attended to.—Communications strictly confidential. Notes of sound Banks taken at par. Those wishing particular numbers should order immediately. Registered Letters at our risk. Certified copies of the drawing mailed to all purchasers of Tickets immediately after the drawing.

REFERENCES:

Hon. Ovid G. Sparks, Mayor of Macon.—LaRoche & Bell, Savannah, Ga. T. R. Bloom Cotton Factor, Macon, Ga. Farley, Jury & Co New Orleans.

For Tickets, address
W. C. DAWSON & Co., Managers,
SAVANNAH OR MACON, GA.
Or Box D, Number 11, New Orleans, La.

☞Prizes cashed either in Macon or Savannah, Ga., or at No. 80 1-2 St. Charles; between Gravier and Commercial Place, New Orleans La. March 31, 1859.

PICTURES, PICTURES!

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the people of White Plains and vicinity and indeed the people of the entire county of Calhoun, that he has located himself at the Plains, where he is prepared to get up the *finest* pictures—New York to the contrary, notwithstanding! Likenesses taken in all sorts of weather, in from 3 to 5 seconds. Prices moderate. terms cash; or good produce will *sometimes* be taken.

R. E. NEELD.

P. S. Garments of all kinds will be cut out, in the best style, and on short notice. Also, coats and pants made to order.

☞ROOMS, up stairs above Williamson's & Keer's Storehouse. Jan. 6, 1859.

COMMITTED

To the Jail of ST. CLAIR COUNTY, Alabama, a Negro Man, who says his name is **ALBERT,** and that he belongs to Doc. Hunter, of Montgomery, Alabama.

Said boy is about five feet six or eight inches high, a little light colored for a Negro. No marks noticed—about thirty-six or thirty seven years of age.

The owner is hereby notified to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away, or he will be dealt with as the law directs

Ashville, Ala. April 15, 1859.

WM. G. RIGGS,
Jailor of St. Clair County.

April 21, 1859.—tf.

MORRIS' MERCHANT
FLOURING MILLS.

THESE extensive Mills, on Cane Creek, are now in excellent order and in full operation, with abundant water power, and capable of grinding about 500 bushels of Wheat per day, and making flour of as good quality and as much per bushel as any mills in the country. Every effort will be made for the prompt accommodation of customers, by competent correct and experienced Millers.

The best cash price will be paid for Wheat at all times, delivered at the Mill.

Our Flouring Mills on Choccolocco, formerly owned by Wm Mallory, are also now in successful operation, for doing custom or market grinding, at which place wheat will also be purchased, and the best cash price paid—Bring on your Wheat.

E. G. & I. G. MORRIS.

May 12, 1859.

Boots and Shoes,

SOMETHING superior in quality and finish just received by

Oct. 14. J. D. HOKE & BRO.

FARMERS
AND
MECHANICS
LOOK TO
YOUR INTEREST!

All those PERSONS who buy
HARDWARE,

Expecting and intending to pay for it when their accounts are due, I respectfully invite

To Examine my Goods

At Prices below. My object not being to sell more than my share of Goods, but it is to get them into prompt paying hands.

Having settled in Rome

For Life, my object is first to get the confidence of the People and thereby build up a

Trade that will Stick to me,

And my sons after me.

I Mean just what I Say.

EVERY BAR WARRANTED.
Swedes Iron 6¼ cents.
REFINED IRON;

Common sizes Tire 4½c wholesale: 5c retail
" " Round & Square Iron 4½c. wholesale; 5c. retail.

Horse Shoe Iron at wholesale	5¼c:	retail 6
Band Iron; 1-8 to 3 16 in.	" 5¼c:	" 6¼c.
" " 1-4 in.	" 4¾c:	" 5¼c.
Hoop "	" 7	" 8.
Sheet "	" 7	" 8.
Oval "	" 6	" 7
Cast Steel,	" 20	" 22
Blister "	" 10	

Nails, keg, wholesale $5,50, ret'l $6, good Vices, solid box 18c Cotter keyed 12 & 15 Bellows, 50c an inch, (good article.) Axles 8½c. Springs 13c. Borax 45; Shovels (Ames') $1 15, Rowlands $1 00; Axes—S. W. Collins, $1 26, H. Collins, $1 00; Hoyrs $1 25.

Stoves of all kinds and styles—very low.

OSWELL BONES EVE.

Sept. 9, 1858—1y.

CONSOLIDATED
Lotteries of Delaware For June. 1859.

FRANCE, BROADBENTS & Co. Managers.

All drawings under the superintendence of the Lottery Commissioners. Prizes paid soon as drawn

Grand Delaware Lottery
ON THE HAVANA PLAN.
Extra Class Three,

To be drawn in Wilmington, Del. Saturday, June 30, 1859.

25,365 numbers!–50,000 prizes

Prizes paid in full, without deduction.
In these Lotteries every Prize is drawn.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	$50,000
1 prizes of	12,500
2 prizes of	5,000
2 prizes of	2,500
2 prizes of	2,000
2 prizes of	1,000
10 prizes of	800
10 prizes of	600
10 prizes of	400
100 prizes of	100
25,000 prizes of	8

And 212 Approzimations prizes ranging from $20 up to $400.

MAGNIFICENT SCHEME.

GRAND CAPITAL PRIZE $70,000!

Grand Consolidated Lottery of Delaware.

Class N, to be drawn in Wilmington, Delaware Saturday, June, 25, 1859.

SPLENDID SCHEME.

1 Prize	$70,000 is	$70,000
1	25,000	25,000
1	12,550 }	25,100
1	12,550 }	
2	10,000	20,000
4	8,000	32,000
4	5,000	20,000
4	2,500	10'000
10	2,000	20,000
10	1,250	12,500
182	1,000	182,000
66	600	39,600
66	500	33,000
132	200	26,400
132	100	13,200
3,960	40	158,400
25740	20	514,800

30,316 prizes, amt'g to	$1,202,000
Tickets $20; H'ves $10; Qrs. $5; Eighths 250	
A package of 26 whole tickets at $20 costs,	$520
There are 12 drawn ballots, & each bal lot being worth $20, makes	$240
15 per cent off, being	36
Leaves net	204
Leaving risk to the purchaser'	$316

Persons who desire need only remit the risk on a Package, for which we will send a Certificate as follows:

Cer'ate of Package of	26 wholes cost		$300
do	do	26 Halves,	150
do	do	26 Quarters	75
do	do	26 Eights,	37 50

All order addressed to France, Broadents & Co., Wilmington, Del., will meet with prompt attention, and the printed official drawings sent as soon as over.

FRANCE, BROADBENTS & Co.,
April 7, '59. Managers.

Land for Sale.

THE undersigned will offer for sale to the highest bidder, on Tuesday the 12th day of July next, if not sooner disposed of, the Tract of Land on which she now resides, lying on Coosa river, about nine miles below Gadsden, containing 160 acres, a portion cleared and the remainder well timbered, about 50 acres, river bottom, first quality cotton land.—It is watered by a number of fine Springs, and is advantageously situated for stock range.—Persons wishing to purchase would do well to call and examine the place, and for further information, can address a line to Esquire Gilbert 4 miles below Gadsden.

May 12, 1859. ROSANNA HILL.

Wheat Wanted.

FROM **20,000 to 50,000** BUSHELS of Wheat will be purchased by the undersigned, and the best cash prices paid, delivered either at our Mills or Cane Creek or Choccolocco.

E. G. & I. G. MORRIS.

May 12, 1859.

Carpenters Work.

THE undersigned still offers his services to the citizens of Jacksonville and vicinity, in the execution of all kinds of Carpenters work. He will contract for building and furnish materials for the same at the usual rates.

Thankful for past patronage, he hopes to merit and receive a continuance of the same.

He will also put up FURNITURE to order, such as *Wardrobes, Safes, Tables, &c.* He will keep good workmen and may be usually found at his shop on main street, South of the Court-house. Call and make contracts to suit your wishes.

Two or three good, sober industrious workmen can get employment at fair wages on application to him. H. B. JONES.

Jacksonville, May 19. 1859—tf.

Ashville Hotel.
EDWARD GOODE, *Proprietor,*

Has made great improvements in this House; and is now prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with a call. His table is supplied with the best the country affords. March 24, 1859.—6m.

Masonic Notice.

THE 24TH OF JUNE NEXT, will be be celebrate, by Crozier Lodge, No. 78, at White Plains, Ala. by procession, oration public installation of officers &,, Transient brethren and those of neighboring Lodges are respectfully invited to attend.

J. H. BURTON, }
J. B. HAYES, } *Com.*
B. S. EVINS, } *of Inv.*
S. MORGAN, }

May 5, 1859.

ROME
STEAM ENGINE WORKS.

Rome, Georgia.

FOR the manufacture of Locomotives Stationary Engines of any size or pattern according to order.

Rail Road work, Iron bridges & Roofs, Hot Blasts for Furnaces, & Rolling Mill, Castings and Machinery, Housing, Mill Screws, Turning Lathes, Drill Presses, Shafting, &c.

Gas & Water Works erected; all kinds of Machinery repaired. Have always on hand Wrought Iron Steam & Water Pipe, Steam Cocks, Gauges, &c.

CASTINGS OF ANY SIZE.

Iron and Brass castings made to order—have always on hand some of the *best* GIN GEARING in the Country; also Gudgeons, Castings for Horse Power, Thrashing Machines, and a variety of beautiful Patterns of Iron Railing for Railing for Dwellings, Public Buildings, Cemetry Lots, &c.

BOILERS.

Flue Tubular, Locomotive and Cilender Boilers, made & repaird. Water Tanks, Blast Pipes, Gasometers, Wrought Iron Smoke Stacks, &c. Blacksmith work made to order.

MINING MACHINERY.

Cornish Pumping, Engines, Crushers, Lifting and Force Pumps, Pump Rods & Joints, Whim and Whinze Kibbles, Stamp Heads of any required hardness; all kinds of MINER'S TOOLS,—Particular attention is given to this branch of business. Mr James Noble, Sr., who superintends the work, having been a long time in Europe for the purpose of obtaining the latest improvements and drawing of mining work.

Persons in want of Steam Engines will do well to call on us before going elsewhere, we will warrant our Engines to be equal in every particular to the *best* made anywhere, and for simplicity and durability not to be excelled. A list of prices sent on application.

We can make and put up Engines in running order and warrant them, for less than they can be had from Philadelphia or New Bork, none but the best material used in our work. All boilers manufactured at our establishment we will warrant to be of the best No. 1 Penna Charcoal Hammered Iron.

We are now manufacturing a new Iron Cotton Screw with Anti Friction Ball, those who have them prefer them to all others. We invite all in want of a good screw, that will always last to pack any size bale, to examine this.

HAVE ON HAND AND FOR SALE *VERY LOW*

One 30 Horse Engine,
One 15 " "
One 10 " "
Two 8 " "

Also a second hand Locomotive with 6 driving wheels, admirably adapted for a Freight Switch or Construction Engine, has been rebuilt having new fire box and Flues.

Having the largest establishment and machinery of any shop in the State, and as every department is superintended by ourselves we feel confident that we can do work as cheap and equal to any in the United States.

NOBLE BROTHERS & CO.

Dec. 2 1858—1y. *Rome Ga.*

THE GREAT AMBASSADOR OF HEALTH TO ALL MANKIND.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

A BOON TO THE SICK?

The want of a sterling medicinal to meet the ills & necessities of the suffering portion of humanity, and one entirely free from mineral and other deleterious particles, was severely felt till this all powerful medic ne was ushered into the world; HOLLOWAY'S INVALUABLE PILLS have become the HOUSEHOLD REMEDY of all nations. Their attribute is to prevent as well as to cure; they attack the radix or root of the complaint, and thus by removing the hidden cause of disease reinvigorate & restore the drooping energies of the system, assisting nature in her task of vital & functionary reformation.

DYSPEPSIA.

The great scourge of this continent yields quickly to a course of these antiseptic Pills, & the digestive organs are restored to their proper tone; no matter in what hideous shape this hydra of disease exhibits itself, this searching and unerring remedy disperses it from the patient's system.

GENERAL DEBILITY & WEAKNESS.

From whatever cause, lowness of spirits, & all other signs of a diseased liver, & other disorganization of the system, vanish under the eradicating influence of this all powerful antiseptic and detergent remedy.

BILIOUS DISORDERS.

The proper quantum and right condition of the bile is of momentous importance to the health of the human frame, this anti-bilious medicine expels the hidden seeds of the complaint, and renders all the fluids & secretions pure and fluent, cleansing and resuscitating the vital functions of the body.

SICKLY FEMALES.

Should lose no time in trying a few doses of this regulating and renovating remedy, whatever may be their complaint, it can be taken with safety in all periodical and other disorganizations its effects is all but miraculous.

UNREFUTED PROOF.

The testimony of Nations is unanimously borne to the health-giving virtues of his noble remedy, & certificates in every living language bear witness to the undeniableness of their intrinsic worth.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases:

Asthma,	Diarrhoea,
Bowel Complaints,	Dropsy,
Coughs,	Debility,
Colds,	Fever and Ague,
Chest Diseases,	Female Complaints,
Costiveness,	Headaches,
Dyspepsia,	Indigestion,
Influenza,	Stone and Gravel;
Inflamation,	Secondary symptoms,
Inward Weakness,	Venereal Affections
Liver Complaints,	Worms of all kinds,
Lowness of Spirit.	Pile

☞CAUTION!—None are genuine unless the words "*Holloway, New York and London,*" are discernible as a *Water-mark* in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by *holding he leaf to the light.* A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detections of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

Sold at the Manufactories of Prof. Holloway, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggist and Dealers in Medicine throughout the United States and the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents, 63 cents, and $1 each.

☞There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box. April 21, 1859—1y.

TIN SHOP.
FARMER & NESBIT.

ARE prepared to do all sorts of Tin and Sheet Iron work, at the old stand of S. P. Hudson.

They will also keep COOKING STOVES to sell low for the *CASH*.

Still take old pewter and Beaswax in exchange for Tin ware.

FARMER & NESBIT.

Sept. 30 1857—tf.

THE LIVER
INVIGORATOR!
PREPARED BY DR. SANFORD.

COMPOUNDED entirely from GUMS,

IS ONE OF THE BEST PURGATIVE and Liver Medicines now before the public, that acts as a *Cathartic.* It is not only a *Cathartic,* but a *Liver* remedy, acting first on the *Liver* to eject its morbid matter, then on the stomach and bowels to carry off that matter, thus accomplishing two purposes effectually, without any of the painful feelings experienced in the operations of most *Cathartics.* It strengthens the system at the same time that it purges it; and when taken daily in moderate doses, will strengthen and build it up with unusual rapidity.

SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR.

The **Liver** is one of the principal regulators of the human body; and when it performs its functions well, the powers of the system are fully developed. The *stomach* is almost entirely dependent on the healthy action of the *Liver* for the proper performance of its functions; when the stomach is at fault, the bowels are at fault, and the whole system suffers in consequence of one organ—the LIVER—having ceased to do its duty. For the disease of that organ one of the proprietors has made it his study, in a practice of more than twenty years, to find some remedy wherewith to counteract the many derangements to which it is liable.

To prove that this remedy is at last found, any person troubled with liver Complaint, in any of its forms, has but to try a bottle, and conviction is certain.

These Gums remove all morbid or bad matter from the system, supplying in their place a healthy flow of bile, invigorating the stomach, causing food to digest well, purifying the blood, giving tone and health to the whole machinery removing the cause of the disease—effecting a radical cure.

Billious attacks are cured, and what is better, prevented by the occasional use of the LIVER INVIGORATOR.

One dose after eating is sufficient to relieve the stomach & prevent the food from rising & souring.

Only one dose taken before retiring, prevents **Nightmare.**

Only one dose taken at night, loosens the bowels gently, and cures **Costiveness.**

One dose taken after each meal will cure **Dyspepsia.**

☞One dose of two teaspoonfuls will always relieve **Sick Headache.**

One bottle taken for female obstruction removes the cause of the disease, and makes a perfect cure.

Only one dose immediately relieves Cholic, while one dose often repeated is a sure cure for **Cholera Morbus,** and a preventive of **Cholera.**

☞Only one bottle is needed to throw out of the system the effects of medicine after a long sickness.

☞One bottle taken for **Jaundice** removes all sallowness or unnatural color from the skin.

One dose taken a short time before eating gives vigor to the appetite, and makes food digest well.

One dose often repeated cures **Chronic Diarrhoea** in its worst forms, while **Summer** and **Bowel** complaints yield almost to the first dose.

One or two doses cures attacks caused by **Worms** in Children: there is no surer, safer, or speedier remedy in the world, as it *never fails.*

☞A few bottles cures **Dropsy,** by exciting the absorbents.

We take pleasure in recommending this medicine as a preventive for **Fever & Ague, Chill Fever,** and all **Fevers** of a **Bilious TYPE.** It operates with certainty, & thousands are willing to *testify to its wonderful* virtues.

ALL WHO USE IT ARE GIVING THEIR UNANIMOUS TESTIMONY IN ITS FAVOR.

MIX WATER IN THE MOUTH WITH THE INVIGORATOR, AND SWALLOW BOTH TOGETHER.

The Liver Invigorator

IS A SCIENTIFIC MEDICAL DISCOVERY, and is daily working cures, almost too great to believe. It cures as if by magic, *even the first dose giving benefit,* and seldom more than one bottle is required to cure any kind of **Liver Complaint,** from the worst *Jaundice* or *Dyspepsia* to a common *Headache,* all of which are the result of a **Diseased Liver.**

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

DR. SANFORD, Proprietor,
335 Broadway, New York.

Retailed by all Druggist. Sep 9, '58—1y.

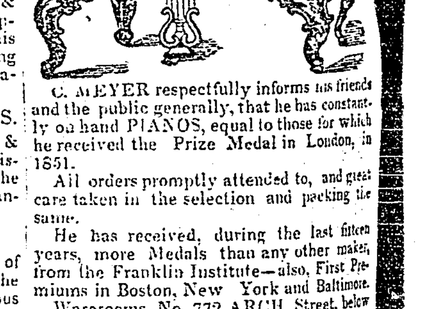
NOTICE.

WE have our Furnace in operation, and can furnish the people with HOLLOW WARE and MACHINERY CASTINGS, at any time. We will also give employment to 25 or 30 men to cut wood, or will give any man or company of men a contract for the cutting of 2,000 Cords Wood for us, provided they will complete the job by the first of March next.

GOODE, MORRIS, & CO.

Morrisville, Calhoun co., Nov. 4—6

THE World's Great Exhibition. PRIZE MEDAL, awarded to C. MEYER, for his two PIANOS, London, October 15, 1851.



C. MEYER respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has constantly on hand PIANOS, equal to those for which he received the Prize Medal in London, in 1851.

All orders promptly attended to, and great care taken in the selection and packing the same.

He has received, during the last fifteen years, more Medals than any other maker, from the Franklin Institute—also, First Premiums in Boston, New York and Baltimore.

Warerooms, No. 772 ARCH Street, below Eighth, South side, PHILADELPHIA.

Dec. 16, 1858.

Cotton Cultivator.

LETTERS PATENT were granted to the undersigned, on the 6th day of July, 1858, for his *improvement* in *Cotton Cultivators;* to which he calls the attention of both Cotton and Corn Cultivators.

The plow will penetrate the ground to *any required depth,* and will pulverise and loosen the soil, and cut off all the weeds. It will mow close to the stalks of cotton or corn, and loosen the soil near the roots without injuring or destroying them. It does not make a furrow, or turn over the soil, but loosens it up and lets it fall back into its place again. It is peculiarly adapted to the cultivation of cotton; and one horse power is sufficient to propel it.

It is believed, as will be seen by the following certificate, that it will save 50 per cent. of labor over the best improvements, and at least 50 per cent. over the common plow.

He believes the cultivator entitled to all he claims for it, and in support of his belief, he calls the readers attention to the subjoined certificate of Messrs. Moragne and Hollingsworth, who are the only persons who have tried the Cultivator. As to its utility no more need be said—TRY IT—its BEST recommendation is ITS USE.

He offers for sale County or State rights at reasonable prices. Address,

ASBERRY SMITH,
Jan. 20, '59—6m. Jacksonville, Ala.

Gadsden, Ala., Jan. 15, 1859.

The undersigned have used the Cotton Cultivator of Asberry Smith, and take pleasure in saying, that is a most excellent plow; superior to any we have ever used in the cultivation of cotton, saves at least 25 per cent. in labor, over any plow we have ever tried, and from 30 to 50 per cent. over the common plow. In the cultivation of young corn it is superior to any we have tried. We take pleasure in recommending it to the public as worthy of patronage, as we believe from actual experiment, it comes fully up to all that is claimed for it.

ISAAC P. MORAGNE,
THOS. HOLLINGSWORTH.

I am personally acquainted with P. Moragne and Thos. Hollingsworth, & I have the utmost confidence in the above statement made by them.

THOS. A. WALKER

Jacksonville Republican.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING BY
J. F. GRANT,
At Two Dollars within the year, or three dollars at the end of the year.
A failure to give notice of a wish to discontinue will be considered an engagement for the next year.

Jacksonville Republican.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER, DEVOTED TO POLITICS, LITERATURE, EDUCATION, MECHANIC ARTS, SCIENCES, AGRICULTURE, GENERAL INTELLIGENCE, THE MARKETS, CURRENCY, AND NEWS OF THE DAY.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
One dollar per square of 12 lines or less for the first insertion, and fifty cents per square for each continuance. Over one square counted as two, &c. Advertisements not marked continued until forbid.
Yearly advertisements, $10 for one square and $5 for each additional square.
Annunciation of Candidates $5. Circulars of Candidates, 50 cents per square.
Interest charged on all accounts from the time they are due.

VOL. 23, NO. 25. JACKSONVILLE, ALA., THURSDAY, JUNE 23, 1859. WHOLE NO. 1175

Law Cards.

A. WOODS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Jacksonville, Alabama.
Will attend promptly to the collection of debts, and all other business entrusted to his care, in the Counties of Benton, Cherokee, DeKalb, St. Clair, Talladega and Randolph.
Special attention given to Pension and Bounty Land Claims. Office in the north East corner of the Court House. Jan. 28, 1858 1y

WILLIAM M. HAMES,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
AND SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY.
Jacksonville, Ala.
☞ Will practice in Benton and adjoining Counties.☜ Dec. 10, 1856.—1y.

JOHN T. HEFLIN. WM. H. FORNEY.
HEFLIN & FORNEY,
Attorneys at Law,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
WILL practice in the Courts of Benton, Cherokee, DeKalb, Randolph, St. Clair, and Talladega Counties. Jan. 1, 1858.

J. H. WRIGHT,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
JACKSONVILLE,
Alabama;
WILL practice in the Courts of Benton, St. Clair, DeKalb, Cherokee, Randolph & Talladega. Feb. 5, 1857.

B. A. BROOKS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
JACKSONVILLE,
Alabama.

M. J. TURNLEY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
AND SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY.
Jacksonville, Ala.
WILL continue to practice in all the Courts in the counties of DeKalb, St. Clair, Cherokee, Benton, Randolph and Talladega; also in the Supreme Court of the State.
Office in the North East corner of the Court House.
Thankful for the kind patronage he has heretofore received, he is determined to deserve the confidence of the public, and trusts he may continue to receive a liberal share of patronage.
March 25, 1857.—1y.

WHATLEY & ELLIS,
HAVE associated themselves in the Practice of the Law.
Office Row, No. 9, Jacksonville, Ala.

J. B. MARTIN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Talladega. Ala.
WILL practice in the Counties of Talladega, 1st Monday in May & Nov.
Calhoun, 3d " in April and Octob.
St. Clair, 1st " in March and Sep
Shelby, 2d " in March and Sept
Cherokee, 2d " after 4th "
Randolph, last " in Feb. and August.
Office on North side of the square, in new brick building up stairs. july 1st '58-1y.

JOHN I. THOMASON. THOMAS HAYDEN
THOMASON. & HAYDEN,
Attorneys at Law,
AND
Solicitors in Chancery,
ASHVILLE, ALA.
WILL pay strict attention to all business entrusted to their care in the counties of Jefferson, Blount, Shelby, Mhrshal, DeKalb, Cherokee, Benton and St. Clair, and in the Supreme Court of the State. Jan. 20, '54.

R. G. EARLE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Jacksonville Ala.
WILL Practice in Benton, Talladega, St. Clair, & Randolph Counties, Ala. ☞Office in the North East Room of the Court House, opposite the office of the Judge of Probate. July 8, 1856.

J. S. PORTER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
—AND—
Solicitor in Chancery.
WETUMPKA ALA.
WILL practice in the Counties of Coosa, Benton, St. Clair, DeKalb and Cherokee.

B. T. POPE
Attorney at Law,
ASHVILLE, ALA

J. W. HOYL,
GROCER
AND DEALER IN
GRAIN AND PRODUCE,
One door above the old stand of the Messrs. Ragsdales, MARKET STREET,
CHATTANOOGA, TENN.
IS receiving, direct from New Orleans, a large stock of Groceries, which will be sold as low as they can be bought in Nashville or Memphis freights added. All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for Groceries. Also, the highest cash prices paid for Corn, Wheat, Dried Fruit, Tallow, Beeswax, Feathers, Furs of all kinds &c. &c.
March 10, 1859.—1y.

NEW MILLINERY STORE!
Chattanooga, Tenn.
MRS. R. HAGAN.
WOULD respectfully announce to the citizens of North Alabama and surrounding country, that she has opened a new and selected assortment of
MILLINERY,
FANCY GOODS & TRIMMINGS,
Bonnets, Ribbons, Laces, Trimmings Fringe, Flowers, and all articles in the Millinery Line.
These goods have been purchased in one of the most fashionable cities in the Union, are of the LATEST STYLE AND FASHION, and cannot fail to please, and which will be sold at small profits for CASH. Call and see.
mar10, 1859.—6m.

Cures Guaranteed.
Piles & Fistula,
Cancers & Scrofula
Strictures, Tumors, Wens,
and all other diseases of the skin
CURED.
PAMPHLETS containing testimonials of the highest character as to his success will be forwarded to any that may wish them.
A three cent stamp must accompany all communications.
Address
J. A. CLOPTON, M. D.
Mar. 3 1859—1y. Huntsville, Ala.

C. C. PORTER
Resident Surgeon Dentist;
Jacksonville: Ala

BLANKS
For Sale at this Office

BOOTS & SHOES
AT WHOLESALE,
R. A. PRINGLE & CO.
177 EAST BAY,
Opporitete the New Custom House,
CHARLESTON, S. C.
WILL keep constantly on hand Boots, Shoes and Brogans, of every variety, suited to the Southern Trade. We will be able to show our friends a much better stock of Ladies and Gents Fine Goods than usual; and for cash or approved paper, will sell as low as the same quantity can be bought from the manufacturers.
Feb. 3, '59. ROBERT A. PRINGLE, CHARLES H. BERRY.

Waggon & Carriage Making Business.
The undersigned is prepared to execute any work in the above named line of business, at his shop in Gadsden, of good materials and in the most neat and durable manner.
Orders for work promptly executed, and prices moderate.
Repairing of every description also done upon short notice.
G. R. REINHART.

RICHARDSON'S
IRISH LINENS,
DAMASKS, DIAPERS, &c.
CONSUMERS of RICHARDSON'S LINENS, and those desirous of obtaining the GENUINE GOODS, should see that the articles they purchase are sealed with the full name of the firm,
RICHARDSON, SONS & OWDEN,
as a guarantee of the soundness and durability of the Goods.
This caution is rendered essentially necessary as large quantities of inferior and defective Linens are prepared; season after season and sealed with the name of RICHARDSON by Irish Houses, who, regardless of the injury thus inflicted alike on the American consumer & the manfactrers of the genuine Goods, will not readily abandon a business so profitable, while purchasers can be imposed on with Goods of a worthless character.
J. BULLOCKE & J. B. LOCKE.
Agents, 36 Church St., N. York.
Sept. 16, 1858—1y.

United States Daily Mail Line
FROM
JACKSONVILLE, Ala. to CHATTANOOGA. Tenn.
Via Goshen, Caloma, Centre, Cedar Bluff, Gaylesville, and Sommerville, Ga.
Divine & Kennedy, Contractors.
Through Tickets from Jacksonville to Chattanooga, $7 00.
The travelling public are respectfully advised that this line is in successful operation, supplied with splendid Four Horse Coaches.
Experienced, attentive and courteous drivers, and good houses on the line will insure passengers on this line every possible comfort and accommodation.
January 3, 1859.—tf.

United States Mail Line.
FROM CUSSETA TO JACKSONVILLE ALABAMA.
(Via LaFayette, Milltown, Louina, Wedowee, Rockdale, Milner, Oaktaskie, Chulafinnie, Cora Grove & White Plains.
THE Contractors of the above line would respectfully notify the travelling public, that they are now running, and will continue to run a four horse coach from Cusseta (on the Montgomery and West Point Railroad) daily, (except Sunday) to Lafayette, Ala. and triweekly the residue in two horse coaches or hacks, leaving Jacksonville on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 6 o'clock, A. M. and arrive at Cusseta the next days in time to connect with the cars reaching Montgomery and Columbus by 9 o'clock P. M. same days. Passengers will find excellent teams and careful drivers, through this line, and have the advantages of daylight travelling.
Fare through—$7 00.
C. STONE & CO., Proprietors.
December 9, 1858.—tf.

LEMUEL MELICAN—dec. *Estate of*
LETTERS of Administration upon the estate of said decedent having been granted to the undersigned, on the 2d day of February 1859, by the Probate Court of St. Clair county, Ala.—notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate, to present the same, within the time allowed by law, or they will be barred.
THOMAS W. GILBERT,
May 19, 1859.—6t. *Admr.*

Tri-Weekly Mail.
WISDOM'S
HACK LINE!
From Jacksonville, Ala., via Gadsden and Guntersville, to Larkinsville on Memphis and Charleston Railroad-Distance 88 miles.
Hacks leave Jacksonville every Monday Wednesday and Friday, at 6 o'clock, A. M. and arrive at Larkinsvill the next day at 11 o'clock, A. M., connecting with the Train from Memphis.
On return, leave Larkinsville every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 11 o'clock, A. M., on the arrival of the Up Train, and arrive at Jacksonville the next day at 5 1-2 o'clock, P. M., making close connection with the Selma Railroad Stage Line. Also connecting with the Hack Line by Wedowee & Lafayette to Cusseta.
The above Lines have been recently fitted up with New Hacks,
GOOD HORSES, AND SOBER, CAREFUL DRIVERS, and no pains will be spared in contributing to the pleasure and convenience of Passengers. The Proprietor gives his personal attention to the superintendance of these Lines, and hopes by meriting to receive a liberal share of public patronage.
JOHN H. WISDOM, *Contractor.*
Feb. 24th 1859.—6m.

DR. C. J. CLARK,
Surgeon & Practicing Physician,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
DR. CLARK will keep consntly on hand a supply of Pure Medicines for his own prescribing and to supply his patrons.
He will also take charge of Negroes suffering from Chronic Diseases, or requiring Surgical treatment, and board and treat them on reasonable terms. Jan. 18, 1859.—1y.

Time! Time is Money.
If you wish your Watches to keep time, call at the old stand, next door to Kahn & Bro. where you will find WM. C. LAND doing business on his own account, who will faithfully endeavor to make watches placed in his care keep time, and use every effort to give satisfaction. TERMS—CASH.
Engraving of every description neatly executed. Jacksonville, May 5, 1859—tf.

C. G. KUHNE,
SADDLE & HARNESS
MANUFACTURER,
AND UPHOLSTERER,
WILL KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND
Between Monroe and Morrow's & Norris and Ware's, a large supply of Spring and other MATRESSES.
☞ORDERS SOLICITED.☜
BROAD ST., SELMA, ALA.
Selma, Ala Feb. 17, 1859—1y.

SOMETHING NEW!!
A Gift Enterprise conducted upon a Liberal and Impartial Plan!!!
Endorsed by the entire Press of the City of Baltimore!
E. H. HOYT & CO'S
GREAT SOUTHERN
GIFT BOOK STORE,
No. 41 Baltimore Street,
BALTIMORE, MD.
Headquarters for Southern & Western Orders.
Write for a Catalogue for 1859,
IT CONTAINS THE
LARGEST LIST of Useful, Ornamental and Valuable Gifts ever Published!
☞GREATER INDUCEMENTS TO AGENTS than ever before offered by any other establishment in the United States.
A Gift worth from Fifty Cents to
One Hundred Dollars,
ACCOMPANIES EVERY BOOK.
Postmasters, Country Merchants, Booksellers, Librarians of Universities, Academies Private and Circulating Libraries, Schools,
And all others whose buisness will enable them, are respectfully solicited to BECOME OUR AGENTS. Any person can by collecting a few clubs, obtain a valuable collection of Books in a short time, without any actual cost save a few moments leisure time.
We have Agents in all parts of the country who besides supplying themselves with valuable Libraries, are REALIZING HANDSOME PROFITS from the sale of Gifts, accompanying their books.
Catalogues giving full particulers mailed free to any address.
WHAT THE PRESS SAY.
They have a magnificent assortment of Books and have prepared themselves with a siamerable elegant Gifts to be distributed among their troupe of friends and customers large.—*Ball Sun.*
Not only a may selection be made of any choice work, but with it the purchaser is sure to receive some article of Jewelry, which in many cases proves quite valuable.—*Ball. Daily Exchange.*
They make no promises that are not performed strictly to the letter, and by thus punctually canceling their obligations have gained the entire confidence of not only our citizens, but the country abroad *Ball. Patriot.*
A young lady acquaintance of ours purchased for $1, a Book at this establishment, a few days since, and received a double cased *Gold Watch, valued at one hundred dollars.—Ball. Clipper.*
The success which attends the Gift Book House of Messrs. H. E. HOYT & Co. has no precedents in the annals of Gift Enterprises.—*Republican and Argus.*
Call and see them, and our word for it you will not regret your visit—*Dispatch, Ball.*
The inducements to the Southern and Western people to make their purchases from Messrs. HOYT & Co. are much greater than can be offered by any house of the kind in the country. Freight from Baltimore to any Southern point is less and the immense order buisness done by this firm is a guarrantee of their fulfilment of all promises.—*Family Journal.*
It is, in a moral, getting books for nothing and being paid to take them away.—*Elevator.*
All orders will be promtly and impartially filled, and forwarded within one day after being received. The Gifts in all cases will accompany the Books with a written certificate to the person sending the order.
Remember no Gifts distributed of less value than 50 cts or more than $100,00
Address
H. E. HOYT & Co
No. 41 Baltimore St Baltimore Md.
April 14. 1859—3m.

NOTICE.
M. K. KIMBRELL still continues the Wagon Making Business, at his old stand, one mile west of Jacksonville. Thankful to his former customers for their liberal patronage, he hopes still to merit a continuance of the same. He will be found ready at all times to execute work in his line with neatness and dispatch, and upon the fairest terms.
Although it has been insinuated by some persons, that he visits Town too frequently, yet he will always be found ready to do business whenever called upon. As he lives at home and boards at the same place,—and generally provides himself with necessaries.
Feb. 3 1859.—6 m.

ARCHITECTURE.
R. STEPHENS,
ARCHITECT & BUILDER,
IS PREPARED TO FURNISH PLANS & drafts for buildings in the most approved styles of Architecture. Also to undertake contracts for building.
Talladega, January, 27, 1859.—1y.

Dr. R. S. EVINS,
RESPECTFULLY tenders his professional services to the citizens of White Plains, Calhoun County, Ala. and surrounding country, in the practice of MEDICINE & SURGERY. His shop is in White Plains, where he may be found when not absent on professional business.
March 16, 1859.—tf.

For Sale.
I will offer for sale to the highest bidder, on the first Monday in August next, in the Town of Jacksonville, the House and Lot where I now reside, containing half an acre—also one likely young Mule, five head of Cattle, and some Household and Kitchen Furniture.
Any of the above articles can be purchased very low before the day of sale.
May 5, 1859. HANNAH STINER.

HOUSE AND SIGN.
PAINTING.
The undersigned offers his services to the citizens of Jacksonville and vicinity: Having followed the business for 10 or 12 years he flatters himself that he will be able to execute work in a manner to please all.
All kinds of marble, granite, and paper hanging, &c., executed in the best style.
JAMES Z BRADY.
March 11, 1857.—tf.

DISSOLUTION.
THE partnership heretofore existing between Driskill & Newman having been dissolved, all persons indebted to said firm are hereby notified to make payment to W. A. Driskill, who is authorised to settle the business of the concern.
DRISKILL & NEWMAN.
N. B. The undersigned still continues the GROCERY BUSINESS, at the same location, where he will keep a good stock of
FAMILY GROCERIES,
and be glad to furnish his friend and customers. W. A. DRISKILL.

BACON.
THE undersigned has on hand and for sale, a large lot of choice Tennessee Bacon.
June 2, '59—4t W. A. DRISKILL.

D. M. FULLENWIDER,
WITH
M'Clure, Thames & Johnson,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL
Grocers,
WATER STREET,
SELMA, ALA.
July 12, 1858.—1y.

POETRY.

I'M WEARY.

I'm weary of sighing, O fain would I rest,
In the far distant land of the pure & the blest,
Where sin can no longer its blandishments spread;
And tears and temptations forever are fled.

I'm weary of hoping where hope is untrue,
As fair, but as fleeting as morning's bright dew;
I long for the land whose blest promise alone,
Is changeless and sure as eternity's throne.

I'm weary of loving what passes away,
The sweetest, the dearest, alas, do not stay;
I long for the land, where those partings are o'er,
And death and the tomb can divide hearts no more.

I'm weary, my Saviour, of grieving thy love,
O, when shall I rest in thy presence above;
I'm weary, but O, never let me repine,
While thy changeless love, and thy promise are mine.

Miscellaneous.

THE QUEEN AT THE OPERA.—A letter from London to the New York Express says of Queen Victoria's visit to the Covent Garden Opera, at the performance of Mr. Wallace's *Maritana:*

On the entrance of Her Majesty there was no demonstration on the part of the audience or the artists. She was quite plainly dressed, in modestly low neck and short sleeves, with a couple of pink roses in her hair; and she took her seat more quietly than most ladies of fashion, who enter the opera house in a blaze of jewelry and jimcrackery. Prince Albert was seated on the right, and next to him the three maids of honor filled the remaining front seats. The Queen and the Prince both seemed to take a lively interest in the performance, following the singers through the *libretto;* but at the same time scanning not only the artists, but the occupants of the boxes, pretty closely through their *lorgnetts.* When the Prince chatted and laughed with the honorable, but by no means dangerous ly beautiful, 'maid' who sat beside him, *his wife* invariably leaned towards them, to catch the joke and join in the laugh. Victoria is, beyond all question, a model wife and mother, as well as a most virtuous and gracious Queen. Her subjects love her so well, that no radical or republican wit dares to caricature or satirize her. Quite different is it with Prince Albert, who is often *Punched,* when the dear little Queen says, in her wife-like affectionateness—*"Why don't they ridicule me instead?"*

THE TOMATO.—Dr. Bennet; a professor of some celebrity, considers the tomato an invaluable article of diet, and ascribes to it very important medical properties; 1. That the tomato is one of the most powerful aperients of the liver and other organ; where calomel is indicated, it is probably one of the most effective and the least harmful remedial agents known to the profession. 2. That a chemical extract will be obtained from it, that will supercede the use of colomel in the cure of disease. 3. That he has successfully treated diarrhoea with this article alone.—4. That when used as an article of diet it is almost a sovereign remedy for dyspepsia & indigestion. 5. That it should be constantly used for daily food; either cooked, raw, or in the form of catsup, it is the most healthy now in use.

The Mountain Meadows Massacre by the Mormons—A Tale of Horror.

The San Francisco Bulletin of April 23d has the following:

One of the dread mysteries of Mormondom which the U. States judges in Utah are endeavoring to unravel, greatly to the consternation of the Saints, is the horrible massacre, at Mountain Meadows, of one hundred emigrants, on their way from Arkansas to California. At the time, we were told that the unfortunate victims fell under the weapons of the Canosh band of Paravant Indians; but various subsequent developments have established the conviction that these were merely tools in the hands of the Mormons themselves. An eye witness of the transaction has been found at last, and we have received from an official source at Salt Lake, a statement of his account of the affair.

The whole fearful truth stands revealed, presenting one of the most shocking cases of cruelty and crime that has ever stained the records of a civilized community. The writer says:

"While I was residing at Cedar City, I was called upon by Messrs. Isaac Hight, John D. Lee, and John Higbee —all three Mormon military officers—to go a few miles out of the city, which I did. There I found thirty or forty others, selected from different settlements. We were addressed by the above officers, who told us that they had sent Canosh, the Paravant Chief, with his warriors, to destroy the Arkansas company, and that if he had not done it we must, and that if any of us refused, or betrayed them to the Americans, that they would take good care of him hereafter. Here we were all ordered on the quick march to the Mountain Meadows, where we found the emigrants, with their wagons formed into two circles, with their families in the midst, trying to defend themselves against the merciless and bloodthirsty savages, who lay around in ambush, killing them as opportunity presented.

"Hight and Lee formed their men into two companies, and made a precipitate rush at the poor defenceless victims. The men inside of the circles rose up, but instantly fell dead or mortally wounded under the fire of the wretches who so cruelly sought their lives. Nothing remained to be done, except to kill the frightened females & their innocent children clasped in their arms. Others clung with desperation to their bleeding, dying husbands, pleading in vain for mercy at the hands of the 'Christians' who controlled the no more savage Indian assailants.

