MARCH

Jacksonville Republican.

VOL. 30, NO. 1. JACKSONVILLE, ALA., MARCH 3, 1866. WHOLE NO. 1509.

Jacksonville Republican.

EDITED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY

J. F. GRANT.

LAND AGENCY.

HUGH FRANCIS

WILL attend to the purchase and sale of all Lands, Water Powers, Renting of Property, &c. confided to his care in the counties of Calhoun, St. Clair, Cherokee and Randolph, Ala. Office in the counting room of the Store formerly occupied by E. L. Woodward, Jacksonville, Ala.

REMOVAL.

DR. J. Y. NISBET has removed his Office to the Drug store, east side of the Public Square, where he will continue the practice of Medicine as usual and where he may be always found unless professionally absent. Nov. 25, '65.—tf

W. R. HENDRIX. GEO. P. BURNETT. A. M. RIXEY

W. R. HENDRIX & CO.,

Commission Merchants, Broad Street,

SELMA ALA.,

Will attend to the sale, storing and forwarding of Cotton, Produce and Merchandise generally. All consignments to the above firm, of Burnett & Rixey, will receive prompt attention

☞ We are prepared to repair and put cotton in order at reasonable rates. Liberal advances made on consignments.—Nov 11.

JOHN G. BELL. W. T. BELL.

JOHN G. BELL & BRO.,

(*Late of, Talladega*)

General Commission Merchants,

OFFICE WOODSON BUILDING, UP STAIRS, OPPOSITE GEE HOUSE, WATER STREET,

SELMA, ALA,

Will give prompt attention to all orders entrusted to their care. Consignments of Cotton and Country Produce generally, respectfully solicited. Oct. 28, 1865.

NEW BUSINESS

In Jacksonville.

THE undersigned respectfully announce to the public, that they have opened an

AUCTION

AND

COMMISSION HOUSE

In the front room of M. J. Turnley's Law office, and propose to do a General Auction and Commission Business: will receive on consignment, and sell every description of produce, from a pound of Butter to a Bale of Cotton, and every description of Merchandise. We will have regular Auction Sales on the first and third Mondays in each month, or oftener if necessary. We will make it our special business to sell at auction on the first and third Saturdays in each month, live stock, such as Horses, Mules, Cattle, Hogs, &c.; and we request all persons having such property to sell, to bring it in to us on those days, by 10 o'clock, A. M.

We propose in connection with the above to keep a general

INTELLIGENCE OFFICE.

where Freedmen and others wishing to get situations, and those who want to hire such, can do so on the most liberal terms. We request all who are out of employment, to call at our office and give their names, location & kind of employment desired, and those wishing to hire laborers of any kind, will find it to their interest to give us a call

We hope by strict attention to business, & prompt returns for sales, to merit and obtain a liberal patronage in our new enterprise.

Jan. 6. R. H. & W. B. WYNN.

C. PELHAM,

Attorney at Law,

Talladega, Ala.

WILL give prompt attention to all business entrusted to his care in Calhoun, St. Clair, Randolph and Talladega counties.

Special attention will be given to obtaining PARDONS. Arrangements have been made to secure protection to property within the shortest time possible. Office on the east side of the public square, formerly occupied by Gov. Parsons. Sep. 2, '65.

Administrators Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of W B Eubanks, dec. having been granted to the undersigned, on the 30th day of Jan'y. 1866, by the Hon. A. Woods, Judge of the Probate Court for Calhouncounty Ala.—Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said Estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law or that the same will be barred; and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to come forward and make payment. BARTLETT OWEN, Adm.

Administrator's Sale

OF

STEAM MILL MACHINERY.

BY virtue of an Order of the Probate court of Calhoun county, Alabama, I will, as Administrator of the Estate of S. P. Hudson, deceased, sell to the highest bidder, on a credit of Twelve months, with interest from date, on MONDAY the FIFTH day of MARCH, 1866,

Engine Saw Mill Irons and Pump,

3 Cylinder Boilers, 40 feet long and 30 inches in diameter.

The Machinery, with the exception of the pump will be sold at Blue Mountain, the pump will be sold at A. Adams' shop in Jacksonville.

Note with two approved securities will be required of purchasers.

Feb. 3, '66. J. F. GRANT, Adm.

DRUGS, DRUGS.

Stroh, Knight & Co.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DRUGGISTS.

We are now receiving a large and well selected stock of

DRUGS, MEDICINES,
PAINTS, OILS,
GLASS, VARNISHES,
DYE STUFFS,
PATENT MEDICINES,
PERFUMERY, &c.

We intend to make it to the interest of Physicians & Dealers generally to buy of us. We are prepared to sell goods cheaper than at any point this side of the Ohio river, as we receive our goods direct from the manufactures. Our motto—

Quick Sales and Small profits.

The very best of

Imported Wines & Liquors

constantly on hand, at wholesale and retail. Also a CHOICE WINE for sacremental purposes.

You will certainly find it to your advantage to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere. Call at

McGUIRE & PIERSON'S OLD STAND,

ON BROAD ST. ROME, GA.,

Nov. 26 '65—3m. ...3m

G. C. ELLIS. J. H. CALDWELL.

ELLIS & CALDWELL,

Attorneys at Law,

AND

Solicitor in Chancery.

JACKSONVILLE,—ALA.

HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in CRIMINAL CASES, in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, St. Clair, Randolph, Cherokee and DeKalb. Jan. 6, 1866.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Cherokee County.

To Matthew G. Casey—you are hereby notified, that at the last term of the Circuit Court for said county, the following order was passed, to-wit:

Tumlin & Burge, vs. Matthew G. Casey, Deft. & P. J. Chisolm and John W. Ramsey, Garnishees — Circuit Court, Fall Term, 1865 came the Plaintiff, by Attorney, &c.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the Defendant, Matthew G. Casey is a non-resident of this State, it is ordered by the Court, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in the County of Calhoun, for four consecutive weeks, of the issuance and levy of an attachment in this case.

A true copy from the minutes.

In pursuance of the above order, you are hereby notified, that on the 2nd day of August last, that an attachment was issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court, against you, at the suit of Lewis Tumlin and William T. Burge, using the firm name of Tumlin & Burge, and was levied by Garnisheeing the above named parties, and that said suit stands for trial at the next term of our Circuit Court, when and where you can attend and defend if you see proper.

Witness my hand this 27th day of December, 1865

W. H. STIFF, Clerk.

Jan. 13 1866—4t—$20 00.

POSTPONED

Administrator's Sale

OF

LAND.

UNDER and by virtue of an order and decree of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, made on the 18th day of December, 1865, I will proceed to sell ON MONDAY, THE 5TH DAY OF MARCH, 1866, before the Court house door in Jacksonville, Ala., at public auction, to the highest bidder, the following described lands, belonging to the estate of said decedent, towit: the west half of the south east fourth of section 22, township 13, range 7; the south east fourth of south west fourth of section 15, and north east fourth of north west fourth of section 22, township 13, range 7; the south west fourth of south west fourth, and south east fourth of south east fourth of section 22, township 13, range 7, and the south east fourth of north west fourth of section 22, township 13, range 7, east in the Coosa Land District. All the above described land will be sold except the Widow's Dower. It will be sold, one half for cash, and the other half on credit of 12 months, with interest from date This 30th December, 1865.

S. D. McCLELEN,
Adm'r of said Estate

ALA. & TENN. RIVER R. R.

TRAINS leave Selma daily (unday excepted at 7 A. M., and arrive at Blue Mountain at 7 05 P. M:

Returning, leave Blue Mountain at 7 A. M., and arrive at Selma at 6 30 P. M.

A daily line of stages connects Blue Mountain and Rome, 60 miles, making this the shortest, quickest and cheapest line of travil between South Alabama and Chattanooga and points North.

WM. ROTHROCK, Gen. sup't.

F. A. WOODSON,

Wholesale Grocer

AND

Commission Merchant,

SELMA, ALA.

WILL make liberal advances

On COTTON

Consigned to him for Storage in his "FIRE PROOF WAREHOUSE," or for Shipment to his friends in Mobile and New Orleans.

500 Boxes VIRGINIA TOBACCO on consignment, which will be sold below the market by

Selma, Dec. 30. F. A. WOODSON.

HILLS & PANCHEN,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

IRON, CUTLERY, GUNS, TOOLS

AND

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

(SIGN OF THE PADLOCK.)

Broad Street, Rome, Ga.

Charles E. Hills. J. Seymour Panchen.

COTTON SEED

FOR SALE.

We have received a lot of FRESH COTTON SEED from the lower country which we offer for sale. Call soon if you wish to be supplied.

S. & S. J. MORGAN.

Oxford, Ala., Dec. 2, 1865.—tf.

Election Notice.

ON the first Monday in March next, I will open and hold an Election at the different Election Precincts in Calhoun county, for the purpose of electing two Justices of the Peace and one Bailiff in each Election Precinct, in and for said county of Calhoun; and the following named persons are hereby appointed Inspectors and Managers of said Election at the respective places of voting, to-wit:

Pre. No 1, Jacksonville—D. P. Forney, W. B Wynn and A. R. Smith.

Pre No 2 Alexandria—J R Green, J G Powers and W F Bush.

Pre No 3, Court Ground—J. Z Brady, Wiley Glover, J A Findley.

Pre No 4, Court Ground—B Murphree, Wm Castleberry, and E Bynum.

Pre No 5, Polkville—J A Weatherly, L S Meharg and E V Weaver.

Pre No 6, Pecks Hill—J M Smith, A W Kirby and John Gore.

Pre No 7, Court Ground—J N Landers, Henry McBee and Geo Sieber.

Pre No 8, Walden's Shop—Benjamin Neighbers, Charles Littlejohn and Alexander Wilson

Pre No 9, Cross Plains—J F Dailey, H Graham and J W Ledbetter.

Pre No 9, Ladiga—J R Graham, S C Kelley and Wm Young

Pre No 10, Court Ground—C B Sisson, E B Clay and Wm Defreese.

Pre No 11, White Plains—E Kerr, C M Martin and C G Morgan.

Pre No 12, Yoe's X Roads—John Yoe, John C Estes, C D Davis.

Pre No 13, Oxford—W F Hanna, D D Draper and Samuel Morgan

Pre No 14, Sugar Hill—R Jenkins, W M Bell and D A Wright.

Pre No 15, Pine Grove—Abner Coffey, J W Vaughan and Wm Warren.

Pre No 16, Abernathy—J W Jones, W L Pounds and J J Pollard

Pre No 17, Fair Play—S M Carruth, B Owens and Stephen Edwards.

Pre No 18, Pine Thicket—A D Chandler, Wm King and William R. Brown, sr.

Pre No 19 Court Ground—William Howell, C L Steed and Jas Roberts

Pre No 20, Court Ground—J S Borden, M Alexander and Thomas Beasley.

Pre No 21, Sulphur Springs—J T Findley, John Y Henderson and F Crow.

Pre No 22, J W Halls—J W Hall, R B Reid and J A Spaulding.

Pre No 23, Pleasant Hill—J W McDaniel, W H Pesnell and John D Walker.

The Constables of each Precinct are hereby appointed Returning Officers of their respective Precincts.

J. M. ANDERSON, Sheriff.

Jan. 27, 1866.

Wanted.

100 Bushels of DRIED PEACHES, for which the highest market price will be given in Goods or Cash.

J. H. PARNELL, & CO.

SALT,
SUGAR,
COFFEE, &C. &C.

FOR SALE BY

E. L. WOODWARD.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of Daniel Heffner, dec'd. having been granted to the undersigned, by the Probate court of Calhoun County Ala on the 27th day of July, 1865; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said Estate, to present them legally authenticated within the time prescribed by law or they will be barred; and all persons indebted are requested to make payment.

Jan. 13. J. CRANKFIELD, Adm.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of Lewis L. Rhea,, dec'd having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate court of of Cherokee County, Ala on the 29th day of Dec., 1865; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said Estate to present them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and all persons indebted willmake payment.

Jan 6 PRESTON SHARP, Adm'r.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration upon the Estate of Rich'd L. Phillips, deceased having been granted to the undersigned on the 1th day of November, 1865, by the Honorable John K. Hoge Judge of Probate court of DeKalb county. Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said Estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred. ABNER PHILLIPS,

Jan. 13. Adm.

Desirable Lands for Sale.

Farm of 800 acres in Calhoun county Alabama within 6 miles of Jacksonville the county seat, 1 mile of the town of Alexandria, and 7 miles of Blue Mountain Station on the Jacksonville and Selma Railroad. Three hundred acres open the remainder very heavily timbered with pine and oak. One lot, 160 acres is detached ½ mile from the main body. Improvements a large framed dwelling with 8 good sized rooms well finished, located in a beautiful oak grove—all necessary out buildings. There is a large never failing spring within 100 yards of the house with a branch flowing from it nearly large enough to turn a mill—also a well of fine water in the yard—it has on it also a large gin house—a large apple and peach orchard, and taken altogether is one of the most valuable and desirable farms in North Alabama.

ALSO—A Farm of 870 acres more or less in Calhoun county, Ala., within 8 miles of Jacksonville, 1 mile of Alexandria and 7 miles of Blue Mountain Station on the Jacksonville & Selma Railroad—350 acres cleared the balance in original forest heavily timbered. This farm is very finely watered by spring branches which head on the place—80 acres of the open land is cedar bottom of very superior quality producing a good season 50 bushels of corn per acre and 1 bale of cotton. Improvements—a large well finished frame house and all necessary out buildings in a good state of preservation. There is a Baptist church on the land—and the society in the neighborhood equal to any in the State. This farm in the hands of a good practical farmer could be made one of the most productive in the region in which it is located. It has on it 1½ miles of cedar fencing taken off the cedar bottom. Lime stone is very abundant on the place which could be converted into lime at very little cost either for market or for fertilizing purposes on the farm.

HUGH FRANCIS, Agent
For Sale & Purchase of Lands.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Cherokee County.

Probate Court, for said county, Special Term, Feb. 2d, 1865.

ON this day Wm. A. Vincent, Executor of the last will of H. H. Vincent, presented his petition praying for an order to sell the Lands belonging to said Estate for distribution; and showing that Nancy Lavender, wife of Lemuel Lavender resides in Wilkerson county, Ga.; John M Vincent resides in Wood county Texas; Wm A Vincent, Emily S Raiford and Leander Gardner are the heirs and distributees of said estate.

The 16th day of April, 1866 is set apart by the Court for hearing said petition.

LEMUEL J. STANDEFER,
Judge of Probate.

N. S. PUNCH. ALEX. F. HAWTHORN.

PUNCH & HAWTHORN,

Cotton Factors,

—AND—

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 23, COMMERCE STREET,

MOBILE, ALA.

☞ W. B. WYNN, of Jacksonville is our authorized Agent for the purchase and shipment of cotton, orders for Groceries, Plantation Supplies, &c

P. & H.

Nov. 18, 1865—3m.,

WM. L. BAKER, Mobile. JNO. C. GRAHAM, Selma.

BAKER, GRAHAM & CO.

Successors to Baker, Lawler & Co. and Baker, Robbins & Co.

COTTON FACTORS

AND

Commission Merchants,

MOBILE, ALA.

We have secured the services of MR. R. P. BAKER and MR. GEO. SPAULDING, and connected with our business *Receiving and Forwarding Goods.* Having every facility for Shipments and Storage, we are prepared to offer inducements to Shippers to consign their goods to our care, and promise faithful attention to all consignments. We are agents for *no Boats.*

BAKER, GRAHAM, & CO.