"John D. Lee now sent to the Indian chief and his men in ambush to come out and finish the survivors, directing him to spare only the little children, who could not talk. The savages came instantly, with knives drawn, and speedily finished the bloody work. The scene beggars description. The demoniac yells of the savage monsters, mingled with shrieks and prayers of helpless mothers and daughters, whilst the death blows were dealing with unflinching band, scalps were torn from heads which bloomed with beauty and innocence but a few hours before. Now the work of butchering ended. The murderers threw the dead into two heaps, covered them slightly with earth, and left them "to feed the wolves & birds of prey," and returned home with their booty of cattle, and wagons, & a great quantity of goods," &c.

DOUBLE ELOPEMENT.—*Two men run away with each others wives.*—Evening before last, just before the 8:30 p. m St. Louis train left the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad depot, a well dressed and honest looking man, in company with a fair haired woman, arrived at the station, and wished his baggage checked to the Mound City. While the baggage master was picking out the stranger's baggage, another couple, masculine and feminine, the latter dark haired and black eyed, went up for the same purpose, and were waiting patiently, when the brunette stared at the twain and said: "Why, you are my husband; what are you doing here, and with that hussy too!" applying terms to the blonde more remarkable for intensity than their politeness. So roundly did she abuse her that the blonde could not withhold a very provoking reply, whereupon the brunette leaped at her throat like a tiger, and would have strangled her, perhaps, had not her adversary protected herself resolutely.

Then followed a grand scene. The two females fought after their peculiar fashion energetically tearing each other's clothes and hair, and scratching each other's faces most industriously. Their protectors made no effort to separate them, seeming rather to enjoy the sport; but at last two or three of the railway *attaches* interfered and caused a cessation of hostilities.

The brunette by this time was crying violently, and began to upbraid her husband for deserting her, proving the truth of what Montaigue says of the sex. The husband remarked that he was running off with another man's wife, and she with another woman's husband, and wished to know the difference in their moral depravity.

This was a puzzle to the dark eyed Xantippe, who, by way of answer, said she had always hated her liege lord, and always would hate him.

The blonde then spoke to her husband, the brunette's companion, of his faithlessness, but excused it in consequence of her own, assuring him he need not endeavor to change her purpose, for she would never live with him again.

When the party became cool, they appeared well satisfied with the exchange of wives, and were in favor of continuing the arrangement, although at a loss, for some time, to determine how they had met at the depot.

The couples were neighbors, and the men had for months been enamored of each other's spouses, disliking their own accordingly. The consequence was an elopement on a certain night, which both happened to choose, ignorant of the intention of the other until they met as we have related.

Singular as it may appear, it is actually true, and shows the strangeness of coincidences in many cases in which it seems pre-determined.

The women liked their lovers, but abhorred their husbands; and, therefore, concluded—not unusually, it may be—that they would take what was agreeable to them, and leave the unpleasant part behind.

The husbands were satisfied, and the wives were delighted, and the quartette agreed to go on to St. Louis, and live there in the new relation they had assumed. They had found their "affinity," and were inclined to adhere there, in spite of their husbands, law and fate.

The two couples got on two different cars. The locomotive whistled; the train started, and the droll party passed through the shadows of the night beyond the reach of vision.—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

SINGULAR RUMOR.—Among the rumors of improbable news floating on the political atmosphere is an item copied from the Liverpool Post, to the effect "that the Austrians are trying to provoke the Allies to cross the Ticino and invade Lombardy, and that the crossing of that river by the French will be "the signal for the Austrian troops to march direct on Paris;" that *Russia will then join Austria,* her "consideration" being the ultimate possession of Moldavia and Wallachia; that the crossing of the Ticino will also be considered such an invasion of Austrian territory as will cause Prussia and Germany to take up arms in her support; and that in fact there is a design to form a European league against Napoleon the Third.

There is a coincidence as well in opinion as in name to which credulity attaches in this case, the New York Post placing the same implicit credence in this statement as the Liverpool Post.—Now, it does seem that such a complete game of political cross purposes as this complication supposes surpasses all the plots of which diplomacy has preserved any record in the history of Europe.

1. That the Emperor of Russia should have carried on a scheme of intrigue with Austria, Prussia, &c., for the dethronement of Louis Napoleon, the clues of which should have so completely evaded the sagacity of that monarch.

2. That these Kings and Emperors should have confederated on so deceptious an analogy as the march to Paris after the overthrow of the elder Napoleon supplies. At that time the people of Paris indirectly aided the Allies, for they had become alienated from his rule. Now the very opposite state of things exists. The difference is between that of an odious and a popular government. The whole of Europe in combination could effect as little by the present invasion of France, as it did when, in the flush of national enthusiasm, but with far less military skill and discipline, the French drove the Duke of Brunswick & his legions from their frontiers. The absurdity of the rumor hardly justifies remark, much less elaborate refutation.—*Chas. News.*

A Family Poisoned.

A correspondent, writing to us from Newberry village, South Carolina, says that the family of Mr. ROBERT STEWART, in that village, was poisoned on the morning of the 26th May, by a negro woman. The woman has confessed that she committed the deed, and also states that she was urged to the commission of the act by a white man in that village. The negress and the white man are both in jail, and there is no doubt as to the result of their fate, if public indignation does not anticipate the action of the horrid deed by the most summary vengeance.

Nine of the members of Mr. STEWART's family are reported to us to be prostrated by the effects of the poison, and their recovery is very doubtful.

Startling Disclosures.—The trial of JOHN MCLAUGHLIN, at Chicago, for throwing a train of cars on the Galena and Chicago Rail Road off the track, has disclosed a most daring and diabolical gang of villains, both male and female. The members of the gang are located at Buffalo, Cleveland and Chicago, and it seems they are engaged in murders by all sorts of devices, such as poisoning, arson, and rail road obstruction. Several confidential letters between two female friends in Buffalo and an accomplice in Chicago, disclose the whole matter, and the entire plan of operations. From these it appears that a number of persons have fallen victims to their nefarious schemes, and how many have suffered by others' hands can only be conjectured. This discovery may account in some measure for many of the secret murders by poisons and other means, accidents to rail road trains, &c., that have been so numerous of late.

THE CELTIC RACE. The Celtic race is, like the Saxon, broken up into fragments. The great and leading family of the race is in consolidated, united, all-powerful France. The Gaelic Celt is, if we may so say, the leading clan. Next in point of numbers, is the Hibernian Celt; then the Cymbric or Welsh; and lastly the Caledonian. In the new world there are the Canadian *habitans*—Celtic to the core as when they first left France. In the Free States of Northern America, the Hibernian and Scoto-Celt abounds. Change of government—change of climate—has not altered them. Children of the Mist, even in the clear and broad sunshine of day, they dream of the past—nature's antiquaries. As looking on the darkening future (which they cannot, try not, to scan,) by the banks of the noble Shannon, or listening to the wild roar of the ocean surf as it breaks on the Gizna Briggs, washing the Morockmore, or listlessly wandering by the dark and stormy coast of Dornoch, guant famine behind them—no hopes of to-morrow—cast loose from the miserable patch he held from his ancestry, the dreamy Celt, the seer of second sight, still clinging to the past, exclaims at his parting moment from the horrid land of his birth, "We'll may be return to Lochabler no more."

JUDGE TANEY ON SLAVERY. In the case of the slave Amy, decided a few days since, Chief Justice Taney has furnished a written decision, in which he asserts the following great legal principles touching the institution of slavery in the United States:

1. That slaves are recognized by the Constitution of the United States in the character of persons.

2. That slaves are represented in Congress, as persons.

3. That as persons, they are, in many instances, at least, subject to certain liabilities, and invested with the rights corresponding to those liabilities, in the same way that other persons are.

4. That among these liabilities are those which render them amenable to trial and punishment for crimes and misdemeanors; and among these rights is the right of legal protection against personal injury.

5. That the Constitution of the United States also recognises slaves as property.

6. "As property, the rights of owners are entitled to the protection of the law," i. e. the laws of the United States, enacted by Congress.

STRANGE AND MORE HORRIBLE THAN FICTION.—I learned from a source perfectly reliable, (on Saturday last) while on a visit to the Southwest of the county of Wilcox, that Mr. Davis, a very poor man who resided with his wife and four children in a sparsely settled piney-wood neighborhood in this county, was confined to his bed by a disease threatening his life, and when his two oldest children, (sons) who assisted him in the cultivation of his farm after completing their task on Monday last, went in search of *angelica,* commonly called *Eal-root.* Procuring a large quantity as they supposed, of the root sought, they ate freely of it, and took with them some for the children who remained at home. They also partook of it. The roots proved to be the *deadly hemlock.* In a few hours the two first-named children were taken with convulsions and died. The remaining two who had not eaten so much of the poison, were also seized with convulsion, and become blind and deaf. To add to the horror of the scene, the mother was taken labor, and gave birth to a fifth child. In this situation the family remained until the following Wednesday, no one of the family being able to leave the house and no neighber calling. On Wednesday a passing neighbor called, and found the dead children still in their clothes in which they died and in a state of decomposition. Their condition was soon made known to all in reach. The dead were buried, and the living have been since, properly cared for. The two children who ate the hemlock brought home, are still expected to die. The kindness and attetion of Mr. J. R. Hawthorn to this distressed family, deserves particular notice, and commendation It is to be hoped that this woful providence, will teach parents greater care and watchfulness in the management of their children.—*Camden Republican.*

DON'T USE A CHECK REIN.—The New England *Farmer,* speaking on the subject, says:

Any person whose attention has been called to the subject, and who still persists in the use of a light check rein, ought to have his own head placed in a similar position to that to which he has cruelly subjected the horse. If I were the Grand Sultan, every man who torments his horse with a check rein, should hold his arms at right angles with his body, for an hour at a time, once in twenty-four hours, as long as he continued the check rein. The practice of drawing in the heads of team horses, by means of this pernicious strap, is especially cruel. the horse, in endeavoring to expend his strength, needs the free, natural use of his head and neck. The cramping position now enforced is alike severe and injurious to horses, and in any business, and should be eased off till nature is at free play.

THE NEWSPAPER.

THERE is no book so instructive as the newspaper; no knowledge so necessary to be acquired as that which may be gleaned from its columns. It is not only the vehicle of the cheapest but the most innocent and least cloying source of pleasure and happiness. A newspaper in a family, is sure every week to be the means of interesting, informing or pleasing almost every member of the family, especially where they live in the country, and see and hear but little that is new. In the course of a year, a well conducted paper conveys information on almost every subject, or at least excites curiosity and inquiry on all subjects. To know what is nearest to us in time and space, is most necessary, most pleasing and most instructive; & this kind of knowledge can only be obtained from newspapers We would venture to affirm that there never was, and never will be, in a country situation, an ignorant family who take a newspaper, as it is impossible that a family should not become in time well informed, provided they are sufficiently secluded to be thrown upon the paper as a source of amusement The dullest child who hates a book will, in rainy weather steal up to a newspaper, read a marriage notice and an advertisement or two, and put it down The next time probably he will become bolder and get through "a horrible murder." Soon he will read short tales of fiction; then just before election time, he begins to peep into politics, and even to read political speeches Last of all he attacks foreign news. By this time his curiosity on most subjects is excited, and overcome his aversion and fear of books, and he is lured on to become a reading and well informed man. It is strange that any family, as a measure of economy, should be without a newspaper. Children see the world cheaply at home, in a newspaper, without the danger of bad association or the expense of travel.

THE TERRITORY OF ARIZONA.—The correspondent of St. Louis Republican writes as follows concerning the Territory of Arizona, about which so much has been said within a year or two past:

This Territory is a collection of rugged mountains, rough hills, and sandy gulleys, with a hard rock soil, upon which the rains of heaven rarely descend. The Gila is the most reliable stream in Arizona, but in the summer time comes very near drying up. At ordinary stages the rivers is from six inches to one foot in depth, and from fifteen to twenty five yards wide. The water is clear, but strongly impregnated with alkali—in some places to such an extent as to render the water unfit for use. Between Fort Yuma, and a point one hundred miles from the river, the arable land is occupied by the Pimo villages.

As you ascend the river, the bottoms are narrow, the soil light, sandy, and covered with an almost impalpable dust which nearly chokes the traveler as he journeys along. During the summer the weather is intensely hot, sweltering, nearly insupportable, and the river-water so warm that it is absolutely nauseating. For reptiles of all sorts, tarrantulas, snakes, centipedes, ravenous bugs, and ferocious flies—it is the finest country in the world; and they, combined with the heat, dust, and bad weather, are enough to sicken a person of the Gila in a very short time, and so far have had that effect.

Even if good land and water were abundant the region is isolated, almost inaccessible, traversed by Indians, and, in fact, never can be of any value except for its minerals, if any should be found sufficiently valuable to pay men for risking their lives in one of the most desolate regions of the world. In the winter season, the climate of the Gila valley is extremely cold, with severe frost and biting winds. Of game there is very little; fish are found in the upper waters and tributaries, but they are coarse, flabby, and, in the warm season as soft as mud. Still they are the only fish in Arizona, that is in the streams proper of Arizona. Around Mount Graham there is a little patch of land that might be farmed, but it will probably be needed for an Indian reservation. So much for the Gila river valley, which has been mentioned as a paradise and a garden spot of the world. It is a consummate humbug.

Sixteen White Children Recovered from the Indians.

The Commissioner of Indian Affairs has received the following interesting letter from the Superintendent of Indian Affairs in Utah;

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, (UTAH,)
Great Salt Lake City, May 4, '59.

Sir: I have just returned from a very laborious and difficult trip through the southern portions of this Territory.

I have succeeded in recovering sixteen children, and have them now in my possession. It is said these are all that remain of probably one hundred and forty men, women and children of the Mountain Meadow massacre in September, 1857.

In December last there was a small boy among the Navajos, near the Colorada, in Mexico Territory, who it is supposed, also belonged to this emigrant train. I will allude to this boy in another communication. I was positively assured by the settlers in the neighborhood where I got the children that I have all that were saved. I have good reasons for believing that none of these children have lived among the Indians at all.

These children average from about three to nine and a half years old, are intellectual and good looking, not one mean looking child among them.

I have collected the following particulars in relation to these children:

1st. Calvin, now seven or eight years old; does not remember his name; says they (his family) lived at Horse Head, Johnston County, Arkansas. This boy had father, mother and five brothers older than himself; killed brothers named Henry, James, William and Larkin; and four sisters—Nancy, Mary, and Martha; his father and his mother Matilda. 2d and 3d. Ambrose M. Taggit, now about 7 years old, and Wm. Taggit, now about four-and-a-half years old; the elder boy says they had father, mother and two elder brothers killed. He says they lived in Johnston county, and when they left the States, had a grandfather and grandmother living. 4th. Prudence Anjeline, six years old; and 5th, Annie; had father, mother and two brothers, named James and John, all killed. 6th. A girl about four-and-a-half years old, says her name is Francis Hawn, or Kern. 7th. A boy, now about three years old. I have no account of this boy. Those with whom he lived called him William. 8th. Eliza W. Huff, four years old; 9th. Soprano or Mary Huff, about six years old. 10th. Charles Francher, seven or eight years old; and 11th. Annie, about three-and-a-half years old; had sister. 12th Betsey, about six years old; and 13th., Jane, about four years old; have no account of these. 14th 15th and 16th. Rebecca, Louisa, and Sarah Dunlap. In conversation with these children. I learn that they resided in the same neighborhood; my impression is, principally in Johnston county, Arkansas. I remain, very respectfully, your obedient servant, J. FORNEY,
Superintendent of Indian Affairs.

TALL DAMAGES.—A trial for breach of promise has just been concluded at St. Louis, Missouri, in which Miss. E. C. Carstang was plaintiff, and Henry Shaw, Esq.,—a very wealthy man—defendant. The damage was laid at one hundred thousand dollars, and the jury rendered a verdict for the full amount.

Miss C. is said to be a very beautiful young lady of twenty-five; follows the calling of a milliner, and is the daughter of a now deceased methodist preacher.

The following conclusion of a letter addressed to the "gay deceiver," before the commencement of the trial, which letter was read in evidence, shows that the lady possesed both dignity and good sense. She says:

During our engagement I have avoided general society, and declined the attentions of others, and have endeavored to please you in every way.—Your attentions have been remarked by many, and I am now subjected to all the unhappiness and mortification arising from your desertion of me. Had you called on me as a gentleman, and offered any reasonable excuse for this treatment, or simply asked me to release you from this engagement, and assigned no reason, I trust I should have had too much pride not to have complied at once: but your desertion as it is, deserves whatever punishment the opinion of a just public may visit upon its author; and you may rest assured that if my counsel so advises, such reparation shall be demanded of you as our laws grant to my sex under the circumstances.

Yours, E. C. CARSTANG.

SOLDIERS' LEAVE TAKINGS IN PARIS.——The Paris correspondent of the Boston Traveller writes:

Drunkenness is universal in Paris just now, and encouraged by the Government, because it makes the soldier and conscript forget everything, at a moment when memory is prone to be so busy, and remembrances so painful. The discipline in this particular is entirely relaxed. I have seen company after company move along so drunk that they could scarcely walk. As their guns are taken away from them, and will be given them only when they reach Genoa, there is no danger of their doing damage with their weapons. The strangest scene I saw was at the Lyons railway station, where the troops took their departure. Soldiers of every different arm of service were huddled together. They were without weapons. Each had a well-filled knapsack, on the back of which was strapped a flat cake of brown bread, a foot wide and four inches thick. These were the original dimensions, but many had been curtailed of their proportions until little remained, except a huge slice. The immense space in front of the "departing" station was filled with fellows stretched full length on the ground, sleeping in the sun the fumes of [illegible]

were sergeants busily engaged calling the roll, and loading their men to the cars. There were drunken fellows cramming all their pockets with hard-boiled, red Easter eggs. Many groups were formed by weeping mothers and sisters and fathers and brothers bidding farewell to the loved one. How many of all these I have seen depart will return here again! No scene (believe me, I saw many painful scenes) of all those I saw touched me so near as the parting between a brother and sister—such was their relation, I heard them say. The girl was a seamstress and wore no bonnet, but a neat muslin cap decked with cherry ribbons, which set off her embrowned face with great advantage. I do not think she could have been more than eighteen. Tears streamed down her cheeks. She filled every pocket he had with something or other she bought from the peddlers that hawked eatables around, and when his pockets were full she took a little silk apron she wore and packing it to its utmost capacity, tied it securely and placed it under his arm. When the parting moment came (1000 men were sent off every hour) the poor child hung to her brother as if she would have that second eternal, and bowing her head on his breast, wept silently and bitterly. His lip quivered and tears stood in his eyes. *"He is but GO! GO! depart to, done!"* cried the sergeant. The brother kissed the girl on both cheeks and in a moment was hid by the great door behind which none but soldiers can go. I walked behind the poor girl as she returned home. She lived not far from Notre Dame. She occupied a room in the garret, for I saw her open the window. And sitting near it bury her face in her hands.

Jacksonville Republican.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

June, 22, 1859.

FOR GOVERNOR

A. B. MOORE

OF PERRY.

FOR CONGRESS

J. L. M. CURRY,

OF TALLADEGA.

☞Mr. F. H. GOODWIN, is our authorized Agent, to receive and receipt for subscriptions to the Republican, contract and receipt for advertising, &c.

Our friends and patrons will confer a favor upon us, which will be gratefully appreciated, by affording him every facility in their power, in the transaction of business.

The letter we published in our last paper, from Shelby Springs, contained several items of more than usual interest to the stockholders and friends of our railroad. We intended to refer more particularly to these things in our last, but in the press of business deferred it.

In the letter referred to it is stated that the gross earnings of the road last year, amounted to $158,128 83. This fact must be highly gratifying and encouraging to the stockholders. By the first of September the road will be finished to Talladega, and as soon thereafter as practicable, continued still further on up this way; and we think it may be safely calculated that the receipts for the next year will considerably exceed $200,000.

The lands set apart to this road, by the Commissioner of the General land Office, under the donation act of Congress of 5th June, 1850, amount to 415,659 acres. Fee simple titles and descriptive lists of these lands have been forwarded to the Governor, and the Board of Directors have passed a resolution allowing a pre-emption and preference to actual settlers, when they are offered for sale. This removes one of the most plausible objections to the donation of lands to rail roads; and the magnanimity and liberality of the resolution is said to be without a parallel in their history.

☞The mail service from Montgomery to this place, and thence to Rome, Ga., heretofore performed by Powell & Hutchinson, we learn is now in the hands of Divine & Kennedy, by special contract, the former Contractors having resigned. For a few days we may expect some irregularity in the mails, but this energetic company will soon have the routes in full operation, both for travelling and mail facilities. If their efforts are continued for the benefit and accommodation of this County and Talladega, as they are on the Chattanooga road, we may look out for fine horses, splendid coaches and accommodating drivers.

The schedule on the lower route will probably be the same. The change of running from this place to Rome via Cedar Bluff, was in a manner unlooked for; yet we are informed the time and fare will be about the same to Rome, and the offices on the other route be supplied tri weekly. The mails will be received at Rome, the same as heretofore, the only difference being that Cross Plains to Cave Spring.

Stockholders' Annual Convention.

We have been publishing for some time, the notice of the time and place of holding the annual convention of stockholders of the Ala. & Tenn. R. R. Road, intending at the proper time to call especial attention to the importance of the meeting. It will take place at Shelby Springs, on Wednesday the 13th day of July, which is now near at hand. The chief business will be the election of a President and Board of ten Directors; but there will be other matters of vital interest to the stockholders, about which some action may be taken; among others, the disposition of the lands granted by Congress, amounting to over 400,000 acres. It is, very desirable that there should be a full attendance of stockholders, and a full & free exchange of opinion, and expression of wishes. The Directors can act with much more promptitude, when aware of the sentiments and wishes of the stockholders, who have a right to control in all important matters of interest to the road; and it is very unfair for them to stay away and withold the benefit of their advice and expression of opinions, and then complain of the action of the Board.

Those who cannot attend, may find blank proxies for their signatures, by which their stock can be represented, in the election of officers, at the Store of Messrs. J. B. & G. H. Forney, and other Stores and business houses in the place.

☞We learn that in some portions of the State dissatisfaction exists, in consequence of the failure of the Post Master General to accept the bids for, and put service upon, the mail routes established by the last Congress. Temporary inconvenience and disappointment have of course to be borne, but no just censure attacks to the department or our members; as the Post Office appropriation bill failed mainly on account of Black Republican opposition and factiousness. As so much complaint has been expressed by the excessive expenditures over the receipts it would hardly be expected that the department would take the responsibility of contracting new debts, for the payment of which no means were provided. We presume, that very early in December next, an appropriation Bill will be hurried through Congress, and then the wheels of the machinery will be greased, and under the more general of the very able and efficient Postmaster General, every thing will move on satisfactorily.

☞We acknowledge, on the part of our better half, the receipt of a nice present from Mrs. Crow of large onions—some of them measuring one foot in circumference, the largest of the season.

☞We have received a request from Hon. E. G. Richards, Pres't to publish the report of the Lafayette Branch R. R. from Opelika to Oaka Lia tis Co., which we would most cheerfully do; but the paper referred to as containing the report, has not been received. will those desiring its publication please send us another copy.

PROBATE JUDGE OF ST. CLAIR.—T. S. Ivey, who was elected Probate Judge of St. Clair County, on the 1st Monday in May last, has since resigned, to come nearer his holding the office of Tax Collector at the same time.

Gov. Moore has since appointed J. W. Inzer, Esq. a resident Attorney of Ashville, to fill the vacancy. Mr. Inzer is well qualified for the station, and will no doubt discharge the duties of the office with ability and fidelity.

☞Our acknowledgments are due, and our sincere thanks tendered to the Clerk of Western District of Blount County, for complimentary subscription and a bill of the Circuit Court of that County, for publishing the proceedings of the Court in our midst.

We have another letter from Mr. Vansandt, dated at the Coosa Copper Mines, for which we have not room in this paper in which he says that we have as good Copper mines in Alabama, as at Ducktown, Tennessee, or any where else in the South-west, and in fact larger veins, than any where from the Alabama River to Virginia. These facts he has arrived at after an investigation of five years; but asks no man to take his word alone, but to come and examine for themselves, and bring competent mineralogists with them. An investigation of the subject, fair and impartial, is that for which he feels the greatest anxiety.

Important Will Case.

An important case has been on trial, before his Honor A. Woods, Judge of Probate of this County, for a week past. The case was that of the will of Joseph Gladden, dec. presented for probate by the Executor. James A. Gladden, and contested by a number of heirs at law from different States. Messrs Heflin & Forney of this place, and Alex White, of Selma, and Parsons of Talladega, were the Attorneys for the will, and Messrs. Whatley & Ellis of this place & Gen. James B. Martin, of Talladega, against it. The estate conveyed by the will is estimated at 45 or $50,000. At the time our paper goes to press, the jury have not returned their verdict.

P. S. Since a part of our papers were printed, the jury have decided against the will.

The following letter has been on hand for some time, but its publication deferred on account of a crowd of other matter. As it contains information on subjects of interest to a large number of our reader, we still give it a place.

RICHMOND, May the 5th 1859.

My Dear Republican—Having just arrived here, and thinking over the scenes of the way, have thought perhaps it might not be amiss, to communicate a few of them to the reading public through the column of your valuable paper. I left Jacksonville on Monday the 2nd day of May, en route for this place, in the Stage in company with Elder J. J. D. Renfro, of Talladega. We came on to Cave Spring, there we were joined by Elder William Newton of that place. We arrived in due time in Rome and were received and treated very kindly by the proprietor of the Etowah House; and just here let me call the attention of all who may call in Rome, and wish refreshment, they would do well for themselves to give this House a trial, as they can fare well for the one half the money they pay in other Houses in that place. On Tuesday we sat out afresh for Richmond, Col. Trout of Cave Spring, in company with us.

Mr. Editor it would be out of the question for me to record all that we saw by the way, but shall only speak of the most important events as they transpired. We arrived on that day at the Huson House in Kingston Ga which I think has merit for all, it will ask and would bespeak for it a large share of the traveling public. Thence we came up to Dalton. There we met with Brethren Graves, Pendleton, & Dayton, of Nashville, Tenn., and many others of whom we cannot now speak.

We arrived in this place this morning early, a distance of some six hundred and fifty miles, which we made in two days and nights.

The roads are in fine repair, as well as the rolling stock. I find East Tenn. and Virginia in a high state of cultivation. Their citizens intelligent and quite accommodating in every repect. It is delightful to look upon their rich lands in these sections of country.—They have such fine meadows. They also raise such a variety of fine stock of all kinds. They have abounded in this and other enterprises that the most have become wealthy. In looking this long line of Rail Roads, it but impresses me more and more with the necessity of the early completion, as well as the extention of the Jacksonville and Dalton Rail Roads and here let me remark that it is no longer a question of doubt, but one of fact in reference to those roads. The Stock has been all taken to secure the charter, and I have no fears but the work will be commenced. Surely the good people of Calhoun County will have an eye to this thing when they go to cast their votes for members to represent their best interest in our next Legislature for the early completion of those roads, depends very much upon the action of the next Legislature. The 2 & 3 per cent. fund we must have we mean we wish only to borrow it, we do not ask State aid in any other way. You very well know Mr. Editor, this is the true policy.

Our Convention will meet to-morrow morning, we have quite a number in attendance much larger than was ever seen in connection with this body.

[illegible] Our convention was organized this morning by the election of Dr. Boyd of Nashville, Tennessee, President, and this may not [illegible] and for the benefit of such I would just say, you will recollect that Dr. Howell had been President for the last eight years, and it was said by all that [illegible] Nashville difficult. [illegible] of the convention entirely and if they did not vote for Howell it would be a [illegible] and end with the other party in Nashville. And in view of all things and wishing to do for the best, it was suggested by his friends among themselves, to elect him and for him to decline the honor proposed him. The reader may wish the proof of these statements? I answer, that I was told them by those who knew the facts in the case as they did exist; and not only [illegible] but when it was announced that Brother [illegible] had [illegible] votes polled 1541 which had given him 2—3 [illegible] votes more than necessary for his election. [illegible] up and read [illegible] which he had previously written, and [illegible] with the expectation that he would be elected. All these facts [illegible] so much so that the speaker when put [illegible] may account for his election. The Convention then elected Dr. Baker of Baltimore President, and to day session closed with the appearance of a harmonious meeting. Richmond is quite a city, with a population of some [illegible] inhabitants.

I believe I have answered a more than [illegible] in Richmond. I [illegible] I can tell for myself more than I can now write.

Yours &c. respectfully,

A. E. VANDIVERE.

MORMON HORRORS.—The last Overland Mail brought us the Salt Lake City Valley Tan of the 19th ult., which is partly devoted to the evidence elicited before Judge Cradlebaugh, in his examination into the crimes in his district. The murders found to have been committed by the Mormons are horrible. The Valley Tan says:

Cutting off throats is the prescribed mode of murder by which the victims of ecclesiastical mercy (?) are invariably sacrificed, and is the penalty attached to the violation of the oaths in the first degree of the mysterious and terrible endowment ceremonies. The penalty attached to the violation of the oath in the second endowment degree is to have the throat cut and the heart plucked out, with most agonizing details. In the third or last degree in addition to the above, the most horrible mutilation of the body, the ripping across of the navel and the tearing manner, are the prescribed penalties of violation of the terrible secret of Mormonism.

Telegraphic.

ARRIVAL OF THE

NORTH BRITON

COTTON ADVANCED.

Provisions Declined—Breadstuffs Steady.

QUEBEC, June 11.—The steamship North Britton has arrived at this port, from Liverpool.

The sales of cotton for the three days previous to her departure amounted to 28,000 bales. Prices had advanced 1-16 to ⅛d., on better grades.

Breadstuffs declining. Provisions steady.

Consols 93¼ to 93⅝.

Political news unimportant.

Further by the North Britain

The Sardinians forced the passage of the Sesia in the face of the Austrians fortified at Palastro, and after a severe conflict carried the city and took many prisoners. The Sardinians were under the immediate command of Victor Emanuel.

Gen. Garibaldi was still creating a sensation in the North, but it was rumored that he had met with a defeat with a superior force, and was retreating into Tessin in Switzerland. The rumor, however, lacks confirmation, as Turin dispatches say he was making further progress.

The Emperor Napoleon was about removing his headquarters to Casale.

The Austrians had occupied Casale with a considerable force.

It was reported at Paris that as soon as the *French enter Milan, England* and Prussia will jointly make strenuous efforts to end the war.

There had been a fight at Florence between English and American sailors, on account of the latter wearing Tricolor rosettes.

Parliament met on 31st May.

The English funds were buoyant and advancing.

It was rumored at Paris that the Emperor Napoleon will return to France in August.

Heavy Shipments of artillery and siege materials continue.

The Paris Bourse was buoyant, and the three per cents had advanced upwards of one per cent.

The Military committee of the German Diet had approved a motion to place an army of observation on the Rhine.

Further by the Africa.

NEW YORK, June 9.—Baring & Bros. in their London Circular, report the sugar market heavy at from 6d to 1s decline. Tea firm. Spirits of Turpentine heavy and declining.

Three per cents on the Paris Bourse advanced ¼ per cent. on Friday.

The London Times says there was a report that Monsieur Bernadilly (?) was about to leave Paris on an extraordinary commission to the German Confederation. This tends to strengthen the [illegible] at no distant day, by Prussian agency.

Several Colonels in Swiss Regiments are compromised in a conspiracy against the Crown Prince. This is presumed to refer to a conspiracy against Francis II., who recently assumed the reins of government at the death of the King of Naples.

The French troops at Alessandria on the 29th of May, were in perfect health. The harvest in that region had commenced, and the army is abundantly supplied; and the soldiers are in high spirits.

Gen. Garribaldi had entered Como amidst bell ringings, and a general illumination in honor of the event.

All the steamers on the lake of Como are in possession of Garribaldi.

The Austrians made a rapid retreat from Lucano on the 28th May, and were pursued by Garribaldi. They appear to be withdrawing towards Milan.

Another dispatch says, that after a furious fight Garribaldi entered Como, and the combat was renewed at Camerlata. The Austrians again gave way and retreated.

An Austrian war steamer had commanded Cannobia on lake Maggiore, but without much effect.

A dispatch from Berlin on Saturday, says: "Advices from Florence announce that Russia, Prussia, England and Turkey, have not recognized the provisional government of Tuscany."

The Paris Pays of 28th May, says the Austrians on yesterday re-entered Lombardy. The same paper says that England is endeavoring to renew diplomatic relations with Naples, but only on the condition that France does the same

Further by the Arago.

ST. JOHN'S, June 8.—The weekly cotton report from Liverpool has not been received.

At Liverpool Breadstuffs were quiet but steady.

At London the bullion in the Bank of England had increased £212,000.—Consols closed at 92¼.

The political news is unimportant.

Garribaldi was at Como, and volunteers were joining him.

Portugal has declared her neutrality.

Later from Mexico.

NEW ORLEANS, June 13th.—An arrival from Havana to the 9th inst., brings later intelligence from Mexico.

At Vera Cruz it was reported that Miramon had suppressed the pronunciamento at the Capital on the 23d ult., in favor of Zuloaga, by the Church party.

Several Padres had been arrested, and sent to Vera Cruz.

The Liberals had encouraged the Marquesas expedition.

Mordia was driven back; the women were stripped of their clothing, and Miramon had decreed the confiscation of Vera Cruz importations; and other foreigners also suffered.

It was reported that Consuls Black was on the road to Vera Cruz, and pass safely without any interruption from the rabble army.

Several private parties were advised not to cross the Isthmus.

Gen. Zuloaga was reported to have been imprisoned by Miramon.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMSHIP

EUROPA.

HALIFAX, June 14.—The steamship Europa has arrived, with Liverpool dates to Saturday, June 4.

LIVERPOOL, June 4.—The sales of Cotton during the week were 95,000 bales. Fair and Middling qualities advanced ⅛d., and the market closed steady.

Breadstuffs were dull and declining.

General News by the Europa.

The Austrians twice endavored to retake Palestra, but were repulsed after a sanguinary conflict. The King of Sardinia commanded his troops on the occasion, and exhibited considerable gallantry.

The Sardinians report having taken one thousand prisoners and eight pieces of artillery.

Latest dispatches from Turin, state that the Austrians were in full retreat across the Ticino.

Garribaldi had been driven back in an engagement with the Austrians, but was successfull in re-entering Como.

THIRD DISPATCH.

The engagement resulting from the efforts of the Austrians was very sanguinary. The Sardinians were at one time outflanked on the right, when the Zouaves rallied to the rescue, and turned the fortunes of the day. The Austrian version of the affair has not yet been received.

The Austrians were retreating from Peschio.

The French headquarters were at Vercelli.

Garibaldi had been driven into the mountains by Gen. Urdan, who re-took Varese, but it was telegraphed, via Turin, that Garibaldi had returned, surprised the Austrians, re took Varese, and re-entered Como.

General Niel occupied Novara.

The insurrection in Lombardy was spreading.

The Paris Bourse was buoyant.

The Kangaroo and Ocean Queen arrived at Liverpool on the 2d inst.

The five American citizens confined in prison at Rome, were released, on the demand of the American consul, and were taken on board the United Seates steam frigate Wabash.

General Niel with 30,000 men, was supporting Garibaldi; it was also his intention of marching on Milan.

Indian Trouble.

ST. LOUIS, June 13.

The Overland Mail which left San Francisco on the 20th May has arrived. The passengers report that 2,000 Texans are encamped near Fort Belknap for the purpose of exterminating the Caddo reserve Indians.

The Govenor of Texas has called on the Government troops for assistance. Major Van Dorn is near by, with three companies of dragoons.

Major Van Dorn has had several engagements with the Prairie Indians, & the latter have experienced great loss.

A Glance at the Past—Battles in Europe.

As a matter of interest, at present, we give the following result of desperate battles fought in Europe since [illegible]

On the heights, four miles from Salamanca, in Spain, the English and Spaniards under Wellington, totally defeated the French under Marmont, on the 22d of July, 1812. The allies lost five thousand two hundred men, and the French sixteen thousand.

At the battle of Smolenski, in Russia, in 1812, the French loss was seventeen thousand, and that of the Russians ten thousand.

At Borodino, on the 7th September, was fought a desperate battle between the Russians and the French. The French lost in killed, wounded and prisoners, fifty thousand; and the Russians about the same number. The survivors of the French army, from the Russian campaign, were not more than thirty five thousand out of an army of five hundred thousand men.

At Lutzen, in Russian Saxony, on the 2d May, 1813, the allied Russian and Prussian forces were defeated by the French under Napoleon, the French losing eighteen thousand, and the allies fifteen thousand men.

At Bautzen, in Saxony, on the 21st and 22d of May, 1813, a battle took place between the allies and the French in which the French loss was put down at twenty-five thousand, and that of the allies fifteen thousand.

At Dresden, in Saxony, on the 26th and 27th of August, 1813, the allies were defeated by the French. The loss of the allies was about twenty-five thousand killed, wounded and prisoners, and that of the French about twelve thousand.

At Leipsic, in Saxony, in October, 1813, a desperate battle was fought, which lasted three days, and the French were totally defeated by the allies.—Napleon lost two marshals, twenty generals and sixty thousand men.—The allies lost one thousand seven hundred and ninety officers and about forty thousand men.

At Vitoria, in Spain, on the 21st of June, 1813, the English and French fought a battle, in which the French lost seven thousand and the English five thousand one hundred and eighty men.

At Toulous, in France, Wellington defeated the French under Soult, on the 10th April, 1814. The French loss was four thousand seven hundred; allied army's loss four thousand five hundred and eighty men.

At Ligny, in France, a battle occurred between the Prussians and French on the 16th June, 1815, two days before the battle of Waterloo, in which the Prussians lost fifteen thousand men, and the French six thousand eight hundred.

In the indecisive battle at Quatre Bras, in Belgium, on the 16th of June, the day before that of Waterloo, the allies lost five thousand two hundred men, and the French one hundred and fourteen.

At Waterloo the total loss of the allies was sixteen thousand six hundred and thirty-six men. Napoleon's was about forty thousand.

Neither the Austrians nor the Prussians can derive much encouragement from history to engage in a war with France. The troops have only been matched in these wars by the English, the Spaniards and the Russians—scarcely by the last named.

For Grant's Republican.

To Night.

How sadly sweet the daylight fades
O'er yonder mountain's crest of blue;
How *silvery* the night dew braids
Her gems 'mid flowers of every hue:

How softly down the curtains fall
That sweetly veil the Earth in night;
How *silent*, to God's *whisper'd* call,
The stars resume their stations bright!

And now, the *Moon*—Night's beauteous queen—
Floats far towards the couch of Day;
And stars, like blessed things, are seen—
Ten thousand, smiling on her way!

And Beauty, with her wings unfurl'd,
Is seen in every fleecy cloud!—
She waves *her* sceptre o'er the world.
And Rapture, on *his* knees, is bow'd!

Great God! thy handy-work I see!—
My Bible is—the open sky!
The starry way but leads to Thee,
Whose shining throne is fixed on high!

Jacksonville, Ala. R. E. N.

The Elm-wood Vow.

BY KIT KELVIN.

Beyond the hedge, below the hill,
Beside a little purling rill,
Beneath an Elm, close by the race,
I spied a form of finished grace.

Maid of Beauty! it was she,
The very one who looked at me
From out the lattic'd casement high,
With merry glances in her eye,

The sprite! she knew full well her charms
Would raise my beating heart to arms,
And make a foolish, silly boy
Her willing captive, slave and toy.

A leap, a bound, at once I stood
As bold, as brave as Robin-Hood
Beneath the *Elm*, beside the girl
Of matchless form and golden curl.

Beside the clatter of the mill,
Beside the prattle of the rill,
I heard naught else but pit-a-pat—
Another will within my heart.

Beside the clatter of the mill
Beside the prattle of the rill,
Beside the song of bird on bough,
I heard naught else but my own vow.

'Twas there, beneath the Elm-wood shade
I clasped the hand & kiss'd the maid,
Who threw from out the casement high
Those merry glances from her eye.

GOLD DIGGING & GOLD HUNTING.

It is estimated that we have taken out of the Gold fields of California over $500,000,000 in Gold. This only includes, what has been brought to our Atlantic States, and scattered by the laws of trade. It may be safely computed at $700,000,000—taking the money remitted home on private account and not brought to light. But it is also said that on an average this enormous sum has not paid to those who dug it, One Dollar a day. Who has drawn the prizes in the great California Lottery? Bring your wits to work; study it well, and then look at the advertisement of the Georgia State Lottery, McKINNEY & CO., Managers; take your pencil and examine well the Schemes and answer the question whether you cannot dig Gold at home by your own fireside. Letter than to venture in any other speculation. Whether you have one, a gold mine nearer home every one must do of course as he pleases about speculating. Some people do not wish and indeed do not find it necessary to venture for more. They have enough. It does not make any difference what the sum is, enough may be a thousand, while $100,000 is not enough. This depends on circumstances. But happy is the man who has enough. If he has not, however, it is natural for him to try to get more. If the chances are not good and fair in this scheme of the Georgia State Lottery, it must be set to our ignorance of what these words import.

THE MORMONS.—An agent is pressing upon the attention of the government the scheme of buying out the property of the Mormons, as a preliminary measure to their deportation to the island of Papoo or New Guinea.—It is said, that the chiefs of the sect are favorable to this project. It is estimated that about one-half of the Mormons in the Salt Lake settlement are ready to apostatize, and will do so if freed from the restraints of the priesthood. One hundred and fifty thousand persons in Northern Europe, are said to have been converted to the new religion, and are now anxious to join their brethren in the United States. They are coming over as fast as they can procure the means. They will add nothing to the tranquility or the prosperity of the country.

Wm. Cridenden Thinks of his Chances. A republican in Washington having proposed to Hon. John J. Crittenden that the republicans should make him their candidate for President in 1860, he replied, "I could not carry a single Southern State as your candidate? The party would sink me in the slave States, and I should sink the party in the free States. It is not policy to take up a Southern slaveholder."

Fortune not so Capricious After All.—She is less capricious than is imagined. Nearly all men have through life in their several grades, the same average of opportunities. It is he who can seize and connect them, and by keen sight and ready experience, calculate on their recurrence, for whom men have their applause and fortune her garland. One of these opportunities of fortune, if properly seized hold of, is to enclose to the address of Wood, Eddy & Co., Wilmington, Delaware or Augusta, Georgia, $10, $5 or $2½. These amounts will secure you respectively a whole, half, or quarter ticket in their legalised lotteries are guaranteed by charters granted by the respective State in which they are established. All dealings with them are based upon an honorable and legal foundation. The names of Messrs. Wood, Eddy & Co. are a guaranty in themselves that all communications forwarded to their address will meet with prompt and business-like attention. They are now the *established* and great *lottery* operators of this country.—N. Y. *Dispatch.*

HON J. L. M. Curry, our present Representative in Congress, and candidate for reelection, will address his fellow citizens at following named places and times, in this County and St. Clair. He has also other appointments in various other parts of the Dist. but not necessary to publish here.

ST. CLAIR COUNTY.

Springville,	Wednesday, July 13.
Ashville,	Thursday, July 14.
Jones' Store,	Friday, July 15

CALHOUN COUNTY.

Ladiga,	Thursday, July 29.
Jacksonville,	Friday July 28.
Oxford,	Saturday, July 30.

John Miller and "Junius."—The Pendleton Messenger in a sketch of the "Old Stone Meeting House" in that town, after speaking of several celebrities buried in the graveyard, says:

Beneath a cluster of cedars repose all that is mortal of John Miller; printer. We lingered long by his grave, for his eventful life afforded us food for meditation. If we could have seen and conversed with his descendants, who live in this vicinity we could have gained a fuller sketch of him. Mr. Miller was the oldest type in the state. For the publication of Junius letters the author of these papers he well knew—he was expelled from England. He came to South Carolina; probably worked for a while in the office of the first paper published in this State, at Charleston, and thence removed to Pendleton, using the press which Gen. Greene had in his campaign; he did job work until he commenced the publication of the Pendleton Messenger—the second paper established in this State.

The world has speculated much as to the author-ship of Junius, but John Miller carried the secret to his grave at the "Old Stone Meeting House," and has left no information as to the name of the author.

Balloon Voyage to Europe.—Mr. John La Mountain is busily engaged in Troy, N. Y., in making preparations for the construction of the balloon with which he hopes to be able to cross the Atlantic during the coming season. For two weeks one of Butcher's patent machines, at the rope and cordage works, has been used in making the twine to be used for the net of the ship. This is about one-tenth of an inch in thickness, and composed of thirty-six strands of the very best Holland linen, carefully selected from the stock at the Mechanicville thread mills. It was necessary to gauge the machine and drills in order to turn out cord of the required size. That produced is remarkably beautiful in its make—as smooth and even as woven silk. Its strength may be inferred from the fact that it will resist a steady strain of 3,000lbs.

The silk for the balloon has been selected from a recent importation from the East Indies at New York. It is remarkable for the strength and firmness of its fibre, while at the same time it is as light as any in market. It will probably be completed early in May. The first trial trip will be made from Chicago during the latter part of that month, and Mr. La Moutain designs crossing one of the lakes, and travelling at least one thousand miles over the continent.

Whatever may be thought of the practability of his scheme, he has entered into it with a hearty earnestness which proves that he believes its accomplishment practicable, and is prepared to risk everything in the venture, with no possible hope of making anything unless he succeeds. In this nineteenth century it will not do to laugh at any proposition however absurd it may seem. We can therefore, only wait; and we shall see what we shall see. If Mr. La Mountain should cross the Atlantic with an aerial ship his name will of course go down to posterity with those of the most famous men; if he does not he will, it is to be feared, share the fate of those who go down to the sea in ships.

The Cincinnati *Press* says: We were informed by a gentleman yesterday who professed to be "posted," that there is now sold daily in this city more strychnine than was three years ago in six months. The fact is astounding and the question naturally arises, whence comes the demand for this poisonous commodity The red-eyed monster, whiskey, can answer the question.

LITTLE GRAVES.

Sacred places for pure thought and holy meditation, are the little graves in a church yard. There are the depositories of the mother's sweetest joy—half matured bud of innocence, humanity nipped by the first frost of time, ere yet a canker worm of corruption has nestled among its embryo petals. Children indeed taught be the heart of him who can stand by a little grave side and not have the holiest emotions of the soul awakened to thoughts of that purity and joy which belongs alone to God and Heaven—for the mute preacher at his feet tells of life begun and ended without stain, and surely if this be consecrated to mortality, how much holier and purer must be the spiritual land enlightened by the sun of infinite goodness, whence emanated the soul of that brief sojourner among us! How swells the heart of the parent with mournful joy while standing by the earth bed of the lost little one! Mournful because a sweet treasure has been taken away—joyful because that priceless jewel glitters in the diadem of the Redeemer.

"Tis well to walk with a cheerful heart,
When'er our fortunes call,
With a friendly glance & an open hand,
And a gentle word for all.
Since life is a thorny and difficult path,
Where toil is the portion of man,
We all should endeavor while passing along,
To make it as smooth as we can."

Holloway's Pills.—It is hard for persons who have been weakened and emaciated by years of sickness, to believe that they can be restored to strength and vigor by any medicine. They have perhaps tried twenty physicians and a hundred "specifics," without avail. Never mind; we ask them for their own sakes to try *one more*—Holloway's all-conquering remedy. The Pills as surely repair the ravages of disease, renovate the internal organs, place and invigorate the dilapidated system, restore the appetite, and as a consequence, give buoyancy to the animal spirit as the dew and rain refresh the withered herbs and flowers. This is the language not of eulogy but of experience.

We hear but one report from all who use Perry Davis Vegetable Pain Killer and that is that its wonderful power in relieving the most severe pain has never been equalled. It will seldom fail if applied according to directions.

☞See in another column advertisement of Dr. Sanford's *Liver Invigorator.*

CANDIDATES.

☞We are authorized to announce the following named gentlemen as candidates for the various offices named.

For the Senate.
HON. T. A. WALKER,
DR. X. H. MILLER.

For Representative
Col. THOMAS J. CAVER,
Wm. SCOTT, Esq.
Col Wm. H. FORNEY,
JOHN H. WRIGHT, Esq.
G. C. WHATLEY, Esq.
Wm. F. BUSH, Esq.
Wm. J. INGRAM, Esq.
Wm. J. WILLIS,
Gen. R. G. EARLE.
ELI BYNUM.
ABRAM S. BURNS.
WILLIAM T ARGO.

For Sheriff.
DANIEL T. RYAN,
FIELDING LOVE.
Wm. P. DOWNING.
SPARTAN ALLEN.
JOHN YOE.

For Tax Assessor.
BARTLET OWEN,
THOMAS K. LANGFORD,
F. M. TREADAWAY,
J. R. STEEDLEY.

For Tax Collector.
JAMES MEHARG, Esq.
LOYD TRAYLOR,
Rev. T. P. GWIN.

For County Surveyor.
THOMAS R. MANGHAM,
J. L. WHITESIDE.

STRAYED,

FROM the undersigned living in Oxford, Ala., on Tuesday 14th inst. a dark or mahogany bay horse: about 6 years old, one white hind foot, medium size, full eyes and small head. He will probably make information of said horse will be thankfully received, and trouble or expense in taking him up liberally rewarded.

JOHN BROWNLEE.

June 23, 1859.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, } ST. CLAIR COUNTY. }

Probate Court for said County, Regular Term, 2nd Monday, and 13th day of June, 1859.

THIS day came Marcus L. Inzer, Administrator of the estate of John Moore, deceased, and filed his statements and report, setting forth that said estate is insolvent, and praying that it may be so decreed. It is ordered that the 18th day of July, 1859, be appointed a day for hearing and determining the same, at which time all persons in interest can appear and contest the same if they think proper.

T. S. LOGAN, Judge of Probate.

June 23, 1859.

LADIES DRESSES, CORSETS, HOOP SKIRTS, HATS,

FINE SLIPPERS & GAITERS of the newest style at the store of

J. D. HOKE & BRO.

April 21, 1859.

TRANSPARENT SHADES,

SILT CORNICES AND CURTAIN BANDS; Damask Curtains with heavy loops, DIMITY OIL CALICO and Muslin Curtains and FRINGES, at the Store of

J. D. HOKE & BRO.

April 21, 1859.

A WELL SELECTED STOCK OF

Dry Goods, HARDWARE, Hats, Shoes & Boots, FANCY GOODS, Books and Stationery, CROCKERY,

Drugs & Medicines, and nearly every article in demand, just opening at the store of

J. D. HOKE & BRO.

April 21, 1859.

AT THE SPRING TERM, 1859, of the Circuit Court of Calhoun County, Alabama, the following proceedings were had and held, to-wit:

Daniel T. Ryan & John D. Rowland, vs. James A. McCampbell. } CAME the Plaintiffs by their Attorney, & moved the Court for an order of publication as to the Defendant—and it appearing that the suit was commenced by an original Attachment, returnable to this term of the Court against the Defendant, as a non resident.

It is therefore ordered by the Court, that the Clerk cause a notice of the Attachment and levy on the Defendant's property to be advertised four successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said county for four successive weeks, and a copy of the same to be sent by mail to the Defendant.

A true copy from the minutes.

Witness my hand this 7th day of June A. D. 1859.

C. B. DOUTHIT, Clerk

The Defendant, James A. McCampbell will take notice, that the attachment above stated, was levied upon the following property, to-wit: Lot No. 1, in Sec. 16, T 14, R 8, east—one Centre Table, one bed and furniture, one Bureau, one Carriage known as a Rockaway, as the property of Deft. 21st April, 1859.

June 9th 1859.—4t.—$7 50.

AT THE SPRING TERM, 1859 of the Circuit Court of Calhoun County, Ala., the following proceedings were had and held, to-wit:

Daniel T. Ryan, vs. James A McCampbell. } CAME the Plaintiffs by his Attorney & moved the Court for an order of publication as to the Defendant and it appearing that this suit was commenced by an original attachment, returnable to this Court, against the Defendant, as a non resident.

It is therefore considered by the court that the Clerk cause a notice of the attachment and levy on the Defendant's property to be advertised for four successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said county, and a copy of the same to be sent to the Defendant by mail.

A true copy from the minutes.

Witness my hand this 7th day of June. A. D. 1859.

G. B. DOUTHIT, Clerk

The Defendant J A McCampbell will take notice, that the attachment above stated was levied upon the following property, to-wit: Lot No. one in section 16, T 14, R 8 east; one Centre Table, one bed and furniture, one Bureau, one carriage known as a Rockaway, as the property of defendant, 21st Apl, 1859.

June 9th 1859.—4t.—$7 50.

JOSEPH HARDIE & CO.

Grocers and Commission Merchants,

Selma, Alabama.

WE continue to carry on a

General Grocery and Commission Business,

And are prepared to fill all *cash orders for Groceries* or other articles *at the lowest* market price *free* of any commission: will sell COTTON, FLOUR, WHEAT, CORN or other produce consigned to us at the market price, charging the usual commission. Our facilities for selling COTTON are unsurpassed by any house in the city. We are in the centre of business, surrounded by cotton buyers with every facility for obtaining the latest Telegraphic News—which enables us to procure the highest market price for consignments.

We will furnish *sight checks* to those who desire it, on J. B. & G. H. Forney for the proceeds of any produce we may sell, thus avoiding the danger of remitting by mail.

Liberal cash advances made upon Cotton in Store.

JOSEPH HARDIE & CO.

For Sale.

A second hand PIANO, of Chickering's manufacture, having a metallic sounding board, and no strings broken. This Piano will be sold for one-fourth its original cost; and is believed to be a better bargain than ever offered in this vicinity, or probably may be in future. Enquire of J. F. GRANT.

P. S. This Piano has recently been repaired and tuned by Professor Ernest Mosch.

WOOD, EDDY & CO.'S
SINGLE NUMBER LOTTERIES!
CHARTERED BY THE STATE OF GA.
CAPITAL PRIZE
$50,000.
TICKETS ONLY $10!

WOOD, EDDY & Co. Manager,
Successors to S. SWAN & CO.

The following Scheme will be drawn by Wood, Eddy & Co. Managers, of the Sparta Academy Lottery, in each of their Single Number Lotteries for JUNE 1859, at AUGUSTA, Georgia, in public, under the superintendence of Commissioners.

Class 23 draws Saturday, June 4, 1859
" 24 " " " 11, "
" 25 " " " 18, "
" 26 " " " 25, "

ON THE PLAN OF
SINGLE NUMBERS.
50,000 Tickets!
Five Thousand four hundred & 85 Prizes!
NEARLY ONE PRIZE TO EVERY NINE TICKETS!!
MAGNIFFICENT SCHEME.
TO BE DRAWN
EACH SATURDAY IN JUNE!

1 Prize of	$50,000	1 Prizes of	1,500
1 "	20,000	50 "	500
1 "	10,000	100 "	400
1 "	5,000	100 "	300
1 "	4,000	100 "	150
1 "	3,000	100 "	100

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

4 pri's of $400 apx to $50,000 Pr is $1,600
4 " 300 " 20,000 " 1,200
4 " 250 " 10,000 " 1,000
4 " 225 " 5,000 Pr are 900
4 " 200 " 4,000 " " 800
4 " 150 " 3,000 " " 600
4 " 100 " 1,500 " " 400
5,000 " 20 are 100,000

5,485 Prizes amounting to $320,000
Tickets, $10—Halves $5—Quarters $2½
Remember that every prize in the above Scheme is drawn, and payable in full without deduction.

Certificates of Packages will be sold at the following rates which is the risk:
Cer'ate of Package of 10 Whole Tickets $80
Certificate " 10 Half " 40
" " 10 Quarter " 20
" " 10 Eighths " 10

SPARTA ACADEMY LOTTERY,
CLASS NO. 935.
Draws Wednesday, June 29th, 1859,
ON THE THREE NUMBER PLAN.
75 Numbes—12 Drawn Ballots.
Nearly one Prize to every two Tickets!
1 Grand Prize of $30.000.

1 Prize of	$19.170	4 Prizes of	$2,000
2 " of	10,000	20 "	1,000
2 " of	8,000	130 "	230
&c.,	&c.	&c.,	&c.

27,814 Prizes Amt'g to $513,100!
Tickets $10; Halves 5; Quarters $2 50.
In Ordering Tickets or Cirtificates, Enclose the money to our address for the Tickets ordered, on receipt of which they will be forwarded by first mail.
Purchasers can have tickets ending in any figure they may designate.
The List of Drawn Numbers and Prizes will be sent to purchasers immediately after the drawing.
Purchasers will please write their signatures plain, and give their Post Office, County and State.
Remember that every Prize is drawn, and payable in full without deduction.
All Prizes of 1,000 and under, paid immediately after the drawing—other Prizes at the usual time of thirty days.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.
Those who prefer not sending money by mail, can use THE ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY, whereby money for Tickets, in sums of Ten Dollars, and upwards, can be sent us AT OUR RISK & EXPENSE, from any city or town where they have an office. The money and order must be enclosed in a "GOVERNMENT POST OFFICE STAMPED ENVELOPE," or the Express Company cannot receive them.
All communications strictly confidential.
Address Orders for Tickets or certificates
WOOD, EDDY & Co. Augusta, Geo.
or, WOOD, EDDY & Co. Atlanta, "
or WOOD, EDDY & Co. Wilmington Delaware.

SHERIFF SALES.

BY virtue of one fi. fa. issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun County, and to me directed, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, before the Court house door in the Town of Jacksonville, on the first Monday in July next, the following described land, to-wit: the S W fourth of N E fourth: the N E fourth of S W fourth of Sec. 35, T. 12, R 7. Also, N W fourth of S E fourth & S E fourth of N W fourth Sec. 35, Township 12, R. 7—levied on as the property of defendant to satisfy said fi. fa. in favor of Cook against Hadden.
J. B. FARMER, Shff.
By SPARTAN ALLEN, D. S.
May 26, 1859.—$3 50.

Also, at the same time and place,
BY virtue of one execution issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county and to me directed, I will sell, to the highest bidder for cash, the following land, to-wit; S W 1-4 of S. E. 1-4, Sec. 22, T 14, R. 6; also Fl. Sec. 3. T 15. R 6; also, Fr B in Sec. 3. T. 15, R 6—levied on as the property of defendant, to satisfy said execution in favor of Elston & McCain against N D Willis.
J. B. FARMER, Shff.
By SPARTAN ALLEN, D. S.
May 26, 1859.—$3 50.

Also, at the same time and place,
BY virtue of one order of sale in favor of E C Womack against Josiah T Womack, for the use of William B. Turnipseed, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, the following described land, to-wit: N E 1-4 of N W 1-4 of Sec. 15, T 15, R 7 East, levied on as the property of defendant to satisfy said order of sale.
J. B. FARMER, Shff.
By SPARTAN ALLEN, D S.
May 16, 1859—$3 50.

Also, at the same time and place,
BY virtue of one order of sale in favor of H Baine vs. Jesse Graham, issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, the following described land, to-wit: the S E 1-4 of S E 1-4 and N 1-2 of N W 1-4 and the S W 1-4 of N E 1-4 of Sec. 23, T 14, R 11, levied on as the property of defendant to satisfy said order of sale.
J B. FARMER, Shff.
By SPARTAN ALLEN, D.S.
May 26, 1859—$3 50.

Also, at the same time and place,
BY virtue of two orders of sale issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county, in favor of T L Bowden, use &c M A Ragan vs. John Mackeivania, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash the following described land, to-wit: N E 1-4 of N W 1-4 of Sec. 18, T 16, R 10 east in the Coosa land dist. levied on as the property of defendant to satisfy said order of sale.
J. B. FARMER, Shff.
By SPARTAN ALLEN, D. S.
May 26, 1859—$3 50.

Also, at the same time and place,
BY virtue of two orders of sale, issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county, in favor of A P Wade and Joseph Gladden, vs. Russel Parker, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, the following described land; to-wit: the S W 1-4 of N E 1-4 and S E 1-4 of S W 1-4 of Sec. 11, T 14 R 6 east—levied on as the property of defendant to satisfy said orders of sale.
J. B. FARMER, Shff.
By SPARTAN ALLEN, D. S.
May 26, 1859—$3 50.

STRAYED

FROM the subscriber on the evening of the 6th inst. a sorrel horse six years old, with black main and tail, one white hind foot, with some white spots where the saddle works. he also has a stair in his face.—Said horse was raised in Haralson county Ga. And the probability is that he was making for that point. Any information or the delivery of said horse at my residence will be thankfully received and liberally rewarded.
Dr. R. S. JONES:
Blairsville St. Clair County Ala.
June 16, 1859—6t.

R. S. NORTON & SON,
DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS,
ROME, GEORGIA,

ARE OFFERING ESPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO BUYERS FROM A DISTANCE.

WE are desirous of building up a first *class* DRY GOODS trade with Northern Alabama, by first class—we mean *cash* customers and those who pay *promptly* at maturity. We do not say that we sell lower than any one—but all men who have a grain of common sence, *know* that those who sell on long time are obliged to buy on long time and no sell at long prices.
We tell every one frankly that money is better than even *short* credit, and that we wish no dealings with any man who pais his debts when he pleases, or at the end of the law.
Our present stock is complete, consisting not only of all classes of

Staple Goods,

But also a much larger assortment of
Fine Dress Goods, MANTILLAS, *Real Laces,* EMBROIDERS, WHITE GOODS, &C.
Than ever before kept this side of Augusta—this is particularly the case with our CURTAIN GOODS assortment, WINDOW SHADES, CORNICE, LACE CURTAINS.
EMBROIDED MUSLIN CURTAINS,
CURTAIN DAMASK'S &c.
WE HAVE ALSO ON HAND AT ALL TIMES
Wall Paper OF EVERY VARIETY.
We ask an examination by all who can comply with our terms and feel satisfied that we can make it to their interest to purchase.
Our friends will oblige by telling us who they are *and* where from.
R. S. NORTON & SON.
Rome Ga., May 26, 1859.—1m.

Home Trade.
NEW SPRING & SUMMER
GOODS.
WILLIAMS & ARGOES,

RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of White Plains and surrounding country, that they are now receiving direct from NEW YORK & PHILADELPHIA a large and carefully selected stock of

Staple & Fancy Goods,

Suitable to the season, and embracing every article usually called for, or necessary to supply the wants of the community: among which may be found, the latest and most fashionable styles of

READY MADE CLOTHING,
Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes.
A LARGE LOT OF
OSNABURG & DOMESTIC,
HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.
CHINA GLASS and QUEENSWARE,
PAINTS, OILS and DRUGS,

All of which we will sell to solvent dealers at the shortest profit, either for cash or on the usual time.
We cordially invite all who may wish to purchase Goods, to call and examine our stock. We will make it to their interest to encourage home trade by selling them goods of as good quality and upon as good terms as they can purchase elsewhere: and convince them that they "may go farther & fare worse."
They will also have in a short time a small stock of *Groceries* for the accommodation of their friends and customers, at low prices.
White Plains, Ala. May 26, 1859.

NEW GOODS.
J. B. & G. H. FORNEY
RESPECTFULLY announce the reception of their splendid stock of
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

THE long standing character and appreciated patronage of the house renders an enumeration of the various articles of Merchandise useless.
Feeling grateful to their friends whose ever ready favors have so flatteringly increased their sales, they promise a continuation of strictly courteous and honorable intercourse with them. The public generally are invited to examine their stock.
Prompt personal attention given to all orders. April 28 1859—tf.

STIPES & ROWLAND'S
New Stock of Spring & Summer
GOODS.

CONSISTING of every article usually kept by us. Our Styles are remarkable for their uniform beauty—the prices are out of the range of competition.
We are now opening a select stock of
READY MADE CLOTHING
IN THE MOST APPROVED STYLES.
We will continually be adding all the Novelities of the season, during the Summer, having made our arrangements to be supplied with New and Fashionable Goods, at any time during the season. We respectfully invite the particular attention of our friends and customers to our present stock. April 14, 1859.—tf.

AT THE SPRING TERM, 1859 of the *Circuit Court* of Calhoun County, Alabama, the following proceedings were had and held, to-wit:
John D. Hoke & Bro. vs. Amis T. Laird. } CAME the Pliffs by their Attorney and moved the court for an order of publication as to the Deft. and it appearing that this suit was commenced by an original attachment against the Defendant as a non resident.
It is therefore ordered by the Court, that the Clerk cause a notice of the Attachment and levy on the Defendant's property, to be advertised for four successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in the county, and a copy be sent by mail to defendant.
A true copy from the minutes.
Witness my hand this 7th day of June. A. D. 1859.
G. B. DOUTHIT, Clerk.
The Defendant A T Laird will take notice, that an attachment above stated was levied upon the following property, to-wit: Lot No. 130 in the old plan of the Town of Jacksonville, as the property of said defendant, on 1st January, 1859.
June 9th, 1859.—1t.—$7 50

Public Speaking.

The Candidates for the Legislature will address their fellow Citizen at the following times and places.

Tuesday	5th	July	at	Sugar Hill.
Wednesday	6th	"	"	Pine Grove,
Thursday	7th	"	"	Pounds.
Friday	8th	"	"	Muscadime
Saturday	9th	"	"	Fair Play.
Monday	11th	"	"	Rabbit town.
Friday	15th	"	"	Oxford.
Saturday	16th	"	"	Teagues x Roads
Monday	18th	"	"	Phipp's.
Tuesday	19th	"	"	Hortone's
Wednesday	20th	"	"	Ladiga.
Thursday	21th	"	"	Mas Colvins.
Friday	22th	"	"	Peck's Hill
Saturday	23th	"	"	Sulphor Springs
Monday	25th	"	"	Alexandria.
Tuesday	26th	"	"	Polkville
Wednesday	27th	"	"	Maddox's
Thursday	28th	"	"	June Bug.
Friday	29th	"	"	White Plains
Saturday	30th	"	"	Jacksonville.

Speaking to commence at 11. O'clock A. M.

JOB WORK
NEATLY EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE.

SHERIFF SALES.

BY virtue of three orders of sale, issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county, and to me directed, one in favor of Ryan & Rowland vs. J A McCampbell. S P Hudson, A Weeks & W C Elston, one in favor of same pliffs vs W C Elston, W R Hubbard & J A McCampbell, and one in favor of Ryan, Francis & Rowland vs J J Railton, S P Hudson & J A McCampbell. I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, before the court house door, in the Town of Jacksonville, Ala on the first Monday in July next, the following described land, to-wit: Lot No 1, Section 16, Township 13, Range 8, containing 80 acres—levied on as the property of defendants, to satisfy said orders of sale.
J. B FARMER, Shff.
By SPARTAN ALLEN, D S.
June 2, 1859—$6 00.

ALSO, at the same time and place,
BY virtue of one order of sale issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county and to me directed, in favor of John H Vandiver, vs Berryman Bice, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, the following described land, to-wit: the S E 1-4 of N W 1-4, and N E 1-4 of N W 1-4 of section 10, T 14, R 6, in the Coosa Land Dist: levied on as the property of deft to satisfy said order of sale.
J. B FARMER, Shff.
By SPARTAN ALLEN, D S.
June 2, 1859—$3 00.

AGENTS WANTED.

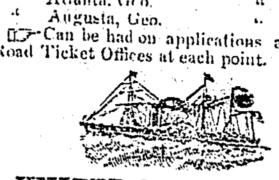
WE WANT 50 TO 100 YOUNG MEN WITH a cash capital of from $50 to $1'000 each, to purchase our goods consisting of Watches and Jewelry, and to dispose of them in all the cities and towns throughout the United States and Canadas. Some persons who purchase of us are making from $5'000 to $10'000 per year, selling at auction in the various towns and villages. On the receipt of $1 by mail, we will send a beautiful set of sleeve buttons and studs, and on the receipt of $20 a beautiful gold watch, open face and for $30 a beautiful gold hunting case lever watch; for $40 a hunting case gilt watch, and for $7 a pretty open face silver watch.
Call and examine our goods or send for a catalogue.
STENNETT & GLINES,
1 month.) 78 Nassau street, New York.

BLANKS
For Sale at this Office

N. YORK & CHARLESTON
Steamship Line,
Through Tickets.

From New Orleans to to N. York,		$39 00
" Mobile to	"	35 00
" Montgomery, Ala.,	"	26 00
" Atlanta, Geo.	"	23 00
" Augusta, Geo.	"	20 00

Can be had on applications at the Rail Road Ticket Offices at each point.



UNITED STATES MAIL
Steamships through in 48 to 50 Hours.

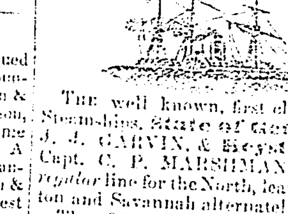
The new Steamship Columbia 1800 Tons. M. BERRY, Commander.
NASHVILLE, 1800 Tons. } L. M. MURRY, Commander.
JAMES ADGER, 1500 Tons. } A. ANDREWS, Commander.
MARION, 1500 Tons. } W. J FOSTER, Commander.
LEAVES ADGER'S WHARVES
Every Wednesday & Saturday
AT HIGH WATER.
THESE Steam Ships were built expressly for the Line, and for safety, comfort, & speed, are unrivalled on the coasts.
Tables supplied with every luxury.—Attentive and courteous commanders, will ensure Travellers of this Line every possible comfort and accommodation—elegant State Room accommodations, Freight or passage, apply to
HENRY MISSROON & CO.
Corner of East Bay and Adger's South Wharf,
Charleston to N. York, Cabin passage $15
Steerage, 8.
March 11, 1859.—1y.

JOINT RESOLUTIONS

Proposing Amendments to the Constitution.

SECTION 1. *Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Alabama in General Assembly concened,* That the following amendments to the Constitution of Alabama are hereby proposed to the people thereof, which, when proposed by two-thirds of each House of the present General Assembly, voted in favor of by a majority of all the citizens of this State voting for representatives, and ratified by two-thirds of each House of the nex General Assembly voting thereon, by yeas, and nays, shall be vaild to all intents and purposes as part of the Consititution of said State, *Provided,* that said proposed amendments shall at each session, have been read three times on three several days in each House, to wit:
1. Strike out the third section of the third article, & the amendments thereto, as ratified by the General Assembly of the State of Ala. at the session held on the first Monday in December, 1845, and in the place of said section and said amendment thereto, insert the following: "The representatives shall be chosen biennially, and the election shall take place on the first Monday and the day following in August until otherwise directed by law."
2. Strike out the words "three years," in the twelfth section of the third article and in place thereof insert "four years."
3. Strike out the fourteenth section of the third article, and the amendment thereto, as ratified by the General Assembly of the State of Alabama, at the session held on the first Monday in December, 1845, and in place thereof, insert the following section: "The General Assembly shall hold annual session at times to be fixed by law. The House of Representatives shall at each sessions chuse a Speaker and its other officers and the Senate a President and its other officers: each House shall judge of the qualifications, elections and returns of its own members, but a contested election shall be determined in such manner as may be directed by law."
4. Strike out the word "biennial," in the amendment to the eighth section of the fourth article, as ratified by the General Assembly of the State of Alabama, at the session held on the first Monday in December, 1845 and insert in place thereof the word "annual."
Sec. 2. *Be it further resolved,* That all the provisions of chapter seven, title six, part one, of the Code of Alabama, shall be observed by the officers therein named in the election to be held on these proposed amendments to the Constitution, and all the penalties; designated in chapter eight of said title, shall be enforced against all persons amenable thereto, for any act of omission or commission relating to the matter herein contained.
Sec. 3. *Be it further resolved,* That the Secretary of State shall cause joint resolutions and proposed amendments to the Constitution to be published at least three months before the next general election in one newspaper published in each of the following places, to wit: Montgomery, Mobile, Tuskaloosa, Huntsville Eufaula, Jacksonville, Florence, Selma and Talladega. Approved, February 8, 1858.
April 21 1859.

For Philadelphia, New York, &c.
FROM
Charleston and Savannah
CABIN PASSAGE $15::::::::::STEERAGE $5
Excursion Tickets good to return till Jan'y 1860:::::::$25.



THE well known, first class sidewheel Steamships, *State of Georgia,* Capt. J. J. GARVIN, & *Keystone State,* Capt. C. P. MARSHMAN, now form a *regular* line for the North, leaving Charleston and Savannah alternately.
The *State of Georgia* sails from Savannah every ten days, as follows, Feb. 22d, March 4, 14, &c.
The *Keystone State* sails from Charleston every ten days as follows: Feb. 16th, 26th, March 9th, 19th, &c.
These ships are in strength, speed and accommodations, fully equal to any on the coast. Inland navigation 160 miles on Delaware river and Bay; two nights at sea.

For Niagara Falls, the Lakes & Canada.
SHORTEST AND CHEAPEST ROUTE
This line connects at Philadelphia with the Great Northwestern Railroad Route through to Niagara Falls or Buffalo, in 18 hours from Philadelphia. Through Tickets with the privilege of stopping at Philadelphia and intermediate points, for sale by the Agents in Savannah.
Fare to Niagara or Buffalo, $23. Elmira $21; to Canandaigua, $22.
A. HERON, Jr.
Agent at Philadelphia.
C. A. GREINER, & Co.
Agents at Savannah.
T. S. & T. G. BUDD, *Agents at Charleston.*
Feb. 4, 1859.—1y.

MOLASSES—30 Bbls. of Choice re-boiled Molasses, for sale Cheap. by
J. KAHN & Co.

Sugar & Coffee—A Lot just received by
June 9, 1859. J. KAHN & Co.

50 Bbls. Whiskeys, Brandys, and all kinds of Liquors, CHEAPER than can be bought in Nashville or Selma, for sale by J. KAHN & Co.

CANDIES, and all kinds of CONFECTIONARIES, as good an assortment as can be found in any city, for sale by J. KAHN & Co.
June 9, 1859—tf.

Selma Advertisements.

NEW BRICK WARE-HOUSE,

THE PROPRIETORS Propose to STORE COTTON in this well-known BUILDING at
TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, for the Season.
Cotton from the Railroad Depots will be charged Drayage.
Goods received and forwarded at usual rates, without Drayage.
M. J. A. KEITH, & Co.
M. J. A. KEITH, } W. Y. LUNDIE, } SELMA, ALABAMA.
July 12, 1858.—

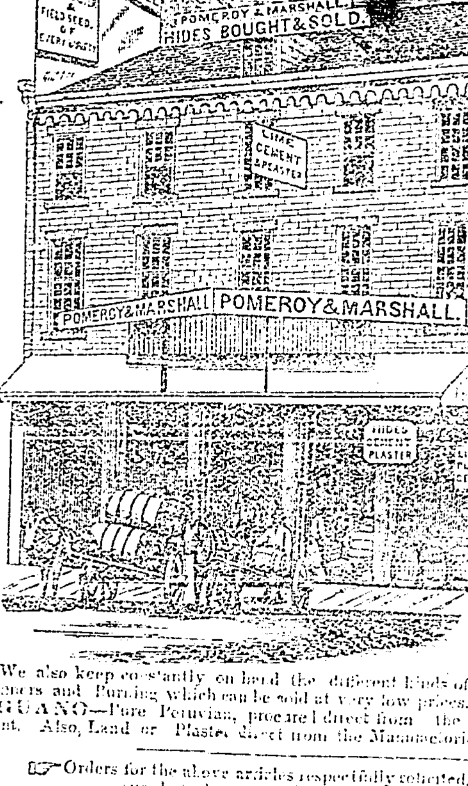
RECEIVING & FORWARDING
Ware-house.
THE CENTRAL WARE HOUSE COMPANY AT SELMA,

ARE now prepared to receive and forward, with dispatch, all Goods and produce consigned to them for shipment by Rail R. River or otherwise. They have a large and commodious Brick-Ware House on the bank of the river, and will furnish all needful accommodations and will receive and forward Goods &c., at as low rates as can be done through any other channel.
Strict attention given to the measurement of Goods, the settlement of Freight Bills, and taking receipts and Bills of Landing, for goods and produce, and forwarding duplicates for the same.
They also receive produce on consignment for sale, and attend strictly to filling all cash orders for Goods and do a
GENERAL COMMISSION BUSINESS.
Goods intended for this House should be marked and consigned, specially to the "Central Ware House," otherwise they are liable to be divided
RATES OF STORAGE.
Receiving & forwarding Goods
If stored over 1 Month 20c per Bbl
Packages under one Bbl. 10c. additional.
10c.
RATES OF COMMISSION.
For Selling Cotten 50c per Bale
" other produce 6 1-2 per cent
" Purchasing Goods
"And Freights and Charges on 2 1-2 per "
Goods when there is no deposit 5 per cent. Persons depositing money for the purpose of paying Freights, will be allowed 8 per cent interest.
Accounts for Freight and Storage due when Goods are forwarded.
R. HAGGOOD, C. B. WHITE, } Managers.
J. W. LAPSLEY, E. T. WATTS, C. B. WHITE, R. HAGOOD, } Proprietors.
P. S.—No charge for Drayage to or from the Rail road on Goods Consigned to us.
Aug. 12, 1858.

G. P. SAVAGE. W. H. BURR.
SAVAGE & BURR,
CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS,
SELMA, ALABAMA.

ARE prepared to execute orders for DRUGS and MEDICINES, and all articles pertaining to the Drug Business with their customary despatch.
The same attention will be given as heretofore to have every article of as good quality as represented and in no instance will anything be put up that is of a doubtful character.
SERGICAL INSTRUMENTS furniture and fixtures, and all articles required for the profession and trade will be furnished—and ORDERS BY MAIL will have the same attention as if left in person.
Country Merchants and Physicians who would like to see the difference between our goods and those generally sold, are invited to call and examine, or to send their orders and make the comparison at home.
Our Bottled Goods, Essences, &c., are prepared with unusual care, so that there is no loss by leakage or breakage.
Pure Drugs and Good Medicines can be obtained at the *PHYSICIANS DRUG STORE* at as low prices as many purchasers are paying for those that are inferior, adulterated, carelessly put up.
It is our intention to maintain the reputation we have established in selling none but *PURE* Drugs and Medicine, and we, therefore, invite you to examine our stock before buying elsewhere, believing that we can show you inducements seldom offered in this city.
Selma, Aug. 19 1858.—1y.
SAVAGE & BURR,
Corner Broad and Selma sts., Selma, Ala.

P. H. POMEROY. JOHN H. MARSHALL.
POMEROY & MARSHALL,
AGENTS SHELBY LIME CO.,
No. 42 COMMERCE STREET, MOBILE,
DEALERS IN
HAY, CORN, OATS, BRAN, &C., &C
Embracing all Articles Usualy kept in Feed Stores.



FIELD SEEDS—Such as Orchard, Timothy, Red Top, and Blue Grass; Red & White Clover, Lucerne, &c., also Prince Edward Island Oats, Missouri Black and White Oats.—Rye, Barley, Buckwheat, Seed Potatoes, &c.
COTTON SEED—We are agents for the well known & choice variety of "Frisby's Petit Gulf"—also keep constantly on hand other varieties.
LIME—Constantly on hand a supply of Thomaston, Pell acrophia and home manufactured.
HYDRAULIC CEMENT & CALCINED PLASTER—A fresh article, procured direct from the manufacturers.—Also, Plasterer's Hair, Marble Dust and Laths.
BRICKS—English and American Fire—Philadelphia & home manufactured pressed.
GUNNY BAGS—New and second hand, in Bales and Bundles.
HIDES—Wet and Dry Salted, Heavy and Light, Kip & Calf, Sheep and Deer Skins constantly on hand, selected expressly for Country Tanners.
TALLOW—By the Barrel or smaller quantity.
OIL—Neatsfoot and Tanners, by the barrel or gallon.
We also keep constantly on hand the different kinds of in Ros Oils, Paint, Lubricating, Tanners and Purning which can be sold at very low prices.
GUANO—Pure Peruvian, procured direct from the Agent of the Peruvian Government. Also Land or Plaster direct from the Manufactories.
Orders for the above articles respectfully solicited, and purchasers may be assured of always purchasing at the *lowest* Market prices.
The highest price paid for Beeswax and Country Dried Fruits. Will also always purchase or contract for the delivery of White Oak Pipe Staves.
Mobile, Ala, July 18, 1858.—1y

THE SECRET INFIRMITIES OF
YOUTH AND MATURITY.
Just Published Gratis, the 25 Thousand.
A FEW WORDS ON THE Rational Treatment, without Medicine, of Spermatorrhea or Local Weakness, Nocturnal Emissions, Genital and Nervous Debility, Premature Decay of the system, impotency & Impediments to Marriage generally,
BY B. DE LANEY, M. D.
The important fact that the many alarming complaints, originating in the imprudence and solitude of youth, may be easily removed without medicine, is in this small tract, clearly demonstrated; the Author, fully explained, by means of which every one is enabled to cure himself perfectly and at the least possible cost, thereby avoiding all the advertised nostrums of the day.
Sent to any address, gratis and post free in a sealed envelope, by remitting (post paid) two postage stamps to Dr. B. DE LANEY, 38 East 31st Street, New York City.
March 31, 1859—1y.

Notice to Contractors.
Office of Dalton & Gadsden R R Co.,
Dalton, Ga, May 27th, 1859.
Proposals for the Gadsden and masonry of the Dalton & Gadsden Rail Road will be received up to the 29th of June next. The work is started, 41 miles in Whitfield County, 15½ in Gordon, 31 in Floyd and 6 3-4 miles in Polk County. There are some 650,000 cubic yds. of Earth Work and 20,000 yds of masonry to be done.
A seperate bid will be required on each section, the Company reserving the right to reject all bids it none are Satisfactory.
A profile of the work may be seen, and all requisite information with regard to the same may be obtained, at the office of the Company in Dalton.
Wm WADSWORTH,
Chief Engineer.
June 2, '59

BALTIMORE COMMERCIAL COLLEGE.
Founded 1852. Chartered 1854.
LOCATED
CORNER of BALTIMORE & CHARLES STS., Baltimore, Md.
THE LARGEST AND MOST ELEGANTLY FURNISHED COMMERCIAL COLLEGE IN THE U. STATES.
EVERY YOUNG MAN should write immediately for one of those large and beautifully ornamented Circulars, representing the exterior and interior view of the BALTIMORE COMMERCIAL COLLEGE Penmanship, &c., which will be sent by return mail *free of charge,* with Catalogue containing list of Students, terms of tuition, opinions of the Press on our new system of Book Keeping, etc.