Feb. 10, 1866.—6m.

BOYD'S PROLIFIC

COTTON SEED

For Sale.

I am now receiving daily a large lot of Fresh Cotton Seed, and will sell them at the lowest market price. Call and examine.

J. H. PARNELL,
at S P Hudson's old stand.

Feb. 10.

BILL ARP

Addresses the Lebanon Law School and Gives His Own Sad Experience.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Feb. 1866.

Messrs. C. C. Cummings and others, Committee:

GENTLEMEN—I have received your kind invitation to address your law skool. In the situation by which I am surrounded it is impossibul for me to go. I wish I could, for I would like to tell you all I know about law, and it wouldent take me long. I'm now in the law bisness myself at this place. We are engaged in manufacturin it by wholesale, and after while it will be retailed out by the lawyers to any body that wants it. Its an easy bisness to make laws, though some of the bills introdused are awfully spelt. To-day I saw a bill, in which "masheenry" was spelt with two esses and four ease. But the greatest difficulty is in understandin the law after it is made. Among lawyers this difficulty dont seem to lie so much in the head as in the pocket. For five dollars a lawyer can luminize some, and more akkordin to pay. But he oughent to luminize but one side at a time. The first case I ever had in a jestice court, I employed old Bob Liggins, who was a sorter of a self-educated fool. I give him too dollars in advance, and he argued the case as I thought, on two sides, and was more luminous agin me than for me. I lost the case, and found out afterwards that the defendent had employed Liggins after I did, and give him five dollars to lose my case. I look upon this as a warnin to all clients, to pay big fees and keep your lawyers out of temptation

My experience in litigation have not been satisfactory. I sued Sugar Back onst for the price of a load of shuks. He said he wanted to buy some rudness and I agreed to bring him a load of shuks for two dollars. My wagin got broke and he got tired a waitin, and sent out after the shucks hisself. When I called on him for the pay, he seemed surprised, and sed it cost him two dollars and a half to have the shuks hauld, and that I jestly owed him a half a dollar. He was biger than I was, so I swallord my bile and sued him. His lawyer pled off for haulin. He pled that the shuks was unsound; that they were bard by limitations; that they dident agree with his cow, and that he never got any shuks from me. He spoke about an hour, and allooded to me as a swindler about 45 times. The bedevild jury went out and brought in a verdik again me for 50 cents and four dollars for costs of suit. I haint saved nary shuk on my plantation since, and I dont intend to until it gits less expensive. I look upon this as a warnin to all folks, *never to go to law about shuks*, or any other small circumstance.

The next trouble I had wus with a feller who hired to dig me a well. He wus to dig it for 20 dollars, and I wus to pay him in meet and meal, and sich like The vagabond kept gittin along until he got all the pay, but hadent dug nary foot in the grown. So I made out my akkount, and sued him as follers to-wit;

Old John Hanks to Bill Arp, Dr.

To 1 well you dident dig, $20.

Well, Hanks he hired a cheap lawyer, who rard round extensively, and sed a heap of funny things at my expense, and finally dismissed my case for what he called its "ridikulum absurdum" I paid those costs, and went home a sadder and a wiser man. I pulled down my little cabin, and moved it some 300 yards nigher to the spring, and I've drunk mity little well water since. I look upon this case as a warnin to all folks *never to pay for any thing till yon've got it, especially if it has to be dug.*

The next law case I had I gained it all by myself by the force of sirkumstances I bought a man's note that was given for the hire of a nigger boy, Dick. Findin he wouldent pay me, I sued him before old Squire McGinnis, beleevin it wae sich a ded thing that the devil couldent keep me out of a verdik. The feller's attorney pled failure of consideration, and *non est faktum* & *ignis fatuis*, and infancy, that the nigger's name wasent *Dik* but *Richard*. The old squire was a powerful seceesh, and hated the Yankees amazin. So, after the lawyer had got through his speech and finished up his readin from a book called "Greenleaf," I rose forward to an attitood. Stretchin forth my arm, ses I Squire "McGinnis, I would ask, sur, if this is a time in the history of our afflicted country when Federal law books should be admitted in a Southern patriot's court? Havent we seceeded forever from their foul dominion? Don't our flag wave over Fort Sumter, and what, sur, have we got to do with Northern laws? On the very first page of the gentlemen's book I seed the name of the city of Bosting. Yis, sur, it was written in Bosting, published in Bosting and sold in Bosting, where they don't know no more about the hire of a nigger than an ox knows the man who will tan his hide" I sed some more things that was pinted and patriotik, and closed my argument by handin the book to the squire. He put on his spectakles, and after lookin at the book about a minet, ses he.

"Mr. Arp, you can have a judgement and I hope that from henceforth and forever, no lawyer will presoom to come before this hourable court with pison dokuments to prove his case. If he do, this court will take it as an insult, and send him to jail."

I look upon this case as a warnin to all folks who gamble in law, to hold a good hand and play it well. High jestice and patriotism are winin trumps.

After this I had a difficulty with a man by the name of Kohen, and I thought I wouldent go to law, but would arbyrate. I had bought Tom Swillins wheat at a dollar a bushel *if he couldent do better*, and if he could do better was to cum back and *give me the preferanse*. The skamp went off and sold the wheat to Kohen for a dollar and five cents, and Kohen knowd all about his contrakt with me. Me and him like to have fit, and perhaps would if I hadent been puny; but we finally left it all to Josh Billins to arbytrate. Old Josh deliberated on the thing three days and nights, and finally brot in an award that Kohen should have the wheat, and *I should hav the preferanse*. I haint submitted no more cases to arbitration since, and my advise to all peepul is to arbytrate nuthin if your case is honest, for there ain't no judge there to keep one man from strikin the other. An honest man don't stand no chance nowhere exsepin in a court house with a good lawyer to back him. The motto of this case is, never to arbitrate nuthin but a bad case and take a good lawyer's advice and pay him for it before you do that.

But I got Fretman—I dident but my lawyer Marks did Fretman was a nutmeg skoolteacher who had gone round my naborhood with his skool artikles and I put down for Troup and Calhoun to go, and intended to send seven or eight more if he proved himself right. I soon found that the little nullifier wasent belevin in anything, and on inquiry I found that Nutmeg was givin powerful long recesses, and was employin his time chiefly in carryin on with a tolerabul sizd female gal that was goin to him. Troup sed he heard the gal squeel herself one day, and knowd Fretman was a squeezin her. I don't mind our boys squeezin of the Yankee gals, but I'll be blamed if the Yankees shall be a squeezin ourn. So I got mad and took the children away. At the end of the term Fretman sued me for eighteen dollars, and hired a cheap lawyer to collect it. Before this time I had learned some sense about a lawyer, so I hired a good one, and spred my pocket book down before him, and told him to take what would satisfy him. And he tuk. Old Phil Davis was the jestice. Marks made the openin speech to the effeck that every professional man ought to be able to illustrate his trade, and he therefore proposed to put Mr. Fretman on the stand and *spell him*. This motion were fout harde, but it agreed with old Phil's notions of "high jestice," & says he, "Mr. Fretman you will have to spell sur." Mark then swore him, that he would give true evidence in this case, and that he would spell every word in Dan'l Webster's spelling book to the best of his knowledge and belief, so help him, &c. I saw then that he wer tremblin all over like a cold wet dog. Says Mark, "Mr. Fretman, spell "tisik;" well he spelt it, puttin in a *ph* and a *th* and a *gh* and a *zh*, and I dont know what all, and I thought he was gone up the first pop, but Mark sed it was right. He then spelt him right strait along on all sorts of big words, and short words, and long words, afterwords, and he knowed em all, till finaty Mark ses, "Now sur, spell *Ompompynusuk*?" Fretman drawed a long breth and set it wassent in the book. Mark proved it was by an old preacher who was settin by, and old Phil spoke up with power, ses, "Mr. Fretman you must spell it sur" Fretman was a swettin like a run down filly. He tuk one pass at it and *missed*.

"You can come down, sur," says Marks, "you've lost your case." And shore nuff, old Phil give in a verdik aginst him like a darn.

Marks was a whale in his way. At that same court he was about to nonsuitt a dokter bekaus he dident have his diplomy, and the dokter beg'd the court for time to go home after it. He rode seven miles and back hard as he could lick it, and when he handed it over to Marks very triumfantly, Marks ses, "Now, sur you will take the stand and translate this Latin into Englis, so that the court may understand it." Well, he jest caved, for he couldent do it

He lost his case in too minits, for the old squire sed that a dokter who couldent read his his diplomey had no more right to praktise than a magistrate who couldent read the license had to jine 2 couple together. This is a warnin to all perfessional men to understand their

bisness, and the moral of the case is, that a man oughtent to be squeezin the gals when anybody can see him. But I dont want it understood that I'm agin it on proper okkasions and in a tender manner. There aint no squeelin necessary.

But I must close this brief epistle.

Yours, truly, BILL ARP.

P. S.—I forgot to mention that the Freedman's Buro have had me up because Mrs. Arp turned off her nurse for not talkin baby talk to her chile. She said that my wife throwed a cheer at her head. The lyin hussy was there a wearin Mrs Arps collar and shall that she'd stole. I pinted em out to the Buro, and left in defiant disgust. The moral of this is 'to stand your grown" or nurse your babies yourself.

B. A.

Jacksonville Republican.

JACKSONVILLE ALABAMA

SATURDAY, MAR. 3, 1866

Terms of Subscription.

For one year, in advance, ... $3 00
For 6 months, " " 1 75

Terms of Advertising.

One square of ten lines or less, first insertion, ... $2 00
Each subsequent insertion, ... 1 00
Over one sqare counted as two, over two as three, &c. A liberal discount made on advertisements continued for three, six, or 12 months.
Annunciation of Candidates, ... $5 00
Obituaries charged at advertising rates.

CANDIDATES.

For Circuit Judge.

☞ We are authorized to announce **Hon. M. J. Turnley**, of Jacksonville, as a candidate for Judge of the 10th Judicial Circuit —election first Monday in May next.

☞ We are authorized to announce **John Henderson, Esq.**, of Talladega, as a candid for Judge of the 10th Judicial Circuit—election the first Monday in May next.

☞ We are authorized to announce **Geo. S. Walden, Esq.** of Talladega, as a candidate for Judge of the 10th Judicial Circuit —election first Monday in May next.

☞ We are authorized to announce **Col. W. B. Martin**, as a candidate for Judge of the 10th Judicial Circuit—election first Monday in May next.

For Judge of Probate.

☞ We are authorized to announce **Hon. A. Woods**, as a candidate for Probate Judge for Calhoun county—election 1st Monday in May, 1866.

☞ We are authorized to announce **J. C. McAuley, Esq.** as a candidate for Probate Judge of Calhoun county—election first Monday in May next.

☞ We are authorized to announce **Capt. J. B. Farmer**, as a candidate for Probate Judge of Calhoun County—election first Monday in May next.

☞ **D. M. FULENWIDER,** with Harrell, Eskridge & Sturdivant, of Selma, is our authorized Agent, to contract, receive and receipt for subscription and advertising for the Republican.

☞ We are authorized to announce **Wm. M. Haines. Esq.** as a candidate for Probate Judge for Calhoun County—election first Monday in May next.

MEXICAN EMIGRATION.—We mentioned last week, a letter from Mr. G. W. Tate of this place. Since them he has arrived at home. He says Mexico, particularly the region about Cordova, is a magnificent country, in climate, soil, abundance and great variety of productions—in fact, such a country as has been described in letters from Col. Maury and others. He saw in the month of January, the third crop of corn, then in tossle, for one year on the same ground.

We have received from Mr. T. a pamphlet. containing a decree of the Emperor on the subject of emigration. The Emperor offers most liberal terms—such in fact as passage free and the donation in some cases of the uncleared lands of 360 acres to a single man and 640 to a man with a family, with right of preemption to as much more. We design to publish all or a portion of this pamphlet in the future.

THE PRESIDENT'S VETO MESSAGE.—We occupy most of our space this week with this excellent and sound document, and presume we could not have published anything else that would have been perused with more satisfaction by our readers. This is the most stunning blow the Radicals have yet recieved, in fact one from which we do not see how they are to recover. This bill of abomination, increasing and enlarging the powers of the freedmen's Bureau, was the corner stone upon which they expected to build all their measures of injustice and usurpation upon the South. We see it stated that the veto was received with demonstrations of rejoicing by the conservative party in many parts of the North & West. In some places one hundred guns were fired in honor of its advent. A general amnesty proclamrtion declaring the Southern States in the Union and entitled to representation in Congress is expected to follow.

☞ The Revenue Bill, passed at the late session of The Legislrture is entirely too lengthy for publication entire in our paper; we expect however, to be enabled to publish in our next a concise and satisfactoy synopsis of its principal features.

☞ See advertisement of very liberal terms offered for hire of hands, and also wagons & teams.

☞ Messrs. M. & L. Oppenheimer have just recieved a lot of superior plows and other improved agricultural implements. It is now, more than heretofore, important to use labor saving inplements, which will increase the production of the land to its utmost capacity. Money expended by farmers for good implements, is the bott investment they can make.

☞ The attention of the travelling public is invited to the card of Mrs. L. M. Webb, long and favorably known to many as a successful hotel manager. She has taken the Privet house this place, and made the necessary preparation to entertain travellers in the best manner the condition of the country wil afford.

☞ Farmers and others who may need Blacksmith work are referred to the advertisement of Mr. A. B. Webb, who is a good mechanic, and prepared to execute every variety of work in his line in a neat and durable manner, with promptitude and dispatch.

From our Extra of the 24th ult.

☞ In consequence of the almost total deprivation of mail facilities, we send out this Extra for the benefit of persons whose names are announced in our paper, as candidates for the offices of Circuit and Probate Judges.

In relation to HON. M. J. TURNLEY, who is a candidate for Circuit Judge, and a citizen of Calhoun County, we take the liberty of saying, voluntarily as a citizen and voter, to those who do not know him personally, that he has been for twenty-seven years, diligently engaged in the study and practice of law, and we believe, in point of a knowledge of the law, the usages of courts, and integrity of character, is thoroughly qualified for the office to which he aspires.

We do not desire to say anything in disparagement of the merits or claims of any other candidate, nor would we do so if we could: but of Judge Turnley, we think we may say in all truth and sincerity, that those who know him best are most thoroughly satisfied of his qualifications, and that he is strictly an honest man—that he possesses in an eminent degree, that high moral character, long experience, legal learning, patience, industry and business habits, so necessary for a good Judge—that he fully comprehends the responsibilities, obligations and duties that would devolve upon him, and in case of his election, the will, with firmness and fidelity to discharge them.

We are pleased to learn that his prospects of success are so favorable. In the course of the last thirty years, we have seldom, if ever, known the people of this County to settle down with more unanimity and satisfaction upon any man for any office; and we learn also from the most reliable sources, that he has many warm and devoted friends in all the other counties of the District

VETO OF FREEDMAN'S BUREAU BILL.

The President's Views on the subject.

THREE CHEERS FOR ANDY JOHNSON THE PEOPLE'S PRESIDENT.

To the Senate of hte United States:

I have examined with care the bill which originated in the Senate and has been passed by both Houses of Congress, to amend an act entitled "An act to establish a bureau for the relief of freedmen and refugees and for other purposes. Having, with much regret, come to the conclusion that it would not be consistent with the public welfare to give my approval to the measure, I return the bill to the Senate with my objections to its becoming a law.