FACULTY.
E. K. LOSIER, Principal—Lecturer on the Science of Accounts, Business, Customs, etc.
J. M. PHILIPS, Professor of Book-Keeping and Commercial Calculations.
H. H. DAVIES, Associate Prof. of Book-Keeping.
N. G. JOHNSON, Professor of Penmanship.
S. T. WILLIAMS, Esq., Merchantile Law.
Rev. E. Y. REESE, D. D., Commercial Ethics.

TRUSTEES.
Hon. J. P. Kennedy | Hon Joshua Vansant
Hon. Thomas Swan | W. H. Keighler, Esq.
Jacob Trust, Esq. | Wm. Knabe, Esq.
The time usually required to complete the full course, from 8 to 12 weeks.
A DIPLOMA, is awarded to all Graduates.
Large Circulars and Catalogues stating terms, &c. sent by mail *free of charge.* Address E. K. LOSIER, *Baltimore Md.*
January 3, 1859—1y.

Selma Advertisements.

New Brick Ware-house
M. J. A. KEITH. W. Y. LUNDIE.
THE subscribers (successors to Keith & Spence.) will commence on the first day of September next, doing a general
Warehouse & Commission Business,
In their NEW BRICK WARE-HOUSE, situated at the foot of Water street, at the following rates:
RATES OF STORAGE.
Storage on Cotton for the season,:::::: 25c.
Drayage from Rail Road,::::::::::::::: 10c.
RATES OF COMMISSION.
For selling Cotton ℔ bale,:::::::::::: 25c.
Other Produce,::::::::::::::::::::: 5 ℔ ct.
For Purchasing Goods,:::::::::::::: 2½ ℔ ct.
Advancing Freights,::::::::::::::: 2 ℔ ct.
Particular attention paid to the sale of Cotton, Flour and other produce,
Persons depositing money for the purpose of paying freights will be allowed 8 ℔ cent interest.
Accounts for freight & storage due when Goods forwarded.
M. J. A. KEITH & CO.
Aug. 16, 1858.—1y.

RAIL ROAD WARE-HOUSE.
W. Y. LUNDIE. M. J. A. KEITH.
THE Subscriber having leased from the Ala. & Tenn. R. R. R. Co., their Ware-House, for three years, from the 1st of September next, propose doing a general Storage and Commission Business, at the following rates:
RATES OF STORAGE.
Storage on Cotton till June, 25c per bale.
Receiving & forwarding goods. 20c per Bbl
If stored over one month 10c additional.
RATES OF COMMISSION.
For selling Cotton per bale, 25c.
Other Produce, 5 per ct.
For purchasing Goods, 2½ " "
Advancing Freights on Goods, 5 " "
No drayage on Goods, charged.
Persons depositing money, for the purpose of paying freight, will be allowed 8 per cent interest.
Accounts for freight and storage, due when goods forwarded,
W. Y. LUNDIE & CO.
Selma, August 19th 1858.

Drugs! Drugs! Drugs!
Chemicals, Chemicals.
F. M. CUNNINGHAM
Corner Broad and Water Streets,
SELMA, ALA.
HAS now on hand, and shall be constantly receiving, the largest & best selected stock of
DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &c., &c.,
ever offered in this market. Call and price them before you purchase elsewhere, as he knows you cannot find BETTER BARGAINS. His stock of
Paints, Oils, &c.,
is very large, and persons having painting done would do well to call and price. His
BRANDIES, WINES, &c., &c.,
for medical purposes, cannot be beaten in the market for quality.
A large lot of Window Glass, Kyrocene Oil and Lamps. 800 oz. Quinine at $1 75 cash, less by the quantity. SELMA, Nov 25, 1858.

J. KROUT & CO.,
Wholesale Confectioners
and dealers in fine WINES, *Brandies & Cigars.*
BROAD Street, Selma, Ala.
THE Subscribers beg leave to Call the attention of Southern dealers to their Very Large and varied assortment of Fine
wine, brandy & liquors
of OUR OWN IMPORTATION which will be sold at unprecedented low prices for
"Cash and Cash only."
We have also connected with our already Complete establishment a Superior Machine, which will manufacture, any quantity of Soda and Butter Crackers which will be sold at New York prices.
We also MANUFACTURE CANDY, in any quantity, for shipping at short notice.
In fine we keep every article connected with our business on reasonable terms. Orders from the Country shall have our personal attention.
J. KROUT & Co.
Aug. 19, 1858.—1y.

WARE-HOUSE
AND
Commission Business.
THE SUBSCRIBERS are prepared to carry on the above BUSINESS, in all its branches, with facility and despatch.
Our COTTON WARE-HOUSE, (known as Johnson's Ware-House) is situated immediately on the River Bank and lying remote from other buildings, ran little or no risk from fire: consequently, Insurance can be effected, on COTTON stored there, at the *lowest* rates.
Goods consigned to our care are forwarded to and from Rail Roads free of charge for Drayage.
Cotton Storage for the season, 25c. per bale.
Drayage from Depot, 7c. " "
Cons. for selling Cotton, 50c. " "
" " Flour 5c. " cent.
Having had long experience in the above business, we tender our services to the public, believing we will be able to give full satisfaction.
WILEY & KNOX.
Selma, September 2, 1858.—1y.

W. G. PRIVETT,
WITH
G. C. & A. W. DUNCAN,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL
GROCERS,
AND DEALERS IN
Wines, Liquors & Staple GOODS,
WATER STREET.
SELMA, ALA.
TERMS CASH. Sept. 9, 1858—1y.

J. B. CLARK,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Bookseller & Stationer,
SELMA, ALA.
J. B. C. has constantly on sale, at low prices a large stock of
LAW, MEDICAL, SCHOOL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,
ALSO,
Staple and Fancy Stationery, Extensive and Elegant Variety of Paper Hangings, Cutlery, Gold Pens, Pencils, Music, &c., &c.
Magazines and Periodicals Supplied.
Prompt attention to orders from the Country. Selma, Ala. Aug 9 1858.

H. DEISHURG,
CONFECTIONARY,
FRUIT AND FAMILY
GROCERY STORE.
(Opposite P. J. Weaver's)
BROAD ST., SELMA, ALA.
WILL keep the best of articles constantly on hand, for sale at low prices.
Orders from the country solicited, and accurately and promptly filled.
February 17, 1859—1y.

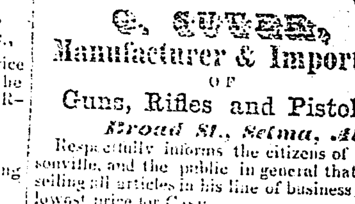
Selma Advertisements.

SEWING MACHINES.
J. W. BLANDIN,
SELMA, ALABAMA.
AGENT FOR
WHEELER & WILSON'S
CELEBRATED
SEWING MACHINES.
PRICES GRATLY REDUCED.
Selma, Feb. 17 1859—1y.

R. VALENTINE & CO,
SADDLE & HARNESS
ESTABLISHMENT,
(OLD POST OFFICE,)
Water St. Selma, Ala.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Saddles,
Harness,
Bridles,
Collars,
Whips, &c.
HAVING permanently located in Selma, and will pay strict attention to all orders, from the surrounding and up country, with promptness and neatness. An invitation is extended to all who are in want of anything in our line to give us a call, as we are confident that they will be satisfied with the quality of our goods as well as prices.
Feb. 17, 1859—1y.

J. N. MONTGOMERY
DEALER IN ITALIAN & AMERICAN
MARBLE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Calhoun & surrounding country, that he has on hand the largest assortment of MARBLE ever in the State, and that he is prepared to execute all orders for MONUMENTS, TOMBS, and all other Grave Stones, as well as all kinds of Marble Work.
He is determined that his work shall give satisfaction. His shop is on Broad Street, opposite the store of P. J. Weaver, where he solicits calls from those who wish work in his line. As he is determined to sell as cheap, if not cheaper than any other establishment in the State.
Selma, Ala. Feb. 17 1859.

TO SPORTSMEN & DEALERS!



G. SUTER,
Manufacturer & Importer
OF
Guns, Rifles and Pistols,
Broad St., Selma, Ala.
Respectfully informs the citizens of Jacksonville, and the public in general that he is selling all articles in his line of business at the lowest price for Cash.
Also, repairing in all its branches attended to with care and dispatch at reasonable charges. Selma, Ala., Aug. 19, 1858.—1y.

HARDWARE STORE
SELMA, ALA.
JOHN K. GOODWIN,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
Hardware, Cutlery, Steel. Bar
IRON, NAILS, &c., &c.
IS now receiving from Foreign and Domestic ports, and offers for sale, at the very lowest prices and on liberal terms, one of the largest stocks ever brought to this section, amongst which may be found:
Rogers', Wostenholm and American Table and Pocket Cutlery.
Building Hardware Materials of every variety and kind.
Carpenter's Tools, of the best makes—a large assortment.
Bar Iron—round, square and flat Sweeds English and American.
Hoop, band, sheet and boiler Iron.
Nail, rod and horse shoe Bars.
Plow Steel & Iron, of all widths & thickness.
Cut and Wrought Nails and Spikes.
Hand and Broad Axes. Traces.
Planters' Hoes, of English and American makers. Hollow Ware.
Mill Saws, Circulars & Cross-cut Saws, (Hoe's make.)
Bolting Cloths. Best Anchor-brand Manilla Rope and Plow Lines.
Gin Gearing: Gum Belting.
Chopping Axes. Grind Stones.
Blacksmith's Materials!
Such as Bellows, Anvils, Vices, Hammers, & Stocks and Dies, &c., &c.
Cook, parlor, office, church, and schoolroom Grates, Furnaces, Cauldrons, Ovens, &c,
Corn Shellers, Hay Cutters, Grain Cradles.
PLOWS
OF ALL KINDS.
White Lead and Zincs in oil, Window Glass, Oil Putty and Varnish.
ALSO—Agent for the sale of Iron Railing, for cemeteries, verandahs, porticoes, front yards. Iron Doors, Shutters, Mill Gearing, best French Burr Mill Rock. Together with all articles usually kept in Hardware stores—all of which I invite purchasers to examine before purchasing elsewhere.
Selma, Ala., March 8, 1859—1y.

SELMA BOOK STORE,
J. M. WEST,
Bookseller and Stationer,
SELMA, ALA.
A LARGE STOCK OF
BOOKS PAPER, &C.,
Kept constantly on hand & sold very low.
Orders by mail solicited, and promptly filled.
Selma, Feb. 17 '59.—1y.

FURNITURE STORE
Dallas street, Selma, Ala.
The subscriber takes pleasure in informing the public generally that his stock of FURNITURE is quite extensive, and of a superior quality, consisting of
PARLOR, Dining & Bed-Room
FURNITURE,
of all qualities and description,
Splendid Piano Forts,
Of a superior tone, a good stock, which will be sold cheaper than the same articles have ever before been sold in Alabama.
Metalic Coffins;
always on hand, all sizes and styles.
Wooden Coffins,
at prices from $2 to $50. To all of which the attention of the public is invited and which will be sold at unprecedented low prices for cash.
Aug. 16, 1858.—1y. J. J. NORRIS.

WANTED.
A GOOD industrious Carriage and Wagon Maker. Refer to G. F. [illegible]
Gadsden Ala. March 17, 1859.

$363,040
TO BE DISTRIBUTED.

Georgia State Lottery,
On the Plan of Single Numbers.
—for the benefit of the—
MONTICELLO UNION ACADEMY,
OF JASPER COUNTY, GEORGIA,
Authorized by Special Act of Legislature
McKINNEY & CO., Managers.
CAPITAL PRIZE
$60,000.
Fifty Thousand Tickets!
25,828 PRIZES. More than 1-Prize to every two Tickets.
Tickets only $10.
HALVES QUARTERS & EIGHTS IN PROPORTION.
To be drawn each Saturday in June 1859.
CLASS 22 DRAWS ON Saturday, June 4, 1859.
CLASS 23 DRAWS ON Saturday, June 11, 1859.
CLASS 24 DRAWS Saturday, June 18, 1859,
CLASS 25 DRAWS ON Saturday, June 25, 1859,
To be drawn in public under the sworn superintendence of two Commissioners, appointed for that purpose, in the
CITY OF SAVANAH GEORGIA.
MAGNIFICENT SCHEME!

1 Prize of	$60 000 is	$60,000
1 "	20,000 is	20,000
1 "	10,000 is	10,000
1 "	5,000 is	5,000
1 "	4,000 is	4,000
1 "	3,000 is	3,000
1 "	2,000 is	2,000
1 "	1,500 is	1,500
1 "	1,000 is	1,000
5 "	1,000 are	5,000
10 "	500 are	5,000
2 "	400 are	800
2 "	300 are	600
2 "	200 are	400
50 "	150 are	7,500
100"	100 are	10,000
100"	65 are	6,500
100"	85 are	8,500

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

4 Pr's of $200 ap'xg to $60,000 prize are		800
4 Pr's of 150 ap'xg to 20,000 prize are		600
4 Pr's of 125 ap'xg to 10,000 prize are		500
4 Pr's of 100 ap'xg to 5,000 prize are		400
8 Pr's of 80 ap'xg to 4,000 prize are		640
8 Pr's of 60 ap'xg to 3,000 prize are		480
8 Pr's of 50 ap'xg to 2,000 prize are		400
8 Pr's of 40 ap'xg to 1,500 prize are		320
400 Prs of 20 ap'xg to 100 prize are		8000
25,000 Prizes of 8 are		200,000

25,827 Prizes amounting to **$366,940**

WHOLE TICKETS $10, HALVES $5, QUARTERS $2,50.

PLAN OF THE LOTTERY.

The numbers from 1 to 50,000 corresponding with those numbers on the tickets printed on separate slips of paper, are encircled with small tin tubes and placed in one wheel.

The first 380 prizes, similarly printed and encircled, are placed in another wheel.

The wheels are then revolved, and a number is drawn from the wheel of numbers, and at the same time a prize is drawn from the other wheel. The number and prize, drawn out are opened and exhibited to the audience, and registered by the Commissioners; the Prize being placed against the Number drawn. This operation is repeated until the prizes are drawn out.

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.—The two preceding and the two succeeding Numbers to those drawing the first 8 Prizes will be entitled to the 48 Approximation Prizes. For example: if Ticket 11250 draws the $60,000 Prize, those Tickets numbered 11248, 11249, 11251, 11252 will each be entitled to $200. If Ticket No. 550 draws the $20,000 Prize those tickets numbered 548, 549, 551, 552, will each be entitled to $150, and so on according to the above scheme.

CERTIFICATES of PACKAGES will be sold at the following rates, which is the risk.

Cert. of Packages of 10 Whole Tickets,		$80
" " 10 Half Tickets		40
" " 10 Qr. Tickets,		15
" " 10 Eighth "		7,50

In ordering Tickets or Certificates.

Enclose the money to our address for the tickets ordered, on receipt of which they will be forwarded by first mail. Purchasers can have tickets ending in any figure they may designate.

The list of drawn numbers and prizes will be sent to purchasers immediately after the drawing.

☞Purchasers will please write their signatures plain, and give their post office, county, and State.

☞Remember that every prize is drawn & payable in full without deduction.

☞All prizes of $1,000 and under paid immediately after the drawing—other prizes at the usual time of 30 days.

All communications strictly confidential.

Address orders for Tickets or Certificates to
McKINNEY & CO., Savannah, Ga.

☞A list of the numbers that are drawn from the wheel, with the amount of the prize that each one is entitled to, will be published after every drawing, in the Savannah Daily News.
Feb. 10, '59.

STATE OF ALABAMA, }
CALHOUN COUNTY. }
Court of Probate for Calhoun County, Ala. Special Term, May 28th A. D. 1859.

THIS day came S. O. Striplin, Guardian of Martha Jenkins, formerly a minor, now of full age, and Frances Barnes, formerly Frances Jenkins, now the wife of John P. Barnes, who is over 21 years of age, and filed his account and vouchers for a final settlement of said estate

It is ordered by the court that Saturday the 2d day of July next be set for examining, stating and reporting said account, allowing said vouchers, and making said settlement, and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said county for three successive weeks, prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a Special term of said Court, to be holden at the Court House of said county, on said Saturday the 2nd day of July next, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

Witness, A Woods, Judge of said Court, at office in Jacksonville, on this the 28th day of May, A. D. 1859.
A. WOODS, Judge of
June 2, 1859.—3t. Probate.

LADIES GOODS.
Such as plain and figured
Barages,
Organdies,
Lawns,
French Jackanetts,
Brilliants,
SILK & SILK LACE MANTILLAS,
And all other kinds of Ladies Dress Goods, at
COST. KAHN & FLEISHL.

N. B. All persons indebted to the firms of Kahn & Bro. & Kahn & Fleishl, are requested to settle immediately, as they are compelled to have money, and must close the business of J. Kahn & Bro. Jan 2, 1859.

ROME TO SELMA R. R.
Mail Stage Line.
NEW ARRANGEMENT.

THE Mail Stage leaves Rome daily at 8 o'clock, A. M., via Cave Spring, Jacksonville, Talladega, and Alpine, Ala. to end of Selma Railroad, and arrives at Selma at 2 o'clock P. M., second day—distance 200 miles.

Returning leaves Selma at 8 A. M., and arrives at Rome next day by 6 P. M.
April 28, 1859.

Bolting Cloths.

A FULL assortment of the very best make for sale by J. D. HOKE & BRO.
Oct 14, 1858.

JOB WORK
NEATLY EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE

DO YOU WANT A FIRST RATE
Buggy or Carriage
OF ANY DESCRIPTION, MADE OF THE BEST QUALITY OF HICKORY, at ***LOWER PRICES*** than any other Establishment in the South? If you do, call on

M. L. PALMER,
Rome, Ga.

Where you can also find the celebrated SALADEE PATENT BUGGY, the best plan for the construction of Buggies ever invented. They run lighter, ride easier and last longer than any other Buggy in the world.

Repairing done cheap at short notice. ***All work warranted***
SILVER PLATING done to order. Rome, Ga. February 3, 1859—1y.

HARDWARE AND IRON.
REAPERS, MOWERS, — *Threshers and Horse Powers*
A. R. HARPER,
HEAVY DEALER IN
ENGLISH AND AMERICAN HARDWARE,
Old stand of R. T. McCay, Broad Street. Rome, Ga.

THERE is not a single article of Hardware ENUMERATED in any advertisement, or thought of by any person that he does not keep.

HIS GOODS ARE FOR SALE LOW!

No house this side of Augusta can undersell him.
No house this side of Augusta SHALL undersell him.

His connection with his old friends and customers has been extremely pleasant to him. He thanks them for past favors, and most earnestly solicits a continuation of patronage and friendship. To those who have not as yet honored him with their patronage, he asks to call and see him—it may be for their good—at least will do no harm!!
Jan. 13 '59—1y.

HARDWARE AND IRON.

STOECKEL TOOK THE PREMIUM!

TOBACCO STORE.
GEORGIA vs. VIRGINIA?
GEO. W. STOECKEL,
BROAD ST., ROME, GEORGIA.

Would respectfully call the attention of Storekeepers, and those using Tobacco, in any form, to his well assorted Stock of Segars & Tobacco, having now on hand

A LARGER & BETTER ASSORTMENT THAN EVER KEPT IN CHEROKEE GA

SEGARS, SEGARS.

From 75c to $6 per box, of Havana, German, and American manufacture

CHEWING TOBACCO!

From 20c to $1,25 per lb. I have chewing tobacco at 50c per lb equal to any that is wrapped in tinfoil. Just try it!—and remember the old adage: "All is not gold that glitters;" nor does tin foil INCREASE THE REAL VALUE OF TOBACCO

SMOKING TOBACCO OF ALL KINDS.
A large stock of Burwell's Tobacco now on hand!
VARIETY OF SNUFFS & PIPES!

Some of Burwell's Tobacco, manufactured by me, took the first premium at the Southern Central Agricultural Fair held at Atlanta.
Rome, Georgia, November 25th, 1858—1y.

OUR MOTTO!
Short Profits, and Prompt Payments
THE UNDERSIGNED ARE NOW RECEIVING THEIR
Spring & summer
GOODS.

And earnestly solicit all their customers, friends, and all persons wishing to buy

Cheap and Substantial GOODS,

To call and examine our STOCK OF GOODS before purchasing elsewhere.

We have purchased our Goods at the lowest figures, and will be satisfied with as small profits as any other men.

Come and examine our Goods, and you will come as near finding every thing that you may want in our Store as any other house in Town—and by the time you get through, we will be sure to make it to your interest to spend a few dollars with us.

We have a handsome stock of

LADIES DRESS GOODS,
Trimmings,
Ribbons,
Collars,
& Bonnets,
Kid & Lasting BOOTS. &c.

FOR GENTLEMEN.
A large and well selected stock of
Readymade Clothing,
Hats,
Boots and Shoes,
Saddles Bridles, Harness &c.

HARDWARE & CUTLERY, GLASS & QUEENSWARE, PAINTS DRUGS, &c
Jacksonville, April 7, 1859.—3m. SMITH & SELF

Merchant Mills.

The undersigned having taken charge of Maj. J. A. Stevenson's Brick Merchant Mills, 2 miles south of Jacksonville, respectfully informs the public that he has put them in good order and condition to make as much and as good Flour as any Mills in the country. Corn also ground in a manner that cannot fail to please.

ABRAHAM ADERHOLT.
March 10, 1859—tf.

P. S. Also a Splendid SAW MILL, in first rate order, at which we can fill bills for LUMBER of every description and variety, of the very best quality, upon short notice.

P. LOUGHERY,
IMPORTER OF
CHINA CROCKERY
AND
GLASS WARE,
34 WATER STREET MOBILE. ALA.

IS prepared to put up merchants and planters orders at as low rates as they can be purchased in New York or Boston. Particular care taken in packing Goods for the Country.
Feb. 24, 1859—1y.

MEDICAL NOTICE.
DRS. WM. & E. W. TREADWELL.

HAVING resumed the practice of MEDICINE in partnership, offer their services to the citizens of Cherokee and Calhoun counties, in the various branches of their profession.

Dr. Wm. Treadwell will remain at his residence near Adams' Ferry; Dr. E. W. Treadwell will reside at Maj. Colvin's, where he may be found at all times when not professionally absent. March 10, 1859

Stockholder's Annual Convention.

OFFICE OF THE ALA. & TENN. R. R. Co.}
Selma, May 18th, 1859. }

THE tenth Annual Convention of the Stockholders of the Alabama and Tennessee River Railroad Company, will convene at Shelby Springs, on Wednesday, the 15th day of July next, for the purpose of electing a President & Board of ten Directors for said Company, for the ensuing year.

The Board are requested to meet at the same place on the Monday previous.
A. M. GOODWIN,
May 19, '59. Secretary.

MERCHANT MILLS.

THE undersigned takes this method to inform his friends and the public generally, that his MILLS, on Tallasseehatchee, five miles west of Jacksonville, are now in excellent running order, that he has two pair of French Burrs now in operation and that he is prepared to make as good **Flour** and **Meal** as can be made in the up country.

He further informs his friends and old customers, that he has no connection with the Stephenson Mills, advertised over the signature of Abraham Adholt.
J. A. ADHOLD.
March 24, 1859.—tf.

BOOK & JOB
Printing.

HAVING a large amount of ornamental & display type, together with the combined materials of the Republican and Sunny South Offices, we are prepared to execute all kinds of Job Work in the most neat and expeditious manner: such as Pamphlets, Handbills, Circulars, Cards, Bill-heads, Blanks, &c. &c.

We respectfully request our friends not to send their work to distant cities, when they can get it done equally as well at home, and a great deal cheaper.

Great Arrival.
J. FISHER,
Chattanooga, Tenn.

HAS just received the LARGEST and HANDSOMEST Stock of

Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, and Trunks.

ALL are requested to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. Don't forget the place—one door north of O. H. P. Wayne's, Market street, Chattanooga.

JUST RECEIVED,
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
MISSES AND CHILDREN'S FANCY
STRAW GOODS,

Pearl Bloomer buttons, Brown Leghorn Bloomers, Drooping Leghorn Bloomers, Mixed straw Equestrian, Mixed straw Wm. Tell, Assorted Dangles Drab do, Brown Dangles Lace trimmed.

Gentlemen's Fashionable Moleskin Hats,
" " Casmere "
" Black " "

Gents' and Boys' Straw Goods, of all styles and qualities, Eveant Bell Crowned Hats, Mt. Vernon Leghorn Hats, Boys' fancy trimmed Hats, Just received at J. FISHER'S,
march, 1859.—6m.

Ladies Dress Goods.

NEWEST styles in Merinos, Cashmers De Lanes, &c. Robes. Side Stripes plain and figured, for sale by
April 7. J. D. HOKE & BRO.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration having been on the 4th day of April A. D. 1859, granted to the undersigned, by the Probate Court of St. Clair County, on the estate of Thos. M. Barker, deceased, late of said county: all persons indebted to said estate, are hereby required to make payment thereof to me, and persons having claims against said estate, must present them within eighteen months or they will be barred. This 12th day of April A. D. 1859.

WILLIAM H. ELDRIDGE, *Admr.*
Apr. 21, 1859.—6t.

GROCERIES
AND
CONFECTIONARIES,

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the public, that he has purchased the entire stock of GROCERIES, &c. from G. W. Mathews, on the South-west corner of the public square, and has his arrangements so made, that he will constantly keep a full assortment by the frequent reception of fresh supplies.

The following articles, of superior quality, may always be found, as constituting a part of his supply, and for sale upon the most reasonable terms:

SUGAR AND COFFEE,
SYRUP & MOLASSES,
Candies and Raisins,
Dried Currents & Figs.
CIGARS & TOBACCO,
CHEESE & CRACKERS,
OYSTERS,
SARDINES & MACKEREL
WINES AND LIQUORS

of various descriptions. Together with every other article usually kept in a retail Gorcery Store. To all of which he invites the attention of purchasers, with the assurance that every effort will be used on his part to merit a liberal share of their patronage.
JOHN A. COBB.
Jacksonville, Feb. 10 1859—tf.

CENTRAL HOUSE.

NOW owned by WM. E. KENEDY, has been thoroughly repaired, and is now opened under the management of Mrs M. R. Kennedy and her son Jno. H. Kennedy. It is their intention to make the accommodations acceptable to all who bestow upon the house their patronage. The many fine, well ventilated and furnished rooms, will enable them to accommodate families or gentlemen to their satisfaction. The house is situated in the centre of the business part of the city. The Table shall be as good as any other in the city and every exertion will be made to render guests comfortable.
JOHN H. KENNEDY.
mar10, 1859.—6m. Proprietor.

GROVER & BAKER'S
CELEBRATED
FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.

A New Style. Prices $50.

495 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
11 CAMP ST. NEW ORLEANS.
33 ST. FRANCIS STEET, MOBILE.

These Machines sew from two spools, and from a seam of unequaled strength, beauty, and elasticity, which will NOT rip, even if every fourth stitch be cut. They are unquestionably the best in the market for family use.

☞SEND FOR A CIRCULAR.
J. D. HOKE & BRO.
Agents Jacksonville.

New Millinery, Trimming,
AND
VARIETY STORE.

Misses Noble & Stoeckel,

RESPECTFULLY announce to the Public of Rome, and vicinity, that they have opened a new Millinery Store in the City Hall Building where all the

Latest & Most Fashionable GOODS

Will be kept constantly on hand. With the experience and ability of the firm they hope to meet with a due share of public patronage.

All are invited to examine their stock.

All work faithfully attended to at reasonable prices.

Give the Philadelphia Millinery Store a call.

MISS JANE NOBLE.
MISS M. C. STOECKEL.
Rome, Ga., November 25, 1858—1y.

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.

H. C. BILLINGS, J. J. THOMPSON.
H. C. BILLINGS & CO.
(*CITY AUCTIONEERS.*)
AUCTION AND COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
—AND—
COLLECTORS,
BROAD ST., SELMA, ALA.

HAVING permanently located in Selma, for the purpose of transacting a General Auction and Commission Business, we respectfully solicit a share of public patronage.

We will receive and sell on commission, either at auction or private sale, (having extensive store room) Dry Goods, Groceries Country Produce, Furniture, either new or second-hand, Horses, Mules and Negroes.

Our terms shall be moderate, and account of sales and payments prompt.

☞Liberal advances made on all consignments in store. H. C. BILLINGS,
J. J. THOMPSON.
March 3, 1859—1y.

A Word to the Wise is SUFFICIENT.
If not, a Warrant will be.

CIRCUMSTANCES render it imperiously necessary that I collect the amounts due me by note or account, in a short time. I therefore hereby give fair notice to all persons indebted to me, that if they do not pay up within a few weeks, their notes and accounts will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection.
WM. H. FLEMING.
January 13, 1859.—tf.

Howard Association.
PHILADELPHIA.

A benevolent Institution, established by special endowment for the relief of the sick and distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic diseases.

TO all persons afflicted with Sexual Diseases, such as *Spermatorrhea, Seminal weakness, Impotence, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Syphilis,* the Vice of Onanism, or Self Abuse, &c. &c.

The HOWARD ASSOCIATION, in view of the awful destruction of human life, caused by Sexual diseases, and the deceptions practiced upon the unfortunate victims of such diseases by Quacks, several years ago directed their Consulting Surgeon, as a charitable act worthy of their name to open a Dispensary for the treatment of this class of diseases, in all their forms and to give

Medical Advice Gratis

to all persons thus afflicted, who apply by letter, with a description of their condition, age, occupation, habits of life, &c., and in cases of extreme poverty and suffering, to FURNISH MEDICINES FREE OF CHARGE.

It is needless to add that the Association commands the highest Medical skill of the age, and will furnish the most approved modern treatment.

The Directors, on a review of the past feel assured that their labors in this sphere of benevolent effort, have been of great benefit to the afflicted, especially to the young, and they have resolved to devote themselves, with a renewed zeal, to this very important but much despised cause.

Just Published, by the Association, a Report on Spermatorrhoea, or Seminal Weakness, the vice of Onanism, Masturbation or Self-Abuse, and Diseases of the Sexual Organs by the Consulting Surgeon, which will be sent by mail, (in a sealed envelop) FREE OF CHARGE, on the receipt of TWO STAMPS for postage.

Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon Howard Association, No. 2 South NINTH Street, Philadelphia, Pa. By order of the Directors.
EZRA D. HEARTWELL, President.
GEO. FAIRCHILD, Secretary.
January 6 1859—1y.

FORT & HARGROVE,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL
GROCERS,
BROAD STREET, ROME, GA.
OPPOSITE PLANTER'S BANK AGENCY.

WILL keep constantly for sale, all kinds of Groceries at the lowest market prices.
Call and examine our stock.
Rome, Ga. May 19 1859—1y.

NOTICE.

I HAVE my **Steam Grist Mills** in operation now and will be able to accommodate my customers and the public immediately. Everything connected with the ***Flouring Mill*** is of the best material, strict attention will be paid to all grain sent to these mills. All foreigners can be accommodated with a comfortable house and lot during their stay at the mills.
JAMES G. NISBET,
Feb, 3 1859.—tf

BAARCKE & KIENCKE
MERCHANT TAILORS,
ROYAL STREET,
Under the Battle House, North of the Entrance
MOBILE, ALA.
February 17, 1859.—1y.

MARIESVILLE
Marble Works,
15 Miles South of Talladega.
25 per cent saved by applying to
J. M. N. B. NIX,
For Tombs or Monuments.
Address at TALLADEGA.
February 24, 1859:—1y.

LIVERY STABLE.

J. H. PRIVETT continues his LIVERY STABLE at the old stand, and is prepared at all times to furnish the public with VEHICLES and HORSES, at the following rates:

Horse per day,	$1 00
Buggy " "	1 00
Horse and Buggy per day,	2 00
Horses and Hack, " "	5 00

Damages to Horses or Vehicles must be settled for by persons hiring them.

Transient persons can have their horses well taken care of at this Stable.

N. B. Persons who hire Horses and Buggies, must not forget to pay up occasionally, as corn is high and a cash article, and if they fail, 25 per cent. will be added. July 1857.

ETOWAH HOUSE,
ROME, GA.
L. P. THOMAS, Proprietor,
(LATE OF EATONTON HOTEL.)
The Stage Offices are kept at this house
AND IT IS NEAREST THE DEPOT.
April 21, 1859.

GRAND SPECULATION!

To be determined on the 11th and 25th of each month, from MAY, 1859, until further notice.

Great reduction in Numbers?
Only 10,000 Numbers. 300 Prizes.

Walton Female College LOTTERY.
Chartered by the State, in '56.

Having been appointed by the President & Directors of the Walton Female College Managers of their Lottery Charter, we intend conducting the same on the favorite Havana Plan of Single Numbers, and have located our office in the City of Savannah, Geo. We now offer the following

Favorite Scheme of 10,000 Numbers.
CAPITALS OF
$12,000, $5,000, $2,000. &c.
WM. C. DAWSON & CO, *Managers.*

CLASSES 3 and 4 draw at Savannah, Geo. April 11th and 25th, 1859, at ARMORY HALL, under the sworn superintendance of Commissioners
W. R. Symons, & J. M. Prentiss, Esq's.

PRIZES PAYABLE WITHOUT DEDUCTION.

GRAND SCHEME.

1 Prize of	$12,000 is		$12,000
1 do	5,000 is		5,000
1 do	2,000 is		2,000
3 Prizes of	1,000 are		3,000
5 do	500 are		2,500
6 do	200 are		1,200
83 do	100 are		8,300
100 do	50 are		5,000
100 do	25 are		2,500

300 Prizes amounting to **$41,500**
TICKETS—Wholes $5, H'ves $2.50, Qrs 125

All Prizes paid immediately after the drawing. On the 1st of each month a $10 scheme with a Capital of $50,000 will be drawn, and on the 15th of each month a $5 scheme with a Capital of $30,000 will be drawn. Persons sending money by mail need not fear its being lost. Orders punctually attended to.—Communications strictly confidential. Notes of sound Banks taken at par. Those wishing particular numbers should order immediately. Registered Letters at our risk. Certified copies of the drawing mailed to all purchasers of Tickets immediately after the drawing.

REFERENCES:

Hon. Ovid G. Sparks, Mayor of Macon.—LaRoche & Bell, Savannah, Ga. T. R. Bloom Cotton Factor, Macon, Ga. Farley, Jury & Co. New Orleans.

For Tickets, address
W. C. DAWSON & Co., Managers,
SAVANNAH OR MACON, Ga.
Or Box D, Number 11, New Orleans, La.

☞Prizes cashed either in Macon or Savannah, Ga., or at No. 80 1-2 St. Charles; between Gravier and Commercial Place, New Orleans La March 31, 1859.

PICTURES, PICTURES!

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the people of White Plains and vicinity, and indeed the people of the entire county of Calhoun, that he has located himself at the Plains, where he is prepared to get up the finest pictures—New York to the contrary, notwithstanding! Likenesses taken in all sorts of weather, in from 3 to 5 seconds. Prices moderate: terms cash; or good produce will *sometimes* be taken.
R. E. NEELD.

P. S. Garments of all kinds will be cut out, in the best style, and on short notice. Also, coats and pants made to order.

☞ROOMS, up stairs above Williamson's & Keel's Storehouse. Jan. 6, 1859.

COMMITTED

To the Jail of ST. CLAIR COUNTY, Alabama, a Negro Man, who says his name is **ALBERT**, and that he belongs to Doc. Hunter, of Montgomery, Alabama.

Said boy is about five feet six or eight inches high, a little light colored for a Negro. No marks noticed —about thirty-six or thirty-seven years of age.

The owner is hereby notified to come forward, prove property, pay charges; and take him away, or he will be dealt with as the law directs Ashville, Ala. April 15, 1859.
WM. G. RIGGS,
Jailor of St. Clair County.
April 21, 1859.—tf.

MORRIS' MERCHANT
FLOURING MILLS.

THESE extensive Mills, on Cane Creek, are now in excellent order and in full operation, with abundant water power, and capable of grinding about 500 bushels of Wheat per day, and making flour of as good quality and as much per bushel as any mills in the country. Every effort will be made for the prompt accommodation of customers, by competent correct and experienced Millers.

The best cash price will be paid for Wheat at all times, delivered at the Mill.

Our Flouring Mills on Choccolocco, formerly owned by Wm Mallory, are also now in successful operation, for doing custom or market grinding, at which place wheat will also be purchased, and the best cash price paid—Bring on your Wheat.
E. G. & I. G. MORRIS.
May 12, 1859.

Boots and Shoes,

SOMETHING superior in quality and finish just received by
Oct.14. J. D. HOKE & BRO.

FARMERS
AND
MECHANICS
LOOK TO
YOUR INTEREST!

All those PERSONS who buy
HARDWARE,

Expecting and intending to pay for it when their accounts are due, I respectfully invite

To Examine my Goods

At Prices below. My object not being to sell more than my share of Goods, but it is to get them into prompt paying hands.

Having settled in Rome

For Life, my object is first to get the confidence of the People and thereby build up a

Trade that will stick to me,
And my sons after me.

I Mean just what I Say.

EVERY BAR WARRANTED.
Swedes Iron 6½ cents.
REFINED IRON;

Common sizes Tire 4½c wholesale: 5c retail
" " Round & Square Iron 4½c. wholesale; 5c. retail.

Horse Shoe Iron at wholesale 5½c:		retail 6
Band Iron, 1-8 to 3 16 in. "	5½c:	" 6½c.
" " 1-4 in. "	4½c:	" 5½c.
Hoop "	" 7	" 8.
Sheet "	" 7	" 8.
Oval "	" 6	" 7
Cast Steel,	" 20	" 22
Blister "	" 10	

Nails, keg, wholesale $5.50, ret'l $6, good Vices, solid box 18c Cotter keyed 12 & 15 Bellows, 50c an inch, (good article.) Axles 8½c. Springs 13c. Borax 45; Shovels (Ames') $1 15, Rowlands $1 00; Axes—S. W. Collins, $1 26, H. Collins, $1 00: Hoyrs $1 25.

Stoves of all kinds and styles—very low.
OSWELL BONES EVE.
Sept. 9, 1858—1y.

CONSOLIDATED
Lotteries of Delaware For June, 1859.
FRANCE, BROADBENTS & Co. Managers.
All drawings under the superintendance of the Lottery Commissioners. Prizes paid soon as drawn

Grand Delaware Lottery
ON THE HAVANA PLAN.
Extra Class Three,
To be drawn in Wilmington, Del. Saturday. June 30, 1859.

25,365 numbers!—50,000 prizes

Prizes paid in full, without deduction.
In these Lotteries every Prize is drawn.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	$50,000
1 prizes of	12,500
2 prizes of	5,000
2 prizes of	2,500
2 prizes of	2,000
2 prizes of	1,000
10 prizes of	800
10 prizes of	600
10 prizes of	400
100 prizes of	100
25,000 prizes of	8

And 212 Approximations prizes ranging from $20 up to $400.

MAGNIFICENT SCHEME.
GRAND CAPITAL PRIZE $70,000!
Grand Consolidated Lottery of Delaware.
Class N, to be drawn in Wilmington, Delaware Saturday, June, 25, 1859.

SPLENDID SCHEME.

1 Prize	$70,000 is	$70,000
1	25,000	25,000
1	12,550 }	
1	12,550 }	25,100
2	10,000	20,000
4	8,000	32,000
4	5,000	20,000
4	2,500	10,000
10	2,000	20,000
10	1,250	12,500
182	1,000	182,000
66	600	39,600
66	500	33,000
132	200	26,400
132	100	13,200
3,960	40	158,400
25740	20	514,800

30,316 prizes, amt'g to $1,202,000
Tickets $20; H'ves $10; Qrs. $5; Eighths 250

A package of 26 whole tickets at $20 costs, $520

There are 12 drawn ballots, & each ballot being worth $20, makes $240

15 per cent off, being 36

Leaves net 204

Leaving risk to the purchaser' $316

Persons who desire need only remit the risk on a Package, for which we will send a Certificate as follows:

Cer'ate of Package of	26 wholes cost		$300
do do	26 Halves,		150
do do	26 Quarters		75
do do	26 Eights,		37 50

All order addressed to France, Broadents & Co., Wilmington, Del., will meet with prompt attention, and the printed official drawings sent as soon as over.
FRANCE, BROADBENTS & Co.,
April 7, '59. Managers.

Land for Sale.

THE undersigned will offer for sale to the highest bidder, on Tuesday the 12th day of July next, if not sooner disposed of, the Tract of Land on which she now resides, lying on Coosa river, about nine miles below Gadsden, containing 160 acres, a portion cleared and the remainder well timbered, about 50 acres, river bottom, first quality cotton land.—It is watered by a number of fine Springs, and is advantageously situated for stock range.—Persons wishing to purchase would do well to call and examine the place, and for further information, can address a line to Esquire Gilbert 4 miles below Gadsden.
May 12, 1859. ROSANNA HILL.

Wheat Wanted.

FROM **20,000 to 30,000** BUSHELS of Wheat will be purchased by the undersigned, and the best cash prices paid, delivered either at our Mills or Cane Creek or Choccolocco.
E. G. & I. G. MORRIS.
May 12, 1859.

Carpenters Work.

THE undersigned still offers his services to the citizens of Jacksonville and vicinity, in the execution of all kinds of Carpenters work. He will contract for building and furnish materials for the same at the usual rates.

Thankful for past patronage, he hopes to merit and receive a continuance of the same. He will also put up FURNITURE to order, such as *Wardrobes, Safes, Tables, &c.* He will keep good workmen and may be usually found at his shop on main street, South of the Court-house. Call and make contracts to suit your wishes.