I might call to mind in advance of these objections, that there is no immediate necessity for the proposed measure The act to establish a bureau for the relief of freedmen and refugees, which was approved in the month of March last, has not yet expired. It was thought stringent and extensive enough for any purpose in view Before it ceases to have effect, further experience may assist to guide us to wise conclusion as to the policy to be adopted in time of peace. I have, with Congress, the strongest desire to secure to freedmen the full enjoyment of their freedom and their property, and their entire independence and equality in making contracts for their labor.

But the bill before me contains provisions which, in my opinion, are not warranted by the Constitution, and are not well suited to accomplish the end in view. The bill proposes to establish, by authority of Congress, military jurisdiction over all parts of the United States containing refugees and freedmen It would, by its very nature, apply with most force to those parts of the United States in which the freedmen most abound, and it expressly extends the existing temporary jurisdiction of the freedmen's bureau, with greatly enlarged powers, over these States in which the ordinary course of judicial proceedings has been interrupted by the rebellion. The source from which this military jurisdiction is to emanate is none other than the President of the United States, acting through the War Department and the Commissioner of the Freedman's Bureau.

The agents to carry out this military jurisdiction are to be selected either from the army or from civil life The country is to be divided into districts, and the number of salaried agents to be employed may be equal to the number of counties or parishes in all the United States where freedmen and refugees are to be found. The subjects over which the military jurissdiction is to extend every part of the United States, include protection to all employers, agents, and officers of this Bureau in the exercise of the duties imposed upon them by the bill in eleven States. It is futher to extend over all cases affecting freedmen and refugees discriminately, and against local laws, customs and prejudices, to these eleven States.

The bill subjects any white person who may be charged with defrauding a freedmen of any rights or immunities belonging to white persons, to imprisonment, or fine, or both, without, however, defining the civil rights and immunities which are then to be secured to the Freedmen by military law. This military jurisdiction also extends to all questions that may arise respecting contracts. The agent who is thus to exercise the office of a military judge may be a stranger to, and entirely ignorant of the laws of the place and exposed to the error of judgement, to which all men are liable.

The excise of power over which there is no legal supervision by so vast a num- of agents as is contemplated by the bill. must, by very nature of man, be attended by acts of caprice. injustice and passion. The trials having their origin under the bill to take place without the intervention of a jury and without any fixed rules of law or evidence. The rule on which the offences are to be heard and determined by the numerous agents are such rules and regulations as the President. through the War Department, shall prescribe.

No previous presentment is required, nor any indictment charging the commission of a crime against the laws, but the trial must proceed on charges and specifications. The punishment will not be as the law declares, but such as the court martial may think proper, and from these arbitrary tribunals there lies no appeal or writ of error to any of the United States vests exclusively the judicial power of the country, while the teritory and the class of actions and offenses that are made subject to this measure are so extensive The bill itself, should it become a law, will have no limitation in point of time, but will form a part of the permanent legislation of the country.

I cannot reconcile a system of military jurisdiction of this kind with the words of the Constitution, which declares that "no person shall be held to answer for a capital or otherwise infamous crime unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces or in the militia, when in actual service in time of war and public danger;" and that "in all criminal prosecutions the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial by an impartial jury of the State or district where the crime shall have been committed."

The safeguards which the wisdom and experience of ages taught our fathers to establish as securities for the protection of the innocent, the punishment of the gulity, and the equal administration of justice, are to be set aside, and for the sake of more vigorous interposition in behalf of justice, we are to take the risk of the many acts of injustice that would of necessity follow from an almost countless number of agents established in every parish or county in nearly a third of the States is the Union, over whose decision there is to be no supervision or control by the Federal courts.

The power that would be thus placed in the hands of the President is such as in time of peace, certainly ought never to be entrusted to any one man. If it be asked whether the creation of such a tribunal within a State is warranted as a measure of war, the question immediately presents itself whether we are still engaged in war. Let us not unnecessarily disturb the course and credit and industry of the country, by declaring to the American people and the world, that the United States are still in a condition of civil war.

At present there is no part of our country in which the authority of the United States is disputed Offenses that may be committed by individuals should not work a forfeiture of right of the same commities The country has entered or is returning, to a state of peace and industry, and rebellion is, in fact, at an end. The measure therefore, seems to be as inconsistent with the actual condition of the country as it is at variance with the Constitution of the United States. If, passing from general considerations, we examine the bill in detail, it is open to weighty objections.

In time of war it was eminmently proper that we should provide for those who were passing suddenly from a condition of bondage to a state of freedom, but this bill proposes to make the freedman's bureau, established by the act of 1865, as one of the many great and extraordinary military measures to suppress a formidable rebellion, a permanent branch of the public administration, with its powers greatly enlarged

I have no reason to suppose and do not understand it to be alleged that the act of March, 1865, has proved deficient for the purpose for which it was passed although at that time and for a considerable period thereafter the Government of the United States remained unacknowledged in most of the States whose inhabitants had been involved in the rebellion. The institution of slavery, for the military destruction of which the freedman's bureau was called into existence, as an auxilary for it, has been already effectually and finally abrogated throughout the whole country by an amendment of the Constitution of the United States, and practically it is eradicated, and has received the assent and concurrence of most of those States where it any time existed.

I am not, therefore, to discern in the country anything to justify an apprehension that the power and agency of the freedman's bureau, which were effective for the protection of freedmen and refugees during the actual contination of hostilities and African servitude, will now in a time of peace. prove inadequace to the same proper end.—If I am correct in these views, there can be no necessity for that enlargement of the powers of the bureau for which provisions is made in the bill.

The third section of the bill authorizes general and unlimited amount of support to the destitute and suffering refugees and freedmen and their wives and children The succeeding sections make provision for the rent or purchase of landed estates for the freedmen, and for the erection for their benefit of suitable buildings for asylum and schools, the expenses to be defrayed from the treasury of the whole people.

The Congress of the United States has never heretofore thought itself competent to establish any laws beyond the limits of the District of Columbia, except for the benefit of our disabled soldiers and sailors. It has never founded schools for any class of our people, not even for the orphans of those who hav fallen in defence of the Union, but has left the care of their education to the much more competent control of the States, of communities, of private associations, and of individuals. It has never deemed itself authorized to expend public money for the rent or purchase of houses for the thousands, not to say millions, of the white race, who are honestly toiling from day to day for their subsistance.

A system for the support of indigent persons in the United States was never contemplated by the authors of the Constitution, nor can any good reason be advanced why, as a permanent establishment, it should be founded for one class or color of the people more than for another. Pending the war many refugees and freedmen received support from the Government, but it was never intended they should henceforth be fed, clothed, educated and sheltered by the United States

The idea upon which the slaves were assisted to their freedom was that, on becoming free, they would be a self sustaining population. Any legislation that shall imply that they are not expected to attain a self-sustaining condition, must have a tendency injurious alike to their character and their property. The appointment of an agent for every county and parish will create an imense patronage, and the expense of the numerous officers and their clerks to be appointed by the President will be great in the beginning. with a tendency steadily to the increase.

The appropriation asked by the freedman's bureau, as it was established for the year 1866, amounts to $11,745,000. It may safely be estimated that the cost to be incurred, under the pending bill will require double the amount, more than the entire sum expending in any one year under the administration of the second Adams

If the presence of agents in every parish and county is to be considered as a war measure, opposition or even resistance might be provoked; so that to give effect to their jurisdiction troops would have to be stationed within reach of every one of them, and thus a large standing force rendered necessary.—Large appropriations would, therefore, be required to sustain and enforce military jurisdiction in every county and parish from the Potomac to the Rio Grande.

The condition of our fiscal affair is encouraging, but in order to sustain the present measure of public confidence, it is necessary that we practice, not merely customary economy, but as far as possible, severe retrenchment

In addition to the objections already stated, the fifth section of the bill proposes to take away land from its former owner without any legal proceedings being first had, contrary to that provision of the Constitution which declares that no persons shall be deprived of life, liberty, or property without due process of law. It does not appear that the lands to which this section refers may not be owned by minors or persons of unsound mind or by thos who have been faithful to all their obligations as citizens of the United States.

If any portion of the land is held by such persons it is not competent for any authority to deprive them of it. If on the other hand it be found that the property is liable to confiscation, even then it cannot be appropriated to public purpose until by due process of law it shall have been declared forfeited to the government.

There are still further objections to the bill on grounds seriously affecting the class of persons to whom it is designed to bring relief. It will tend to keep the minds of the freedmen in a state of uncertain expectation and restlessness, while to those among whom he lives it will be a sourse of constant and vague apprehension.

Undoubtedly the freedmen should be protected, but they should be protected by civil authorities, especially by the exercise of all constitutional power of the courts of the United States and of the States. His condition is not so exposed as may at first be imagined. He is in a portion of the country where his labor cannot well be spared.

The competition for his services from planters, from those who are constructing or repairing railroads, or from capitalists in his vicinity or from other States will enabled him to command almost his own terms. He also possesses a perfect right to change his place of abode, and therefore if he does not find in one community or State a mode of life suited to his desires or proper remuneration for his labor, he can move to another, where labor is more essential and better rewarded

In truth, however, each State, induced by its own wants and interests, will do what is necessary and proper to retain within its borders all the labor that is needed for the developement of its resources; the laws that regulate the supply and demand will maintain their force, and the wages of the laborer will be regulated by them.

There is no danger that the great demand for labor will not operate in favor of the laborer, neither is sufficient consideration given to the ability of the freedmen to protect and take care of themselves. It is no more than justice to them to believe that, as they have received their freedom with moderation and forbearance they will distinguish themselves by their industry, and that they feel and soon will show to the world that in the condition of the freedmen they are self-sustaining and capable of selecting their own place of abode, of insisting for themselves on the proper remuneration, and of establishing and maintaining their own asylums and schools It it earnestly hoped that instead of wasting away they will, by their own efforts establish for themselves a condition of respectability and prosperity

It is certain they can attain to that condition only through their own merits and exertions. In this connection the query presents itself whether the system proposed in the bill will not, when put into complete operation, practically transfer the entire care, support, and control of four millions of emancipated slaves to agents, overseer, or task-masters, who appointed at Washington, are to be located in every county and parish througout the United States, containing freedmen and refugees.

Such an asylum would inevitably tend to such concentration of power in the Executive which would enable him if so disposed to control the action of a numerous class. and use them for the attainment of his own political ends. I cannot but add another very grave objection to the bill. The Constitution imperatively declares, in connection with taxation, that each State shall have at least one Representative, and fixes the rule for the number to which, in future times, each State shall be entitled.

It also provides that the Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, and adds, with peculiar force, that no State without its consent shall be deprived of its suffrage. In the Senate the original act was necessarily passed in the absence of the States, chiefly to be affected because their people were then contumaciously engaged in the rebellion. Now the case is changed, and some, at least, of the States are attending Congres by loyal Representatives, soliciting the allowance of constitutional rights of representation

At the time, however, of the consideration and passing of the bill there was no Senator or Representative in Congress from the eleven States which are to be mainly affected by its provisions. The very fact that representations were and are made against the good disposition of the country is an additional reason why they need, and should have, representatives of their own in Congress to explain their condition, especially to assist by their local knowledge in perfecting measures immediately affecting themselves, while the liberty of deliberation would then be free, and Congress would have full power to decide according to its judgement.

There could be no objections urged that the States most interested had not been permitted to be heard The principle is firmly fixed in the minds of the American people, that there should be no taxation without representation.

Great burdens are now to be borne by all the country, and we may but demand that they shall be borne without murmur when they are voted by a majority of the Representatives of all the people I would not interfere with the unquestionable right of Congress to judge each House for itself of the election returns and qualifications of its own members, but that authority cannot be construed as including the right to put out, in time of peace, any State from the representations to which it is entitled by the Constitution,

At present all the people of eleven State are excluded—those who were most faithful during the war not less than others The State of Tennessee for instance, whose authorities engaged in rebellion, was restored to all her constitutional relations to the Union by the patriotism and energy of her injured and outraged people before the war was brought to a termination.

They had placed themselves in relations with the General Government had established a State Government of their own, and as they were not included in the emancipation proclamation they, by their own act have amended their constitution so as to abolish slavery within the limits of their own State.

I know no reason why the State of Tennessee, for example should not fully enjoy her constitutional relations to the United States. The President of the United States stands toward the country in a somewhat different attitude from that of any member of Congress chosen from a single district or State.

The President is chosen by the people of all the States. Eleven States are not at this time represented in either branch of Congress. It would seem to be his duty on all proper occasions to present their just claims to Congress.

There always will be a difference of opinion in the community, and individuals may be guilty of transcending the law but these do not constitute valid objections against the right of a State to Representatives. It would in no wise interfere with the discretion of Congress with regard to the qualification of members, but I hold it my duty to recommend to you in the interest of peace and the interest of the Union Administration of every State to its share of public legislation, when, however, insubordinate, insurgent, or rebellious, its people may have been, it presents itself not only in an attitude of loyalty and harmony, but in the persons of Representatives whose loyalty cannot be questioned.

Under the existing Constitutional or legal test it is plain that an indefinite or permanent exclusion of any part of the country from representation must be attended by a spirit of disquiet and complaint It is unwise and dangerous to pursue a course of measures which will unite any large section of the country, no matter how much the latter may predominate.

The course of immigration, the development of industry, and business, and natural cause will raise up in the South, men as devoted to the Union as those of any other part of the land, but if they are all excluded from Congress, and if, in a permanent statute, they are not to be in full constitutional relations to the country, they may think they have cause to become a unit in feeling and sentiments against the government.

Under the political education of the American people, the idea is inherent and ineradicable, that the consent of the majority of the whole people is necessary to secure a willing acquiescence in legislation.

The bill under consideration refers to certain States as though they had not been fully restored to the United States; and if they have not let us at once act together to secure that desirable end at the earliest possible moment.

It is hardly necessary for me to inform Congress that in my own judgement, most of these States, so far at least as depends upon their own actions have already been fully restored, and are to be deemed entitled to enjoy their constitutional rights as member of the Union.

Reasoning from the constitution itself and from the actual situation of the country, I feel not only entitle but bound to assume that, with the Federal courts restored in the several States and in the full exercise of their functions, the rights and interests of all classes of the people will with aid of the military, in case of resistance to the law, be essentially protected against unconstitutional infringement and violation.

Should this expectation unhappily fail which I do not anticipate, then the Executive is already armed with the power conferred by the act of March, 1865. establishing the Freedmen's Bureau; and hereafter, as heretofore, he can employ the land and naval force of the country to suppress insurrections and to overcome obstructions to the law.

I return the bill to the Senate in earnest hope that a measure involving questions and interests so important to the country will not become a law unless upon deliberate consideration by the people it shall receive the sanction of an enlightened public judgement.

(Signed) A. JOHNSON.

WAGONS WANTED.

I want to hire a number of FOUR or TWO HORSE WAGGONS and TEAMS, to haul Corn below Tuscaloosa, about two miles to the Railroad. I will pay

$150 per Month

In corn or money, corn at a low price. Will feed the teams well, and board the drivers.

For particulars apply to Wm. Wood, of Jacksonville, or V. L. Ware at Blue Mountain.

C. A. OTEY.

Jacksonville, March 3, 1866

WANTED.

WE want to hire fifty good hands, to shell corn, load cars, &c. for which we will pay one dollar per day per hand in corn or money. For particulars apply to our Agt. V. L. Ware, Blue Mountain.

MILLER, THOMAS & CO.

Union Town, March 3, 1866.

Just Received.

PLOWS.