Two or three good, sober industrious workmen can get employment at fair wages on application to him. H. B. JONES.
Jacksonville, May 19, 1859—tf.

Ashville Hotel.
EDWARD GOODE, *Proprietor,*

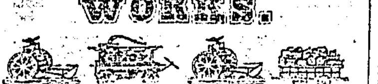
Has made great improvements in this House; and is now prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with a call. His table is supplied with the best the country affords. March 24, 1859.—6m.

Masonic Notice.

THE 24TH OF JUNE NEXT, will be be celebrate, by Crozier Lodge, No. 78, at White Plains, Ala. by procession, oration public installation of officers &c. Transient brethren and those of neighboring Lodges are respectfully invited to attend.

J. H. BURTON, }
J. B. HAYES, } *Com.*
B. S. EVINS, } *of Inv.*
S. MORGAN, }
May 5, 1859.

ROME
STEAM ENGINE WORKS.



Rome, Georgia.

FOR the manufacture of Locomotives Stationary Engines of any size or pattern according to order.

Rail Road work, Iron bridges & Roofs, Hot Blasts for Furnaces, & Rolling Mill, Castings and Machinery, Housing, Mill Screws, Turning Lathes, Drill Presses, Shafting, &c.

Gas & Water Works erected: all kinds of Machinery repaired. Have always on hand Wrought Iron Steam & Water Pipe, Steam Cocks, Gauges, &c.

CASTINGS OF ANY SIZE.

Iron and Brass castings made to order—have always on hand some of the *best* GIN GEARING in the Country; also Gudgeons, Castings for Horse Power, Thrashing Machines, and a variety of beautiful Patterns of Iron Railing for Railing for Dwellings, Public Buildings, Cemetry Lots, &c.

BOILERS.

Flue Tubular, Locomotive and Cilender Boilers, made & repaird. Water Tanks, Blast Pipes, Gasometers, Wrought Iron Smoke Stacks, &c. Blacksmith work made to order.

MINING MACHINERY.

Cornish Pumping, Engines, Crushers, Lifting and Force Pumps, Pump Rods & Joints, Whim and Whinze Kibbles, Stamp Heads of any required hardness; all kinds of MINER'S TOOLS,—Particular attention is given to this branch of business. Mr James Noble, Sr., who superintends the work, having been a long time in Europe for the purpose of obtaining the latest improvements and drawing of mining work.

Persons in want of Steam Engines will do well to call on us before going elsewhere, we will warrant our Engines to be equal in every particular to the *best* made anywhere, and for simplicity and durability not to be excelled. A list of prices sent on *application.*

We can make and put up Engines in running order and warrant them, for less than they can be had from Philadelphia or New Bork, none but the best material used in our work. All boilers manufactured at our establishment we will warrant to be of the best No. 1 Penna Charcoal Hammered Iron.

We are now manufacturing a new Iron Cotton Screw with Anti Friction Ball, those who have them prefer them to all others. We invite all in want of a good screw, that will always last to pack any size bale, to examine this.

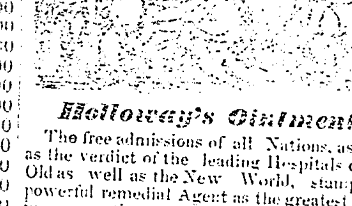
HAVE ON HAND AND FOR SALE
VERY LOW
One 30 Horse Engine,
One 15 " "
One 10 " "
Two 8 " "

Also a second hand Locomotive with 6 driving wheels, admirably adapted for a Freight Switch or Construction Engine, has been rebuilt having new fire box and Flues.

Having the largest establishment and machinery of any shop in the State, and as every department *is* superintended by ourselves we feel confident that we can do work as cheap and equal to any in the United States.

NOBLE BROTHERS & CO.
Dec. 2 1858—1y. *Rome Ga.*

THE MIGHTY HEALER!
WORLD KNOWN AND WORLD TRIED



Holloway's Ointment.

The free admissions of all Nations, as well as the verdict of the leading Hospitals of the Old as well as the New World, stamp this powerful remedial Agent as the greatest healing preparation ever made known to suffering man. Its penetrative qualities are more than marvellous, through the external orifices of the skin, invisible to the naked eye, it reaches the seat of the internal disease; and in all external affections its anti-inflammatory & healing virtues surpass anything else on record, & is Nature's great ally.

ERYSIPELAS AND SALT RHEUM

Are two of the most common and virulent disorders prevalent on this continent, to these the Ointment is especially antagonistic, its "*modus operandi*" is first to eradicate the venom and then complete the cure.

Bad Legs, Old Sores, and Ulcers.

Cases of many years standing that have pertinaciously refused to yield to any other remedy or treatment, have invariably succumbed to a few applications of this powerful unguent.

Eruption on the Skin.

Arising from a bad state of the blood or chronic disease are eradicated, and a clear & transparent surface regained by the restorative action of this Ointment. It surpasses many of the cosmetics and other toilet appliances in its power to dispel rashes & other disfigurements of the face.

Piles and Fistula.

Every form and feature of these prevalent and stubborn disorders is eradicated locally & entirely by the use of this emolient; warm fomentations should precede its application.—Its healing qualities will be found to be thorough and invariable.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:

Bunions,	Mecurial Eruptions,
Burns,	Piles,
Chapped Hands,	Rheumatism,
Chilblains,	Ringworm,
Fistula,	Salt Rheum,
Gout,	Scalds,
Lumbago,	Skin Diseases,
Swelled Glands,	Sprains,
Sore Legs,	Stiff Joints,
Sore Breasts,	Tetter,
Sore Heads	Ulcers,
Sore Throats,	Veneral Sores,
Sores of all kinds,	Wounds of all kinds.

☞CAUTION!—None are genuine unless the words "*Holloway, New York and London,*" are discernible as a *Water-mark* in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by *holding the leaf to the light.* A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

Sold at the Manufactories of Prof. Holloway, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggist and Dealers in Medicine throughout the United States and the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents, 63 cents, and $1 each.

☞There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box. April 21, 1859—1y.

TIN SHOP.
FARMER & NESBIT.

ARE prepared to do all sorts of Tin and Sheet Iron work, at the old stand of S. P. Hudson.

They will also keep COOKING STOVES to sell low for the *CASH.*

Still take old pewter and Beaswax in exchange for Tin ware.
FARMER & NESBIT.
Sept. 30 1857—tf.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the estate of Lucretia B. Weaver, dec. having been granted to the undersigned on the 14th day of May, A. D. 1859, by the Hon'l A. Woods, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun County, Ala.—Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred—and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment.
May 26, 1858. H. S. WEAVER, Adm.

THE LIVER
INVIGORATOR
PREPARED BY DR. SANFORD,
COMPOUNDED entirely from GUMS,

IS ONE OF THE BEST PURGATIVE and Liver Medicines now before the public, that acts as a *Cathartic*, easier, milder, and more effectual than any other medicine known. It is not only a *Cathartic*, but a *Liver* remedy, acting first on the *Liver* to eject its morbid matter, then on the stomach and bowels to carry off that matter, thus accomplishing two purposes effectually, without any of the painful feelings experienced in the operations of most Cathartics. It strengthens the system at the same time that it purges it; and when taken daily in moderate doses, will strengthen and build it up with unusual rapidity.

The **Liver** is one of the principal regulators of the human body; and when it performs its functions well, the powers of the system are fully developed. The *stomach* is almost entirely dependent on the healthy action of the *Liver* for the proper performance of its functions; when the stomach is at fault, the bowels are at fault, and the whole system suffers in consequence of one organ—the Liver—having ceased to do its duty. For the diseases of that organ, one of the proprietors has made it his study, in a practice of more than twenty years, to find some remedy wherewith to counteract the many derangements to which it is liable.

To prove that this remedy is at last found, any person troubled with Liver Complaint, in any of its forms, has but to try a bottle, and conviction is certain.

These Gums remove all morbid or bad matter from the system, supplying in their place a healthy flow of bile, invigorating the stomach, causing food to digest well, purifying the blood, giving tone and health to the whole machinery, removing the cause of the disease—effecting a radical cure.

Billious attacks are cured, and what is better, prevented by the occasional use of the LIVER INVIGORATOR.

One dose *after* eating is sufficient to relieve the stomach & prevent the food from rising and souring.

Only one dose taken before retiring, prevents **Nightmare.**

Only one dose taken at night, loosens the bowels gently, and cures Costiveness.

One dose taken after each meal will cure **Dyspepsia.**

☞One dose of two teaspoonfuls will always relieve **Sick Headache.**

One bottle taken for female obstruction removes the cause of the disease, and makes a *perfect cure.*

Only one dose immediately relieves Cholic, while one dose often repeated is a sure cure for **Cholera Morbus,** and a preventive of **Cholera.**

☞Only one bottle is needed to throw out of the system the effects of medicine after a long sickness.

☞One bottle taken for **Jaundice** removes all sallowness or unnatural color from the skin.

One dose taken a short time before eating gives vigor to the appetite, and makes food digest well.

One dose often repeated cures Chronic Diarrhœa in its worst forms, while Summer and Bowel complaints yield almost to the first dose.

One or two doses cures attacks caused by **Worms in Children:** there is no surer, safer, or speedier remedy in the world, as it never fails.

☞A few bottles cures Dropsy, by exciting the absorbents.

We take pleasure in recommending this medicine as a preventive for Fever & Ague, **Chill Fever,** and all **Fevers of a Billious TYPE.** It operates with certainty, & thousands are willing to testify to its wonderful virtues.

ALL WHO USE IT ARE GIVING THEIR UNANIMOUS TESTIMONY IN ITS FAVOR.

MIX WATER IN THE MOUTH WITH THE INVIGORATOR, AND SWALLOW BOTH TOGETHER.

The Liver Invigorator

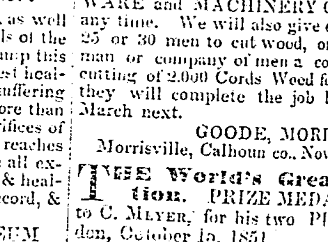
IS A SCIENTIFIC MEDICAL DISCOVERY, and is daily working cures, almost too great to believe. It cures as if by magic, *even the first dose giving benefit,* and seldom more than one bottle is required to cure any kind of **Liver** Complaint, from the worst *Jaundice* or *Dyspepsia* to a common *Headache,* all of which are the result of a **Diseased Liver.**

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.
DR. SANFORD, Proprietor,
335 Broadway, New York.
Retailed by all Druggist. Sep 9, '58—1y.

NOTICE.

WE have our Furnace in operation, and can furnish the people with HOLLOW WARE and MACHINERY CASTINGS any time. We will also give employment to 25 or 30 men to cut wood, or will give any man or company of men a contract for the cutting of 2,000 Cords Wood for us, provided they will complete the job by the first of March next.
GOODE, MORRIS, & CO.
Morrisville, Calhoun co., Nov. 4—t

THE World's Great Exhibition. PRIZE MEDAL, awarded to C. MEYER, for his two PIANOS, London, October 15, 1851.



C. MEYER respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has constantly on hand PIANOS, equal to those for which he received the Prize Medal in London, in 1851.

All orders promptly attended to, and great care taken in the selection and packing the same.

He has received, during the last fifteen years, more Medals than any other maker, from the Franklin Institute—also, First Premiums in Boston, New York and Baltimore.

Warerooms, No. 772 ARCH Street, below Eighth, South side, PHILADELPHIA.
Dec. 16, 1858.

Cotton Cultivator.

LETTERS PATENT were granted to the undersigned, on the 6th day of July, 1858, for his *improvement in Cotton Cultivators;* to which he calls the attention of both Cotton and Corn Cultivators.

The plow will penetrate the ground to *any required depth,* and will pulverise and loosen the soil, and cut off all the weeds. It will now close to the stalks of cotton or corn, and loosen the soil near the roots without injuring or destroying them. It does not make a furrow, or *turn over* the soil, but loosens it up and lets it fall back into its place again. It is peculiarly adapted to the cultivation of cotton; and one horse power is sufficient to propel it.

It is believed, as will be seen by the following certificate, that it will save 25 per cent. of labor over the best improvements, and at least 50 per cent. over the common plow.

He believes the cultivator entitled to all he claims for it, and in support of his belief, he calls the readers attention to the subjoined certificate of Messrs. Moragne and Hollingsworth, who are the *only* persons who have tried the Cultivator. As to its utility no more need be said—TRY IT—THE BEST recommendation is ITS USE.

He offers for sale County or State rights at reasonable prices. Address,
ASBERRY SMITH.
Jan. 20, '59—6m. Jacksonville, Ala

Gadsden, Ala., Jan. 15, 1859.

The undersigned have used the Cotton Cultivator of Asberry Smith, and we take pleasure in saying, that is a most excellent plow; superior to any we have ever used in the cultivation of cotton; it saves at least 25 per cent. in labor, over any plow we have ever tried, and from 30 to 50 per cent. over the common plow. In the cultivation of young corn it is superior to any we have tried. We take pleasure in recommending it to the public as worthy of patronage; as we believe from actual experiment, it comes fully up to all that is claimed for it.
ISAAC P. MORAGNE,
THOS. HOLLINGSWORTH.

I am personally acquainted with Isaac P. Moragne and Thos. Hollingsworth, and I have the utmost confidence in the above statement made by them.
THOS. A. WALKER,

Jacksonville Republican,
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING BY
J. F. GRANT,
At Two Dollars within the year, or three dollars at the end of the year.
A failure to give notice of a wish to discontinue will be considered an engagement for the next year.

Jacksonville Republican.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:
One dollar per square of 12 lines or less, for the first insertion, and fifty cents per square for each continuance. Over one square, counted as two, &c. Advertisements not marked continued until forbid.
Yearly advertisements, $10 for one square and $5 for each additional square.
Annunciation of Candidates $5. Circulars of Candidates, 50 cents per square.
Interest charged on all accounts from the time they are due.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER, DEVOTED TO POLITICS, LITERATURE, EDUCATION, MECHANIC ARTS, SCIENCES, AGRICULTURE, GENERAL INTELLIGENCE, THE MARKETS, CURRENCY, AND NEWS OF THE DAY.

VOL. 23, NO. 26. JACKSONVILLE, ALA., THURSDAY, JUNE 30, 1859. WHOLE NO. 1176

BOOTS & SHOES
AT WHOLESALE,
R. A. PRINGLE & CO.
177 EAST BAY,
Opporitete the New Custom House,
CHARLESTON, S. C.
WILL keep constantly on hand Boots, Shoes and Brogans, of every variety, suited to the Southern Trade. We will be able to show our friends a much better stock of Ladies and Gents Fine Goods than usual; and for cash or approved paper, will sell as low as the same quantity can be bought from manufacturers.
ROBERT A. PRINGLE,
CHARLES H. BERRY.
Feb. 3, 1859.

Waggon & Carriage Making Bussiness.
The undersigned is prepared to execute any work in the above named line of business, at his shop in Gadsden, of good materials and in the most neat and durable manner.
Orders for work promptly executed, and prices moderate.
Repairing of every description also done upon short notice.
G. R. REINHART.

RICHARDSON'S IRISH LINENS,
DAMASKS, DIAPERS, &c.
CONSUMERS of RICHARDSON'S LINENS and these desirous of obtaining the GENUINE GOODS, should see that the articles they purchase are sealed with the full name of the firm,
RICHARDSON, SONS & OWDEN,
as a guarantee of the soundness and durability of the Goods.
This caution is rendered essentially necessary, as large quantities of inferior and defective Linens are prepared; season after season and sealed with the name of RICHARDSON by Irish Houses, who, regardless of the injury thus indicted alike on the American consumer & the manufactrers of the genuine Goods, will not readily abandon a business so profitable, while purchasers can be imposed on with Goods of a worthless character.
J. BULLOCKE & J. B. LOCKE,
Agents, 36 Church St., N. York.
Sept. 16, 1858—1y.

United States Daily Mail Line
FROM
JACKSONVILLE, Ala. to CHATTANOOGA, Tenn.
Via Goshen, Caloma, Centre, Cedar Bluff, Gaylesville, and Sommerville, Ga.
Divine & Kennedy, *Contractors.*
Through Tickets from Jacksonville to Chattanooga, **$7 00.**
The travelling public are respectfully advised that this line is in successful operation, supplied with splendid Four Horse Coaches. Experienced, attentive and courteous drivers, and good houses on the line will insure passengers on this line every possible comfort and accommodation.
January 3, 1859.—tf.

United States Mail Line.
FROM CUSSETA TO JACKSONVILLE ALABAMA.
(Via LaFayette, Milltown, Louina. Wedowee, Rockdale, Milner, Oakfuskie, Chulafinnee, Corn Grove & White Plains.
THE Contractors of the above line would respectfully notify the travelling public, that they are now running, and will continue to run a four horse coach from Cusseta (on the Montgomery and West Point Railroad) daily, (except Sunday) to Lafayette, Ala. and triweekly the residue in two horse coaches or hacks, leaving Jacksonville on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 6 o'clock, A. M. and arrive at Cusseta the next days in time to connect with the cars reaching Montgomery and Columbus by 9 o'clock P. M. same days. Passengers will find excellent teams and careful drivers, through this line, and have the advantages of daylight traveling.
Fare through—$7 00.
C. STONE & CO., Proprietors.
December 9, 1858.—tf.

LEMUEL MILICAN—*dec. Estate of*
LETTERS of Administration upon the estate of said decedent having been granted to the undersigned, on the 22d day of February 1859, by the Probate Court of St. Clair county Ala.—notice is hereby given, to all persons having claims against said estate, to present the same, within the time allowed by law or they will be barred.
THOMAS W. GILBERT,
May 19, 1859.—6t. *Admr.*

Tri-Weekly Mail.
WISDOM'S HACK LINE!
From Jacksonville, Ala., via Gadsden and Guntersville, to Larkinsville on Memphis and Charleston Railroad-Distance [illegible] miles.
[illegible] leave Jacksonville every Monday Wednesday and Friday, at 6 o'clock, A. M. arrive at Larkinsvill the next day at 11 A. M. connecting with the Train for Memphis.
Returning leave Larkinsville every Monday Wednesday and Friday, at 11 o'clock, A. M. on the arrival of the Up Train, and arrive at Jacksonville the next day at 5 1-2 o'clock P. M., making close connection with [illegible] Railroad Stage Line. Also connecting with the Hack Line by Wedowee & La-Fayette to Cusseta.
The above Lines have been neatly fitted up with **New Hacks,** good HORSES, AND SOBER, CAREFUL DRIVERS, and no pains will be spared in contributing to the pleasure and convenience of passengers. The Proprietor gives his personal attention to the superintendance of these lines, and hopes by meriting to receive a liberal share of public patronage.
JOHN H. WISDOM, *Contractor.*
[illegible] 1859—6m.

DR. C. J. CLARK,
Surgeon & Practicing Physician,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
DR. CLARK will keep constantly on hand a supply of **Pure Medicines** for his own prescribing and to supply his patients.
He will also take charge of Negroes suffering from Chronic Diseases, or requiring Surgical treatment, and board and treat them on reasonable terms. Jan. 18, 1859.—1y.

Time! Time is Money.
If you wish your Watches to keep time, call at the old stand, next door to Kahn & Bro. where you will find WM. C. LAND doing business on his own account, who will faithfully endeavor to make watches placed in his care keep time, and use every effort to give satisfaction. TERMS—CASH.
Engraving of every description neatly executed.
Jacksonville, May 5, 1859—tf.

C. G. KUHNE,
SADDLE & HARNESS MANUFACTURER,
AND UPHOLSTERER,
WILL KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND [illegible] Between Monroe and Morrow's & Norris and Ware's, a large supply of Spring and other MATRESSES.
ORDERS SOLICITED.
BROAD ST., SELMA, ALA.
Selma, Ala. Feb. 17, 1859—1y.

In order to supply the frequent demands for statistical information, on the subjects of Railroads, Internal Improvement Fund, &c. the following articles are republished from last year's volume.

Republished from the Republican of October 14, 1858.

The *only* way to connect North and South Alabama by Rail Road.

We have before us the last annual report of the President and Directors of the Ala & Tenn Rivers R. R. Co.—showing its extension, operation, and business transactions from its commencement, up to the first of June last, '58.

From this report we glean some substantial and valuable facts, which we lay before our readers, and invoke their special attention and close consideration.

The length of this road from Selma to Gadsden is 167 miles and a small fraction—of this distance 100 miles of this road is finished and in daily running operation from Selma to Alpine.

From Alpine to Gadsden is 67 miles of this distance up to the 15th of last June, 40 miles were graded, *two companies* since that time have been engaged in grading, and doubtless have finished a few more miles; this however we will not include in our account and estimate.

Thus it will be seen from Alpine, the end of the finished road to Gadsden is 67 miles, 40 miles of it are graded—leaving only 27 miles to grade—all the heavy grading is finished—the 27 miles yet to grade is light work. This road thus far in its construction is a first class road laid with heavy T. rails. The graduation, masonry and bridging is first class work. All cuts are 14 feet wide at the grade line—slopes 18 inches to the foot—embankment at top 14 feet over.

From this it will be seen, if this company had the iron, this road could be finished in a very short time. The track laying might commence and progress to Gadsden without interruption.

At Gadsden on the Coosa river, in Cherokee county, the Tenn. & Coosa Rail Road company sets in, and extends to Gunter's Landing on the Tennessee river. According to the last survey made by J. R. Abrahams, chief Engineer of the Tenn. & Coosa Rail Road, from Gadsden to Gunter's Landing is 36½ miles. We have it from a reliable source that the Tenn. & Coosa R. Road Co., have 23 or 25 miles of their road graded—we will put it down at the least number 23 miles which leaves only 23½ miles to grade.

From the above state of facts taken from the reports of the two companies, it will be seen from Selma to Gunter's Ladding via Ala. & Tenn. R. R. R. and the Tenn. & Coosa R. R. the distance is 204 miles, counting in the fractions. Out of this distance we have shown 100 miles of finished road—out of the 104 miles from Alpine to Gunter's Landing, the Ala. & Tenn. R. R. R has 40 miles graded, the Tenn. & Coosa R. R. has 23 graded, making 63 miles graded from Alpine to Gunters Landing leaving only 41 miles to grade from Selma to Gunters Landing.

We here condense the statement more closely, and show that from Selma to Gunters Landing it is 204 miles—100 miles of that distance is finished and in operation—63 miles of the balance is graded; leaving only 41 miles to grade.

From this it is easy to be seen, that if these two companies had the iron to clothe their roads, North and South Alabama could be connected by R. Road—the Ala. & Tenn. rivers would be connected at Selma and at Gunter's Landing. The Tenn. river is navigable for Steam boats all the season from the Memphis and Charleston R. R. at Decatur to Gunters Landing; and from the Nashville and Chattanooga R. R. where it crosses the Tenn. river down to Gunters Landing.

It will require about 80 tons of T. rails to the mile to clothe the road from Alpine to Gunter's Landing; being 104 miles, it will take about 8320 tons—the cost of which will be about $416,000 at the present prices of iron.

These two companies have a land grant from the General Government which embraces and covers some of the finest coal fields and mineral lands in the State. The means they have on hand are ample to finish up all the grading, culverts and bridging, now left to be done.

The question now presents itself, how can they obtain the iron? It requires money to buy the iron. It is the settled policy of the State not to give aid to internal improvements, out of the State treasury—this policy we believe to be correct, and should be adhered to.

There is an internal improvement fund called the three per cent. fund given to the State of Ala., by the General Government, for the express purpose of internal improvements alone, and it cannot legally and according to the compact between the State & General Government be used for any other purpose. The State has in its possession or owes to this fund $537,125 58.

At the last session of the Legislature, a committee was raised from both houses to investigate and examine into the condition of this fund. That committee was composed of able business men—they made a full and thorough examination into the condition of that fund, and reported that the State had on hand and owed to that fund the sum of $537,125 58.

The larger portion of this fund had been in the possession of the State ever since the year 1823, up to this date, making about 35 years. We are decidedly of the opinion that the *State of Ala.*, should hold this fund no longer. A fund lying as dead capital for thirty five years in the possession of the State is insufferable, and fraught with the worst sort of policy.

We say this fund should be disgorged by the State, and applied in connecting North and South Alabama.—More good can be done to the State and the people in this way than any other.

There are two companies that have been struggling for a long time to connect the waters of the bay of Mobile with the Tenn. river. They have done much, which has added greatly to the interest of the State—much remains yet to be done; and we think the State out of this internal improvement fund alone, should loan enough to the companies for the purpose of buying the iron to finish the road to Gunter's Landing.

The State might take it in prefered Stock on these roads or let it out as a loan, either of which would do.

The State in our opinion can be amply secured in a loan. The State loaned to the Montgomery and West Point R. Road $116,000 of the two per cent. fund, which enabled that company to finish that road—that loan was for ten years—four years without interest, and five years at 5 per cent. interest. The State lost nothing by this operation.—We ask now, where is the objection to loaning these companies enough of that fund to purchase the iron to finish the road to Gunter's Landing?

North & South Ala. can be connected with the three per cent. fund.—There is no other company—there is no other Rail Road route—in fact there is no other way by which North & South Ala., can be connected, with so small a sum, as the three per cent. fund. By any other route beside this, five millions of dollars added to the three per cent. fund will not connect North and of the State. Titles have issued for the use of this company, to the amount 415,639 acres of land—the remainder of the lands in conflict with the North East and South West Railroad and the Central Rail Road, is left open for future adjustment.

If the 3 per cent. fund is applied to this route, with the means of the two companies embracing their land grants—North and South Ala. can be connected in less time than two years.

Montgomery & Decatur route, and the Selma and Gunter's Landing route compared and examined.

The very frequent attacks made on the Ala. & Ten R. R. R. & the Ten. & Coosa R. R. by the Decatur Times, Athens Herald, and Montgomery Mail, and a host of outsiders, has induced us to submit the following tables of statistics, taken from the last census, made in 1855, and the reports of the Comptroller.

The railroad route from Selma to the south bend of the Tenn. river at Gunter's Landing, has been called the "Ram's horn road."—said to "start no where and end no where, and go by no important place, through no important county."

This may all be so in the eyes of our rivals, and invidious quandam friends; yet a decent respect for the opinions of others, impels us to submit the following facts to a candid world, and leave them to determine which of the two routes is the most meritorious—and further, whether the unprovoked attacks made by our enemies and rivals, are not characterised by a degree of dictatorial selfishness, arrogance and avarice, peculiar alone to themselves. In another article we have shown that the Selma and Gunter's Landing route is 204 miles long—that 100 miles are finished, and 64 more graded, leaving only 40 to grade. The Mont. & Decatur route is 196 miles, only 8 miles shorter, and none graded. The Selma South Alabama. Hence we say, it is the policy of the State to aid this route out of the three per cent. fund—not out of the Treasury.

P. S. Since the above article was published the Ala. & Tenn. Rivers R Road Company has purchased and paid for iron rails, chairs and spikes, to reach the Town of Talladega, which is 110 miles from Selma. The track laying has commenced—a new bridge has been finished across Talladega creek—and the iron laid—and the train for the first time crossed the new bridge on the 15th of June, inst. The road will be finished to Talladega in September.

The following facts we obtain from the published reports of the company. From Talladega to Gadsden it is 57 miles and a fraction—out of this distance 32½ miles are graded—8¾ miles partly graded by different contractors—and 16¼ miles not commenced—that portion to be graded is light work.

From Gadsden to Gunter's Landing is 36½ miles out of this distance twenty three miles have been graded for some time, and we are now informed, that route is all graded except the slopes of the Sand Mountain, and that is under contract, and work going on. Thus it will be seen, from Talladega to Gunter's Landing is 94 miles, and out of this distance the two companies have 55¼ miles graded—8 3-4 miles partly graded—29¾ not commenced but let to contract.

To clothe the road with iron from Talladega to Gunter's Landing—94 miles, it requires 80 tons to the mile—making 7520 tons which can be purchased in Pennsylvania at $50 per ton, making $376,000.

From these facts it is evident and clear, that the 3 per cent. fund is ample to connect North and South Ala., by Rail Road.

The land grant to the Ala. & Tenn. R. R. R. has been adjusted in part, and clear titles have been made to the company and deposited with the Governor route is 50 miles by land & 100 miles by water nearer to our seaport city, Mobile than the other.

We will next take the representation in our State Legislature of the counties along the lines of these two routes, leaving out Montgomery and Dallas for the reason that each has two representatives and a Senator with Autauga and Wilcox.

On the Mon & Dec. route, Aut. has one Rep. Coosa 3 & a Senator, Shelby two, Jefferson 1, and these a Senator, Walker one, Hancock one, Blount 2, Morgan one and a Senator with Limestone, we will add the Senator from Lawrence which is off the line, making 14 Reps. and Senators.

On the Selma and Gunter's Landing route—Perry has 2 reps. Bibb one, & these two a senator; Autauga 1, Shelby 2, Talladega 3, & Senator; Benton 3, & a Senator; Cherokee 4 & Senator; St. Clair 1. DeKalb 2, Marshall 2 & these two a Senator, which makes 26 Reps. and Senators. In this count we have added Autauga and Shelby to both, because both routes run through parts of them.

From this it will be seen that the Selma and Gunters' Landing route has 12 Representatives and Senators more than the other route.

The following is the population of the counties along the line of the Montgomery and Decatur route, leaving out Montgomery and Dallas as above.

	Whites.	Slaves.	Total.
Autauga,	6,540	8,602	15,154
Coosa,	11,682	4,596	16,309
Shelby,	9,184	2,910	12,119
Jefferson,	6,443	2,171	8,645
Walker,	5,578	315	5,901
Hancock,	1,989	75	2,071
Blount,	7,774	553	8,330
Morgan.	7,059	3,673	10,780
	56,249	22,895	79,309

The following is the population of the counties along the line of the Selma and Gunter's Landing Railroad, leaving out Dallas, as above.

	Whites.	Slaves.	Total.
Perry	8,075	13,702	21,749
Autauga,	6,540	8,602	15,154
Bibb,	6,934	3,116	10,125
Shelby,	9,184	2,910	12,119
Talladega,	12,995	7,534	20,560
Benton,	16,761	4,445	20,621
Cherokee,	16,820	2,601	19,478
St. Clair,	6,399	1,603	8,020
DeKalb,	7,749	586	8,347
Marshal,	8,019	1,443	9,526
	96,476	49,542	145,699

From the above tables it will be seen that there are 43,227 more white population and 23,647 more slaves, and 66,390 more total population on the Selma and Gunter's Landing route than on the Montgomery and Decatur route.

Now let us examine which route pays most taxes into the State treasury.

According to the Comptroller's Report for the years 1855 and 1856, which we have before us, the same counties mentioned in the above table, paid gross State taxes, as follows:

	1855.	1856.
Autauga,	$12,858 91	$11,123 64
Shelby,	6,191 97	5,865 38
Coosa,	9,154 18	9,711 41
Jefferson,	4,404 08	4,563 64
Blount,	1,965 09	2,305 03
Walker,	1,221 85	1,420 87
Hancock,	234 53	349 81
Morgan,	6,197 50	6,019 20

Making for both years, $83,087 09.

The same years the counties along the Selma and Gunter's Landing route, paid gross taxes as follows:

	1855.	1856.
Perry,	$23,841 76	$23,970 61
Bibb,	5,814 12	6,300 91
Autauga,	12,358 91	11,113 64
Shelby,	6,191 97	5,865 38
Talladega,	13,119 74	13,894 62
Benton,	8,986 23	9,897 87
Cherokee,	7,869 00	8,213 22
DeKalb,	2,766 92	2,942 76
St. Clair,	3,267 10	3,926 30
Marshall,	3,453 35	4,029 13

Making in all $177,837 54. Thus it will be seen that the counties thro' which the Selma & Gunter's Landing route passes and taps, pay a State tax of $94,760 45, more than the Mont. & Decatur route—yet this latter route is swelled, bloated and puffed up, to be like Aaron's rod, which is to swallow up all other routes, and overshadow all other enterprises.

These facts require no comments from us: they speak for themselves—They show, that in point of population—in point of representation—and in point of material aid to the State in the shape of tax paying—one is vastly the superior of the other. The so called road that is ram's hornish—commences no where, runs no where, and ends no where—when it comes to tax paying is *some where*—and *much* in advance of its rivals and traducers.

Why should the State build the Montgomery and Decatur Rail Road?

The friends of this new combination and enterprise, assert that the State ought to build this road. When asked why should the state build it? They anfwer, for the purpose of connecting North and South Alabama—and for the further purpose of developing the agricultural and mineral recources of the State, through which it proposes to pass.

We lay it down as a political axiom, that no State should tax her people, or incur heavy debts or liabilities unless there is an absolute necessity for it. The question is, does this absolute necessity exist? We hold that it deos not.

Let us briefly examine this assumed position on the part of the friends of the Montgomery and Decatur route and see if their argument is well founded, or has even the semblance of truth or reason connected with it. 1st the State should build it, for the purpose of connecting North and South Ala. This position is not tenable, for the reason that North and South Ala. can be connected, without taxing the people, or resorting to state aid in any shape.—Further the State has given a charter to the Ala. and Tenn. River R. R. and to the Tenn. and Coosa R. R. to connect North and South Ala.—and for the purpose of encouraging the people along the line of this route to take stock and help build it, the State appropriated and set apart one half of the 2 per cent. fund, which was given to the State as trustee by the Genl. Government for the express purpose of connecting the navigable waters of the Bay of Mobile with the Tenn. River and further, the State appropriated $100,000 of the 3 per cent fund for the same purpose, and took the same in stock in the route from Selma to Gunter's Landing. These appropriations out of the 2 and 3 per cent. fund were divided into sections, and could not be paid over until the stockholders had done a certain amount of work.

The State has paid over of the 2 and 3 per cent. funds to the Ala. & Tenn R. R. road from Selma to Gadsden, $259,641; and to the Ten. & Coosa R. R. $51,000, and taken the same in stock. The stock-holders on the Ala. & Ten. R. R. have expended $2,069,052 92 in the construction of this road, and they have 100 miles, finished and in full daily running operation—they have between 43 and 45 miles more graded, and ready for the iron. Of the Tenn. & Coosa R. R., from Gadsden to Gunter's Landing, a distance of 36½ miles, 23 miles are graded.

From Selma to Gunter's Landing is 204 miles; of this 100 miles are finished, and 64 miles more graded—leaving only 40 miles to grade. Hence we say North and South Alabama can be connected without taxing the people or resorting to State aid out of the people's money.

Mr. Milner, the Montgomery Engineer, who has been writing and publishing letters for the purpose of preparing the public mind for his report of his "wild hunt" after a route over the Warrior and Sand Mountains, says, from Montevallo to Decatur is 121 miles. If this be true, (and we have no idea a road can be had in that distance)—then from Montevallo to Wetumpka is 60 miles—from Wetumpka to Montgomery 15 miles, making 75 miles—thus showing from Decatur to Montgomery to be 196 miles—only 8 miles shorter than the "*Rams Horn*" road.

Then where is the absolute necessity for the State to build a road from stem to stern, 196 miles that would require over six millions of money and when built would not pay the running operations of the road.

The State has put on foot one route to connect North and South Ala. and has appropriated a large portion of the 2 & 3 per cent. fund for its accomplishment. Would it not be bad policy—in fact a suicidal policy on the part of the State, now to start a second road to connect North and South Ala.—paralell & conflicting with its first road? Such a policy is believed to be more ruinous than the old State Bank system—more destructive than the dry rot in the potato crop of Ireland.

Secondly.—The State should build this road to develop the agricultural recources of the counties through which it passes.

It is a well known fact, that three fourths of his route, contemplates running through the poorest parts of the counties of Autaga, Shelby, Jefferson, Blount, Walker, Hancock and Morgan; and its a fact well known, that the soil generally is very poor, thin, unproductive, barren, and sterile—holding out no inducements to the husbandman to till or improve it. All the railroads that the State could cover it with, could never make the soil remunerative. Take for instance Hancock county—in the 2 years of 1851-2 paid a State tax of only, $245 in the year 1855, net, $150,53 in 1856 $245, 85. Hancock paid tax in 1856 on the following property—58 slaves, 94 head of cattle, 4 watches, 16 clocks pole tax on 296 white men, tax on $1,765 money at interest—merchandise of the whole county $7,500, land tax $130,06. Hancock has one Representative his milage and per diem session before last was 640 dollars: he claimed and was paid mileage for 1500 miles all of which is shown, in the last report of the Comptroler. From this we would suppose the member had peculiar attachment for the air line route to Montgomery.

The face of the country from Montevallo to Decatur is generally broken and moutainous—crossing the streams gorges and mountains at right angles—which would require immense sums of money to construct the road.

From these facts, we conclude that the argument that the State should buiqd this road to devcope the agricultural recources of the couties through which it is to pass, is illfounded, untenable, fallacious deceptive; and in its tendencies ruinous to the State.

Thirdly and lastly.—It is urged that the State should build this road to develope the mineral resources of the mountains of Blount, Jefferson, Walker and Hancock.

In what do these mineral resources consist? Iron beds. Coal filds and Lime stone. For this day and genera tian this argument insufficient—for the Ala. and Tenn. R. R. Company have built a road to the Coal fields in Shelby and the iron-beds of Bibb and Shelby which are much nearer to market, and which exist in wasteful abundance. There is coal, iron, and lime stone enough in Bibb and Shelby according to the opinion of experienced miners, to furnish and supply the whole world one hundred years These mines have just been opened, & are abundant to furnish all the market that can be had in or out of the State.—When the State and its people can get more coal, iron and lime than they can work or use, much nearer to market and much more convenient and handy, where is the absolute necessity of taxing the people or involving the State in building roads, over barren wastes—lofty mountains—deep gorges and sterile plains to get to other mineral beds of the same kind? Let these coal fields iron beds and lime stone, which are nearer to market and already developed be exhausted, before the State engages in such wild, visionary and quixotic schemes. If it is a legitimate argument for the State to engage in building railroads, to develope the mineral resources—it is very clear to our mind, that it can find a greater field to perate in along the line of the Ala. and Tenn. R. R, than the Montgomery and Decatur route. There is not only coal, iron and limestone in Shelby and Bibb in great abundance; but in the counties of Talladega and Calhoun, iron, hydraulic lime and marble, exist in great quantities—and recently copper ore has been founded in Talladega, so valuable, that a Montgomery company has purchased the mines and are as we are informed making extensive arrangements to develope the same, without State aid. We wish them great success.

We submit now to our candid readers—if we have not answered fully the arguments of the friends of the Montgomery and Decatur Railroad; and shown that the State should not engage directly or indirectly, in building this road.

Three per cent. Fund.

In our last issue, we attempted to show how North and South Alabama could be connected by Railroad, with the aid of the three per cent. fund—In this article we propose to show that the greater portion of the appropriations heretofore made by our State Legislation have been made, in the main, of small appropriations to objects of internal improvement, which have been not only of little or no benefit to the public, but actually a wasteful expenditure of the fund.

This position we assume and expect to prove by the record, by reference to the acts of the Legislature. We have taken the pains and trouble to examine each appropriation made by the General Assembly, and will here submit the facts, and ask the candid judgement of every man, who knows any thing of the facts, whether our position is not correct; and further, whether we have proved what we set out to prove.

By acts of 19th Dec 1837—13th, of Feb. 1839, for improving the navigation of the Coosa river,	$60,000 00
Act, 20th of Dec. 1837, to improve the Tombigby river,	$25,000 00
Act, 1st Feb. 1839, to improve Paint Rock Creek in the county of Jackson,	$10,000 00
Act, 1st Feb. to improve the Black Warior,	$20,000 00
Act, of 2d Feb. to improve Choctohatchee Creek,	$10,000 00
Act, of 2d Feb. 1839 to improve Elk river,	$10,000 00
Acts of 1821, 23, & 24 paid to Jack Shackelford and others for reviewing roads,	$1,420 00
Act, 6th Feb. 1852, on the Tombigbee river;	$20,000 00
Paid agents for collecting the fund from Government,	$22,486 16
Act of the last Session to *hunt* a road from some point on the Ala. & Ten. R. R. R. to the T. river,	$10,000 00
Total,	$188,906 16

Thus it will be seen, that one hundred and eighty-eight thousand, nine hundred and six dollars and 16 cents have been appropriated out of the three per cent. fund for objects of internal improvement, which have proved to be of no public benefit. We have given the dates of the acts of the Legislature, so that each one who may desire can examine them.

From the above state of facts and appropriations, it will be seen that this internal improvement fund has been frittered away—wasted on objects that have not done, and never can do any good. Hence we come to the conclusion, sustained and supported by the experience of the past, that this fund should not in the future be divided up into small appropriations—it should be concentrated, and applied to the connecting of North and South Alabama by rail road.

North and South Alabama have been separated by natural barries—these obstacles have been almost overcome by private enterprise—in fact, if this fund could be applied to the purchase of the iron, North and South Alabama could be united without any other aid.

In our last we showed, that from Selma to Gunter's Landing, a distance of 204, a first class rail road was finished 100 miles, and that 63 miles more were graded, leaving only 41 to grade. If the iron was purchased, North & South Alabama could be connected in a short time: and if this fund were used for that purpose, it would be a great blessing and benefit, not only to the section through which it passes, but to the State at large.

Mobile, Selma & Gulf R. Road.

We clip the following resolutions, from the Selma Sentinel, which were offered by Col. John W. Lapsley, at a Railroad mass meeting, held at Selma on the 10th inst. and unanimously adopted.