A lot of **Shaffer's Patent Plows**, which are the finest Steel Plows in the country. The advantage of this plow is, that a man can, without the aid of horse and wagon, take part of the plow to a shop and have it repaired. All other steel plows are solid, and in repairing them you lose the time of a man and team to take the whole plow to the shop.

Also Moore & Barrett's single and double plow, which will be sold at a small advance on Factory prices. Orders for Agricultural Implements promptly filled.

March 3. M. & L. OPPENHEIMER

Blacksmithing.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he is now prepared to execute, with neatness, durability and dispatch, all descriptions of Blacksmith work, such as ironing waggons, Buggies, &c. and all descriptions of Plantation work and repairing. His shop is on the east side of main street, south of the square and immediately back of Fleming's wood shop.

March 3, 1866. A. B. WEBB.

NEW HOTEL.

THE undersigned having taken the Privett House, situated on main street a short distance north of the Public Square, with the commodious Livery Stables attached, respectfully informs the public that she is prepared to entertain transient passengers, travellers and persons in attendance upon the Courts. Her charges will be as moderate as the times will permit. The patronage of her old friends and acquaintances is respectfully solicited. L. M. WEBB.

Jacksonville, March 3, 1866.

A. J. PHARES, Sumter Co. WM. WHITE, Formerly of Jacksonville.

WHITE & PHARES,

COMMISSION, RECEIVING AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS,

SELMA, ALA.

HAVE taken the NEW BRICK WAREHOUSE near Gee's Hotel, and respectfully solicit consignments of COTTON and other produce.

Dry Storage for 150

Cotton in their Warehouse, insured if desired.

Speech of Hon. Thomas B. Cooper

Speaker of the House of Representatives upon the adoption of an amendment of Senate to the House Bill to change the name of a new County from Wetumpkee to Elmore. Delivered in the General Assembly of the State of Alabama, on the 14th of Feb., 1866.

MR. SPEAKER:

I ask the indulgence of the House, that I may pay a feeble, but just, tribute of respect to the memery of departed worth.

When this bill was under discussion, in this House, the difficulties growing out of integration, constitutional requirements as to territory and population, produced slight sensation for the moment. These being adjusted, a county beautiful in form and symmetry, being complete in all its requirements but in name, was presented at the Baptismal Font for consecration. During the administration of the Sacerdotal services, pleasing sensations were imparted when the venerable God-father, for the occasion, announced that the name of WETUMPKEE, had been selected for that consecration. This is a traditional name the name, of a child of the forest, consecrated in the legends of the Redmans' by-gone pride and glory. I am fond of Indian names;—I delight in the legends of the Red man!

They are the romance of superstition mingled with realities—rich in pathos—replete with incident.

Incident which, when associated with a place, gives immortality to its name, and the incident is, thereby, itself, perpetuated by the mention of the name. For example, the name of York town revives the recollection of the surrender of Cornwallis Hence my fondness for the name of WETUMPKEE; a name associated, by tradition, with incidents the most thrilling—with deeds of daring and of love; with heroic constancy and unfaltering nerve, handed down through the vista of the long forgotten past.

Incident replete with all that renders woman lovely, as Hevens's richest gift to man; and with acts of manly bearing such as natures noblemen, only, can perform.

In contrast with which the modern heroine and the white man's chivalry dwindle in propot on, as the cascade of the mountain streamlet suffers by comparison with the mighty Falls of the Coosa, which perpetuate a maiden's name who, associated with one of nature's wildest freaks, is handed down through the tradition of ages as a Princess, the idol of a once powerful and warlike tribe; the recollection of which, is perpetuated by a legend in which superstition, associating tragedy with a name, romance with reality, transmits the name of WETUMPKEE as its Divinity.

This occasion, if my memory was more faithful, forbids a more extended notice of a legendary history, on which Longfellow would delight to muse.

Aside from that admiration which I have for Indian names and wild romance, other incidents, marked by personal associations, have endeared the name of the place, in which I have spent pleasant days and social hours—a place where sleep those who were dear to me; whose memories twine about the heart and render sacred their ashes.

Thus constituted, and thus impressed, no ordinary considerations could induce me to surrender my fondness for this name.

The higher considerations of gratitude to the benefactors of my own race; the claims which patriotism asserts to our appreciation of past public services; the duty resting on us, to perpetuate the history of the heroic worth, and moral grandeur and of a character which does not require the fancy sketch of fiction; nor the studied efforts of rhetoricks to render it tasteful and acceptable to a people, who love liberty, and the rights of man, demand, that considerations, of fancy, and of feeling should yield, to the more noble sentiments of duty and should induce us, to accept of the proposed change, of the name of WETUMPKA, for that of ELMORE, in commemoration of that sterling old patriot, Gen John Elmore, deceased.

Gen. John Elmore, was a native of Virginia. In early life he emigrated to South Carolina; where he lived for many years, holding offices of honor, and of trust.

A boy of 16, he volunteered; a raw recruit, in the war of the fist Revolution, and by deeds of noble daring, contributed his full share, in making that history, which records the gallantry of Southern heroes.

When the clarion notes of the war of 1812 were sounded, the latent spark of youthful valor rekindled in the bosom of the patriot of fifty, with the alacrity of younger days the accoutrements of war were resumed, and he in allinement with the braves of the land in defence of libertp, and of right.

Our second independence achieved and peace restored, he retires to the private walks, enjoying the confidence and esteem of all.

In 1818 he came to Alabama, and made his home within the boundaries of this new county, then a wilderness, the haunt of the wild deer and the hunting ground of the Indian. It was there he lived, it was there he died and there his bones were buried. And, the requium of his resting place, is the cadence of that watefall whose divinity, is the princess of the Red man's tradition.

He was a man of robust stature, of strong mind, of great personal courage; determined in his purpose, firm in his resolves; generous of heart, true to his friend; constant in his attachment; honest of his dealings, and kind to his neighbors; he loved his country; was endeared to all, revered by all. He lived to a ripe old age, and dying left a legacy to his children, far more precious than rubies; yea; than fine gold—an unblemished reputation.

He left a progeny, such as none but good men ever leave. A progeny, endowed with more of the noble attributes of head and heart, than rarely falls to the lot of one man.

He was, not only, blessed in basket and in store but, more fortunate than Israel's mightiest King, he was, not only bless with one, but with many sons, upon whom the mantle could discend, yea, and with daughters too; who serve not only, as jewels, in his coronet of fame, but as ornaments of the society, in which they move, and whom, their country, is, justly proud to honor.

His sons, as jurists, as statesmen and as citizens, have and do fill high positions, of honor and of trust. His daughters are recognized, as matrons, worthy of emulation.

Among his first born, was the gifted and gallant Benjamin Elmore, a youthful Captain of 16 who led a gallant band of youthful heroes, in the war of '12. Achieved renown, as Col. of a Regiment in the war of '36, a man of high legal attainments, he filled high offices of honor and of trust in South Carolina, the land of his birth. He sleeps with the honored dead.

The next is, that other, and highly distinguished and gifted son, the lamented Frank R Elmore, beloved by every Carolinian. He was an able jurist, an honest statesman. He was the popular successor, of Carolinas greatest statesman Calhoun the compeer of Webster and of Clay—the unrivalled trio of Statesmen.

Our distinguished and respected fellow citizen, John A. Elmore, is also a son worthy of his sire: as a jurist, he is an ornament to the profession; as a citizen, an honor to his State; as a friend, he is loved, as but few are ever loved; noble, generous and kind, he loves his friend, and has no enemeis to hate.

William Elmore, the late Attorney General of the State of Louisiana, an able lawyer, and a man of high character; is another son.

Henry Elmore, another son equally endowed by nature, a ripe scholar, an able jurist, sustains the reputation of the family, as Judge of one of the Superior courts of Texas.

The late Hon, Rush Elmore is another of the gifted sons of a noble sire. He was known by many of us, and beloved by all to whom he was known—generous, kind and talented; open courteous and frank. His friends rejoiced at his promotion to the office of Judge of the district court of Kansas Territory, and mourned his death

Albert Elmore, our present Secretary of State, is youngest of the brathers, of him and his character, owing to our official connection with him, it would be indelicate to speak, save he has no stain upon his escutcheon.

Here Mr. Speaker, I might let the certain fall satisfied panoramic exhibition of a good man's claim to the gratitude of his country men entitle him to a place in the history of the State of his adoption. Like the mother of the Grachii, when asked for her jewels she could have justly pointed to his sons. More blessed than she he had other jewels, to which with equal pride and pleasure, he could refer. Jewels more delicate, yet more precious and of softer lustre. But the picture is not complete, unless draped with that embellishment, which female worth imparts, by association with the sterner sex. Man may dazzle with all the gorgeous splendor of a meridian sun, and excite the admiration of listening crowds, it is left for lovely women to exercise the gentle influence of the vesper breeze which cools the fevered brain, allays the excited nerve, and by the wooing of her gentle nature, to lend his stern resolves, and with a plastic art, which none but woman ever knows, can reduce the savage to the christian man. Woman is a jewel whose light as soft as the moonbeam upon a placid sea, dazzles in proportion as her example attracts the admiration of the virtuous and the good—When thus attracted the light of her example diffuses itself to all surrounding objects, imparts halo of glory to all within the region of its influence Thus it may be said of the venerable widow of the lamented Dixon H Lewis, Alabama's gifted Senator, She was the daughter of Gen. Elmore Equal justice demands that honorable mention should be made of that other daughter and most excellent woman, the first Mrs. Benj. Fitzpatrick, wife of our late most popular Governor of Alabama, and he too, a U S. Senator. There are other children who, although unknown to fame, in the private walks, reflect the virtues and posses the intellect so peculiar to others named. Here is presented a rare and most valuable collection of moral worth and public virtue, of genial souls and social merit; legitimate inducements to perpetuate the name of ELMORE, as Alabama's property, and to demand the adoption of the amendments of the Senate to the bill.

New York, Feb. 19—The World's special says Gen. Lee was quite reticent before the Reconstruction Committee He did not volunteer remarks beyond proper answers to questions He said the South had accepted the result of the war in good faith, and when he was pressed by questions he intimated that the feeling for the Union was much stronger just after the close of the war than now, and that there appeared some impatience among the people who had been identified with the war in the South that they should be prevented from representing their States in Congress. He declared there was a disposition to treat the freedmen kindly, and expressed a decided hope that the Government might endorse the former He regarded President Johnson and General Grant's course towards the South liberal and humane.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—It is known that on Saturday Gen. Grant refused to revoke the order suppressing the Richmond Examiner, expressing himself in decided terms against the publication of a certain class of articles in Southern papers, calculated to do irremediable mischief. On Tuesday, however, Mr. Pollard was officially informed by an officer of Gen. Grant's staff that the order would be revoked, provided the course of that paper would be milder in the future and less liable to objection.

Gen. Grant will, however, take care no newspapers shall be published containing statements of disloyalty and hostility to the Government in any of its branches The persistent publication of articles calculated to keep up a feeling of hostility between the different sections of the country will be no longer tolerated The circular to this effect, dated Saturday, is addressed to Department commanders, who are required to give such information with a view to the suppression of papers of bad character There is no distinction with as to North or South.

From Washington.

The following telegrams have been received.

RUMORS:

Good authority asserts that the President will in a few days issue a peace proclamation.

There is nodoubt that Secretary Stanton's resignation is in the hands of the President.

THE POLITICAL EXCITEMENT.

The Commercial's Washington special say: The political excitement shows no abatement, but juster and calmer views of affairs prevail.

In Chancery.

Taliaferro Y. Oliver, vs. David Moore, and Washington Webb. } AT RULES before the Register, Feb. 28th, 1866.

In Chancery, 3 th Chancery District, Northern Chancery Division, State of Alabama.

THIS day came the Complainant by his Solicitors, Foster & Forney, and moved the undersigned Register, for an Order of Publication against the Defendant, David Moore; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Register, from affidavit on file, that the said David Moore is a non-resident of the State of Alabama, and that his Post Office is unknown to affiant, and that said Defendant is above the age of twenty-one years.—It is therefore Ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a weekly Newspaper published in the Town of Jacksonville, Alabama, once a week for four consecutive weeks, notifying and requiring the said David Moore to be and personally appear before the Register of this Court, at his office in the Town of Jacksonville, Alabama, within sixty days from the date of this order, and plead, answer or demur to Complainant's Bill of Complaint exhibited against him and one Washington Webb, in said Chancery Court, or the same will be taken for confessed, and the cause set for hearing ex parte as to him. It is further ordered, that a copy of this order be posted up at the Court-house door of Calhoun county, Alabama, within twenty days from this date. Granted Feb. 28th, 1866.

WM. M HAMES,
March 3.—$20 00. Register.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, } CALHOUN COUNTY.

Court of Probate for said county, February 22nd, 1866.

THIS DAY came A and E. B. Downing, Administrators of the Estate of T. J. Downing, deceased, and filed their application, setting forth among other things, that said deceased was the owner, and in possession of the following described Lands, to-wit: The south east quarter of section fifteen. Township fifteen and Range six, except the north east fourth of said quarter section.

They further state that said Lands cannot be equitably, fairly and beneficially divided between the heirs and distributees of said estate without a sale thereof; and that a sale thereof is necessary to pay the debts of said estate, and for distribution among the heirs and distributees of said estate.

They further represent, that the following named heirs and distributees of sain Estate reside beyond the limits of the State of Alabama, to-wit: Charity Downing, widow of decedent who resides in the city of Rome Floyd county, Georgia, Thomas J. Downing who resides in parts unknown to petitioner; Charity Lane, wife of W. B. Lane and her husband W. B. Lane, who resides in Rome, Floyd county, Georgia, and Giles L. Downing who resides with his mother Charity Downing, in Rome, Floyd county, Georgia, and all of whom are of full age, except the said Charity Lane and Giles L. Downing.

It is therefore Ordered by the court, that Monday the 16th day of April next be set for the hearing of said application, and that notice of the filing of the same be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said county for three successive weeks, and at least forty days prior to said day, as a notice to said non-residents, heirs and distributees of said Estate, as well as all others concerned, to be and appear before me at my office in the Town of Jacksonville, on said Monday the 16th day of April next, when and where they can contest said application if they desire

Given under my hand at office this 28th day of February, 1866.

A WOODS, Judge
March 3. of Probate

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of administration having been granted to the undersigned, by the Probate court of Calhoun county, Ala. on the estate of Wade Blalock, dec'd, on the 17th of February, 1866: Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment.

Mar. 3. JOHN T. WILSON, Adm.

Administrators Notice.

LETTERS testamentary having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of Calhoun county, on the Estate of Allen Andrews, dec'd, on the 26th of Feb'y, 1866: Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment.

J. M. ANDREWS,
Mar. 3. E. T. SMYTH, Adms.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County. }

Court of Probate for said county, Special Term, Jan. 22nd, 1866.