Resolved, That we have no disposition or desire to dissolve the personal and commercial relations which have so long existed between ourselves and constituents, and the city of Mobile. On the contrary, we would draw these relations closer, and render them mutually easier and more convenient.

Resolved, That we have learned with pleasure, that a general desire exists on the part of the people of Mobile to form a connection with Selma, and its system of roads, by uniting with the Selma and Gulf Railroad.

Resolved, That we recommend that a convention of the friends of the Selma and Gulf railroad, and of its extension to Mobile be held in the city of Mobile, if agreeable to our fellow citizens of that city, at such early day as they may appoint.

We are highly gratified to see these resolutions, offered by a distinguished citizen of Selma, and unanimously adopted by that large mass meeting, composed of many citizens, in, above and below Selma. We are the more pleased at this clear and evident demonstration on the part of Selma, to connect and direct the Gulf road toward Mobile, from the fact, that an ill founded impression has got afloat and is spreading, that Selma, like Montgomery, was trying to go around our sea-port city, Mobile, and build up a rival one in a sister State. We felt assured the report had no foundation; and now we can assert, with a gratification, commensurate only with our deep and warm interest for Mobile, that Selma desires a direct connection by railroad with her; and if Mobile will do her part, the main trunk and terminus of the Selma and Gulf road can be secured by Mobile. A generous and flattering call is made upon Mobile by Selma and that large mass meeting, to designate some early day when the friends of the Gulf road could meet them in convention, and confer together on the subject of this great enterprise.

We invoke speedy and early action on the part of Mobile. Now is the time to secure the main trunk and terminus of the Gulf road. Selma and Mobile can tap the Montgomery and Pensacola road at any time after the main trunk is finished. It is all important for Mobile to act promptly and vigorously at this time, and secure the offered prize. Her vital interest requires immediate action. Let no man dally and shelter himself under the too oft repeated plea, that Mobile has a heavy weight resting on her shoulders, the Mobile and Ohio Road. We have the utmost confidence in her ability to build both roads. Let the city come forward and take the stock which she once contemplated taking in the Mobile and Girard road—and further, let her noble and enterprising citizens come up to the rescue and take stock at once, sufficient to build the road in a short time. Let them do this, and they will check-mate, as the chess players would say, their wiley enemies and rivals. They will secure and finish a link in the air line road from Mobile to Selma, Jacksonville, Knoxville, Lynchburg, Washington, to New York; and secure the construction of the road from Selma to Gunter's Landing thereby connecting North and South Alabama. It will open up to them the entire grocery trade of North East Alabama and Western Georgia, and a large portion of the cotton, wheat and provision trade of the same section; and the great through travel from N. York via Mobile and Tehuantepec to California, will be secured certainly and inevitably: and Mobile will be *the* City of the Gulf. She will be to Alabama what New Orleans is to Louisiana—what Charleston is to South Carolina, her only sea port, and none can rival her.

When we speak of securing the trade of this section of the country to Mobile, we can assure our Mobile friends that we speak knowingly. Since the construction of the Georgia Rail roads to Rome, this county, Cherokee, St. Clair, Randolph and DeKalb, and a large portion of Talladega, shipped their produce to and traded with Georgia and South Carolina. It affords us pleasure to say, that since the Selma road has been built across the Coosa river—all of Talladega county, and a large portion of Calhoun, Randolph, St. Clair and Cherokee, have shipped their cotton, wheat, flour, &c. to Selma and Mobile, and purchased groceries, &c. in those markets. In addition to this, last season some of the citizens of Cave Spring, Ga., 16 miles from Rome, purchased Groceries in Selma and hauled them from the then end of our road, over 100 miles. Hence we confidently say, when our road is finished to this place, this section of the State will trade entirely with Selma and Mobile.

It is a fact well known, that a very considerable portion of Western Georgia purchased Groceries in Mobile last season, and shipped by way of Montgomery, Atlanta and the Ga. State road. From this we infer, and express our firm conviction, strengthened and sustained by local and natural causes, that when North and South Ala. are connected at Gunter's Landing, and connections made with the Ga & E. Ten. roads, a large scope of country will be opened up to the trade of Mobile, which she has never even anticipated.

Commencing with the disastrous days of 1837, we have ever been the unwavering advocates of Mobile. Our heart has ever been made glad at her prosperity, and she has had our sympathy in her hours of adversity. We desire a closer connection with Mobile—the Selma and Gulf road will give it. As a State enterprise, we desire it—as an Alabamian, looking to the future prosperity and grandeur of the State, we desire it—as a friend of Selma and Mobile, we desire it.

As a State enterprise alone, every friend of the State should desire the prosperity of Mobile. In 1855, her total State tax was $66,397 44 Let the Gulf Road terminate at Mobile, & she will pay into the State treasury annually, more than $100,000.

If our Montgomery and Decatur friends will not consider it invidious, we will state, that by reference to the Comptroller's Report of 1855, it will be seen, that Mobile paid to the State $33,823 44, more taxes than all the counties along their air line road, composed of Morgan, Hancock, Blount, Walker, Jefferson, Shelby and Autauga. In the single year of 1855, Mobile paid $2,175 94 more taxes than the same counties paid in two years, to wit: 1855 and 1856.

Mobile is Alabama's sea port—we desire to see her prosper. Every consideration of interest, patriotism and State pride requires that she should be fostered and protected; and we trust no more efforts will be made to switch off Railroads around her. Let the main trunks and side tracks all point to and concentrate in Mobile; and when finished, then branch off and run down the Escambia to the Florida line, and connect with the Pensacola road. Much might be said in favor of this connection at the Florida line.

Mobile and our Railroad.—We publish this morning, a very interesting and well written letter, which we take from the Mobile *Tribune*, in reference to our Railroad interest. The article to which the auther refers, in the Jacksonville *Republican* we published several days since.

The *Tribune* in referring to the letter says: "We publish this morning a communication which refers to two excellent railroad articles in the Jacksonville *Republican*, one of which we also publish. The other we shall transfer to our columns to-morrow.

We are not only struck with the soundness of the argument of our interior cotemporary, but with the kindness of feeling which he exhibits for Mobile. It is the exhibition of this sort of feeling which will stir up our citizens. The "Central Road, so called, has from its inception struck us as being the result of a merely local interest, within the State. It has nothing to commend it to state pride. A great clamor has been made respecting it, for no purpose, that we can see, but to engage the interests of the legislature or the state in its behalf. It is a scheme connected with the Pensacola road, for the benefit of Mongomery; and is in brief a proposition to foster a commercial emporium in another State, to the injury of this city, and, by consequence, to the injury of Alabama. To suppose that the legislature can be brought into the scheme is to suppose that the members of it are either fools or knaves; and for this reason we have never for a moment believed that the road can be built. Without "state aid it cannot; and to suppose that "state aid will be given it is not reasonable.

Yet there are interests in the interior which Mobile must look to—for, indifference on our part is calculated to produce it there and as there seems to be an eager and zealous disposition in the people of the country to carry out projected works, we must join with them or drive them to combinations which can be only hurtful to us.

But the importance of action, we believe it is throughly understood by our leading merchants; and they are giving it serious consideration which, we have no doubt, will soon show itself in a way to gratify our friends in the interior.

From the Mobile Tribune.

Railroad Interests, Mobile.

MOBILE, Dec. 2.

Editor of the Mobile Tribune:

Sir I send you a number of the Jacksonville *Republican*, containing a long railroad article, embodying facts which I deem worthy to be noticed by the papers of this city.

In the first place, the *Republican* has long been the fast friend of Mobile. The papers and people all along the line of the Alabama and Tennessee River Railroad are friendly to Mobile, and have long desired an easy and speedy communication with it. This being the case, Mobile should respond to their friendship and their wishes by an early manifestation of a *determination* to connect with them by *railroad*.

The main point to be noticed is the superior claims of the Alabama and Tennessee River Railroad and the Coosa and Tennessee River Railroad—or the chain of road from *Selma to Gunter's Landing*—over the Decatur and and Montgomery Road to the two and three per cent, fund. The article in the *Republican* shows that it would be wise and equitable to continue the appropriation of that fund to the enterprise already commenced and *more than half finished*, rather than fritter it away upon a new enterprise, not likely to be finished in twenty years, if ever.

The advantages which would accrue to the State of Alabama and its people, and to the city of Mobile, from the construction of the road from Selma to Gunter's Landing over the new route, must be apparent even to most casual observer. The only advatange which the new route has over the old one, is in distance, and only eight miles at that! All else is in favor of the route on which ever two millions of dollars have already been expended. It runs through a region of country shown to possess twice as much wealth as the new rout, the proof being furnished by the census; and it *points to Mobile* as the sea-port and the natural market for the produce which will be transported over it. Not so with the new route. It *points to Charleston, Savanah* and *Pensacola*.

The Republican truly states that there are on the line of the road from Selma to Gunter's Landing, inexhaustible beds of coal, iron and lime-rock. What more is wanted? Those beds of iron, coal and lime-rock are nearer to the Alabama river *at any and all points of it*; Mongomery and Selma included, than the minerals proposed to be developed by the new road from Montgomery to Decatur; and if inexhaustible in quantity and unsurpassed in richness, as can be demonstrated why divert the two and three per cent. fund before the object which Congress had in view in donating it has been consummated, especially when by continuing its appropriation in good faith, to the road from Selma to Gunter's Landing, the long desired and much talked of connection of the waters of the Mobile Bay or Alabama river and the Tennessee river, would soon be completed? Echo answers, why?

As to the claims of the two routes to be regarded as the most central, let the map of the State be inspected and the claims of the new rout at once vanish. The old route starts from the Tennessee river at a point east of the centre of the State from Georgia to Mississippi, but it terminates at a central point on the Alabama river, traversing a populous and wealthy country most of the way. The new route stands at a more central point on the Tennessee river, but terminates in E. Alabama and points out of the State, and would no doubt, carry much of the produce transported over it to other ports, and not to Mobile. It runs through a sparcely populated country, & would be dependent for freight mainly upon minerals, which in kind and quality, are already accessable by a road now completed one hundred miles.

These things being of such easy demonstration, and so perfectly obvious to all not selfishly interested, ought not the Mobile papers to notice the matter, and urge the propriety of a continued appropriation of the two and three per cent. fund to the road from Selma to Ganter's Landing, so as to secure its early completion? I think so.

Both roads will have a connection with Nashville, and in that respect the new will have no advantage of the old route. But the route to which already over $300,000 of the fund now contended for has been appriated, will have a very decided advantage over the one starting at Decatur, by a connection with the East Tennessee and Virginia roads.

I have not alluded to State aid by taxation for I regard that as out of the question. The people will not submit to taxation to build railroads. But a strong effort will no doubt be made to divert future appropriations of the two and three per cent. fund from the Selma and Gunter's Landing road to the one proposed to be built from Decatur to Montgomery. Against this I protest, and I think the people of Mobile should also protest against it. The best interest of the State requires that the fund in question should be appropriated in such way as to effectually accomplish the object which Congress had in view in donating it and should be thus appropriated as fast as it comes into the State Treasury. As to that effectual mode no doubt ought to arise. The Legislature has indicated it by repeated acts, and no good reason exists why those acts should not be followed up until the road from Selma to Gunter's Landing is completed.

CURIOSITIES OF THE TELEGRAPH.—The news brought by the *North Briton*, which was telegraphed from New York at ten minutes before ten o'clock on Saturday morning, reached New Orleans at 9 o'clock. As the difference of time between New York and New Orleans is fifty-five minutes, the dispatch was five minutes [illegible] seventeen hundred miles.

POETRY.

Be Gentle to Thy Husband.

ANSWER TO "BE GENTLE TO THY WIFE."

Be gentle, there are hours when
By anxious care he's tossed;
And shadows deep lie on his brow,
By business trials crossed.

Be gentle, 'tis for you he toils,
And thinks, and strives to gain
Home comforts and home happiness—
Don't let him strive in vain.

Be gentle, though some hasty word
Should fall, it was not meant.
A smile, a kind word will recall,
And many more prevent.

Be gentle, oh! 'twill sooth much care,
And make each burden light,
A gentle tone will smooth the brow,
And draw an answer bright.

Be gentle, though it may seem hard
To check an angry word;
Yet try, and it will surely bring
A full and rich reward.

THE LOCKET.

BY WM. C. BENNETT.

O casket of dear fancies—
O little case of gold—
What rarest wealth of memories
Thy tiny round will hold;
With this first curl of baby's
In thy small charge will live
All thoughts that all her little life
To memory can give.

O prize its silken softness!
Within its amber round,
What world of sweet remembrings
Will still by us be found!
The sweet, shrill cry, so blessing
The curtained room of pain,
With every since felt feeling
To us 'twill bring again.

'Twill mind us of her lying
In rest, soft-pillowed deep,
While, hands the candle shading,
We stole upon her sleep—
Of many a blessed moment,
Her little rest above,
We hung in marvelous stillness—
In ecstacy of love.

'Twill mind us—radiant sunshine
For all our shadowed days—
Of all her baby wonderings,
Of all her little ways;
Of all her tiny shoutings,
Of all her starts and fears,
And sudden mirths, out gleaming
Through eyes yet hung with tears.

There's not a care, a watching,
A hope, a laugh, a fear,
Of all her little bringing,
But we shall find it here.
Then, tiny golden warder!
O safely ever hold
This glossy silken memory—
This little curl of gold.

From the Home Journal.

TALES OF THE SOUTH.

BY A SOUTHERN MAN

PREMONITION.

In the year 1820, when the present State of Alabama was a comparative wilderness, a gentleman by the name of Saunders came from a neighboring State into one of its eastern counties in quest of a place of settlement. He was well-dressed and well mounted and travelled alone.

At the close of a fatiguing day's ride, he stopped at a house of entertainment which was the nucleus or central point of a straggling, backwoods village, containing some fifteen or twenty inhabitants. The host was a grim, sour visaged man with small, sinister looking eyes, which twinkled like burning points beneath the heavy fringe of the prominent eye-brows. The tavern buildings seemed to have been left in an unfinished condition by the workmen, and looked ruinous and old, for want of paint and repairs.

On entering the bar-room which was a dingy, half-lighted apartment, Mr. Saunders found a few men, very ordinary in both dress and appearance, engaged in retailing to each other the gossip and news of the neighborhood. He seated himself in their midst, and awaited in silence the announcement of supper.

After eating a hearty meal, feeling both fatigued and drowsy, he requested to be conducted to his room. The landlord, taking a lamp in one hand and the saddlebags of the traveller in the other, went out of the bar room into the yard, requesting Mr. Saunders to follow him.

At the extreme end of the tavern buildings, they ascended a flight of rude steps to an upper story. Entering a narrow, dark passage, Mr. Saunders was shown into a small, uncomfortable room, furnished with a bed, one chair and a small table. The landlord placed the lamp on the table, bade his guest good-night, and retired.

As the door of the room was without a lock or fastening of any sort, Mr. Saunders placed the table and chair against it, blew out the light, and lay down. Overcome with fatigue and drowsiness, he soon fell asleep, but almost immediately awoke, quivering in every limb, and in a state of extreme mental perturbation. He had dreamed a vivid and most frightful dream.

In his vision, he saw a man, grim and dark, ascending the outer steps, to the passage which led to his room. He bore a long, glittering knife in his hand, and came up the steps with a slow and silent tread. At sight of him a feeling of apprehension—a presentiment that danger was nigh—came over the dreamer. He sprang out of bed, opened his door and stepped out into the passage. Opposite to his room he saw another door, through which he felt impelled to seek an escape. Opening it, he saw a hole in the middle of the floor, over which the timbers of a bedstead were extended, the cord hanging down to the floor beneath. As he was in the act of seizing this to let himself down, he awoke and found that it was all but a dream. He was still in bed, and the chair and table remained in the position he had placed them against the door.

After revolving the dream in his mind for a few moments, his nerves became quiet, and he again fell to sleep, dreamed the identical dream over, and awoke, as before, trembling and affrighted.

He got out of bed, removed the chair and table from his door, and opening it, saw, what he had failed to observe before, that there was another door, close shut, opposite to his room. The full moon had risen, and lit up the passage and upper rooms of the inn, which were without shutters, with the radiance almost of day. Curiosity and the excitement of his dream prompting, he stepped across the passage and gave the opposite door a gentle push with his hand. It flew wide open, and displayed to the eyes of the new startled traveller the very objects and arrangement he had seen in his dream. In the middle of the room there was a large hole, made by the removal of short pieces of plank; across it lay the uncorded timbers of a bedstead, from which depended a stout rope, that reached almost to the floor of the room below.

Thoroughly alarmed by this literal and utterly unexplainable verification of his dream, Mr. Saunders returned to his own room, dressed himself in great haste, and, with his saddle-bags thrown over his arm, stepped out upon the platform at the head of the stair-steps. His intention was to leave the tavern and, if possible, get lodgings for the night, at a respectable looking house he had passed on the outskirts of the village. The next morning he could send for his horse and pay his bill by a messenger, and thus avoid explanations which might prove unpleasant both to the landlord and himself.

The shadow of a large tree, which stood a few yards distant from the end of the building, fell upon the platform and nearly half of the stair-steps. A [illegible] the yard [illegible] tavern.

Just as Mr. Saunders stepped out on the platform, he saw a man come round the corner of the house, and walk in the direction of the steps. He held a large butcher's knife in his right hand, and looked wistfully around him as he advanced. As soon as he came to the [illegible] stairs with a slow and silent tread. In [illegible] was the exact counterpart of the image seen by Mr. Saunders in his dream.

What was the traveller to do, [illegible] as he was, to escape the threatening peril. He was afraid to [illegible] upon which he stood by the very imminence of the danger which apparently confronted him. To leap from the platform to the earth would imperil both life and limb. A face-to-face encounter with an armed man could only end in his being desperately wounded or immediately killed. Nor was there even time to escape through the room with the hole in [illegible] highest [illegible] a few feet [illegible] from Mr. Saunders.

Summoning all the resolution he could command, he called out, "Who comes there?"

Startled by the voice, the man threw up his face, and Mr. Saunders at once recognized him as the landlord of the inn. Without reply, [illegible] almost ran down the steps, and [illegible] round the corner of the house in the direction he had come.

Mr. Saunders immediately descended the steps himself and walked, with his baggage, to the house he had seen in the outskirts of the village, where he [illegible] night.

Early the next morning, he sent a messenger for his horse, with money to pay his bill. He made no mention of the occurrences of the previous night. [illegible]

Some years afterwards he met his former landlord [illegible] the streets of Columbus, Georgia. They [illegible] down his eyes, [illegible] and hurried [illegible] without saying a word.

Was a murder really [illegible] this case, and was the dream, which roused the intended victim, a veritable premonition sent to rescue him from impending death? These are questions which the writer will not undertake to answer. He can vouch, however, for the literal truth of the facts herein related. They were communicated to him by the Rev. R. M. Saunders, of Alabama, [illegible] with the moulding [illegible] word.

THE ARMY WORM.—the Chattanooga Gazette says, we regret to learn that this destructive plague has already made its appearance in this county, and is making sad havoc in the wheat fields and meadows. We are informed of its appearance on several farms and in the wheat fields entirely stripping the stalks and destroying the crop. Some fine meadows have been mowed close to the ground, scarcely leaving a sign that grass had grown on it. The [illegible] numbers, and [illegible] farm.

WORTH KNOWING.—A [illegible] in this city, says the Philadelphia Morning Post, [illegible] and pain was very great, and lockjaw was apprehended. A friend [illegible] finally recommended the application of a beet, taken from the garden and pounded fine, to the wound. It was done, and the effect was very beneficial. Soon the inflammation began to subside, and by keeping on the crushed beet and changing it for a fresh one as its virtues seemed to be [illegible] speedily [illegible] effectual remedies like this should be known to everyone.

PRIVATE EUROPEAN ADVICES TO GERMAN MERCHANTS—SYMPATHY FOR AUSTRIA.—It is said that German merchants of this city are in possession of private advices which render it certain that Prussia and all Germany will immediately join Austria in her struggle with France. These advices, it is asserted, are from persons in the confidence of the Government, and are regarded as trustworthy.

Perhaps it is largely due to their traditional hatred of the Bonapartes that the sympathy of the Germans of the city in behalf of Austria seems to be general and cordial. As an instance, one of them, a young and wealthy merchant, has already made arrangements to go by the next steamer, and enlist in the service. He says his family were massacred by Napoleon I., and he will have revenge upon his successor. *N. Y. Post.*

GENEROUS AND GOLDEN CALIFORNIA.—The Philadelphia *Press.*

We saw, on Tuesday, a nice little block of compact virgin gold, addressed to Ann Pamela Cunningham, amounting in value to three thuosand three hundred and thirty dollars, the result of only one month's California contributions to the Mount Vernon fund. This pretty nugget was received through the enterprising house of Messrs Wells, Fargo & Co, from Mrs. Magdalen Gordon Blanding, the accomplished vice-regent of the Mount Vernon Association for that prosperous State. We are highly gratified that our eyes have been so delighted at the sight of such a substantial proof of the noble generosity and spirit evinced by our California sisters, in behalf of that national enterprise—the purchase of Washington's Home. Such results must be truly encouraging to the Regent, who has been thus far so wonderfully successful in the appointment of such a band of noble and accomplished women to represent, for this sacred purpose, each State of our favored Union. This national nugget was transferred to the mint for coinage, and will speedily re-appear, no doubt, in the current form of golden coin.

Jacksonville Republican.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

June 30, 1859.

FOR GOVERNOR

A. B. MOORE

OF PERRY.

FOR CONGRESS

J. L. M. CURRY

OF TALLADEGA.

Mr. F. H. GOODWIN, [illegible]

We are authorized to announce JOHN R. NORTHCUTT, as a candidate for Representative of Calhoun County in the next Legislature.

We are authorized to announce E. L. WOODWARD as a candidate for re-election to the office of County Treasurer of Calhoun County.

Our thanks are due to B. F. Bray, Esq., Post Master at White Plains, also to the Post Masters of Oxford, Alexandria, [illegible] and many other places, for the [illegible] here sent, and the very flattering interest they have shown for the welfare and prosperity of the Republican.

We have received the manuscript copy of Hon. M. J. Turnley's [illegible] late in the week that we are compelled to postpone its publication until our next number.

[illegible]

The Next Legislature, Internal Improvement Fund and "Talladega Voter."

[illegible]

consider themselves implicated, at least we have heard of no fluttering among the pigeons in that direction. But we desire to occupy what space we have, with the question more immediately at issue. Talladega Voter asks the question—"Why proclaim to the people that the State holds in her hands a *trust fund given for general purposes of internal improvement,* when she has no such fund?" To sustain this proposition he takes up the "old fogy" argument, that as there were no rail roads in existence in 1836, when the act was passed by Congress, the fund can be used for only such public roads as were in existence at the time of the grant." This is evidently a mere subterfuge to relieve himself from the dilemma in which he is placed. If he waits until the Legislature appropriates it to the making of common roads, turnpikes and canals, he may prepare for a longer nap than Rip Van Winkle's. He well knows that Railroads have everywhere superceded turnpikes and canals, and even many navigable rivers. The Legislature by its acts have heretofore regarded it as a trust fund for general purposes of internal improvement, and we would rather trust to the united wisdom of the State Legislature, than this sapient Talladega Voter.

At the last session of the Legislature a joint select committee was raised, three from each house, to which was referred the subject of the 2 and 3 per cent. funds. After tracing the origin and history of these funds they say—"*They by their acts the State became trustee for the faithful application of both funds*" and this committee report fully how the State has heretofore disposed of these funds.

They report the total amount received of the 3 per cent. fund from the general government to be $695,048 [illegible]. They further report, on page 6, for general purposes of internal improvement, appropriations by the State for rivers, creeks, reviewing roads, rail roads, and agents for collecting, $157,917 75, having due this fund in the possession of the State, $537,125 [illegible].

The select committee further report that the Legislature, by an act of 17th Feb. 1854, advances or loans upon certain conditions—$25,000 to the Tennessee and Coosa Railroad—having unappropriated of the 3 per cent. fund, $257,125 58. After this report was made the same Legislature, by act of 5th Feb. 1858, appropriated $16,000 for the survey of a railroad from the Tennessee river to some point on the Ala. and Tenn. Rivers Railroad, which leaves now unappropriated only $277,125 58, [illegible] the next Legislature.

From the above facts, and the acts of Congress and the Legislature, [illegible]

The State has heretofore held the 16th section fund and the University fund [illegible]

[illegible]

To all of Talladega Voters bombast about "British politics," "poor" and "vassals," the people's money and rights wrested from them &c. to all his evil surmises and detractions of the Rail road Company, we shall pay no further attention, than by a cursory glance at the past, to see how much they deserve his maledictions.

Here is a company of stockholders and Directors, who for near nine years have struggled with almost innumerable difficulties—who have subscribed and paid in between one and two millions of dollars—who have built a road near one hundred and ten miles, which has enhanced the value of real estate several millions of dollars, and consequently brought largely increased revenue into the State and County treasuries, who have not as yet received a single cent in return of principal or interest, in the way of dividends, and who cannot even conjecture when, if ever, they will do so; bearing it all patiently; not even complaining of those who, tho' equally benefitted, have refused to help them. We pity the man who can find it in his heart to hinder instead of helping, to indulge in evil surmises, to excite prejudices against, and detract from the merits of such energetic, public-spirited and noble hearted men, who love their country, and its prosperity, and prove it in the most substantial way. We believe their names ought to be honorably inscribed on every page of their country's history, relating to progress and improvement, and in fact, that they will be held in grateful remembrance, while the memory of their traducers will rot.

In conclusion, "Talladega Voter" says we were mistaken in our conjecture about the author of the piece we belabored so lustily" "But if, for any cause, we desire to know his name, we can be informed at the Watchtower office." If our random shot aimed at no one in particular, did not hit, why was there any fluttering? But says Talladega Voter, the one we conjectured" or thought was Voter, did not flutter. Well then Mr. Voter, why did you flutter? As to knowing his name, it could do us no manner of good; and, unless his Railroad principles were better, we are not ambitious for a more intimate acquaintance.

The new Post office, called Middleton eight miles Southwest of Alexandria in this County, established some months since, is now in operation, so that persons who may desire to send letters to that particular neighborhood, need not fear their miscarriage.

Agreeably to the request of the P. M. Mr. W. W. Crook, we have changed the direction of a number of our papers to that office. We hope soon to receive a considerable addition of new names in that neighborhood. Will not our friends assist us, and fulfil their promises in this respect.

We are compelled to defer till next week several [illegible] contributions for which we are very much obliged to our friends who sent them.

By reference to the appointment of the candidates it will be noticed that two additions have been made Wednesday 13th July at Rily Hendon's and Thursday 14th at the new Box known as Kansas at J. W. Hall's.

ERRATTA.—In the piece written in [illegible] "The Reveil" the following corrections should be made:

In 1st verse 5th word read "ponder" 2nd line read "render"

In the refrain of 1st verse read "passed"—in verse 2d line 6th word read "while"—4th verse at the beginning read "it" instead of "it"—last verse last line except the refrain read "And" instead of "Here."

The friend who has their pieces from the same pen will please forward them by mail.

Notice to the Candidates for Senator & Representatives of Calhoun County.

MR. GRANT,

Editor of the Jacksonville Republican:

Dear Sir—We a portion of your subscribers, with the [illegible] will on the above named candidates to answer the following questions, through your paper and [illegible] the stump.

Question 1st. Are you in favor of [illegible] Hon. B. Fitzpatrick [illegible] W. L. Yancey or any other aspirant to a seat in the United States Senate?

Question 2nd. Are you in favor of changing or amending the Grand Jury System of Ala., and if so, what mode of change do you propose?

Question 3rd. Are you in favor of the next Legislature making an appropriation to pay our State Solicitors an [illegible] salary for their services, and [illegible] be paid by the Circuit Clerks into the County Treasuries?

Question 4th. What position have you now, or ever did have with Know Nothingism?

Plain and candid answers to the above questions are desired by

MANY VOTERS.

JACKSONVILLE, June 27, '59.

Mr. Grant:

[illegible]

Yours Respectfully,

E. G. EARLE.

The Opposition.

The most remarkable thing, probably, in the political history of our country, is the facility with which the opponents of the Democratic party have, from time to time, changed their name. It would seem that their constant aim has been, by the adoption of some name or party watchword, by which an appeal to the passions or prejudices of the people may be made to supply that want of principles which has ever characterized them as a party—never having proposed any measure, or suggested any plan by which our country may be benefitted, they have constantly endeavored by the use of all the tricks and devices of party tactics, to gain that supremacy in our government to which their true merits would never have entitled them. But a short time since the Whig party was reported defunct, and even before the ceremony of a decent burial of its remains was performed, there arose upon its ruins the great American party—that party whose purity was so *very* pure and immaculate, that it started out with the distinct understanding that it was not to be held responsible for the violated pledges, gross immoralities and lose corruptions generally, of its predecessor. It claimed to be *the* party *par excellence* in which was centred all the pure, noble, and patriotic elements of the country—the party in fact which under the special guidance of an all-wise Providence had sprung into existence for the express purpose of rescuing our country from the dangers and difficulties which surrounded her, and of bringing back the Government to that pure and patriotic administration which had marked its course in the early days of the Republic, but from which it had in latter times so far departed.

With the motto "Americans shall rule America" inscribed upon their banner, they gained a temporary success, which was secured by an appeal merely to all the baser passions of the human heart. But final defeat awaited them, as it ever will those who have no surer foundation upon which to rest their success than the passions or prejudices of the people. Again have the broken fragments of this party been brought together—again its forces have been rallied under another new name—the opposition. But this time with a change of name there has been an entire change of their former tactics. Who that is at all acquainted with past [illegible] of this party would think that it would ever have claimed to be the true and genuine Southern Rights party of the country. But such is the case at this time. This party, which ever since its formation under the auspices of Hamilton, its founder, down to the nomination of Fillmore, when the Union was the paramount political good, has, to a greater or less extent, favored a consolidation of all power in the Federal Government, strange to say has changed front entirely, and in the warmth and zeal of its advocacy of Southern Rights has far outstripped the Democratic party. Heretofore every movement in defence of Southern Rights has met with opposition from this party. Now none are so bold in their denunciations of the men who voted for the late Conference Bill as the members of this party. They most surely have been engaged in a deep over Southern wrongs, longer and deeper than that which befell one Rip Van Winkle, and when they examine themselves closely, like the same unfortunate individual, they will hardly be able to recognize their own features. Sure are we that their own acquaintances can with difficulty recognize in them the same men who but a short time since shouted themselves hoarse in their praises and hosannas to the Union, the glorious Union. But the trick is too transparent to deceive any one. Convinced by the experience of former defeats that they can never expect to be successful with the Union as "the paramount political good" for their watchword, and aware from present indications that the Southern sentiment is daily growing stronger and deeper, they are now attempting to trim their sails to the rising breeze with the faint hope of riding into office under its influence.

What has so suddenly awakened them to a sense of the wrongs suffered by the South at the hands of the North? Has it been the passage of the Conference Bill? It may do for Southern Rights Democrats to censure and disapprove of this measure—this Compromise of Southern Rights—but it does certainly come with a bad grace from these men who upheld the Compromise of 1850—that odious California transaction, to stigmatize as traitors the advocates of the former measure, which compared with the latter is as a drop in the bucket—a mere cipher in the catalogue of our wrongs. We cannot believe that they have been thus so suddenly converted to Southern Rights doctrine, but must believe that it is a trick of the enemy to gull unsuspecting Democrats for the purpose of success, which they are well convinced can never be attained by occupying the ground they have heretofore stood upon. Their course in the past leads us to believe that they are not honest at this time in their political sentiments, and we are well convinced that even were they in power their bold declarations in defence of Southern Rights would vanish into thin air and leave them where they have ever been, the advocates of Union and submission under all circumstances. We place no confidence in the honesty and candor of that man who without good and sufficient cause suddenly changes his course of action from that which has always heretofore guided and directed him, and where the words are diametrically opposed to his past conduct and professions. Then let no man be deceived in this matter, but before acting let him compare well the present professions with the past conduct of that individual who sets himself up as the peculiar champion of our rights.—*Macon Commonwealth.*

GEORGIA STATE LOTTERY.—We would call the attention of our readers to the Advertisement of the Georgia State Lottery in another column of this paper, by which it will be seen that parties desiring to purchase Ticket in this old and favorite Lottery, can have their orders filled by addressing their letters either by Mail or Express to J. Scott & Co., Montgomery, Ala.

A PRINTERS TOAST.—Woman—the fairest work of creation—the edition being extensive, let no man be without a copy.

The following should be read by every man who has neglected to the paper published in his own place, or the one nearest to him—

"Breathes there a man with soul so dead
who never to himself hath said—I will
my county paper take—both for my own
and family's sake: If such there be, let
him repent—and have the paper to him
sent—and if he'd pass a happy winter—
he in advance should pay the printer."

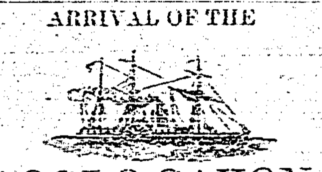
"SHE ALWAYS MADE HOME HAPPY." Such was the brief but impressive sentence, which a friend wished us to add to an obituary notice of one "who had gone before."

What better tribute could be offered to the memory of the loved and lost? Eloquence with her loftiest eulogy—poesy with her most thrilling dirge, could afford nothing so sweet, so touching, so suggestive of the virtues of the dead, as those simple words—"*She always made home happy.*"

Telegraphic.

Four Days Later from Europe.

ARRIVAL OF THE



AOGLO-SAXON.

COTTON DULL, AND DECLINING.

SANGUINARY BATTLE.

QUEBEC, June 18—The steamship Anglo-Saxon has arrived, with Liverpool dates to June 8th.

Commercial News.

Liverpool, June 8th.—The sales of cotton for the past three business days were 17,000 bales. The market remained closed dull, with little enquiry, and feeble prices, and some circulars say at a decline of ¼d.

Liverpool Breadstuffs Market.—The market closes very dull, and all qualities have slightly declined.

General News.

A very sanguinary battle is reported to have been fought near Milan, in which the Austrians were defeated, with a loss of twenty-five thousand killed, disabled, and made prisoners.

The French-Sardinian loss is estimated at twelve thousand.

The Austrians had evacuated Milan.

The reporter is fearful that there may be some error in the general news reported above, but he has given the substance of the dispatch, as he understand it.]

SECOND DISPATCH.

The battle was fought at the town of Magenta.

NAPOLEON's dispatches claim a decisive victory and say that the French took seven thousand Austrian prisoners, and placed twelve thousand in a disabled condition. He captured three cannon, two standards; and estimates their own loss at three thousand, but it is rumored in Paris that the French loss is from nine to twelve thousand.

The forces engaged in the great battle are reported to have been from one hundred and fifty to one hundred and eighty thousand Austrians, and from one hundred to one hundred and thirty thousand French.

The Austrian accounts differ and speaks of the battles with varying successes on both sides.

The battle was still undecided on the 6th of June.

Great losses on both sides are reported.

Gen. MCMAHON has been created Marshal and Duke of MAGENRA.

BARAGUAY D'HILLIERS has been supereeded by Gen FOREY.

Four Austrian Generals, and five staff officers wounded.

Gen HESS commanded the Austrians and the Emperor NAPOLEON, the French.

Paris was illuminated when the intelligence of the battle was received.

Gen. ESPENASSO was killed.

Marshal CANROBERT was mortally wounded.

There were five French Marshals and Generals, wounded.

Milan had revolted, and declared in favor of the King of Sardinia.

The Austrians retired from Milan, but the French had not occupied it.

Later rumors from the seat war detract somewhat from the extent of the French victory.

It was believed that proposals for peace would follow the entrance of the French into Milan.

Business at the Paris Bourse was active, and rates ruled higher.

FURTHER BY THE ANGLO SAXON.

QUEBEC, June 20.—Napoleon says that among the trophies of victory taken are 12'000 Austrians muskets

The municipal authorities of Milan presented an address to Victor Emanuel in the presence of Louis Napoleon the King proposed entering Milan on Tuesday.

An Austrian official bulletin says that a desperate conflict had taken place between the First and Third Austrian Corps and a considerable force of the enemy, which was yet undecided on Suday, June 5 The same account states that the Austrian troops threw themselves on the enemy with an ardor perseverance worthy of the best days of the imperial army, performing prodigies of valor.

A Vienna dispatch in the Frankfort papers says that through the opportune arrival of Count Dlam's army corps the Austrians were victorious, after a hot fight, and the French were compelled to retreat over the river Ticino.

The London *Times* says that the absence of a late telegram, via Paris, is not considered indicative of French successes. The opinion was daily gaining strength in London that the French were defeated, though the rapid movement of the Allies accross the Ticino had compelled the Austrians to accept the battle.

Louis Napoleon was present at the battle, but did not take the command.

Gen. Horowra become provisionally Minister of War. Gens. Niel and McMahon are said to be wounded. Garibaldi had quitted Lecco and Gen. Durban had retreated to Moneca, to which point Garibaldi was supposed to be marching.

In the English Parliament Mr. D'Israeli announced that the reform question would be posponed until the next session, also stating that the foreign policy of the government would be peacefull neutrality.

Kossuth proposed leaving on the 7th for Italy with three hundred of his countrymen who have returned from America.

It was feared that the French crops were damaged by the prevailing rains.

Advices from Russia state that Count Gortschakoff had issued a circular letter to the Russian envoys at the different German Courts, declaring that if Germany gave aid to Austria the political equilibrium of Europe would be destroyed.

Dispatches from Darmstadt say that the Presidents of both branches of the Legislature have made speeches in favor of the declaration of war against Napoleon.

South Carolina.—We select the following items of news from the Greenville *Patriot & Mountaineer,* of June 7th.

Latter from Europe.

[*Telegraphed to the Confederation.*]

NEW YORK, June 22.

The steamship *Persia,* with Liverpool dates to the 11th inst., has arrived.

Sales of cotton for the week 35000 bales—one thousand taken on speculation, and five thousand for export. Middlings had declined ⅛d., while lower grades were difficult to sell at a decline. The market closed with a declining tendency. Consols 93⅞ [illegible]

Money rates had been reduced to three per cent.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMER KANGARCO.

QUEBEC, June 21.—The steamship *Kangarco* touched off this port this morning. She brings Liverpool dates to June 6th

Liverpool Cotton market.—Sales of cotton to day 6'000 bales, with a quiet market. Quotations are barely maintained.

GENERAL NEWS.

The Emperor Napoleon and the King of Sardinia had entered Milan and were enthusiastically received.

The Austrians have evacuated Pavia.

GOVERNMENT LOAN.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—The five million Treasury notes loan were taken today at an average of 5¾ per cent. interest.

OBITUARY.

DIED, on the 22nd inst. at the residence of her son, Hon. T. A. Walker—Mrs. FRANCES WALKER, in the 85th year of her age.

Calm on the bosom of thy God,
Freed Spirit! rest thee now;
Even while with us thy footsteps trod
His seal was on thy brow.
Dust to its narrow house beneath,
Soul to its place on high!
They that have seen thy look in death,
And imitate thy godly life,
No more may fear to die.

The deceased was born in Edgefield, Dist. S. C.—Subsequently her parents removed to Hancock co Ga. where she married Mr. Geo. Medlock. Several years after his death she married a second and last time, Mr. Thomas T. Walker of Ga. About the year 1837 they removed to Shelby County, Ala. and purchased from the Indians Shelby Springs, and the land in the immediate vicinity—which they occupied for several years.

There are three facts that invest the history of our departed Grandmother with interest: her extreme age, her consistent Christian life, and the manner of her death. She had seen two ages—the last part of the 18th and more than the first half of the 19th century. Her youth was coeval with our revolutionary contest for liberty, and she was familiar with many interesting incidents connected with that most important era in American History. How many have listened to her tales of those "times that tried men's souls," and seen her eye dilate and her bosom heave with intense patriotic feeling, as she told of her hair breadth escapes from the Indians—of the worse than savage cruelty of the Tories, and the dreadful sufferings of those who fought and bled for freedom's cause! And who does not see much to admire, and much too that is worthy of imitation, in the character of this noble woman, who, though young, spun, wove and wrought with her own hands, garments for the destitute soldiers? Many a war-worn veteran, could he now speak from his long and silent resting-place would say of her—I was hungry and she gave me meat: I was thirsty and she gave me drink: I was a stranger and she took me in, naked and she clothed me."

And she was not only a friend to the deserving, but like our blessed Saviour, she had compassion on the ungrateful and unworthy. Her house was ever known as the refuge of the friendless, and even the miserable outcast and the vile inebriate, were never sent cold and hungry from her hospitable door. Surely she was a true woman, and a kind friend, as well as a faithful wife, a devoted mother and a genuine Christian.

In addition to this, nothing need be said of her christian character more than that, for over forty years she was a worthy member of the Baptist Church, which she loved, cared for which she labored and prayed, and in whose prosperity she ever rejoiced.

There is something deeply impressive and truly beautiful in the *last days* of the aged Christian, descending the vale of years, and nearing "the house appointed for all living."

At the advanced age of almost four score years and ten, this venerable mother in Israel, like a shock of corn fully ripe, stood waiting and even longing for the harvest. Chastened by discipline and strengthened by trial, she was made meet for the heavenly inheritance. If her day at times had been dark, her evening was light, and the deepening twilight was peaceful and serene. Her work was done. Her last hour came. Sustained and soothed by an unfaltering trust in her Redeemer, she ascended to that deathless clime where—

"The soul, of orig'n divine,
God's glorious image, freed from clay,
In heaven's eternal sphere shall shine,
A star of day."

[illegible]

DIED in this place, on Saturday the 25th inst., of chronic diarrhoea, Miss ISABELLA WEIR, aged 29 years and six months:

She was born in Knox County, Tennessee, on the 15th Dec. 1819, and came with her Father's family to Alabama in 1834.

Isabella Weir was highly esteemed in the community, for her worth and excellence of character, and she leaves a family of affectionate relatives greatly distressed by her loss.

Quiet and unobtrusive, she was remarkable for her good sense and lady-like deportment. Haddsome and attractive, when she first grew up she declined entering upon married life, but devoted to a father, mother, brother and sisters, the sympathies of a heart full of affection and tenderness.—Full of charity, she was ever ready to take the part of the absent, or to forgive the shortcomings of others, and pour oil on the troubled waters. She withdrew herself, for some years back, from more gay society, ornamenting and enriching the home circle, by a beautiful exhibition of female gentleness, modesty, amiability and purity.

Though she had connected herself with the Methodist Episcopal Church some time back, she had never been fully satisfied of her spiritual regeneration; and when told that she must soon die, she became deeply concerned for her immortal welfare. Difficulties, doubts and clouds seemed to gather around her as she was about to enter the dark valley. We shall never forget that long day of agony—that wasted form—those faultering accents—those eyes upturned, and lips moving in prayer—that soul struggling on the threshold of eternity!

Friends came in and prayed with, and for her; and many prayers were uttered, and many tears were shed around that dying bed. But God, at length spoke peace to her soul. It was enough. The Savior had died for [illegible] penitents. By the grace of God [illegible] faith. She triumphed over the terrors of death and the gloom of the grave, departing in full assurance of a blissful immortality.

"*And I heard a voice from heaven saying unto me, write, Blessed are the dead which die in the Lord.*"

A SINGULAR PROPHECY.

The following curious paragraph is from the Cologne correspondent of the *Continental Review*: "We may now afford to smile at the singular prophecy of the westphalian shepherd who lived some hundred and fifty years ago and who predicted a terrible European war, in the course of which the Turks should cool the feet of their horses in the Rhine. These things—thus runs the tradition—were to come to pass when carriages ran without horses and the Prussian soldiers were dressed like the soldiers who crucified Christ. Carriages do run without horses and the *silhouette* of a Prussian soldier in his tunic and helmet is in all respects that of Roman legionary. But the superstitious, who speculate on this singular prophecy, could never reconcile with it the decline of the Turkish power, and the manifest improbability of the Sultan's troops carrying the standard of the Prophet to the banks of the Rhine. They forget that France has Algerine regiment of Saphis and Zouaves, and that many of them are as good Mussulmans as ever walked the streets of Stamboul.

☞Gen. Shields, Senator from Minnesota, had a public reception on his arrival home at Faribault, and said in his speech:

"I made my pre-emption, as you all know, on the Faribault prairie. I paid for it with my own warrant, the warrant which I received for my services in Mexico—the only bounty which I ever received from the Government of the United States for those services. And I will venture to say that I am the first general of the United States Army who ever made his own pre-emption with his own warrant Now this, I think, is a home to be prond of—a home which I hold sacred, because I purchased it with my blood."

Gold.—On Monday we were shown a specimen of gold ore, found on Mr. Joseph Edwards' land, 5 miles from Greenville, which weighed nine and a half penney weights, and was estimated to be worth seven or eight dollars. Several gentlemen who have been in the mines in California, examined it, and pronounced the quality of the gold to be very fine. Mr. Edwards has at various times found ore in small quantities, and is now inclined to believe there must be a rich vein on his place.

Although there have been many medicinal preparations brought before the public since the first introductin of Perry Davis Vegetable Pain Killer, and large amounts expended in their introduction, the Pain Killer has continued to steadily advance in the estimation of the world as the best family medicine introduced. Sold by druggist and grocers.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills.—Furnished with these two comprehensive remedies the head of a household feels that he can command and control any external or internal disease by which his family may be assailed. But beware *both have been counterfeited.* Conceive the agony of disappointment which must follow the discovery of the imposition. Dyspepsia or Scrofula perhaps is racking the frame of wife or child, and nothing at hand but pernicious counterfeits of Holloway's resistless preparations. Guard against such contingencies by ascertaining that the words, "Holloway, New York and London," are visible in transparent letters on every leaf of the book of directions accompanying the medicines.

Notice.

TAKEN UP by J. W. Hannah, & posted before M. Smith, Esq. of Calhoun County, Ala. on the 16th day of June inst. 1859, a certain Bay Horse, about five years old, fifteen and a half hends high, branded with letter G on his left shoulder, & right hind foot white—appraised at one hundred and twenty-five dollars. $125, this 24th June, A. D. 1859. A. WOODS,
June 30, 1859. Judge of Proba e.

Election Notice.

I WILL open and hold an election on the first Monday in August, A. D. 1859, at the following Election Precincts, in Calhoun County, Alabama, for the purpose of electing a Governor of said State; one member to Congress from the 7th Congressional District of said State; one Senator and three Representatives to the General Assembly of said State; also a Sheriff, Tax Collector and Assessor, County Treasurer and Surveyor, for said county of Calhoun: and the following named persons are hereby appointed Inspectors of said Election in each Election Precinct, to-wit:

Precinct No. 1. Jacksonville,	S. P. Hudson, J. S. Morgrane and Jas. Crow.
Pre No. 2, Alexandria,	J C McAuley, Irvin Martin & S D McClellen.
Pre: No. 3, Taylor's old place	J Roberts, J K Douglas, and P Mayfield.
Pre. No. 4, C't Ground,	J W Easly. W Woodruff and Wm Kennedy.
Pre. No. 5. Polkville.	N Goode, P Brothers and J A Weatherly.
Pre. No. 6, Peak's Hill;	B Griffin, A W Kirby and M: Smith.
Pre No 7, A H Colvins,	H L Pettit, G Seiber and M Dickinson.
Pre No 8 Walden's shop	B Neighbars, B D Turner & R T Dowdle.
Pre No 9 Cross Plains,	C J Sharp, N Airheart and G L Alexander.
Pre No 9, Ladiga;	C Wilson, B Prichard and Wm Stewart.
Pre No 10, Rabbit Town, X Roads;	John C Watson, J A Whiteside and Oswell Griffin.
Pre No 11. White Plains;	J C Legrand, E Manning and M P Johnson.
Pre No 12, Teagues X Rds	E T Thompson, J C Elston and J P Lackey.
Pre No 13, Oxford;	W B Turnipseed, Jas M Jones and E S Simmons.
Pre No 14, Sugar Hill;	E Teagne, W J Parks and W M Bell.
Pre No 15, Pine Grove;	J W McDaniel, Wm Barker and Frederick Vaughn.
Pre No 16, Pound's Store;	J W Wiggainton, J W Jones and James M Owens.
Pre No 17 Bacchus old Store place;	John L Dorrough, Stephen Clayton and Robert Harper.
Pre No 18, Pine Thicket;	W R Brown sr. A D Chandler and Wm King.
Pre No 19, Court Ground;	B F Parker, W Duke and Samuel H Roper;
Pre No 20 Court Ground	M Alexander, J S Borden & C M Wheeler.
Pre No 21, Sulphur Spgs:	Z Henderson, G Acker and Joshua Baker.
Pre No 22, at J W Hall's;	I P Moragne, J A Spaulding and John Weems,

The Constables of each election precinct are the returning officers for their respective Precincts—this 30th day of June, A D 1859
J B FARMER, Shff.
June 30th, 1859

Administrator's Sale OF A NEGRO MAN.

UNDER and by virtue of an order of the Probate Court of Calhoun County, Alabama, made on the 27th day of June, 1859, I will, as the Administrator of the Estate of Lucretia B. Weaver, dec'd, proceed to sell to the highest bidder, for division, before the Court-house door in the Town of Jacksonville, Alabama, on **Monday the 1st day of August next,** within the usual hours of Sheriffs sales, a Negro man named BILL, about forty or forty-five years of age, belonging to said estate; to be sold on a CREDIT OF TWELVE MONTHS, with interest from date. Note with two good and approved securities will be required to secure the purchase money—this 29th day of June, A. D. 1859.

S. H. WEAVER,
Administrator of said Estate.
June 30, 1859.—2t.

SHERIFF SALES.

BY virtue of five fi. fas. issued from the circuit Court of Calhoun County, and to me directed, one in favor of A R Smith vs. T R Mangham, one in favor of D R Mitchell vs T R Mangham; one in favor of W R Hubbard vs T R Mangham and Matthew Allen; one in favor of Ryan, Tate & Rowland vs T R Mangham, and one in favor of J L Hughes vs T R Mangham and Jerrie Langston, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, before the Court house door in the Town of Jacksonville, on the first Monday in August next, the following described land, to-wit: Frac T sec 19 T 13, R 6; frac's B & E; and the south part of frac D in sec 30, same T & R; S 1-2 of the S W 1-4 of sec 20; S W 1-4 of the N W 1-4 of sec 21; the N W 1-4 af the S W 1-4 & 20 acres of N E corner of N W 1-4 of S E 1-4 of S. 29; and the N E 1-4 of the N W 1-4 of sec 29; the S W 1-4 of the S W 1-4 of sec 29; the N W 1-4 of NW 1-4 S 32; Fr O sec 30: Frs A C & F in sec 31; the S 1-2 of the N E 1-4 sec 35; W 1-2 N W 1-4 of sec 36; S W 1-4 of the S W 1-4 of sec 25; S E 1-4 of the S E 1-4 of sec 26, all in T 13, R 6.

The W 1-2 of S W 1-4 sec 19; S E 1-4 of N W 1-4 of sec 19; the S E 1-4 of section 19; the W 1-2 of the S W 1-4 of sec 20; the N E 1-4 of the S W 1-4 of sec 20, and the N W 1-4 of the N W 1-4 of sec 30, all in T 13 R 7, as the property of and pointed out by Defend't Mangham.

J. B. FARMER, Shff.
By A. LITTLEJOHN, D S.
June 30, 1859—$9.

Also, at the same time and place,

BY virtue of 2 executions issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county and to me directed, I will sell, to the highest bidder for cash, the following land, to-wit;

Fractions M & I of sec 23 T 12 R 7, 90 acres—also adjoining 40 acres, levied on as the property of Samuel Tidmore, to satisfy said fi fas; one in favor of W S Cothran and J M Elliott, and one in favor of R B Kyle vs said Tidmore.

J. B. FARMER. Shff.
By A. LITTLEJOHN, D. S.
June 30, 1859—$9 00.

Also, at the same time and place,

BY virtue of one fi fa issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county. I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, the following described land, to-wit: the N W 1-4 of N W 1-4 of sec 6, T 13 R 7—also Fraction A in sec 1 T 13 R 6, 61 acres more or less, levied upon as the property of L R Roberts to satisfy said fi fa in favor of G W Weems.

J B. FARMER, Shff.
By A. LITTLEJOHN, D. S.
June 30, 1859—$9 00.

Also, at the same time and place,

BY virtue of one fi. facias, issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county, & to me directed I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, all the interest, right, title, claim or demand that M L Pinson has in and to the following real estate of Joseph Pinson, dec, to-wit: In the S E 1-4 of Sec. 3, 141 acres, in the N 1-2 of sec 10, 98 acres, all in T 15 R 8, to satisfy said fi fa in favor of A Skelton.

J. B. FARMER, Shff.
By SPARTAN ALLEN, D'S.
June 30. 1859—$3 00.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, } Calhoun County. } Plaintiff

Court of Probate for Calhoun County, Ala. Special Term, June 27th, A. D. 1859.

THIS day came John Brock, Administrator of the Estate of Hannah Brock, dec'd and filed his account and vouchers for a final settlement of said estate.

It is ordered by the Court, that Friday the 5th day of August next, be set for examining, stating and reporting said account, allowing said vouchers & making said settlement, and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a weekly newspaper printed and published in the Town of Jacksonville, in said county, for three successive weeks, prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said court to be holden at the Court-house of said county, on said Friday the 5th day of August next, & contest said settlement, if they think proper.

Witness: A. Woods, Judge of said Court, at office in the Town of Jacksonville, on this the 27th day of June, A. D. 1859.

A. WOODS, Judge
June 30, '59—3t. of Probate.

STRAYED.

FROM the undersigned living in Oxford, Ala., on Tuesday 14th inst. a dark or mahogany bay horse, about 6 years old, one white hind foot, medium size, full eyes and small head. He will probably make in the direction of Jackson County. Any information of said horse will be thankfully received, and trouble or expense in taking him up liberally rewarded.

JOHN BROWNLEE.
June 23, 1859.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, } St. Clair County. }

Probate Court for said County, Regular Term, 2nd Monday, and 13th day of June, 1859.

THIS day came Marcus L. Tazer, Administrator of the estate of John Moore, deceased, and filed his statements and report, setting forth that said estate is insolvent, and praying that it may be so decreed. It is ordered that the 18th day of July, 1859, be appointed a day for hearing and determining the same, at which time all persons in interest can appear and contest the same if they think proper.

T. S. LOGAN, Judge
of Probate.
June 23, 1859.

LADIES DRESSES, CORSETS, HOOP SKIRTS, BATS,

FINE SLIPPERS & GAITERS of the newest style at the store of
J. D. HOKE & BRO.
April 21, 1859.

TRANSPARENT SHADES,

GILT CORNICES AND CURTAIN BANDS; Damask Curtains with heavy loops, DIMITY, *OIL CALICO and Muslin Curtains and FRINGES,* at the Store of
J. D. HOKE & BRO.
April 21, 1859.

A WELL SELECTED STOCK OF Dry Goods, HARDWARE, Hats, Shoes & Boots, FANCY GOODS, Books and Stationery, CROCKERY,

Drugs & Medicines, and nearly every article in demand, just opening at the store of J. D. HOKE & BRO.
April 21, 1859.

B. ELIASBURG,
CONFECTIONARY, FRUIT AND FAMILY
GROCERY STORE.
(*Opposite P. J. Weaver's*)
BROAD ST., SELMA, ALA.

WILL keep the best of articles constantly on hand, for sale at low prices.

☞Orders from the country solicited, and accurately and promptly filled.
February 17, 1859—1y.

N. YORK & CHARLESTON Steamship Line, *Through Tickets.*

From New Orleans to N. York,		$35 00
" Mobile to	"	35 00
" Montgomery, Ala.,	"	26 00
" Atlanta, Geo.	"	25 00
" Augusta, Geo.	"	20 00

☞Can be had on applications at the Rail Road Ticket Offices at each point.

UNITED STATES MAIL

Steamships through in 48 to 50 Hours.

The new Steamship Columbia 1800 Tons. M. BERRY, Commander.
NASHVILLE, 1800 Tons. } L. M. MURRY, Commander.
JAMES ADGER, 1500 Tons. } A. ANDREWS, Commander.
MARION, 1500 Tons. } W. J FOSTER, Commander.

LEAVES ADGER'S WHARVES *Every Wednesday & Saturday* AT HIGH WATER.

These Steam Ships were built expressly for the Line, and for safety, comfort, & speed, are unrivalled on the coasts.

Tables supplied with every luxury.—Attentive and courteous commanders, willensure Travellers of this Line every possible comfort and accommodation elegant State Room accommodations, Freight or passage, apply to

HENRY MISSROON & CO.
Corner of East Bay and Adger's South Wharf,
Charleston to N. York, Cabin passage $15 Steerage, 8.
March 11, 1859.—1y.

For Philadelphia, New York, &c. FROM Charleston and Savannah

CABIN PASSAGE $15:.....:STEERAGE $5
Excursion Tickets good to return till Jan'y 1860:.....:$25.

THE well known, first class sidewheel Steamships, **State of Georgia,** Capt. J. J. GARVIN, & **Keystone State,** Capt. C. P. MARSHMAN, now form a *regular* line for the North, leaving Charleston and Savannah alternately.

The *State of Georgia* sails from Savannah every ten days, as follows, Feb. 22d, March 4, 14, &c.

The *Keystone State* sails from Charleston every ten days as follows: Feb. 16th, 26th, March 9th, 19th, &c.

These ships are in strength, speed and accommodations, fully equal to any on the coast. Inland navigation 100 miles on Delaware river and Bay; two nights at sea.

For Niagara Falls, the Lakes & Canada. SHORTEST AND CHEAPEST ROUTE

This line connects at Philadelphia with the Great Northwestern Railroad Route through to Niagara Falls or Buffalo, in 18 hours from Philadelphia. Through Tickets with the privilege of stopping at Philadelphia and intermediate points, for sale by the Agents in Savannah.

Fare to Niagara or Buffalo, $22. Elmira $21; to Canandaigua, $22.

A. HERON, Jr.,
Agent at Philadelphia.
C. A. GREINER, & Co.
Agents at Savannah.
T. S. & T. G. BUDD, *Agents at Charleston.*
Feb. 4, 1859.—1y.

LADIES GOODS.

Such as plain and figured

Barages,
Organdies,
Lawns,
French Jackanetts,
Brilliants,
SILK & SILK LACE MANTILLAS,

And all other kinds of Ladies Dress Goods, at COST, KAHN & FLEISHL.

N. B. All persons indebted to the firm of Kahn & Bro. & Kahn & Fleishl, are requested to settle immediately, as they are compelled to have money, and must close the business of J. Kahn & Bro. June 2, 1859.

ROME TO SELMA R. R. *Mail Stage Line.* NEW ARRANGEMENT.

THE Mail Stage leaves Rome daily at 8 o'clock A. M., via Cave Spring, Jacksonville, Talladega, and Asphin, Ala., or head of Selma Rail road, and arrives at Selma at 9 o'clock P. M., second day—distance 200 miles.

Returning leaves Selma at 8 A. M., and arrives at Rome next day by 6 P. M.
April 28, 1859.

Bolting Cloths.

A FULL assortment of the very best make for sale by J. D. HOKE & BRO.
Oct 14, 1858.

Wheat Wanted.

FROM 20,000 to 30,000 BUSHELS of Wheat will be purchased by the undersigned, and the best cash prices paid, delivered either at our Mills or Cane Creek or Chocoloco.

E. G. & I. G. MORRIS.
May 12, 1859.

AT THE SPRING TERM, 1859, of the *Circuit Court* of Calhoun County, Alabama, the following proceedings were had and held, to-wit:

Daniel T. Ryan & John B. Rowland, vs. James A. McCampbell. } CAME the Plaintiffs by their Attorney, and moved the Court for an order of publication as to the Defendant—and it appearing, that the suit was commenced by an original Attachment, returnable to this term of the Court against the Defendant, as a non resident.

It is therefore ordered by the Court, that the Clerk cause a notice of the Attachment and levy on the Defendant's property to be advertised four successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said county for four successive weeks, and a copy of the same to be sent by mail to the Defendant.

A true copy from the minutes.
Witness my hand this 7th day of June A. D. 1859.

G. B. DOUTHIT, Clerk

The Defendant, James A. McCampbell will take notice, that the attachment above stated was levied upon the following property, to-wit: Lot No. 1, in Sec. 16, T 14, R 8, east—one Centre Table, one bed and furniture, one Bureau, one Carriage known as a Rockaway, as the property of Deft. 21st April, 1859.
June 9th 1859.—4t.—$7 50.

J. B. CLARK, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL Bookseller & Stationer, SELMA, ALA.

J. B. C. has constantly on sale, at low prices a large stock of

LAW, MEDICAL, SCHOOL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS.
ALSO,

Staple and Fancy Stationery, Extensive and Elegant Variety of Paper Hangings, Cutlery, Gold Pens, Pencils, Music, &c., &c.

Magazines and Periodicals Supplied.

☞Prompt attention to orders from the Country. Selma, Ala. Aug 9 1858.

CANDIDATES.

☞We are authorized to announce the following named gentlemen as candidates for the various offices named.

For the Senate.
HON. T. A. WALKER,
DR. X. H. MILLER.

For Representative
Col. THOMAS J. CAVER,
Wm. SCOTT, Esq.
Col Wm. H. FORNEY,
JOHN H. WRIGHT, Esq.
G. C. WHATLEY, Esq.
Wm. F. BUSH, Esq.
Wm. J. INGRAM, Esq.
Wm. J. WILLIS,
JOHN. R. NORTHCUT,
ELI BYNUM,
ABRAM S. BURNS.
WILLIAM T ARGO.

For Sheriff.
DANIEL T. RYAN,
FIELDING LOVE.
Wm. P. DOWNING.
SPARTAN ALLEN,
JOHN YOE.

For Tax Assessor.
BARTLET OWEN,
THOMAS K. LANGFORD,
F. M. TREADAWAY,
J. R. STEEDLEY,

For Tax Collector.
JAMES MEHARG, Esq.
LOYD TRAYLOR,
Rev. T. P. GWIN.

For County Surveyor.
THOMAS R. MANGHAM,
J. L. WHITESIDE.

For County Treasurer.
E. L. WOODWARD.

For Sale.

A second hand PIANO, of Chickering's manufacture, having a metalic sounding board, and no strings broken. This Piano will be sold for one-fourth its original cost; and is believed to be a better bargain than ever offered in this vicinity, or probably may be in future. Enquire of J. F. GRANT.

P. S. This Piano has recently been repaired and tuned by Professor Earnest Mouch.

AT THE SPRING TERM, 1858 of the *Circuit Court* of Calhoun County, Ala., the following proceedings were had and held, to-wit:

Daniel T. Ryan, &c. vs. James A. McCampbell. } CAME the Plaintiffs by his Attorney & moved the Court for an order of publication as to the Def't, and it appearing that this suit was commenced by an original attachment, returnable to this Court, against the Defendant, as a non resident.

It is therefore considered by the court, that the Clerk cause a notice of the attachment and levy on the Defendant's property to be advertised for four successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said county, and a copy of the same be sent to the Defendant by mail.

A true copy from the minutes.
Witness my hand this 7th day of June. A. D. 1859.

G. B. DOUTHIT, Clerk.

The Defendant J A McCampbell will take notice, that the attachment above stated was levied upon the following property, to-wit: Lot No. one in section 16, T 14, R 8 east; one Centre Table, one bed and furniture, one Bureau, one carriage known as a Rockaway, as the property of defendant, 21st April, 1859.
June 9th 1859.—4t.—$7 50.

Selma Advertisements.

NEW BRICK WARE-HOUSE,

THE PROPRIETORS Propose to STORE COTTON in this well-known BUILDING at TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, for the Season.

☞Cotton from the Railroad Depots will be charged Drayage.

☞Goods received and forwarded at usual rates, without Drayage.

M. J. A. KEITH, & Co.

M. J. A. KEITH, }
W. Y. LUNDIE, } SELMA, ALABAMA
July 12, 1858.—

RECEIVING & FORWARDING Ware-house.

THE CENTRAL WARE HOUSE COMPANY AT SELMA.

ARE now prepared to receive and forward, with dispatch, all Goods and produce consigned to them for shipment by Rail R. River or otherwise. They have a large and commodious Brick-Ware House on the bank of the river, and will furnish all needful accommodations and will receive and forward Goods &c., at as low rates as can be done through any other channel.

Strict attention given to the measurement of Goods, the settlement of Freight Bills, and taking receipts and Bills of Landing, for goods and produce, and forwarding duplicates for the same.

They also receive produce on consignment for sale, and attend strictly to filling all cash orders for Goods and do a

GENERAL COMMISSION BUSINESS.

Goods intended for this House should be marked and consigned, specially to the "Central Ware House," otherwise they are liable to be divided

RATES OF STORAGE.

Receiving & forwarding Goods	20c per Bbl
If stored over 1 Month	10c additional.
Packages under one Bbl.	10c.

RATES OF COMMISSION.

For Selling Cotton	50c per Bale
" other produce	6 1-2 per cent
" Purchasing Goods	2 1-2 per "
"And Freights and Charges on	

Goods when there is no deposit 5 per cent. Persons depositing money for the purpose of paying Freight, will be allowed 8 per cent interest.

Accounts for Freight and Storage due when Goods are forwarded.

R. HAGOOD, C. B. WHITE, } Managers. J. W. LAWSLEY, E. T. WATTS, C. B. WHITE, R. HAGOOD, } Proprietors.

P. S.—No charge for Drayage to or from the Rail road on Goods Consigned to us.
Aug. 12, 1858.

G. P. SAVAGE. W. H. BURR

SAVAGE & BURR, CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS, *SELMA, ALABAMA.*

ARE prepared to execute orders for DRUGS and MEDICINES, and all articles pertaining to the Drug Business with their customary despatch.

The same attention will be given as heretofore to have every article of as good quality as represented and in no instance will anything be put up that is of a doubtful character.

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS furniture and fixtures, and all articles required for the profession and trade will be furnished—and orders by mail will have the same attention as if left in person.

Country Merchants and Physicians who would like to see the difference between our goods and those generally sold, are invited to call and examine, or to send their orders and make the comparison at home.

Our Bottled Goods, Essences, &c., are prepared with unusual care, so that there is no loss by leakage or breakage.

Pure Drugs and Good Medicines can be obtained at the *PHYSICIANS DRUG STORE* at as low prices as many purchasers are paying for those that are inferior, adulterated, carelessly put up.

It is our intention to maintain the reputation we have established in selling none but *PURE* Drugs and Medicine, and we, therefore, invite you to examine our stock before buying elsewhere, believing that we can show you inducements seldom offered in this city.

SAVAGE & BURR,
Corner Broad and Selma sts., Selma, Ala.
Selma, Aug. 19 1858.—1y.

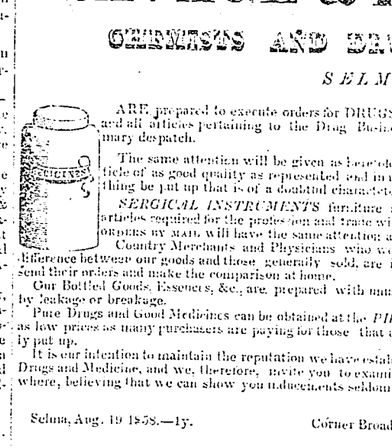
P. H. POMEROY. JOHN H. MARSHALL.

POMEROY & MARSHALL, AGENTS SHELBY LIME CO., No. 12 COMMERCE STREET, MOBILE.

DEALERS IN

HAY, CORN, OATS, BRAN, &C., &C

Embracing all Articles Usualy kept in Feed Stores.



FIELD SEEDS—Such as Orchard, Timothy, Red Top, and Blue Grass Red & White Clover, Lucerne, &c., also, Prince Edward Island Oats, Alexandria Black and White Oats—Rye, Barley Buckwheat, Seed Potatoes, &c.

COTTON SEED—We are agents for the well known & choice variety of Tisby's Petit Gulf—also keep constantly on hand other varieties.

LIME—Constantly on hand a supply of Thomaston, Paul adelphia and home manufactured.

HYDRAULIC CEMENT & CALCINED PLASTER—A fresh article, procured direct from the manufacturers.—Also, Plasterer's Hair, Marble Dust and Lath's.

BRICKS—English and American Fire—Philadelphia & home manufactured pressed.

GUNNY BAG—New and second hand, in Bales and Bundles.

HIDES—Wet and Dry Salted. Heavy and Light, Kip & Calf, Sheep and Deer Skins—constantly on hand, selected expressly for Country Tanners.

TALLOW—By the Barrel or smaller quantity.

OIL—Neatsfoot and Tanners, by the barrel or gallon.

☞Orders for the above articles respectfully solicited, and purchasers may be assured of always purchasing at the *lowest* Market prices.

☞*The highest price* paid for Beeswax and Country Feed Hides. Will also always purchase or contract for the delivery of White Oak Pipe Staves.

Mobile, Ala, July 28, 1858.—1y

THE SECRET INFIRMITIES OF YOUTH AND MATURITY,

Just Published Gratis, the 25 Thousand, A FEW WORDS ON THE Rational Treatment, Without Medicine, of Spermatorrhœa or Local Weakness, Nocturnal Emissions, Genital and Nervous Debility, Premature Decay of the System, Impotency & Incompliments to Marriage generally.

BY B. DE LANEY, M D.

The important fact that the many alarming complaints, originating in the imprudence and solitude of youth, may be easily removed without medicine, is in this small tract, clearly demonstrated; the Author, fully explained, by means of which every one is enabled to cure himself perfectly and at the least possible cost, thereby avoiding all the advertised nostrums of the day.

Sent to any address, gratis and post free in a sealed envelope, by remitting (post paid) two postage stamps to Dr. B. DE LANEY, 88 East 21st Street, New York City.
March 31, 1859—1y.

Notice to Contractors.

Office of Dalton & Gadsden R R Co.,
Dalton, Ga, May 27th, 1859.

Proposals for the Gadsden and mason-ry of the Dalton & Gadsden Rail Road will be received up to the 20th of June next. The work is sub-divided 11 miles in Whitfield County, 15½ in Gordon, 31 in Floyd and 15 3-4 miles in Polk County. There are some 6,000,0 cubic yds. of Earth work and 20,000 yds of masonry to be done.

A separate bid will be required on each section, the Company reserving the right to reject all bids if none are Satisfactory.

A profile of the work may be seen, and all requis te information with regard to the same may be obtained, at the office of the Company in Dalton.

Wm WADSWORTH,
June 2, '59 Chief Engineer.

FAYETTEVILLE COMMERCIAL COLLEGE.

Founded 1852, Chartered 1854.

CORNER of BALTIMORE & CHARLESTS., Baltimore, Md.

THE LARGEST AND MOST THOROUGHLY FURNISHED COMMERCIAL COLLEGE IN THE U. STATES.

EVERY YOUNG MAN should write immediately for one of those large and beautifully ornamented Circulars, representing the exterior and interior view of the

BALTIMORE COMMERCIAL COLLEGE

Penmanship, &c., which will be sent by return mail *free of charge,* with Catalogue containing list of Students, terms of tuition, opinions of the Press on our new system of book Keeping, etc.

FACULTY.

E. K. LOSIER, Principal—Lecturer on the Science of Accounts, Business, Customs, etc.
J. M. PHILIPS, Professor of Book-Keeping and Commercial Calculations.
H. H. DAVIES, Associate Prof. of Book-Keeping.
S. C. JOHNSON, Professor of Penmanship.
S. T. WILLIAMS, Esq., Merchantile Law.
Rev. E. Y. REESE, D. D., Commercial Ethics.

TRUSTEES.

Hon. J. P. Kennedy, Hon. Thomas Swann, Jacob Trust, Esq., Hon. Jachon Vansant, W. H. Keighler, Esq., Wm. Knabe, Esq.

The time usually required to complete the full course, from 8 to 12 weeks.

A Diploma, is awarded to all Graduates.

Large Circulars and Catalogues stating terms, &c. sent by mail *free of charge.* Address E. K. LOSIER, *Baltimore Md.*
January 6, 1858—1y.

R. S. NORTON & SON, DEALERS IN DRY GOODS,

ROME, GEORGIA.

ARE OFFERING ESPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO BUYERS FROM A DISTANCE.

WE are desirous of building up a first *class* DRY GOODS trade with Northern Alabama, by first class—we mean *cash* customers and those who pay *promptly* at maturity. We do not say that we sell lower than any one—but all men who have a grain of common sence, *know* that those who sell on long time are obliged to buy on long time and DO sell at long prices.

We tell every one frankly that money is better than even *short* credit, and that we wish no dealings with any man who pais his debts when he pleases, or at the end of the law.

Our present stock is complete, consisting not only of all classes of

Staple Goods,

But also a much larger assortment of

Fine Dress Goods, MANTILLAS, *Real Laces,* EMBROIDERS, WHITE GOODS, &c.

Than ever before kept this side of Augusta—this is particularly the case with our CURTAIN GOODS assortment, WINDOW SHADES, CORNICE, LACE CURTAINS.

EMBROIDED MUSLIN CURTAINS, CURTAIN DAMASK'S &c.

WE HAVE ALSO ON HAND AT ALL TIMES

Wall Paper IN EVERY VARIETY.

We ask an examination by all who can comply with our terms and feel satisfied that we can make it to their interest to purchase.

Our friends will oblige by telling us who they are *and* where from.

R. S. NORTON & SON.
Rome Ga., May 26, 1859.—1m.

Home Trade.

NEW SPRING & SUMMER

GOODS.

WILLIAMS & ARGOES,

RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of White Plains and surrounding country, that they are now receiving direct from NEW YORK & PHILADELPHIA a large and carefully selected stock of

Staple & Fancy Goods,

Suitable to the season, and embracing every article usually called for, or necessary to supply the wants of the community: among which may be found, the latest and most fashionable styles of

READY MADE CLOTHING, *Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes.*

A LARGE LOT OF

OSNABURG & DOMESTIC, HARDWARE AND CUTLERY. CHINA GLASS and QUEENSWARE, PAINTS, OILS and DRUGS,

all of which we will sell to solvent dealers at the shortest profit, either for cash on the usual time.

We cordially invite all who may wish to purchase Goods, to call and examine our stock. We will make it to their interest to encourage home trade by selling them goods of as good quality and upon as good terms as they can purchase elsewhere; and convince them that they "may go further & fare worse."

They will also have in a short time a small stock of *Groceries* for the accommodation of their friends and customers, at low prices.

White Plains, Ala. May 26, 1859.

NEW GOODS.

J. B. & G. H. FORNEY

RESPECTFULLY announce the reception of their splendid stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

THE long standing character and appreciated patronage of the house renders an enumeration of the various articles of Merchandise useless.

Feeling grateful to their friends whose ever ready favors have so flatteringly increased their sales, they promise a continuation of strictly courteous and honorable intercourse with them. The public generally are invited to examine their stock.

Prompt personal attention given to all orders. April 28 1859—tf.

STIPES & ROWLAND'S *New Stock of Spring & Summer* GOODS.

CONSISTING of every article usually kept by us. Our Styles are remarkable for their uniform beauty—the prices are out of the range of competition.

We are now opening a select Stock of READY MADE CLOTHING IN THE MOST APPROVED STYLES.

We will continually be adding all the Novelties of the season, during the Summer, having made our arrangements to be supplied with New and Fashionable Goods, at any time during the season. We respectfully invite the particular attention of our friends and customers to our present stock. April 14, 1859.—tf.

AT THE SPRING TERM, 1859, of the *Circuit Court* of Calhoun County Alabama, the following proceeding were had and held, to-wit:

John B. Hooke & Bro. } CAME the Plaintiffs by their Attorney & moved vs. Amos T. Laird. } the court for an order of publication as to the Deft. and it appearing that this suit was commenced by an original attachment against the Defendant as a non resident.

It is therefore ordered by the Court, that the Clerk cause a notice of the Attachment and levy on the Defendant's property, to be advertised for four successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in the county and a copy be sent by mail to defendant.

A true copy from the minutes
Witness my hand this 7th day of June. A. D. 1859.

G. B. DOUTHIT, Clerk.

The Defendant, A T Laird will take notice, that the attachment above stated was levied upon the following property, to-wit: Lot No. 130 in the old plan of the Town of Jacksonville, as the property of said defendant, on 1st January, 1859.
June 9th, 1859.—4t.—$7 50

Public Speaking.

The Candidates for the Legislature will address their fellow Citizen at the following times and places.

Tuesday	5th July	at	Sugar Hill.
Wednesday	6th "	"	Pine Grove,
Thursday	7th "	"	Pounds.
Friday	8th "	"	Muscadime
Saturday	9th "	"	Fair Play.
Monday	11th "	"	Rabbit town.
Wednesday	13th "	"	Riley Homes
Thursday	14th "	"	J W Hall's.
Friday	15th "	"	Oxford.
Saturday	16th "	"	Teagues x Roads
Monday	18th "	"	Phipp's.
Tuesday	19th "	"	Bortone's
Wednesday	20th "	"	Ladiga.
Thursday	21th "	"	Mas Colvins.
Friday	22th "	"	Peck's Hill
Saturday	23th "	"	Sulphur Springs
Monday	25th "	"	Alexandria.
Tuesday	26th "	"	PolkVille
Wednesday	27th "	"	Maddox's
Thursday	28th "	"	June Bug.
Friday	29th "	"	White Plains
Saturday	30th "	"	Jacksonville.

Speaking to commence at 11 O'clock A. M.

SHERIFF SALES.

BY virtue of three orders of sale, issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county, and to me directed, one in favor of Ryan & Rowland vs J A McCampbell, S P Hudson; A Woods & W C Elston, one in favor of same plffs vs W C Elston, W R Hubbard & J A McCampbell, and one in favor of Ryan, Francis & Rowland vs Jas Railton, S P Hudson & J A McCampbell, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, before the court house door in the Town of Jacksonville, Ala on the 1st Monday in July next, the following described Land, to-wit: Lot No 1, Section 16, Township 14, Range 8, containing 89 acres—levied on as the property of defendants, to satisfy said orders of sale.

J. B FARMER, Shff.
By SPARTAN ALLEN, D S.
June 2, 1859—$8 00.

ALSO, at the same time and place.

BY virtue of one order of sale issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county and to me directed, in favor of John H Vandiver vs Berryman Rice, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, the following described land, to-wit: the S E 1-4 of N W 1-4, and N E 1-4 of N W 1-4 of section 10, T 14, R 6, in the Coosa Land Dist levied on as the property of Deft to satisfy said order of sale.

J. B FARMER, Shff.
By SPARTAN ALLEN, D S.
June 2, 1859—$8 00.

AGENTS WANTED.

WE WANT 50 TO 100 YOUNG MEN WITH a cash capital of from $50 to $1'000 each, to purchase our goods consisting of Watches and Jewelry, and to dispose of them in all the cities and towns throughout the United States and Canadas. Some persons who purchase of us are making from $5'000 to $10'000 per year, selling at auction in the various towns and villages. On the receipt of $1 by mail, we will send a beautiful set of sleeve buttons and studs, and on the receipt of $20 a beautiful gold watch, open face and for $20 a beautiful gold hunting case lever watch; for $10 a hunting case silk watch, and for $7 a pretty open face silver watch.

☞Call and examine our goods or send for a catalogue.

STENNETT & GLINES,
1 month 1 78 Nassau street, New York.

STAMPS For Sale at this Office

$363,040
TO BE DISTRIBUTED.

Georgia State Lottery,
On the Plan of Single Numbers.
—for the benefit of the—
MONTICELLO UNION ACADEMY,
OF JASPER COUNTY, GEORGIA,
Authorized by Special Act of Legislature
McKINNEY & CO., Managers.

CAPITAL PRIZE
$60,000.

Fifty Thousand Tickets!
25,828 PRIZES. More than 1 Prize to every two Tickets.
Tickets only $10.
HALVES QUARTERS & EIGHTS IN PROPORTION.
To be drawn each Saturday in June 1859.
CLASS 22 DRAWS ON Saturday, June 4, 1859.
CLASS 23 DRAWS ON Saturday, June 11, 1859.
CLASS 24 DRAWS Saturday, June 18, 1859,
CLASS 25 DRAWS ON Saturday, June 25, 1859,
To be drawn in public under the sworn superintendence of two Commissioners, appointed for that purpose, in the
CITY OF SAVANAH GEORGIA.
MAGNIFICENT SCHEME!

1	Prize of $60,000	is	$60,000
1	" 20,000	is	20,000
1	" 10,000	is	10,000
1	" 5,000	is	5,000
1	" 4,000	is	4,000
1	" 3,000	is	3,000
1	" 2,000	is	2,000
1	" 1,500	is	1,500
1	" 1,000	is	1,000
5	" 1,000	are	5,000
10	" 500	are	5,000
2	" 400	are	800
2	" 300	are	600
2	" 200	are	400
50	" 150	are	7,300
100	" 100	are	10,000
100	" 95	are	9,500
100	" 85	are	8,500

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

4 Pr's of	$200 ap'xg to	$60,000 prize are	800
4 Pr's of	150 ap'xg to	20,000 prize are	600
4 Pr's of	125 ap'xg to	10,000 prize are	500
4 Pr's of	100 ap'xg to	5,000 prize are	400
8 Pr's of	80 ap'xg to	4,000 prize are	640
8 Pr's of	60 ap'xg to	3,000 prize are	480
8 Pr's of	50 ap'xg to	2,000 prize are	400
8 Pr's of	40 ap'xg to	1,500 prize are	320
400 Prs of	20 ap'xg to	100 prize are	8000
25,000 Prizes of	8 are		200,000

25,827 Prizes amounting to $366,040

WHOLE TICKETS $10, HALVES $5, QUARTERS $2,50.

PLAN OF THE LOTTERY.

The numbers from 1 to 50,000 corresponding with those numbers on the tickets printed on separate slips of paper, are encircled with small tin tubes and placed in one wheel.

The first 380 prizes, similarly printed and encircled, are placed in another wheel.

The wheels are then revolved, and a number is drawn from the wheel of numbers, and at the same time a prize is drawn from the other wheel. The number and prize, drawn out are opened and exhibited to the audience, and registered by the Commissioners; the Prize being placed against the Number drawn. This operation is repeated until the prizes are drawn out.

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.—The two preceding and the two succeeding Numbers to those drawing the first 8 Prizes will be entitled to the 48 Approximation Prizes. For example: if Tickat 11250 draws the $60,000, Prize, those Tickets numbered 11248, 11249 11251, 11252 will each be entitled to $200. If Ticket No. 550 draws the $20,000 Prize those tickets numbered 548, 549, 551, 552, will each be entitled to $150, and so on according to the above scheme.