THIS day came John W. Ledbetter and John W. Whiteside, Administrators of the Estate of Moses Whiteside, deceased, and filed their application, setting forth among other things, that decedent was the owner and in possession of the following described Lands, to-wit:

The north west quarter of section three, in Fractional Township thirteen of Range ten east, containing one hundred and forty and 17-100 acres. The east half of the north east quarter of section four in Fractional Township thirteen of Range ten east, containing eighty and 21-100 acres. The west half of the north east quarter of section four, in Fractional Township thirteen, Range ten east, containing eighty and 21-100 acres. The North west quarter of the north east quarter of section four in Fractional Township thirteen and Range ten east, containing forty and 12-100 acres, except eighty acres sold in lifetime of intestate off of the east portion of the above described lands

They further represent that the following named persons are non-resident distributees of said estate, who reside beyond the limits of the State of Alabama, to-wit: Mary M Penland, wife of S. H. Penland, who resides in the State of Georgia; Rebecca S, Kelly, wife of Russel Kelly, who resides in the State of Texas; Elizabeth Cowden, wife of Franklin Cowden, who resides in the State of Texas; the children of James M. Whiteside, deceased, to-wit: Sarah A Whiteside, Thomas C Whiteside, J M S. Whiteside, A. D. L. Whiteside, M. H Whiteside, Mary E. Whiteside and ——— Whiteside, all of whom are minors, and reside in the State of Texas. The children of Martha M. Woolf, deceased, late the wife of Henry W. Woolf, to-wit: Marshal L Woolf, who resides in Cherokee county, Alabama, Mary A. Woolf, Mose Woolf, Washington Woolf, Sarah A. Woolf, Clarisa E C Woolf, all of whom are minors, and reside in the State of Texas, except Marshal L. Woolf as above stated.

Said Administrators further state, that a fair, just and equitable division of said lands cannot be made among the heirs and distributees of said estate without a sale thereof, and ask the Court to grant an order authorising them to sell said described lands for the purpose of distribution.

It is therefore ordered by the Court, that Monday the 12th day of March next be set for the hearing of said application; and that notice of the filing of the same be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said county, for forty days prior to said day, which shall be a notice to said non-residents, as well as all others interested in said application, to be and appear before me, at my office in the town of Jacksonville, on said Monday the 12th day of March, next, when and where they can contest said application if they desire.

Given under my hand at office this 22nd day of January, 1866

A WOODS, Judge
Jan 27. of Probate

WOOLSEY, GOODRICH & Co.,

Commission Merchants,

Insurance and General Agents,

SELMA, ALABAMA.

WILL make liberal advances on Cotton for sale, or for consignment to Mobile or Liverpool.

Prompt attention given to filling orders from the country for any kind of goods.

AGENTS FOR

Pratts Celebrated

COTTON GINS.

Feb. 10. 3m.

B. M. LUNDIE. GEO FERGUSON.

LUNDIE & CO.,

(SUCCESSORS TO W. Y. LUNDIE,)

COTTON FACTORS AND GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

OFFICE BROAD STREET, SELMA, ALA.

Special attention given to the sale and shipment of Cotton, on which we will pay freight, charges, and Revenue Tax.

Orders for the purchase of Groceries and other articles promptly filled, when accompanied with the Cash or City Acceptance.

REFERENCES:

M. J. A. Keith & Co., Selma, Ala., Gen, J. G. L. Tuney, Talladega, Ala.; J. W. Lapsley, Selma, Ala; A. M. Goodwin, Selma, Ala.; Walker Reynolds, Alpine, Ala.; John A. Winston & Co., Mobile, Ala.; Hon. T. A. Walker, Jacksonville, Ala.; Jurey & Harris, New Orleans, La.; E. C. Hannon, Montgomery, Ala. Jan. 27, 1866.

Administrator's Sale OF LAND.

UNDER and by virtue of an Order and Decree of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, made on the 15th day of February, 1866, I will, as Administrator of the estate of Samuel P. Hudson, deceased, sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, at Blue Mountain, Calhoun county, Alabama, on TUESDAY THE 20TH DAY OF MARCH next, 1866, the following described Lands and Town Lots, belonging to the Estate of said Samuel P Hudson, deceased, to-wit:

The south west fourth of section 16, 160 acres—the north west fourth of section 21, 160 acres—the south west fourth of north east fourth of section 21, 40 acres—the north east fourth of south west quarter Section 21, 40 acres—the north east fourth of north east quarter of section 20, 40 acres—the east half of south east quarter of section 20, 80 acres—the east half of section 29, 320 acres—the east half of south west qr. of section 29, 80 acres—the north west fourth of south west quarter of section 29, 40 acres—the north west quarter of section 30, 160 acres—the south west fourth of north east fourth of section 30, 40 acres—the north half of south east fourth of section 30, 80 acres—the north half of north east fourth of section 32, 80 acres—the north east fourth of south west fourth of section 32, 40 acres—the south half of north east fourth of section 31, 80 acres—the north east fourth of south west qr. section 31, 40 acres; all in Township 15, Range 8—the south half of north east quarter of section 25, 80 acres, in Township 15, Range 7, amounting in all to 1560 acres.

The above lands lay on and adjacent to the Alabama and Tennessee River Railroad, and around the Blue Mountain Depot, the present terminus of said Railroad.

Also east half of north west fourth—the north west fourth of the north east fourth, and the east half of the north west fourth of the north west fourth of section (25) twenty-five, township 14, fourteen, range 8, eight, containing one hundred and forty acres, known as the Nunnelley place. Also Lot in Town of Jacksonville, known as the Walnut tree lot, lying east of main street and extending from the street leading from main street to the grave yard, and extending to the branch, containing twelve acres more or less.

Also the following Town Lots in the Town of Jacksonville, Ala. Lot No. 21, containing 25 acres, except two acres given off for a grave yard. Also one Lot lying between the Brooks lot and Fain lot on Main street, containing one and three fourth acres more or less.

The Nunnelley place and Town Lots will be sold before the court house door in Jacksonville, on Wednesday the 21st day of March, 1866.

The above described Land Town Lots will be sold on a credit of one and two years, with interest from date. Purchasers will be required to give notes with two approved securities.

J. F. GRANT, Adm.
Feb. 17, '66.

TIN SHOP.

THE undersigned, having procured the necessary machinery and material, and employed W. W. Nisbet, one of the best and most experienced workmen in the South, have now every, variety of

Tinware,

For sale at Wholesale and Retail at reasonable prices. Their shop is on the east side of the public square in Jacksonville. Orders, accompanied by the cash, will be promptly filled.

G. B DOUTHET,
W. A. DRISKEL.

Old pewter, and country produce taken in exchange for Tinware. Repairing done only on Saturdays.

CHANDLER, BICKEL & CO.

Jobbers & Dealers in

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS,

HATS and SHOES,

CLOTHING!

SELMA, ALABAMA.

Feb 17, 1866—3m.

L. W. PETTIBONE,

SELMA, ALA.

RECEIVING AND FORWARDING

WARE-HOUSE.

THANKFUL for the favors that for the last five years have been shown him, is desirous still of a share of the public patronage. I have taken the BRICK COTTON WAREHOUSE near the depot of the Ala. & Tenn. R. Railroad, and am prepared to receive, store and forward cotton, pay taxes, and all other expenses, and also to attend to all business belonging to the business of receiving and forwarding.

I have also CORN and CEMENT for sale. Feb. 17, 1866—3m.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, St. Clair County. }

Probate Court for said county, February 10th, 1866.

THIS day came William H Cobb Sheriff of said County, and ex officio administrator *de bonis non* of the estate of Abijah Phelps, late of said county, deceased, and filed his application, in due form under oath, praying for an order of sale of certain Lands described therein, and belonging to said estate for the purpose of pelying the debts, upon the ground that the personal property is insufficient therefor. It is ordered, that the 2nd day of April, 1866, be appointed a day for hearing such application, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same if they think proper.

JNO. A. ZELLNER,
Feb. 24, '66.—6t. Judge of Probate.

HATS & CAPS,

JUST arrived, and for sale by

E. L. WOODWARD.

Feb. 17, 1866.

BOOTS & SHOES

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY, just received, and for sale by

Feb. 17, '66. E L. WOODWARD.

W. C. LAND,

Watchmaker,

CONTINUES the Watch Repairing business at A. Smith's store, south side of the public square. A good lot of materials on hand, and work done with despatch and at low rates to suit the times.

Jacksonville, Feb. 24, 1866

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.

Letters of administration on the estate of Jno. M Davis, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of Cherokee County, on the 3rd day of Feb. 1866, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate, to present them legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred.

Wm. H. GARMANY, Adm.
Feb. 24, 1866.

Northern Chancery Division of Alabama, 30th Chancery District, Jacksonville, Ala. Feb. 17th, 1866.

IN VACATION.

THERE having been no regular term of the Chancery Court for this Districs held in January, at provided by law; It is hereby ordered, that an Extra Term of the Chancery court for said district be held in the Town of Jacksonville, Ala. on Monday the 9th day of April, 1866, to continue for three days.

It is further ordered, that notice of the time of holding said term of the court be published for thirty days in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in Calhoun county, Ala. SAM'L K. McSPADDEN,
Feb. 17, 1866. Chancellor.

Administrators Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of Jas. F. Stone, having been granted to the undersigned, on the 13th day of Feb. 1866, by Hon. John A. Zellner Judge of the Probate Court for St. Clair county Ala.—Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said Estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law or that the same will be barred.

M. S. JONES,
Feb. 24, '66. NANCY T. STONE.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, St. Clair county. }

Probate Court, Feb. 9th, 1866.

John Wester, dec. Estate of } In a matter of Dower, }

THIS day came Henry W Rox, administrator in this court of said Estate, and filed his petition in writing and under oath, praying for an order assigning dower to Celia Wester, widow of deceased, in one third portion of Lands described in said petition, of which decedent died seized and possessed. It is ordered, that the 26th day of March, 1866, be appointed a day for hearing such application, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same if they think proper.

JOHN A. ZELLNER,
Judge of Probate.

JOHN FOSTER, WM. H. FORNEY.

FOSTER & FORNEY,

Attorneys at Law,

Jacksonville Alabama.

WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State.

Dec. 23d, 1865.

W. H. JUDSON. B. I. DUNCAN.
F. W. SIDDONS. G. W. SIDDONS.

JUDSON, DUNCAN & CO.

$100,000 WORTH

Of Dry Goods Boots and Shoes, Clothing, Groceries, Yankee Notions, &c.

At a reduction of 25 per cent from prices ruling 60 days ago.

One of our firm, an old and experienced buyer, well acquainted with the wants of the people in this section, has just returned from the Northern markets with a heavy and well assorted stock of goods, which were bought upon the heel of the great rush of buyers from the South, at a very heavy decline in prices, and we propose to meet the public liberally in the benefit of this change.

On hand and to arrive—we offer—
15,000 yards assorted Prints,
10,000 do do bleached Domestics.
500 yds Linen Sheeting, cheaper than cotton,
500 yds full width bleached Cotton Sheeting,
500 yds 5-4 and 6-4 Pillow case Cottons,
20 ps white Linen Table Damask,
50 doz ass'd Towels, 50ps ass'd Diapers,
12 ps assorted Ingrain Carpetings,
20 ps all wool Delaines, 100 ps Union Delaines,
20 ps beautiful shades French Merinos,
50 ps plain and printed Alpacas and Poplins,
50 ps assorted Furniture Prints,
100 assorted wool net Vardykes, Sacques, Shawls, Scarfs and Hoods,
100 ass'd Bay State and other styles Shawls,
Bales ass'd Blankets, 50 doz ass'd Hats,
A heavy and well assorted stock of Men and Boys' Boots and Shoes,
Ladies' Misses' and Children's Shoes of every description,

GROCERIES, &C.

300 sacks Buckwheat Flour,
100 boxes Western Cheese,
100 do assorted Tobacco,
Smoking Tobacco of nearly every brand,
Sacks Rio Coffee, 25 boxes Salmon,
Cases pints, quarts and ½ gals Pickles,
100 boxes Cove Oyster
50 bbls assorted Brown Sugar,
Crushed and pulverised do
Concentrated Lye and Potash,
50 Cases Sardines, 100 boxes family Soap,
50 boxes Starch,
No 1 and 2 bbls, ½ bbls, ¼ bbls, & kits Mackerel,
Yeast Powders and Kentucky Mustard,
100,000 assorted Cigars.

In fact, our assortmen of Groceries, by recent additions, is complete.

YANKEE NOTIONS in greatest variety, comprising nearly every article claiming a place under that head.

It is unnecessary to enumerate the articles composing our stock. Suffice it to say, that it is second best to none in the State, and our intention is to offer inducements especially to Dealers, which will save them time, trouble & expense in seeking more remote markets for their supplies.—We ask a fair trial. Polite and obliging gentlemen will be found in rear of our counters ever ready to serve our friends.

dec 14. JUDSON, DUNCAN & CO.

BRANL DEEDS,

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

POETRY.

Hast Thou a Talent?

BY J. GILMORE WEST

Hast thou a talent? improve it,
Guard it with jealous care—
Never hide that precious gift,
Or droop in dark despair.
But up, arouse, prove to the world,
That by rich talent given,
Thou mayst not here reap thy reward,
But it will bloom in heaven.

Hast thou a failing? despise it—
Pluck from thy heart the weed
That chokes the good which there would flow
And bloom a plant indeed.
Cast all aside that would degrade,
Ne'er let it grow with thee.
But be thou circumspect in life,
As all men ought to be.

Hast thou a virtue? foster it,
With others let it grow,
And walk the path of honesty,
As all men ought to do.
It may be hard and painful too,
But do not look behind—
Live thou on earth a goodly life,
And die in peace of mind.

QUEER QUESTIONS.—Which is the strongest day in the week? Sunday, because all the rest are week-days.

Which travels at a greater speed, heat or cold? Heat because you can catch cold.

When has a man four hands? When he doubles his fists.

What is that which works when it plays, and plays when it works? A fountain.

Why is a baker like a begger? He kneads bread.

What stands and goes without legs? A clock.

What belongs to yourself, and is used by every one more than yourself? Your name.

What thing is that which the more we cut the longer it grows? A ditch.

Why is a feeble old man like a nail driven up to the head? He is in-firm.

☞ By keeping steadily drunk for one year in Missouri, you can be divorced without fail.—Isn't that a premium on drunkenness?

Why is praising children like opium? Because it is laudanum—landing 'em.

Why is an egg like a colt? Because it has to be broke before it is used.

What is the difference between a schoolmaster and a railroad conductor? One trains the mind and the other minds the train.

What is the difference between an accepted and a rejected lover? One kisses his miss and the other misses his kiss.

A man that can be flattered is not necessarily a fool, but you can always make one of him.

The gentleman who was overtaken by a train of reflection was so completely carried away that he has not yet got back

A fellow that dosen't benefit the world by his life does it by his death.

When a Baltimore lady is kissed she says she feels as though she was taking chloroform, and remains insensible as long as the operation lasts.

Every plain girl has one consolation; though not a pretty young lady, she will, if she lives, be a pretty old one.

GREAT MEETING IN WARREN COUNTY, ILLINOIS—AN ATTIANCE BETWEEN COTTON AND CORN PROPOSED.

In the Columbus(Ohio) Crisis of the 17th inst, is a report of the proceeding of a large meeting of the citizens of Warren county, Illinois, which "all papers friendly to the commercial and agricultural interests of the country" are requested to copy. The meeting was addressed by Hon. Henry Clay Dean, of Iowa, formerly chaplain to the United States Senate. Great enthusiasm and unanimity of feeling characterized the assemblage. We have not room for the full report, but give the following as specimen resolutions:

Resolved. That we, the people of Warren county, Ill., without distinction of party, pledge ourselves to unite with our fellow-citizens of the Mississippi Valley and all of the agricultural districts of the United States to resist by all legal and legitimate means the invasion of our rights, and will vote for no man for any office whatever who has deserted the interest of agriculture, either through imbecility or corruption, at the behests, of the moneyed aristocracy of the country, nor for any man holding untaxed bonds, whose interest it is to enslave labor to capital, to place the West and South in vassalage to the East, to tax bondmen for the exclusive benefit of bondholders.