CERTIFICATES of PACKAGES will be sold at the following rates, which is the risk.
Cert. of Packages of 10 Whole Tickets. $60
" " 10 Half Tickets 30
" " 10 Qr. Tickets, 15
" " 10 Eighth " 7,50

In orderiug Tickets or Certificates.
Enclose the money to our address for the tickets ordered, on receipt of which they will be forwarded by first mail. Purchasers can have tickets ending in any figure they may designate.

The list of drawn numbers and prizes will be sent to purchasers immediately after the drawing.

☞Purchasers will please write their signatures plain, and give their post office, county, and State.

☞Remember that every prize is drawn & payable in full without deduction.

☞All prizes of $1,000 and under paid immediately after the drawing—other prizes at the usual time of 30 days.

All communications strictly confidential.
Addsess orders for Tickets or Certificates to McKINNEY & CO., Savannah, Ga.

☞A list of the numbers that are drawn from the wheel, with the amount of the prize that each one is entitled to, will be published after every drawing, in the Savannah Daily News. Feb. 10, '59.

JOINT RESOLUTIONS
Proposing Amendments to the Constitution.

SECTION 1. *Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Alabama in General Assembly convened,* That the following amendments to the Constitution of Alabama are hereby proposed to the people thereof, which, when proposed by two-thirds of each House of the present General Assembly, voted in favor of by a majority of all the citizens of this State voting for representatives, and ratified by two-thirds of each House of the nex General Assembly voting thereon, by yeas, and nays, shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the Consititution of said State, *Provided,* that said proposed amendments shall at each session, have been read three times on three several days in each House, to wit:

1. Strike out the third section of the third article, & the amendments thereto, as ratified by the General Assembly of the State of Ala. at the session held on the first Monday in December, 1845, and in the place of said section and said amendment thereto, insert the following: "The representatives shall be chosen biennially, and the election shall take place on the first Monday and the day following in August until otherwise directed by law."

2. Strike out the words "three years," in the twelfth section of the third article and in place thereof insert "four years."

3. Srike out the fourteenth section of the third article, and the amendment thereto, as ratified by the General Assembly of the State of Alabama, at the session held on the first Monday in December, 1845, and in place thereof, insert the following section: "The General Assembly shall hold annual session at times to be fixed by law. The House of Representatives shall at each sessions choose a Speaker and its other officers and the Senate a President and its other officers; each House shall judge of the qualifications, elections and returns of its own members but a contested election shall be determined in such manner as may be directed by law."

4. Strike out the word "biennial," in the amendment to the eighth section of the fourth article, as ratified by the General Assembly of the State of Alabama, at the session held on the first Monday in December, 1845 and insert in place thereof the word "annual."

Sec. 2. *Be it further resolved,* That all the provisions of chapter seven, title six, part one, of the Code of Alabama, shall be observed by the officers therein named in the election to be held on these proposed amendments to the Constitution, and all the penalties; designated in chapter eight of said title, shall be enforced against all persons amenable thereto, for any act of omission or commission relating to the matter herein contained.

Sec. 3. *Be it further resolved,* That the Secretary of State shall cause joint resolutions and proposed amendments to the Constitution to be published at least three months before the next general election in one newspaper published in each of the following places, to wit; Montgomery, Mobile, Tuskaloosa, Huntsville Eufaula, Jacksonville, Florence, Selma and Talladega. Approved, February 8, 1858.
April 21 1859.

DO YOU WANT A FIRST RATE
Buggy or Carriage

OF ANY DESCRIPTION, MADE OF THE BEST QUALITY OF HICKORY, at *LOWER PRICES* than any other Establishment in the South? If you do, call on

M. L. PALMER,
Rome, Ga.

Where you can also find the celebrated SALADEE PATENT BUGGY, the best plan for the construction of Buggies ever invented. They run lighter, ride easier and last longer thanany other Buggy in the world.

Repairing done cheap at short notice. *All work warranted*
SILVER PLATING done to order. Rome, Ga. February 3, 1859—1y.

HARDWARE AND IRON.
A. R. HARPER,
HEAVY DEALER IN
ENGLISH AND AMERICAN HARDWARE,
Old stand of R. T. McCay, Broad Street. Rome, Ga.

THERE is not a single article of Hardware ENUMERATED in any advertisement, or thought of by any person that he does not keep.

HIS GOODS ARE FOR SALE LOW!

No house this side of Augusta can undersell him.
No house this side of Augusta SHALL undersell him.

His connection with his old friends and customers has been extremely pleasant to him. He thanks them for past favors, and most earnestly solicits a continuation of patronage and friendship. To those who have not as yet honored him with their patronage, he asks to call and see him—it may be for their good—at least will do no harm!! Jan. 13 '59—1y.

HARDWARE AND IRON.

REAPING MACHINES! Threshers and Horse Powers

STOECKEL TOOK THE PREMIUM!

TOBACCO STORE.

GEORGIA vs. VIRGINIA?
GEO. W. STOECKEL,
BROAD ST., ROME, GEORGIA.

Would respectfully call the attention of Storekeepers, and those using Tobacco, in any form, to his well assorted Stock of Segars & Tobacco, having now on hand
A LARGER & BETTER ASSORTMENT THAN EVER KEPT IN CHEROKEE GA

SEGARS, SEGARS.

From 75c to $5 per box, of Havana, German, and American manufacture

CHEWING TOBACCO!

From 20c to $1,25 per lb. I have chewing tobacco at 50c per lb equal to any that is wrapped in tinfoil. Just try it!—and remember the old adage: "All is not gold that glitters;" nor does tin foil INCREASE THE REAL VALUE OF TOBACCO

SMOKING TOBACCO OF ALL KINDS.

A large stock of Burwell's Tobacco now on hand!

VARIETY OF SNUFFS & PIPES!

Some of Burwell's Tobacco, manufactured by me, took the first premium at the Southern Central Agricultural Fair held at Atlanta.
Rome, Georgia, November 25th, 1858—1y.

OUR MOTTO!
Short Profits, and Prompt Payments

THE UNDERSIGNED ARE NOW RECEIVING THEIR

Spring & summer GOODS.

And earnestly solicit all their customers, friends, and all persons wishing to buy
Cheap and Substantial GOODS,
To call and examine our STOCK OF GOODS before purchasing elsewhere.

We have purchased our Goods at the lowest figures, and will be satisfied with as small profits as any other men.

Come and examine our Goods, and you will come to near finding every thing that you may want in our Store as any other house in Town—and by the time you get through, we will be sure to make it to your interest to spend a few dollars with us.

We have a handsome stock of

LADIES DRESS GOODS.	FOR GENTLEMEN.
Trimmings,	A large and well selected stock of
Ribbons,	Readymade Clothing,
Collars,	Hats.
& Bonnets,	Boots and Shoes,
Kid & Lasting BOOTS, &c.	Saddles Bridles, Harness &c.

HARDWARE & CUTLERY, GLASS & QUEENSWARE, PAINTS DRUGS, &c.
Jacksonville, April 7, 1859.—3m. SMITH & SELF

Merchant Mills.

The undersigned having taken charge of Maj. J. A. Stevenson's Brick Merchant Mills, 2 miles south of Jacksonville, respectfully informs the public that he has put them in good order and condition to make as much and as good Flour as any Mills in the country. Corn also ground in a manner that cannot fail to please.

ABRAHAM ADERHOLT.
March 10, 1859—tf.

P. S. Also a Splendid SAW MILL, in first rate order, at which we can fill bills for LUMBER of every description and variety, of the very best quality, upon short notice.

P. LOUGHERY,
IMPORTER OF
CHINA CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE,
34 WATER STREET MOBILE, ALA.

IS prepared to put up merchants and planters orders at as low rates as they can be purchased in New York or Boston. Particular care taken in packing Goods for the Country.
Feb. 24, 1859—1y.

MEDICAL NOTICE.
DRS. WM. & E. W. TREADWELL.

HAVING resumed the practice of MEDICINE in partnership, offer their services to the citizens of Cherokee and Calhoun counties, in the various branches of their profession.

Dr. Wm. Treadwell will remain at his residence near Adams' Ferry; Dr. E. W. Treadwell will reside at Maj. Colvin's, where he may be found at all times when not professionally absent. March 10, 1859

Stockholder's Annual Convention.

OFFICE OF THE ALA. & TENN. R. R. Co.
Selma, May 18th, 1859.

THE tenth Annual Convention of the Stockholders of the Alabama and Tennessee River Railroad Company, will convene at Shelby Springs, on Wednesday, the 13th day of July next, for the purpose of electing a President & Board of ten Directors for said Company, for the ensuing year.

The Board are requested to meet at the same place on the Monday previous.

A. M. GOODWIN,
May 19, '59. Secretary.

MERCHANT MILLS.

THE undersigned takes this method to inform his friends and the public generally, that his MILLS, on Tallasseehatchee, five miles west of Jacksonville, are now in excellent running order, that he has two pair of French Burrs now in operation; and that he is prepared to make as good **Flour** and **Meal** as can be made in the up country.

He further informs his friends and old customers, that he has no connection with the Stephenson Mills, advertised over the signature of Abraham Adiholt.

J. A. ADIHOLD.
March 24, 1859 —tf.

BOOK & JOB
Printing.

HAVING a large amount of ornamental & display type, together with the combined materials of the Republican and Sunny South Offices, we are prepared to execute all kinds of Job Work in the most neat and expeditious manner: such as Pamphlets, Handbills, Circulars, Cards, Billheads, Blanks, &c., &c.

We respectfully request our friends not to send their work to distant cities, when they can get it done equally as well at home, and a great deal cheaper.

Great Arrival
J. FISHER,
Chattanooga, Tenn.

HAS just received the LARGEST and HANDSOMEST stock of

Boots, Hats, Shoes, Caps, and Trunks.

ALL are requested to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. Don't forget the place—one door north of O. H. P. Wayne's, Market street, Chattanooga.

JUST RECEIVED,
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
MISSES AND CHILDREN'S FANCY
STRAW GOODS,

Polal Bloomer, buttons, Brown Leghorn Bloomers, Drooping Leghorn Bloomers, Mixed straw Equestrian, Mixed straw Wm. Tell, Assorted Dangles Drab do. Brown Dangles Lace trimmed.

Gentlemen's Fashionable Moleskin Hats,
" " Cassimere "
" Black " "

Gents' and Boys' Straw Goods, of all styles and qualities, Everett Bell Crowned Hats, Mt. Vernon Leghorn Hats, Boys' fancy trimmed Hats, Just received at J. FISHER'S.
mar10, 1859.—6m.

Ladies Dress Goods,

NEWEST styles in Merinos, Cashmers De Lanes, &c. Robes, Side Stripes plain and figured, for sale by
April 7. J. D. HOKE & BRO.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration having been on the 4th day of April A. D. 1859, granted to the undersigned, by the Probate Court of St. Clair County, on the estate of Thos. M. Barker, deceased, late of said county: all persons indebted to said estate, are hereby required to make payment thereof to me, and persons having claims against said estate, must present them within eighteen months or they will be barred. This 12th day of April A D. 1859.

WILLIAM H. ELDRIDGE, *Admr.*
Apr. 21, 1859.—6t.

GROCERIES
AND
CONFECTIONARIES,

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the public, that he has purchased the entire stock of **GROCERIES, &c.** from G. W. Mathews, on the South-west corner of the public square, and has his arrangements so made, that he will constantly keep a full assortment by the frequent reception of fresh supplies.

The following articles, of superior quality, may always be found, as constituting a part of his supply, and for sale upon the most reasonable terms:

SUGAR AND COFFEE,
SYRUP & MOLASSES,
Candies and Raisins,
Dried Currents & Figs.
CIGARS & TOBACCO,
CHEESE & CRACKERS,
OYSTERS,
SARDINES & MACKEREL
WINES AND LIQUORS

of various descriptions. Together with every other article usually kept in a retail Gorcery Store. To all of which he invites the attention of purchasers, with the assurance that every effort will be used on his part to merit a liberal share of their patronage.

JOHN A. COBB.
Jacksonville, Feb. 10 1859—tf.

CENTRAL HOUSE.

NOW owned by WM. E. KENEDY, has been thoroughly repaired, and is now opened under the management of Mrs M. R. Kennedy and her son Jno. H. Kennedy. It is their intention to make the accommodations acceptable to all who bestow upon the house their patronage. The many fine, well ventilated and furnished rooms, will enable them to accommodate families or gentlemen to their satisfaction. The house is situated in the centre of the business part of the city. The Table shall be as good as any other in the city and every exertion will be made to render guests comfortable.

JOHN H. KENNEDY.
mar10, 1859.—6m. Proprietor.

GROVER & BAKER'S
CELEBRATED
FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.

A New Style. Prices $50.

495 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
11 CAMP ST. NEW ORLEANS.
33 ST. FRANCIS STEET, MOBILE.

These Machines sew from two spools and from a seam of unequaled strength, beauty, and elasticity, which will NOT rip, even if every fourth stitch be cut. They are unquestionably the best in the market for family use.

☞SEND FOR A CIRCULAR.☜
J. D. HOKE & BRO.
Agents Jacksonville.

New Millinery, Trimming,
AND
VARIETY STORE.

Misses Noble & Stoeckel,

RESPECTFULLY announce to the Public of Rome, and vicinity, that they have opened a new Millinery Store in the City Hall Building where all the

Latest & Most Fashionable GOODS

Will be kept constantly on hand. With the experience and ability of the firm they hope to meet with a due share of public patronage.

All are invited to examine their stock.

All work faithfully attended to at reasonable prices.

Give the Philadelphia Millinery Store a call.

MISS JANE NOBLE.
MISS M. C. STOECKEL.
Rome, Ga., November 25, 1858—1y.

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.

H. C. BILLINGS. J. J. THOMPSON.
H. C. BILLINGS & CO.
(*CITY AUCTIONEERS.*)
AUCTION AND COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
—AND—
COLLECTORS,
BROAD ST., SELMA, ALA.

HAVING permanently located in Selma, for the purpose of transacting a General Auction and Commission Business, we respectfully solicit a share of public patronage.

We will receive and sell on commission, either at auction or private sale, (having extensive store room) Dry Goods, Groceries Country Produce, Furniture, either new or second-hand, Horses, Mules and Negroes.

Our terms shall be moderate, and accounts of sales and payments prompt.

☞Liberal advances made on all consignments in store. H. C. BILLINGS.
J. J. THOMPSON,
March 3, 1859—1y.

A Word to the Wise is SUFFICIENT.

If not, a Warrant will be.

CIRCUMSTANCES render it imperiously necessary that I collect the amounts due me by note or account, in a short time. I therefore hereby give fair notice to all persons indebted to me, that if they do not pay up within a few weeks, their notes and accounts will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection.

WM. H. FLEMING.
January 13, 1859.—tf.

Howard Association.
PHILADELPHIA.

A benevolent Institution, established by special endowment for the relief of the sick and distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic diseases

TO all persons afflicted with Sexual Diseases, such as *Spermatorrhea, Seminal weakness, Impotence, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Syphilis,* the Vice of *Onanism,* or *Self abuse, &c., &c.*

The HOWARD ASSOCIATION, in view of the awful destruction of human life, caused by Sexual diseases, and the deceptions practiced upon the unfortunate victims of such diseases by Quacks, several years ago directed their Consulting Surgeon, as a charitable act worthy of their name to open a Dispensary for the treatment of this class of diseases, in all their forms and to give

Medical Advice Gratis

to all persons thus afflicted, who apply by letter, with a description of their condition, age, occupation, habits of life, &c., and in cases of extreme poverty and suffering, to FURNISH MEDICINES FREE OF CHARGE.

It is needless to add that the Association commands the highest Medical skill of the age and will furnish the most approved modern treatment.

The Directors, on a review of the past feel assured that their labors in this sphere of benevolent effort, have been of great benefit to the afflicted, especially to the young, and they have resolved to devote themselves, with a renewed zeal, to this very important but much despised cause.

Just Published, by the Association, a Report on Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, the vice of Onanism, Masturbation or Self-Abuse and Diseases of the Sexual Organs by the Consulting Surgeon, which will be sent by mail (in a sealed envelop) FREE OF CHARGE, on the receipt of TWO STAMPS for postage. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon Howard Association No. 2 South NINTH Street, Philidelphia Pa. By order of the Directors.

EZRA D. HEARTWELL, President.
GEO. FAIRCHILD, Secretary.
January 6 1859—1y.

FORT & HARGROVE,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL
GROCERS,
BROAD STREET, ROME, GA.
OPPOSITE PLANTER'S BANK AGENCY.

WILL keep constantly for sale, all kinds of Groceries at the lowest market prices.
Call and examine our stock.
Rome, Ga. May 19 1859—1y.

NOTICE.

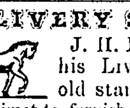
I HAVE my **Steam Grist Mills** in operation now and will be able to accommodate my customers and the public immediately. Everything connected with the ***Flouring Mill*** is of the best material, strict attention will be paid to all grain sent to these mills. All foreigners can be accommodated with a comfortable house and lot during their stay at the mills.

JAMES G. NISBET.
Feb, 3 1859.—tf

BAARCKE & KIENCKE
MERCHANT TAILORS,
ROYAL STREET,
Under the Battle House, North of the Entrance
MOBILE, ALA.
February 17, 1859.—1y.

MARIESVILLE
Marble Works,
15 Miles South of Talladega.
25 per cent saved by applying to
J. M. N. B. NIX,
For Tombs or Monuments.
Address at TALLADEGA.
February 24, 1859.—1y.

LIVERY STABLE.



J. H. PRIVETT continues his LIVERY STABLE at the old stand, and is prepared at all times to furnish the public with VEHICLES and HORSES, at the following rates:

Horse per day,	$1 00
Buggy " "	1 00
Horse and Buggy per day,	2 00
Horses and Hack, " "	5 00

Damages to Horses or Vehicles must be settled for by persons hiring them.

Transient persons can have their horses well taken care of at this Stable.

N. B. Persons who hire Horses and Buggies, must not forget to pay up occasionally, as corn is high and a cash article, and if they fail, 25 per cent. will be added. July 1857.

ETOWAH HOUSE,
ROME, GA.
L. P. THOMAS, Proprietor,
(LATE OF EATONTON HOTEL.)
The Stage Offices are kept at this house
AND IT IS NEAREST THE DEPOT.
April 21, 1859.

GRAND SPECULATION!

To be determined on the 11th and 25th of each month, from MAY, 1859, until further notice.

Great reduction in Numbers?

Only 10,000 Numbers. 300 Prizes.

Walton Female College LOTTERY.

Chartered by the State, in '56.

Having been appointed by the President & Directors of the Walton Female College Managers of their Lottery Charter, we intend conducting the same on the favorite Havana Plan of Single Numbers, and have located our office in the City of Savannah, Geo. We now offer the following

Favorite Scheme of 10,000 Numbers.

CAPITALS OF
$12,000, $5,000, $2,000 &c.
WM. C. DAWSON & CO., *Managers.*
CLASSES 3 and 4 draw at Savannah, Geo. April 11th and 25th, 1859, at ARMORY HALL, under the sworn superintendance of Commissioners
W. R. Symons, & J. M. Prentiss, Esq's.

PRIZES PAYABLE WITHOUT DEDUCTION.

GRAND SCHEME.

1	Prize of	$12,000	is	$12,000
1	do	5,000	is	5,000
1	do	2,000	is	2,000
3	Prizes of	1,000	are	3,000
5	do	500	are	2,500
6	do	200	are	1,200
85	do	100	are	8,500
100	do	50	are	5,000
100	do	25	are	2,500

300 Prizes amounting to **$41,500**
TICKETS—Wholes $5, H'ves $2.50, Qrs 125

All Prizes paid immediately after the drawing. On the 1st of each month a $10 scheme with a Capital of $60,000 will be drawn, and on the 15th of each month a $5 scheme with a Capital of $30,000 will be drawn. Persons sending money by mail need not fear its being lost. Orders punctually attended to.—Communications strictly confidential. Notes of sound Banks taken at par. Those wishing particular numbers should order immediately. Registered Letters at our risk. Certified copies of the drawing mailed to all purchasers of Tickets immediately after the drawing.

REFERENCES:
Hon. Ovid G. Sparks, Mayor of Macon.—LaRoche & Bell, Savannah, Ga. T. R. Bloom Cotton Factor, Macon, Ga. Farley, Jury & Co. New Orleans.

For Tickets, address
W. C. DAWSON & Co., Managers,
SAVANNAH OR MACON, GA.
Or Box D, Number 11, New Orleans, La.

☞Prizes cashed either in Macon or Savannah, Ga., or at No. 80 1-2 St. Charles; between Gravier and Commercial Place, New Orleans La March 31, 1859.

PICTURES, PICTURES!

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the people of White Plains and vicinity, and indeed the people of the entire county of Calhoun, that he has located himself at the Plains, where he is prepared to get up the *finest* pictures—New York to the contrary, notwithstanding! Likenesses taken in all sorts of weather, in from 3 to 5 seconds. Prices moderate: terms cash; or good produce will *sometimes* be taken.

R. E. NEELD.

P. S. Garments of all kinds will be cut out, in the best style, and on short notice. Also, coats and pants made to order.

☞ROOMS, upstairs above Williamson's & Keer's Storehouse. Jan. 6, 1859.

COMMITTED

To the Jail of St. CLAIR COUNTY, Alabama, a Negro Man, who says his name is **ALBERT,** and that he belongs to Doc. Hunter, of Montgomery, Alabama.

Said boy is about five feet six or eight inches high, a little light colored for a Negro. No marks noticed—about thirty-six or thirty seven years of age.

The owner is hereby notified to come forward, prove property, pay charges; and take him away, or he will be dealt with as the law directs Ashville, Ala. April 15, 1859.

WM. G. RIGGS,
Jailor of St. Clair County.
April 21, 1859.—tf.

MORRIS' MERCHANT
FLOURING MILLS.

THESE extensive Mills, on Cane Creek, are now in excellent order and in full operation, with abundant water power, and capable of grinding about 500 bushels of Wheat per day, and making flour of as good quality and as much per bushel as any mills in the country. Every effort will be made for the prompt accommodation of customers, by competent correct and experienced Millers.

The best cash price will be paid for Wheat at all times, delivered at the Mill.

Our Flouring Mills on Choccolocco, formerly owned by Wm Mallory, are also now in successful operation, for doing custom or market grinding, at which place wheat will also be purchased, and the best cash price paid—Bring on your Wheat.

E. G. & I. G. MORRIS.
May 12, 1859.

Boots and Shoes,

SOMETHING superior in quality and finish just received by
Oct. 14. J. D HOKE & BRO

CONSOLIDATED
Lotteries of Delaware
For June, 1859.
FRANCE, BROADBENTS & Co. Managers.
All drawings under the superintendence of the Lottery Commissioners. Prizes paid soon as drawn

Grand Delaware Lottery
ON THE HAVANA PLAN.
Extra Class Three,
To be drawn in Wilmington, Del. Saturday, June 30, 1859.

25,365 numbers!–50,000 prizes

Prizes paid in full, without deduction.
In these Lotteries every Prize is drawn.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	$50,000
1 prizes of	12,500
2 prizes of	5,000
2 prizes of	2,500
2 prizes of	2,000
2 prizes of	1,000
10 prizes of	800
10 prizes of	600
10 prizes of	400
100 prizes of	100
25,000 prizes of	8

And 212 Approximations prizes ranging from $20 up to $400.

MAGNIFICENT SCHEME.
GRAND CAPITAL PRIZE $70,000!
Grand Consolidated Lottery of Delaware.
Class N, to be drawn in Wilmington, Delaware Saturday, June, 25, 1859.

SPLENDID SCHEME.

1 Prize	$70,000 is	$70,000
1	25,000	25,000
1	12,550	25,100
1	12,550	
2	10,000	20,000
4	8,000	32,000
4	5,000	20,000
4	2,500	10'000
10	2,000	20,000
10	1,250	12,500
182	1,000	182,000
66	600	39,600
66	500	33,000
132	200	26,400
132	100	13,200
3,960	40	158,400
25740	20	514,800

30,316 prizes, amt'g to $1,202,000
Tickets $20; H'ves $10; Qrs. $5; Eighths 250
A package of 26 whole tickets at $20 costs, $520
There are 12 drawn ballots, & each ballot being worth $20, makes $240
15 per cent off, being 36

Leaves net 204

Leaving risk to the purchaser' $316

Persons who desire need only remit the risk on a Package, for which we will send a Certificate as follows:

Cer'ate of Package of	26	wholes cost	$300
do do	26	Halves,	150
do do	26	Quarters	75
do do	26	Eights,	37 50

All order addressed to France, Broadents & Co., Wilmington, Del., will meet with prompt attention, and the printed official drawings sent as soon as over.

FRANCE, BROADBENTS & Co.,
April 7, '59. Managers.

Ashville Hotel.
EDWARD GOODE, *Proprietor,*

Has made great improvements in this House; and is now prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with a call. His table is supplied with the best the country affords. March 24, 1859.—6m.

Land for Sale.

THE undersigned will offer for sale to the highest bidder, on Tuesday the 12th day of July next, if not sooner disposed of, the Tract of Land on which she now resides, lying on Coosa river, about nine miles below Gadsden, containing 160 acres, a portion cleared and the remainder well timbered, about 50 acres, river bottom, first quality cotton land.—It is watered by a number of fine Springs, and is advantageously situated for stock range.—Persons wishing to purchase would do well to call and examine the place, and for further information, can address a line to Esquire Gilbert 4 miles below Gadsden.

May 12, 1859. ROSANNA HILL.

SHERIFF SALES.

BY virtue of one fi. fa. issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun County, and to me directed, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, before the Court house door in the Town of Jacksonville, on the first Monday in July next, the following described land, to-wit: the S W fourth of N E fourth, the N E fourth of S W fourth of Sec. 35, T. 12, R 7. Also, N W fourth of S E fourth & S E fourth of N W fourth Sec. 35, Township 12, R. 7—levied on as the property of defendant to satisfy said fi. fa. in favor of Cook against Hadden. J. B. FARMER, Shff.
By SPARTAN ALLEN, D. S.
May 26, 1859.—$3 50.

Also, at the same time and place,

BY virtue of one execution issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county and to me directed, I will sell, to the highest bidder for cash, the following land, to-wit;
S W 1-4 of S. E. 1-4, Sec. 22, T 14, R. 6; also Fl. Sec. 3, T 15, R 6; also, Fr B in Sec. 3, T. 15, R 6—levied on as the property of defendant, to satisfy said execution in favor of Elston & McCain against N D Willis.
J. B. FARMER, Shff.
By SPARTAN ALLEN, D. S.
May 26, 1859.—$3 50.

Also, at the same time and place,

BY virtue of one order of sale in favor of E C Womack against Josiah T Womack, for the use of William B. Turnipseed, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, the following described land, to-wit: N E 1-4 of N W 1-4 of Sec. 15, T 15, R 7 East, levied on as the property of defendant to satisfy said order of sale. J. B FARMER, Shff.
By SPARTAN ALLEN, D.S.
May 26, 1859—$3 50.

Also, at the same time and place,

BY virtue of one order of sale in favor of H Baine vs. Jesse Graham, issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, the following described land, to-wit: the S E 1-4 of S E 1-4 and N 1-2 of N W 1-4 and the S W 1-4 of N E 1-4 of Sec. 23, T 14, R 11, levied on as the property of defendant to satisfy said order of sale. J. B. FARMER, Shff.
By SPARTAN ALLEN, D.S.
May 26, 1859—$3 50.

Also, at the same time and place,

BY virtue of two orders of sale issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county, in favor of T L Bowden, use &c M A Ragan vs John Mackelvania, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, the following described land, to-wit: N E 1-4 of N W 1-4 of Sec. 18, T 16, R 10 east in the Coosa land dist. levied on as the property of defendant to satisfy said order of sale. J. B. FARMER, Shff.
By SPARTAN ALLEN, D S.
May 26, 1859—$3 50.

Also, at the same time and place,

BY virtue of two orders of sale, issued from the Circuit court of Calhoun county, in favor of A P Wade and Joseph Gladden, vs. Russel Parker, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, the following described land, to-wit: the S W 1-4 of N E 1-4 and S E 1-4 of S W 1-4 of Sec. 11, T 14 R 6 east—levied on as the property of defendant to satisfy said orders of sale. J. B. FARMER, Shff.
By SPARTAN ALLEN, D. S.
May 26, 1859—$3 50.

Carpenters Work.

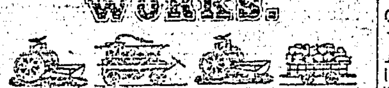
THE undersigned still offers his services to the citizens of Jacksonville and vicinity, in the execution of all kinds of Carpenters work. He will contract for building and furnish materials for the same at the usual rates.

Thankful for past patronage, he hopes to merit and receive a continuance of the same.

He will also put up FURNITURE to order, such as *Wardrobes, Safes, Tables, &c.* He will keep good workmen and may be usually found at his shop on main street, South of the Court-house. Call and make contracts to suit your wishes.

Two or three good, sober industrious workmen can get employment at fair wages on application to him. H. B JONES.
Jacksonville, May 19, 1859—tf.

ROME
STEAM ENGINE WORKS.



Rome, Georgia.

FOR the manufacture of Locomotives Stationary Engines of any size or pattern according to order.

Rail Road work, Iron bridges & Roofs, Hot Blasts for Furnaces, & Rolling Mill, Castings and Machinery, Hous'ng, Mill Screws, Turning Lathes, Drill Presses, Shafting, &c.

Gas & Water Works erected; all kinds of Machinery repaired. Have always on hand Wrought Iron Steam & Water Pipe, Steam Cocks, Gauges, &c.

CASTINGS OF ANY SIZE.

Iron and Brass castings made to order—have always on hand some of the *best* GIN GEARING in the Country; also Gudgeons, Castings for Horse Power, Thrashing Machines, and a variety of beautiful Patterns of Iron Railing for Railing for Dwellings, Public Buildings, Cemetry Lots, &c.

BOILERS.

Flue Tubular, Locomotive and Cilender Boilers, made & repaird. Water Tanks, Blast Pipes, Gasometers, Wrought Iron Smoke Stacks, &c. Blacksmith work made to order.

MINING MACHINERY.

Cornish Pumping Engines, Crushers, Lifting and Force Pumps, Pump Rods & Joints, Whim and Whinze Kibbles, Stamp Heads of any required hardness; all kinds of MINER'S TOOLS,—Particular attention is given to this branch of business. Mr James Noble, Sr., who superintends the work, having been a long time in Europe for the purpose of obtaining the latest improvements and drawing of mining work.

Persons in want of Steam Engines will do well to call on us before going elsewhere, we will warrant our Engines to be equal in every particular to the *best* made anywhere, and for simpliclty and durability not to be excelled. A list of prices sent on application.

We can make and put up Engines in running order and warrant them, for less than they can be had from Philadelphia or New Bork, none but the best material used in our work. All boilers manufactured at our establishment we will warrant to be of the best No. 1 Penna Charcoal Hammered Iron.

We are now manufacturing a new Iron Cotton Screw with Anti Friction Ball, those who have them prefer them to all others. We invite all in want of a good screw, that will always last to pack any size bale, to examine this.

HAVE ON HAND AND FOR SALE VERY LOW

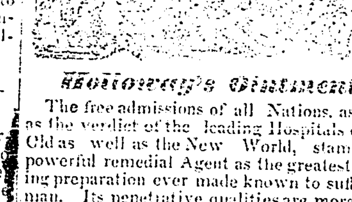
One 30 Horse Engine,
One 15 " "
One 10 " "
Two 8 " "

Also a second hand Locomotive with 6 driving wheels, admirably adapted for a Freight Switch or Construction Engine, has been rebuilt having new fire box and Flues.

Having the largest establishment and machinery of any shop in the State, and as every department is superintended by ourselves we feel confident that we can do work as cheap and equal to any in the United States.

NOBLE BROTHERS & CO.
Dec. 2 1858—1y. *Rome Ga.*

THE MIGHTY HEALER!
WORLD KNOWN AND WORLD TRIED



Holloway's Ointment.

The free admissions of all Nations, as well as the verdict of the leading Hospitals of the Old as well as the New World, stamp this powerful remedial Agent as the greatest healing preparation ever made known to suffering man. Its penetrative qualities are more than marvellous, through the external orifices of the skin, invisible to the naked eye, it reaches the seat of the internal disease; had in all external affections its anti-inflammatory & healing virtues surpass anything else on record, & is Nature's great ally.

ERYSIPELAS AND SALT RHEUM

Are two of the most common and virulent disorders prevalent on this continent, to these the Ointment is especially antagonistic, its "*modus operandi*" is first to eradicate the venom and then complete the cure.

Bad Legs, Old Sores, and Ulcers.

Cases of many years standing that have pertinaciously refused to yield to any other remedy or treatment, have invariable succumbed to a few applications of this powerful unguent.

Eruption on the Skin,

Arising from a bad state of the blood or chronic disease are eradicated, and a clear & transparent surface regained by the restorative action of this Ointment. It surpasses many of the cosmetics and other toilet appliances in its power to dispel rashes & other disfigurements of the face.

Piles and Fistula.

Every form and feature of these prevalent and stubborn disorders is eradicated locally & entirely by the use of this emolient; warm fomentations should precede its application.—Its healing qualities will be found to be thorough and invariable.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:

Bunions,	Mecurial Eruptions,
Burns,	Piles,
Chapped Hands,	Rheumatism,
Chilblains,	Ringworm,
Fistula,	Salt Rheum,
Gout,	Scalds,
Lumbago,	Skin Diseases,
Swelled Glands,	Sprains,
Sore Legs,	Stiff Joints,
Sore Breasts,	Tetter,
Sore Heads	Ulcers,
Sore Throats,	Veneral Sores,
Sores of all kinds,	Wounds of all kinds.

☞CAUTION!—None are genuine unless the words "*Holloway, New York and London,*" are discernible as a *Water-mark* in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by *holding the leaf to the light.* A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detections of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

Sold at the Manufactories of Prof. Holloway, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggist and Dealers in Medicine throughout the United States and the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents, 63 cents, and $1 each.

☞There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box. April 21, 1859—1y.

TIN SHOP.
FARMER & NESBIT.

ARE prepared to do all sorts of Tin and Sheet Iron work, at the old stand of S. P. Hudson.

They will also keep COOKING STOVES to sell low for the *CASH.*

Still take old pewter and Beaswax in exchange for Tin ware.

FARMER & NESBIT.
Sept. 30 1857—tf.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the estate of Lucretia B. Weaver, dec. having been granted to the undersigned on the 14th day of May, A. D 1859, by the Hon'l A. Woods, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun County, Ala.—Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred—and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment.

May 26, 1859. G. S. WEAVER, Adm.

THE LIVER
INVIGORATOR!

PREPARED BY DR. SANFORD,
COMPOUNDED entirely from GUMS,

IS ONE OF THE BEST PURGATIVE and Liver Medicines now before the public, that acts as a *Cathartic.* It is not only a *Cathartic,* but a *Liver* remedy, acting first on the *Liver* to eject its morbid matter, then on the stomach and bowels to carry off that matter, thus accomplishing two purposes effectually, without any of the painful feelings experienced in the operations of most *Cathartics.* It strengthens the system at the same time that it purges it; and when taken daily in moderate doses, will strengthen and build it up with unusual rapidity.

SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR

The **Liver** is one of the principal regulators of the human body; and when it performs its functions well, the powers of the system are fully developed. The *stomach* is almost entirely dependent on the healthy action of the *Liver* for the proper performance of its functions; when the stomach is at fault, the bowels are at fault, and the whole system suffers in consequence of one organ—the Liver—having ceased to do its duty. For the disease of that organ, one of the proprietors has made it his study, in a practice of more than twenty years, to find some remedy wherewith to counteract the many derangements to which it is liable.

To prove that this remedy is at last found, any person troubled with liver Complaint, in any of its forms, has but to try a bottle, and conviction is certain.

These Gums remove all morbid or bad matter from the system, supplying in their place a healthy flow of bile, invigorating the stomach, causing food to digest well, purifying the blood, giving tone and health to the whole machinery, removing the cause of the disease—effecting a radical cure.

Billious attacks are cured, and what is better, prevented by the occasional use of the LIVER INVIGORATOR.

One dose after eating is sufficient to relieve the stomach & prevent the food from rising & souring.

Only one dose taken before retiring, prevents **Nightmare.**

Only one dose taken at night, loosens the bowels gently, and cures **Costiveness.**

One dose taken after each meal will cure **Dyspepsia.**

☞One dose of two teaspoonfuls will always relieve **Sick Headache.**

One bottle taken for female obstruction removes the cause of the disease, and makes a perfect cure.

Only one dose immediately relieves **Cholic,** while one dose often repeated is a sure cure for **Cholera Morbus,** and a preventive of **Cholera.**

☞Only one bottle is needed to throw out of the system the effects of medicine after a long sickness.

☞One bottle taken for **Jaundice** removes all sallowness or unnatural color from the skin

One dose taken a short time before eating gives vigor to the appetite, and makes food digest well.

One dose often repeated cures **Chronic Diarrhœa** in its worst forms, while **Summer** and **Bowel** complaints yield almost to the first dose.

One or two doses cures attacks caused by **Worms** in Children: there is no surer, safer, or speedier remedy in the world, as it never fails.

☞A few bottles cures **Dropsy,** by exciting the absorbents.

We take pleasure in recommending this medicine as a preventive for **Fever & Ague, Chill Fever,** and all **Fevers of a Bilious TYPE.** It operates with certainty, & thousands are willing to testify to its wonderful virtues.

ALL WHO USE IT ARE GIVING THEIR UNANIMOUS TESTIMONY IN ITS FAVOR.

MIX WATER IN THE MOUTH WITH THE INVIGORATOR, AND SWALLOW BOTH TOGETHER.

The Liver Invigorator

IS A SCIENTIFIC MEDICAL DISCOVERY, and is daily working cures almost too great to believe. It cures as if by magic, even the first dose giving benefit, and seldom more than one bottle is required to cure any kind of Liver Complaint, from the worst *Jaundice* or *Dyspepsia* to a common *Headache,* all of which are the result of a **Diseased Liver.**

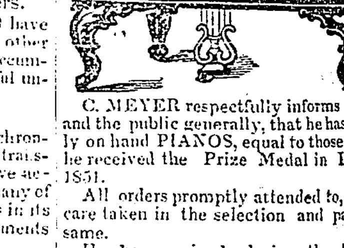
PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.
DR. SANFORD, Proprietor,
335 Broadway, New York.
Retailed by all Druggist. Sep 9, '58—1y.

NOTICE.

WE have our Furnace in operation, and can furnish the people with HOLLOW WARE and MACHINERY CASTINGS, at any time. We will also give employment to 25 or 30 men to cut wood, or will give any man or company of men a contract for the cutting of 2,000 Cords Wood for us, provided they will complete the job by the first of March next.

GOODE, MORRIS, & CO.
Morrisville, Calhoun co., Nov 4—

THE World's Great Exhibition. PRIZE MEDAL awarded to C. MEYER, for his two PIANOS, London, October 15, 1851.



C. MEYER respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has constantly on hand PIANOS, equal to those for which he received the Prize Medal in London, in 1851.

All orders promptly attended to, and great care taken in the selection and packing the same.

He has received, during the last fifteen years, more Medals than any other maker, from the Franklin Institute—also, First Premiums in Boston, New York and Baltimore.

Warerooms, No. 772 ARCH Street, below Eighth, South side, PHILADELPHIA.
Dec. 16, 1858.

Cotton Cultivator.

LETTERS PATENT were granted to the undersigned, on the 6th day of July, 1858, for his *improvement* in *Cotton Cultivators;* to which he calls the attention of both Cotton and Corn Cultivators.

The plow will penetrate the ground to *any required depth,* and will pulverise and loosen the soil, and cut off all the weeds. It will mow close to the stalks of cotton or corn, and loosen the soil near the roots without injuring or destroying them. It does not make a furrow, or turn over the soil, but loosens it up and lets it fall back into its place again. It is peculiarly adapted to the cultivation of cotton; and one horse power is sufficient to propel it.

It is believed, as will be seen by the following certificate, that it will save 25 per cent. of labor over the best improvements, and at least 50 per cent. over the common plow.

He believes the cultivator entitled to all he claims for it, and in support of his belief, he calls the readers attention to the subjoined certificate of Messrs. Moragne and Hollingsworth, who are the *only* persons who have tried the Cultivator. As to its utility no more need be said—TRY IT—its BEST recommendation is ITS USE.

He offers for sale County or State rights at reasonable prices. Address,
ASBERRY SMITH,
Jan. 20, '59—6m. Jacksonville, Ala.

Gadsden, Ala., Jan. 15, 1859.

The undersigned have used the Cotton Cultivator of Asberry Smith, and we take pleasure in saying, that is a most excellent plow; superior to any we have ever used in the cultivation of cotton, & saves at least 25 per cent. in labor, over any plow we have ever tried, and from 30 to 50 per cent. over the common plow. In the cultivation of young corn it is superior to any we have tried. We take pleasure in recommending it to the public as worthy of patronage; as we believe from actual experiment, it comes fully up to all that is claimed for it.

ISAAC P. MORAGNE,
THOS. HOLLINGSWORTH.

I am personally acquainted with Isaac P. Moragne and Thos. Hollingsworth, and I have the utmost confidence in the above statement made by them.

THOS. A. WALKER.