Resolved. That in the Union all of the States are equal, entitled to equal representation, with equal rights; that the Government of the United States has recognized the power of the States lately in rebellion to assist in the amendment of the Constitution of the United States, which they could not do but in their independent character as States.

Resolved, That the interests of agriculture are identical in every part of the country; that the corn field and the cotton field contribute to the support of each other and any attempt to rob the one of representation is a blow at the other, from which there can be no recovery but in union of interests and action for self preservation.

GOLD FOUND IN ROME.—We have seen a specimen of quartz rock, stained with the oxide of iron, that contains a large amount of gold. This is said by gold miners to be one of the richest specimens of gold bearing quartz they have ever seen. This was found in the neighborhood of the Foundry, and is supposed to have been dug up while sinking a well a few years since.

This is not the only gold that has been found in that vicinity. While Cunningham & Co., were digging a well at their Flouring Mill a few years since, a vein of gold bearing quartz was struck and a negro saved several penney weights of the precious metal, but it failed to attract the attention of parties able to make a full examination and search. A thorough test will now probably soon be made. If there is an abundance like the specimen before us, a thousand dollars to the hand, per day, would not be an unreasonable yield.

Courier.

☞ The propositions of the Revenue Commission may be briefly summed up as follows:

1. An exemption of all incomes below $1000 from the Income Tax,

2. A reduction of the tax on distilled liquors from $2 to $1 per gallon.

3. A remission of all taxes now levied on wearing apparel.

4. A remission of all taxes now levied on pig iron. (2.40 per ton,) coal. (six cents per ton,) and crude petroleum ($1 per gallon.)

5. A repeal of all taxes now levied on books, magazines and pamphlets; leaving the present taxes on paper, leather, etc. untouched.

6. A reduction by one-half of the duties now levied on home manufactures generally.

7. A repeal of all taxes now levied on repairs of engines, cars carriages, ships, etc.

8. A repeal of all taxes embodied in schedule A. of the Internal Revenue Act of last season, except those on billiard tables.

9. A reduction of tax now levied on broker's sales of stocks $5 per $1000 to $1 per $1000.

10. An increase of the tax on raw cotton from 2 to 5 cents per pound.

GROCERIES.

Crushed, Loaf & Brown SUGAR,
COFFEE, Molasses, Rice, Salt,
Mackerel, in bbls half bbls and kits.
Candles, and Nails, assorted,
Powder, Shot and Caps,
Pickles, Pepper, Spice, Ginger,
Oysters, Sardines, Soda, Indigo,

Cotton Yarns.

Snuff, chewing and smoking Tobacco,
LIQUORS, by the case and barrel,
Candies and Raisins by the box,
Nuts, Cheese and Crackers,
Cigars, Mustard, Blacking,

Cotton Cards.

IRISH POTATOES, Onions, FLOUR;
And a choice lot of 5000 bush. Fresh

COTTON SEED.

Buckets, Hames, Chains, Hoes, Axes,
Tin-ware, Paper & Envelopes.

Which we are selling at Selma prices with freight added.

S & T. J. MORGAN.
Oxford Ala. Jan. 27, 1866.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of Jas. R. Sims, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of DeKalb County, on the 23rd day of December, 1865; Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said Estate to present them legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law or they will be barred; and all persons indebted are required to make payment.

Jan. 27. HENRY P. WARREN, Admr.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of W. P. Smith, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of Calhoun County, on the 13th Jan. 1866; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present them legally authenticated within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment.

GEO. I. TURNLEY, Adm'r.
Feb. 10, 1866.

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of J. A. Turnipseed dec'd are hereby notified that all the notes and accounts belonging to said estate have been placed in my hands for collection by the Adm'x. I therefore hope that the parties concerned, will call on me at my office in Jacksonville without delay and settle up, by so doing we may save both cost and trouble. Wm M HAMES.
Feb. 1st, 1866.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, }
Calhoun County. }

Court of Probate for said county, Special Term, Jan 22d, 1866.

THE Estate of R. A. Carruth, deceased, was this day, by an Order and Decree of said Court, declared insolvent; and came S. M. Carruth, who is the administrator of said estate, and filed in court his account and vouchers for a settlement of said estate as an insolvent estate. The 22nd day of February, 1866 is set apart for making said settlement; and notice of the same is hereby given in the Jacksonville Republican; a Newspaper printed and published in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said settlement day, as a notice to the creditors of said Estate, and all other persons concerned, to be and appear at a Special term of said Court, to be holden at the court house of said county, on said 22nd day of February, 1866, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS.
Judge of Probate.
Jan. 27, 1866.

DISSOLUTION.

The firm of FRANCIS & CO. was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st day of January 1866.

HUGH FRANCIS.
HIRAM LITTLE.

HUGH FRANCIS and JOHN F. LITTLE having associated themselves in business will continue at the old stand.

HUGH FRANCIS.
JOHN F LITTLE
Jan'y 1st, 1866.

Hardware! Hardware!!

We have opened to-day a little lot of Hardware and Castings, among which may be found the following articles:

100 kegs assorted NAILS,
Collins' AXES, 20 dozen SHOVELS,
10 dozen SPADES,
Tea Trays, every size and style,
Pocket Knives, from cheapest to best,
Knives and Forks " " "
Razors and Razor straps,
1¾ inch Augurs,
1¼ " "
1¼ " "
1.2 " "
POWDER FLASKS of all sizes,
Shot Pouches, Shot Belts,
Shoe, Nail, and Tack Hammers,
Hatchets, Cases assorted Tacks.

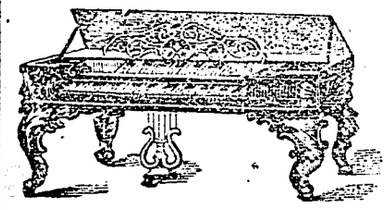
LOCKS.

Dead Locks, Fine Locks,
Latch and Drop Latch Locks,
Plate Locks of all sizes,
Till " " "
Cupboard " "
Chest " " "
Draw " " "
PADLOCKS " "
SCREWS of all the different sizes,
Butts " " " "
Counter Scales and Weights,
Woodsaws, Handsaws,
Weeding Hoes,
Coffee Mills of all sizes,
Meat Cutters.

FILES.

Handsaw Files, Taper Files.
Half round and Flat Bastard Files,
Brittania, German Silver and Iron Table and Tea Spoons,
Fish Hooks from a Minnow size to a Cat.
Fish Lines of all sizes,
Manilla Rope, Etc., Etc., Etc.

For sale, wholesale and Retail, by
JUDSON, DUNCAN & CO.
Jan. 20, '66.



MUSIC LESSONS

ON the PIANO, given by Mrs. M. E. FRANCIS, commencing with the sessions of the Jacksonville Female Academy.

Pupils can commence at any time during the session, and be charged for the time.

Country Produce at the market price taken in payment. Jacksonville, Jan 30, '66.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the firm of J. D. Hoke & Bro. will please call without delay and settle; as I will be reluctantly compelled to place the debts in the hands of an attorney for collection. Jno. D. HOKE
Surv. Partner.

Wholesale Drug House.

IN MONTGOMERY, ALA.

HAVING re-leased the building formerly known as Jones' Drug Store on Market street, corner of Perry, together with the two large warehouses on the same lot; and recently returned from New York and Philadelphia with one of the largest and most complete stocks of

Drugs, Chemicals, Spices, Toilet Soaps.

Perfumery and Patent Medicines,

ever introduced to this market. I would respectfully ask the attention of Physicians and country Dealers to examine a stock personally selected for the Southern trade, and which for

Purity, Freshness and Excellence,

can not be excelled by any house in the country. Also a great variety of Fresh

GARDEN SEED.

This stock of Drugs and medicines has been purchased from Importers and manufacturers, and at prices that will enable me to sell as low as any establishment in the South.

Orders accompanied with the cash will receive prompt attention and forwarded to any part of the country.

E. M. READING,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist,
Sign of the Eagle and Mortar,
34 Market street, corner of Perry.

Administrators Notice.

LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the undersigned, by the Probate court of Calhoun county, on the Estate of Fleming Gibson, dec'd, on the 22d day of January, 1866; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate, to present them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and those indebted are required to make immediate payment.

R. B. DOCKERY,
Jan. 27, 1866. Adm.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of administration with will annext on est. of Josiah Womack, dec. having been granted to the undersigned on the 22d day of Jan. 1866, by the Honorable the Probate Court of Calhoun county, State of Alabama. Notice is hereby given, to all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law or that they will be barred. SIMPSON SKINNER,
Jan. 27, 1866. Adm'r.

DR. J. A. CLOPTON,

Of Alabama,

Has located in the country near Scooba, Kemper county, Mississippi, where he may be consulted. He operates with perfect success for

PILES, FISTULA,
TUMORS, POLLYPI,
DISEASES OF FEMALES, Etc.

Dr. C. has never lost a patient nor had an accident to happen. He has opperated on the most respectable of the profession of all the Southern States, and for a good many years, has visited almost every city in the South.

He will visit Gadsden, and points on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, if some three or four should desire it. Feb. 23, '65

Administrators' Notice.

LETTERS testamentary on the Estate of J. W. Conway, dec, having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of DeKalb County, Ala., on the 5th day of December, 1865; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

JOHN M. GASQUE, }
Jan. 27. R. P. CONWAY, } Adm.

CORN.

FRANCIS & CO.

Jacksonville, Ala.

AND

R. B. STEWART, & CO.

Blue Mountain, & Oxford, Ala.

WILL keep on hand a supply of Prime Western Corn for sale.

Jan'y 20th, 1866. wky. tf

E. GILLMAN & CO.

Broad Street, ...SELMA, Ala.,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

GROCERS,

DEALERS IN

All kinds fine Family Supplies

NOW ON HAND:

300 Kits, Nos. 1 and 2 MACKEREL. Also in half barrels;
Green and Black TEAS;
Crushed, Powdered and Loaf SUGAR;
SODA in kegs and packages;
500 Cases of every variety of PICKLES & PRESERVES;
100 Boxes Colgates Fine SOAPS;
100 Boxes Adamantine CANDLES;
All kinds of fine COFFEE, ground ready for use and in air-tight cans;
Flavoring Extracts;
The best brands of Old Bourbon Whisky;
Fine WINES & BRANDIES of all kinds.

We manufacture fresh every day

Butter, Soda, and Boston Crackers,

OUR STOCK OF

Candies & Confectionery

Is equal to the best that can be found in any market.

TOYS

Of every kind just imported.

Selma, January 13, 1866.

☞ The exercises of the School under the control of the undersigned, will be resumed on Monday, Jan. 22nd, 1866.

RATES OF TUITION PER SESSION OF FIVE MONTHS.

1st. Reading, Writing, &c. $15 00
2nd. English Grammar, Geography, Nat. Philosophy, &c. with above, 20 00
3rd. Latin, Greek & the higher branches of Mathematics, with above, 25 00

☞ No deduction for absence except in cases of protracted illness. J. F. SMITH.
Jacksonville, Ala., Jan. 6, 1866

Hardware & Cutlery

For Sale by
Feb. 3, '66. E. L. WOODWARD.

Drugs & Medicines,

For Sale by
Feb. 3, '66. E. L. WOODWARD.

LYLES & FORD,

GENERAL RECEIVING, FORWARDING AND

Commission Merchants,

CITY WHARF—CORNER FRANKLIN & WATER ST.

SELMA, ALA.

☞ Particular attention paid to shipping cotton.

☞ Consignments of all kinds respectfully solicited. Jan. 20, '65.

E. L. Woodward

HAS received and now offers for sale an ASSORTMENT of

DRY GOODS,

Of desirable styles and qualities.

—ALSO—

FAMILY GROCERIES.

His Sugars, Coffee, and Orleans Molasses are good.

All are invited to call and examine.

Jacksonville, Jan. 20, 1866 —tf.

SELLING OFF At Cost!!

GREAT SACRIFICE!!!

BARGAINS OFFERED!!!

CONTEMPLATING a change of business, I now offer for sale at cost, and will continue for 30 days, my entire stock of DRY GOODS, Boots and Shoes, Ladies DRESS GOODS and Trimmings, Fancy Dry Goods, Gentleman's Ready Made Clothing & Furnishing Goods; Hats, Caps, Queensware, Cigars and Tobacco.

We would respectfully invite the attention of all to our stock, as it is the last assorted one in Jacksonville. The above will be sold at cost for the next 30 days. For Great bargains, come one and all, and examine for yourselves.

M. & L. OPPENHEIMER.
Ryan & Rowland's old stand, S. E corner of Pub. Sqr. Jacksonville, Jan. 20, '66.

H. TURNLEY,

Attorney at Law,

AND

Solicitor in Chancery.

GENERAL ADMINISTRATOR *for* CALHOUN COUNTY, and General Collecting Agent. Office fronting East door of the Court House, Jacksonville, Ala., continues the practice of Law in all its branches, in Calhoun and adjoining counties; will give special attention to drawing Wills, Deeds of Conveyance, Powers of Attorney; to the Probate of Wills, Administration of Estates, Guardianships; and will also act as Agent for the sale and purchase of Lands.

Administrators' Notice.

LETTERS of administration upon the Estate of William T. Johnson dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned on the 20th day of January, 1866, by the Hon. the Probate court of Calhoun county Alabama. Notice is hereby given, that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred.

SAMUEL CHADWELL,
Jan. 27, 1866. Adm'r.

AMBROTYPES.

E. GOODE, *Artist,*

HAS prepared an Ambrotype Gallery in this place, over Ryan & Rowland's Store, where he is prepared to take all kinds of AMBROTYPES, put up in fine or common cases, or without cases, at as low prices as can be done any where in this country. He expects in a few weeks to be prepared to take PHOTOGRAPHS with Albums, for sale. Those who want Photographs should come in soon and have their Ambrotypes taken, so that the Photographs can be taken from them as soon as he gets ready.

He hopes and believes, from his long past experience, that he can give general satisfaction, and will receive a liberal patronage from citizens of this and surrounding counties.

Jacksonville, December 16, 1865.

ASS'T ASSESSOR'S OFFICE.
U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE.
14th Division 3d Dis., Ala.

To all Whom it May Concern.

Notice to manufacturs, and persons doing business without License from the United States, subject themselves to pay the Tax, and a fine of five hundred dollars, and imprisonment for one, or both.

Manufacturers will take notice, that it is all the work they do, including the materials used, and if they make more than six hundred dollars worth of work, they are subject to take out License as manufacturers.

Owners of Saw Mills and Grist Mills, will make application for License as Manufacturers without delay.

Owners and holders of Cotton, will bring the number of Bales and Marks, and weight of the cotton, and have it assessed immediately.

Distillers, and all persons having Liquors that have not had the Tax paid, will be seized by the Collector, if not returned to this office for assessment.

Distillers will make their monthly return, on or before the first ten days of each month.

Farmers, will return the number of swine killed over twenty, on a special List. The Law puts a fine of ten dollars on each case, for not complying within ten days.

Pedlers, will take notice, that they must carry their License with them, or they subject themselves to have their wagons and contents seized.

I am now ready to receive the annual income Tax for 1864

ISAAC FRANK,
Assistant Assessor
Jan. 12th 1866.

The Best Policy is a Policy of Insurance

ISSUED by the Home Insurance Company—Cash capital

$500,000.

Risks taken on MERCHANDIZE, COTTON IN STORE, PLANTATIONS AND BUILDINGS of all classes, on REASONABLE rates.

M. J. TURNLEY,
Insurance and General Collecting Ag't.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

☞ Office east side of the public square. January 6, 1866.—6m.

D. M. FULENWIDER

WITH

G. P. HARRELL, Perry Co. J. N. ESKRIDGE, Selma. E. T. STURDIVANT Marengo Co.

Harrell, Eskridge & Sturdivant,

Commission Merchants,

AND

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN

Staple and Fancy

GROCERIES,

Plantation & Family Supplies,

WATER STREET,

SELMA, ALA.

☞ Consignments of Cotton and Country Produce respectfully solicited.

SIMON, DENMAN & STRAUS,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING,

BOOTS, SHOES AND NOTIONS.

☞ Merchants from Jacksonville and vicinity, and traders generally are solicited to call, and they can obtain good Bargains.

SIMON, DENMAN & STRAUS.
Broad Street, near Water, *SELMA, Ala.*

W. H. JUDSON, F. W. SIDDONS, } { R. J. DUNCAN, G. W. SIDDONS.

JUDSON, DUNCAN & CO.

GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

AND

Cotton Factors,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

EVERY SPECIES OF MERCHANDISE,

Broad Street, SELMA, Ala.

☞ Consignments respectfully solicited.

M. R. BOGGS, *Dallas Co.* A. E. MOTT, *formerly of Rome, Ga.* ED. WOODS, *Dallas co.*

BOGGS, MOTT & WOODS

GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

GROCERIES, Wines, Liquors, &c.

☞ Liberal advances made on consignments of COTTON and all kinds of Country Produce. Dec. 30, 1865.

DR. M. W. FRANCIS,

HAS resumed the duties of his profession in all its branches. Office, N. W. Corner of Public Square.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

November 13, 1865—tf.

Administrators' Sale of LAND.

UNDER and by virtue of an Order and Decree of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, State of Alabama, made on the 14th day of February, 1866, we will procced to sell, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, ON THE 17th day of MARCH next, at the late residence of said decedent, in said county, the following described Land belonging to the estate of William Briant, late of said county, deceased, to-wit:

The west half of the south west fourth of section five; and the north east fourth of the south east fourth of section six, except one acre sold and conveyed by deed to use of the Baptist Church in said county, called the Hebron Church, where the Hebron church now stands, in Township fourteen, Range six (6) east, in the Coosa Land District.

The above described Land will be sold on one and two years credit, (except the sum of one hundred dollars, which the purchaser will be required to pay cash.) Purchaser will be required to give note bearing interest from date with two approved securities.

TERRIL BRIANT,
BOWLING BRIANT,
Feb. 17, 1866.

A. G. PITNER, S. P. SMITH, J. H. COOPER.

PITNER, COOPER & CO,

Wholesale and Retail

GROCERS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Pitner's Corner, Broad St., Rome, Ga.

WILL Receive and Sell, Ship or Store COTTON and other Produce for the Planters. Mr. J. H. Cooper, who has had long experience in the Cotton trade, will give his special attention to that branch of the business.

Rome, Ga., Sept. 28, 1865.—6m.

Corn.

A LARGE LOT OF CORN, FLOUR AND OTHER PROVISIONS,

Soon to arrive at Hoke's Bluff, and Wyly's Landing on Coosa River, and for sale at reasonable prices.

A small lot of Corn in the ear now on hand at Wyly's Landing four miles below Gilbert's Ferry.

Apply to JOHN M. WYLY,
Jacksonville Feb 3, '66. Near Folks'.

REAPERS

AND

Traveling Threshers.

MILLER & WINGATE'S Kentucky Harvester's, Field Thrashers, Horse Powers, and other Farming Implements, ordered for any one desiring, and laid down at Greensport at *Manufacturer's prices and freight added* by

JOHN M. WYLY,
Ag't Louisville Agricultural Works.
Jacksonville, Feb 3, 1866.

Horse Collars, Bridles, Hames, Chains, Nails, Hoes, &c.

For Sale by
Feb. 3, '66. E. L. WOODWARD.

J. R. Love, Adm'r &c. vs Stephen C. Nelson, } AT RULE before the Register. Monday. Feb. 5th, 1866.

36th CHANCERY DISTRICT, NORTHERN DIVISION OF THE STATE OF ALABAMA.

THIS day came the Complainant by his Solicitors, Foster & Forney, and moved the undersigned Register for an Order of publication against the Defendant, Stephen C. Nelson: and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Register, by affidavit on file, that the said Stephen C. Nelson is a non-resident of the State of Alabama, and resides in ——— County in the State of Texas, and is of lawful age;—it is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in the Town of Jacksonville, Calhoun county, Alabama, once a week for four consecutive weeks, notifying and requiring the said Stephen C. Nelson to be and personally appear before the Register of this Court, at his office in the Town of Jacksonville, within sixty days from the date of this order, and plead, answer or demur to the Complainant's bill of complaint against him, exhibited in said Chancery Court, or the same will be taken for confessed, and the cause set for hearing, *ex parte*. It is further ordered, that a copy of this order be posted up at the court house door of Calhoun county, Ala. within twenty days from this date, and that a copy be forwarded to the Defendant in said time, if his residence is ascertained.

A true copy from the Order.
WM. M. HAMES.
Feb. 10, 1866.—$20 00

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Accordeons &c.

repaired by

E. B. McCLELLEN.

For the present he may be found at the "Kahn House" on the north side of the public square.

Jacksonville Republican

VOL. 30, NO. 2. JACKSONVILLE, ALA., MARCH 10, 1866. WHOLE NO. 1510.

Jacksonville Republican.

EDITED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY

J. F. GRANT.

LAND AGENCY.

HUGH FRANCIS

WILL attend to the purchase and sale of all Lands, Water Powers, Renting of Property, &c. confided to his care in the counties of Calhoun, St. Clair, Cherokee and Randolph, Ala. Office in the counting room of the Store formerly occupied by E. L. Woodward, Jacksonville, Ala.

REMOVAL.

Dr. J. Y. NISBET has removed his Office to the Drug store, east side of the Public Square, where he will continue the practice of Medicine as usual and where he may be always found unless professionally absent. Nov. 25. '65.—tf

W. R. HENDRIX. GEO. P. BURNETT. A. M. RIXEY

W. R. HENDRIX & CO.,

Commission Merchants, Broad Street,

SELMA ALA.,

Will attend to the sale, storing and forwarding of Cotton, Produce and Merchandise generally. All consignments to the above firm, of Burnett & Rixey, vill receive prompt attention

☞ We are prepared to repair and put cotton in order at reasonable rates. Liberal advances made on consignments.—Nov 11.

JOHN G. BELL. W. T. BELL.

JOHN G. BELL & BRO.,

(*Late of Talladega*).

General Commission Merchants,

OFFICE WOODSON BUILDING, UP STAIRS, OPPOSITE GEE HOUSE, WATER STREET,

SELMA, ALA,

Will give prompt attention to all orders entrusted to their care. Consignments of Cotton and Country Produce generally, respectfully solicited. Oct. 28, 1865.

NEW BUSINESS

In Jacksonville.

THE undersigned respectfully announce to the public, that they have opened an

AUCTION AND COMMISSION HOUSE

In the front room of M. J. Turnley's Law office, and propose to do a General Auction and Commission Business: will receive on consignment, and sell every description of produce, from a pound of Butter to a Bale of Cotton, and every description of Merchandise. We will have regular Auction Sales on the first and third Mondays in each month, or oftener if necessary. We will make it our special business to sell at auction on the first and third Saturdays in each month, live stock, such as Horses, Mules, Cattle, Hogs, &c.; and we request all persons having such property to sell, to bring it in to us on those days, by 10 o'clock, A. M.

We propose in connection with the above to keep a general

INTELLIGENCE OFFICE.

where Freedmen and others wishing to get situations, and those who want to hire such, can do so on the most liberal terms. We request all who are out of employment, to call at our office and give their names, location & kind of employment desired, and those wishing to hire laborers of any kind, will find it to their interest to give us a call

We hope by strict attention to business, & prompt returns for sales, to merit and obtain a liberal patronage in our new enterprise.

Jan. 6. R. H. & W. B. WYNN.

C. PELHAM,

Attorney at Law,

Talladega, Ala.

WILL give prompt attention to all business entrusted to his care in Calhoun, St. Clair, Randolph and Talladega counties.

Special attention will be given to obtaining PARDONS. Arrangements have been made to secure protection to property within the shortest time possible. Office on the east side of the public square, formerly occupied by Gov. Parsons. Sep. 2, '65.

Administrators Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of W B Eubanks, dec. having been granted to the undersigned, on the 30th day of Jan'y. 1866, by the Hon. A. Woods, Judge of the Probate Court for Calhoun county Ala.—Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said Estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law or that the same will be barred; and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to come forward and make payment. BARTLETT OWEN, Adm.

B. M. LUNDIE. GEO FERGUSSON.

LUNDIE & CO.,

(SUCCESSORS TO W. Y. LUNDIE.)

COTTON FACTORS AND GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

OFFICE BROAD STREET, SELMA, ALA.

Special attention given to the sale and shipment of Cotton, on which we will pay freight, charges, and Revenue Tax.

Orders for the purchase of Groceries and other articles promptly filled, when accompanied with the Cash or City Acceptance.

REFERENCES:

M. J. A. Keith & Co., Selma, Ala., Gen. J. G. L. Huey, Talladega, Ala.; J. W. Lapsley, Selma, Ala.; A. M. Goodwin, Selma, Ala.; Walker Reynolds, Alpine, Ala.; John A. Winston & Co., Mobile, Ala.; Hon. T. A. Walker, Jacksonville, Ala.; Jurey & Harris, New Orleans, La.; E. C. Hannon, Montgomery, Ala. Jan. 27, 1866.

DRUGS, DRUGS.

Stroh, Knight & Co.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DRUGGISTS.

We are now receiving a large and well selected stock of

DRUGS, MEDICINES,
PAINTS, OILS,
GLASS, VARNISHES,
DYE STUFFS,
PATENT MEDICINES,
PERFUMERY, &c.

We intend to make it to the interest of Physicians & Dealers generally to buy of us. We are prepared to sell goods cheaper than at any point this side of the Ohio river, as we receive our goods direct from the manufactures. Our motto—

Quick Sales and Small profits.

The very best of

Imported Wines & Liquors

constantly on hand, at wholesale and retail. Also a CHOICE WINE for sacremental purposes.

You will certainly find it to your advantage to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere. Call at

McGUIRE & PIESOM'S OLD STAND,

ON BROAD ST. ROME, GA.,

Nov. 26 '65—3m. ...3m....

G. C. ELLIS. J. H. CALDWELL

ELLIS & CALWELL,

Attorneys at Law,

AND

Solicitor in Chancery.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in CRIMINAL CASES, in the counties of Calhoun, Talledega, St. Clair, Randolph, Cherokee and DeKalb. Jan. 6, 1866.

ALA. & TENN. RIVER R. R.

TRAINS leave Selma daily (Sunday excepted at 7 A. M., and arrive at Blue Mountain at 7 05 P. M:

Returning, leave Blue Mountain at 7 A. M., and arrive at Selma at 6 30 P.-M.

A daily line of stages connects Blue Mountain and Rome, 60 miles, making this the shortest, quickest and cheapest line of travil between South Alabama and Chattanooga and points North.

WM. ROTHROCK, Gen. up't.

SALT, SUGAR, COFFEE, &C. &C.

FOR SALE BY

E. L. WOODWARD.

Wanted.

100 Bushels of DRIED PEACHES, for which the highest market price will be given in Goods or Cash.

J. H. PARNELL. & CO.

COTTON SEED FOR SALE.

WE have received a lot of FRESH COTTON SEED from the lower country which we offer for sale. Call soon if you wish to be supplied.

S. & S. J. MORGAN.

Oxford, Ala. Dec. 2. 1865.—tf.

HILLS & PANCHEN,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

IRON, CUTLERY, GUNS, TOOLS

AND

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

(SIGN OF THE PADLOCK.)

Broad Street. Rome, Ga.

Charles E. Hills. J. Seymour Panchen.

In Chancery.

Taliaferro Y. Oliver, *vs.* David Moore, and Washington Webb. } AT RULES before the Register, Feb. 28th, 1866.

In Chancery, 36th Chancery District, Northern Chancery Division, State of Alabama.

THIS day came the Complainant by his Solicitors, Foster & Forney, and moved the undersigned Register, for an Order of Publication against the Defendant, David Moore; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Register, from affidavit on file, that the said David Moore is a non-resident of the State of Alabama, and that his Post Office is unknown to affiant, and that said Defendant is above the age of twenty-one years.—It is therefore Ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a weekly Newspaper published in the Town of Jacksonville, Alabama, once a week for four consecutive weeks, notifying and requiring the said David Moore to be and personally appear before the Register of this Court, at his office in the Town of Jacksonville, Alabama, within sixty days from the date of this order, and plead, answer or demur to Complainant's Bill of Complaint exhibited against him and one Washington Webb, in said Chancery Court, or the same will be taken for confessed, and the cause set for hearing ex parte as to him. It is further ordered, that a copy of this order be posted up at the Court-house door of Calhoun county, Alabama, within twenty days from this date. Granted Feb. 28th, 1866.

WM. M. HAMES, Regis'er.

March 3.—$20 00.

JOHN FOSTER, WM. H. FORNEY.

FOSTER & FORNEY,

Attorneys at Law,

Jacksonville Alabama.

WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State.

Dec. 23d, 1865.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of Daniel Heifner, dec'd. having been granted to the undersigned, by the Probate court of Calhoun County Ala on the 27th day of July, 1865; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said Estate, to present them legally authenticated within the time prescribed by law or they will be barred: and all persons indebted are requested to make payment.

Jan. 13. J. CRANKFIELD, Adm.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of Lewis L. Rhea,, dec'd having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate court of of Cherokee County, Ala on the 20th day of Dec., 1865; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said Estate to present them, legally authenticated. within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and all persons indebted willmake payment.

Jan 6 PRESTON SHARP, Adm'r.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration upon the Estate of Rich'd L. Phillips, deceased having been granted to the undersigned on the 1th day of November, 1865, by the Honorable John K. Hoge Judge of Probate court of DeKalb county. Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said Estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred. ABNER PHILLIPS,

Jan. 13. Adm.

Desirable Lands for Sale.

Farm of 800 acres in Calhoun county Alabama within 6 miles of Jacksonville the county seat, 1 mile of the town of Alexandria, and 7 miles of Blue Mountain Station on the Jacksonville and Selma Railroad. Three hundred acres open the remainder very heavily timbered with pine and oak. One lot, 160 acres is detached ½ mile from the main body. Improvements a large framed dwelling with 8 good sized rooms well finished, located in a beautiful oak grove—all necessary out buildings. There is a large never failing spring within 100 yards of the house with a branch flowing from it nearly large enough to turn a mill—also a well of fine water in the yard—it has on it also a large gin house—a large apple and peach orchard, and taken altogether is one of the most valuable and desirable farms in North Alabama.

ALSO—A Farm of 870 acres more or less in Calhoun county, Ala., within 8 miles of Jacksonville, 1 mile of Alexandria and 7 miles of Blue Mountain Station on the Jacksonville & Selma Railroad—350 acres cleared the balance in original forest heavily timbered. This farm is very finely watered by spring branches which head on the place—80 acres of the open land is cedar bottom of very superior quality producing a good season 50 bushels of corn per acre and 1 bale of cotton. Improvements—a large well finished frame house and all necessary out buildings in a good state of preservation. There is a Baptist church on the land—and the society in the neighborhood equal to any in the State. This farm in the hands of a good practical farmer could be made one of the most productive in the region in which it is located. It has on it 1½ miles of cedar fencing taken off the cedar bottom. Lime stone is very abundant on the place which could be converted into lime at very little cost either for market or for fertilizing purposes on the farm.

HUGH FRANCIS. Agent

For Sale & Purchase of Lands.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, *Cherokee County.*

Probate Court, for said county, Special Term, Feb. 2d, 1865.

ON this day Wm. A. Vincent, Executor of the last will of H. H. Vincent, presented his petition praying for an order to sell the Lands belonging to said Estate for distribution; and showing that Nancy Lavender, wife of Lemuel Lavender resides in Wilkerson county, Ga.; John M Vincent resides in Wood county Texas; Wm A Vincent, Emily S Raiford and Leander Gardner are the heirs and distributees of said estate.

The 16th day of April, 1866 is set apart by the Court for hearing said petition.

LEMUEL J. STANDEFER, Judge of Probate.

N. S. PUNCH ALEX. T. HAWTHORN.

PUNCH & HAWTHORN,

Cotton Factors,

—AND—

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 23, COMMERCE STREET,

MOBILE, ALA.

☞ W. B. WYNN, of Jacksonville is our authorized Agent for the purchase and shipment of cotton, orders for Groceries, Plantation Supplies, &c

P. & H.

Nov. 18, 1865—3m.

WM. L. BAKER, Mobile. JNO. C. GRAHAM, Selma.

BAKER, GRAHAM & CO.

Successors to Baker, Lawler & Co. and Baker, Robbins & Co.

COTTON FACTORS

AND

Commission Merchants,

MOBILE, ALA.

We have secured the services of Mr. R. P. Baker and Mr. Geo. Spaulding, and connected with our business *Receiving and Forwarding Goods.* Having every facility for Shipments and Storage, we are prepared to offer inducements to Shippers to consign their goods to our care, and promise faithful attention to all consignments. We are agents for *no Boats.*

BAKER, GRAHAM, & CO.

Feb. 10, 1866.—6m.

BOYD'S PROLIFIC

COTTON SEED

For Sale.

I am now receiving daily a large lot of Fresh Cotton Seed, and will sell them at the lowest market price. Call and examine.

J. H. PARNELL,

Feb. 10. at S P Hudson's old stand.

GROCERIES.

Crushed, Loaf & Brown SUGAR,
COFFEE, Molasses, Rice, Salt,
Mackerel, in bbls. half bbls and kits.
Candles, and Nails, assorted,
Powder, Shot and Caps,
Pickles, Pepper, Spice, Ginger,
Oysters, Sardines, Soda, Indigo,

Cotton Yarns.

Snuff, chewing and smoking Tobacco,
LIQUORS, by the case and barrel,
Candies and Raisins by the box,
Nuts, Cheese and Crackers,
Cigars, Mustard, Blacking,

Cotton Cards.

IRISH POTATOES, Onions, FLOUR;
And a choice lot of 5000 bush. Fresh

COTTON SEED.

Buckets, Hames, Chains, Hoes, Axes,
Tin-ware, Paper & Envelopes.

Which we are selling at Selma prices with freight added.

S & T. J. MORGAN.

Oxford Ala. Jan. 27, 1866.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of Jas. R Sims, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of DeKalb County, on the 23rd day of December, 1865; Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said Estate to present them legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law or they will be barred; and all persons indebted are required to make payment.

Jan. 27. HENRY P. WARREN, Admr.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of W. P. Smith, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of Calhoun County, on the 13th Jan. 1866; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present them legally authenticated within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred: and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment.

GEO. I. TURNLEY, Adm'r.

Feb. 10, 1866.

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of J. A. Turnipseed dec'd are hereby notified that all the notes and accounts belonging to said estate have been placed in my hands for collection by the Adm'x, I therefore hope that the parties concerned, will call on me at my office in Jacksonville without delay and settle up, by so doing we may save both cost and trouble. Wm M HAMES.

Feb. 1st, 1866.

TEH STATE OF ALABAMA, *St. Clair county.*

Probate Court, Feb. 9th, 1866.

John Wester, dec. Estate of } In a matter of Dower, }

THIS day came Henry W Box, administrator in this court of said Estate, and filed his petition in writing and under oath, praying for an order assigning dower to Celia Wester, widow of deceased, in one third portion of Lands described in said petition, of which decedent died seized and possessed. It is ordered, that the 26th day of March, 1866, be appointed a day for hearing such application, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same if they think proper. JOHN A. ZELLNER,

Judge of Probate.

Administrators Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of Jas. F. Stone, having been granted to the undersigned, on the 13th day of Feb. 1866, by Hon. John A. Zelner Judge of the Probate Court for St. Clair county Ala.—Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said Estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law or that the same will be barred.

M. S. JONES,

Feb. 24, '66. NANCY T. STONE.

Northern Chancery Division of Alabama, 36th Chancery District. Jacksonville, Ala Feb. 17th, 1866.

IN VACATION.

THERE having been no regular term of the Chancery Court for this Distrie held in January, at provided by law; It is hereby ordered, that an Extra Term of the Chancery court for said district be held in the Town of Jacksonville, Ala. on Monday the 9th day of April, 1866, to continue for three days.

It is further ordered, that notice of the time of holding said term of the court be published for thirty days in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in [illegible] county, Ala. SAM'L K. [illegible]

Feb. 17, 1866

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of [illegible] of Jno. M Davis, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of Cherokee County, on the 3rd day of Feb. 1866, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate, to present them legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred.

Wm. H. GARMANY, Adm.

Feb. 24. 1866.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of administration having been granted to the undersigned, by the Probate court of Calhoun county, Ala. on the estate of Wade Blalock, dec'd. on the 17th of February, 1866: Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred: and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment.

Mar. 3. JOHN T. WILSON, Adm.

WANTED.

WE want to hire fifty good hands, to shell corn, load cars, &c. for which we will pay one dollar per day per hand in corn or money. For particulars apply to our Agt. V. L. Ware, Blue Mountain.

MILLER, THOMAS & CO.

Union Town, March 3, 1866.

[From the Metropolitan Record.]

BILL ARP

TO MR. TAMMANY HALL.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Feby. 1866.

DEAR TAMMANY.—

You are a glorious old feller. You've got a heart—a great big heart—and if you were here I would exclaim in the langdwage of my unkle Bill, "put your hand in mine, boney, and kiss me." We are whiped at last, old Tammany. We rebs are conquerd, subdued, and subjugated, not by bayonets or bullets, but by your frendly overtures, your manly speeches. You and Suny South Cox and Company have captured us, taken us prisoners, and we are now as docile as we have been hostile. 'Dident I tell you that we would meet you on half way grown? Dident we stretch forth our arms for sympathy, and wasent we about to turn away in defience and despair for the want of it?

—"We spared the mantle of oblivion over the past If you of the South have the spirit to accept we of the North have the heart to tender you the offices of kindness. We will help you plant again the seed whose perfect leaves, flowers and furits shall be yours with ours to enjoy."

Did Mr. Cox say that, old Tammany, and did you clap your hands and say, "orgkhore?"

"We are to-day arrayed against the contention concerning the black race, and are looking forward to the white race for the welfare and greatness of our country." And dident you say that, too old Tammany? and dident all hands jewbilee and exclaimed "that's it them's 'em, that's the doktrine, the nigger may be a big fish, but the white man is a whale." And dident you all take another drink on that, Mr. Tammany? Wish some of us rebs had been there, old fel, jest to have techd tumblers with you. Thank the Lord that there are good men North of Dixey. There's a heap of 'em here, Mr. Hall, and their hearts are jumpin and a bumpin and a thumpin as big as yours. Their hearts were castles, and their buzzums sitadels, but you have taken 'em Dont be alarmed, dont reseed, dont take back nuthin; be kalm and screen and we of the rebellious South will wipe out the last spark of hatred to such as you. We are now wipin away the curses that were upon our lips. We are risin up from and humiliation, and like strong men are shakin the dust from our garments. Think of it, Tammany. What a glorious sight to see a brave peepul lifted up—a whole nation of white folks rekonsiled. What spirit, what gost, what inspiration told you how to reach us? How did you know that we was weak where we was strong, in the same secret corner of our buzzums?

You've got us Tammany and we'll respond to you, we'll reinforce you. We've said some hard things, Mr. Hall; we've tried to skotch, and blister and excoriate, but you see we were goaded, gored by bulls—Trumbulls and Republican bulls. They bellerd and we pawed dirt. They punched us in the cage, and we growled. They put tax under our saddles and we kicked. What else could we do? Jest think of it, Tammany. Ruined and desolate, the people in mournin and their homes in ashes—no luxuries, no comforts, no Christmas worth a cus, no Santa Claws, no nuthin. Could we lick the hand that laid us low?—nary time—no, never. While we was strugglin to rise from out the wreck, to breath the air above us, to take an invoice and see if there was enuf left to live for, our enemeies were a shoutin hit him, kick him, mash him, smash him agin.

We were then at the bottom, Tammany. We didn't know there was any lower deep but our enemies were huntin, and they still are huntin some deep-[illegible] to put us in, and some pendulum [illegible] to swing and cut us. Well we aint heathens, we've been to meetin, we've seen misshionerys, we've got churches and sermons, and hymn books and prayers. We've got pious old men and wimmen, and brave boys, and maidens who are finished all the way up like the corners of a temple. God bless em, Tammany, partickler them last, for in connection with them are centerd the hopes of posterity and the joys of our life. We've all got hearts, old Tammany, and there's many a good Samaritan among us who wouldent pass you by and go over on the other side.

We've got charity too, and long suffering, and patience, and hope in abundance, though we cant believe them Radicals will walk right straight into heaven without knockin at the door That doktrine of elektion is a powerful thing, Tammany, but as shore as you are born it looks sorter unconstitutional *to us* for them fellers to enter the celestial city. They may pass amendments enuf to do it, and I reckon that's why they are a tinkerin at the old dokumen so long; but somehow or other when I hear of one of em a dyin, my thoughts naterally have a downward tendency. I cant help it, Tammany.

But maybe we'll get over sich a feelin. My wife says we will *otterwhile* We are all right towards you, old Hall, and our Legislature have been tryin for about two months to harmonize things generally, and any reasonable man ought to be satisfide with the efforts they have made. But we can't satisfy them Radikals. I don't care what we do. We elekted Mr. Stevens and Hershel Johnsin to the Senate, and they are mad about that. They wanted Josh Hill and Jeems Johnsin because they was *Union.* Well now, Mr. Tammany, its better always to take men who have done sumthin than men who have done nuthin Mr. Hill delivered his farewell address before he was beat, and he said he would like to know why we sing hosanna to Andy Johnsin, who fout agin us, and yet we wont elekt him who dident. That's what's the matter Joshua, if I may be allowed to postrofize you, you dident tak no side at all. You say you can take test oath and git in. Well I dont see how exaktly. You run for 'Governor in sixty-three, and you writ a letter agin rekonstruktion and compared the old union *to a porcelain vase that was broke,* and couldent never be mended agin—no never.

And dont you know if you'd been elekted you would have had to take the oath of office, and be sworn to support the Constitution of the Canfederate States so called, now deceased But you are smart Joshua, and it was funny what you said to the General that night, when he axd you if you would have taken that oath. You paused Joshua for nearly a minet. It was a mighty tite question, considerin the porcelian vase that was brok. I dont blame you for pausin, my friend.—Finally says you, "Well—General—I—I—dident—much—expect—to—be—elekted." Bully for you, Joshua But now about that see saw bisiness you spoke of, you said in your speech that you was playin see-saw in politix, and if your end of the plank went down in Georgy it would go up in Washington, by which I suppose you meant that you was ready to swap ends jest to suit your pekuliar seckumstances; and that's what's the matter agin Joshua. You have been seesawin too long and changin ends too often. Twasent no time to be swappin hosses my friend.

But see here Joshua, Mr. Marshall may be a clever reporter, but he treated you badly. He's left out a heap of your speech. He aint had printed that see be saw figer at all, and it was I assure you a most beautiful metafor of speech. And hes left out them little sparks of Southern patriotism which you emitted. Howsomever, may be these things would have been in the way of the *Washinton* and of the see saw. I'll tell you my friend, where you wasted time in your remarks. You said that if we dident elekt you *now* we might want you hereafter, and then we couldent git you. Dont worry yourself on our akkount. Dont cross the bridge before you git to it. It will be time enuff. Joshua, for you to refuse when we ax you. We havent been runn[illegible] you down to give you offis, and [illegible] we a goin to. Do you seesaw away on [illegible] plank, and take good care that you fall off. Your speech was so [illegible]ful Joshua, and if reduced to [illegible] would read about thus. "B[illegible] whale, I em, am, and Im a prop[illegible] if you dont elekt me to the S[illegible] go to Washington and giv[illegible] devil"

Well, we dident elect him [illegible] many, and the devil ma[illegible] the ladgwage of Patric[illegible] him come"—I repeat it, come" There was anot[illegible] Mr. Hall, whose name w[illegible] sin Well, I like Je[illegible] He dident run nobody [illegible] airs. I mout have vo[illegible] had lived in the State, and [illegible]ed Hershel better- The[illegible] partial to Jeems for his [illegible] He was a powerfull war[illegible] one. How glorious he [illegible] Columbus war meeting. [illegible]ed the boys amazin, and h[illegible] body a gitin volunteers. [illegible] we was of him that night, [illegible] Colonel Sims made friends [illegible] and the Colonel pind a [illegible]ade upon Jeems coat [illegible] got inspired, and s[illegible] in words that brea[illegible] death, and was full o[illegible] His watch word were *seceshion,*" and he vot[illegible] Oh, he's a whale in [illegible] Alas! he were *silk sem*[illegible] are *silk transit* now. [illegible] Mr. Tammany: I [illegible] bowsomever, it d[illegible] reckon, for we've [illegible] and they are a hi[illegible]

Now you und[illegible] Tammany, abo[illegible] was huntin for [illegible] men who could [illegible] ington and ha[illegible]

we couldent find em. They aint in the State, I tell you. So we fell back upon the old land marks, we are ridin the old wagin hosses, and our opinion is, that Andy wont raise any row in partikler about it. *If he does, we don't care a darn.*

Yours truly,
BILL ARP.

P. S.—I'm gittin to be highly loyal. Mr. Hall, I know I am; for a feller tried to sell me a little nigger to-day, I *wouldn't buy him.* I heard of a bill that's cumin up to bind out the niggers for 99 years, and I'm agin it. Darnd if I'll vote for more than 50. You can tell Thad. Stevens of thes hopefull signs.
B. A.

Jacksonville Republican.

JACKSONVILLE ALABAMA

SATURDAY, MAR. 10, 1866

Terms of Subscription.

For one year, in advance, ... $3 00
For 6 months, " " 1 75

Terms of Advertising.

One square of ten lines or less, first insertion, ... $2 00
Each subsequent insertion, ... 1 00
Over one sqare counted as two, over two as three, &c. A liberal discount made on advertisements continued for three, six, or 12 months.
Annunciation of Candidates, ... $5 00
Obituaries charged at advertising rates.

CANDIDATES.

For Circuit Judge.

We are authorized to announce **Hon. M. J. Turnley**, of Jacksonville, as a candidate for Judge of the 10th Judicial Circuit—election first Monday in May next.

We are authorized to announce **John Henderson, Esq.**, of Talladega, as a candid for Judge of the 10th Judicial Circuit—election the first Monday in May next.

We are authorized to announce **Geo. S. Walden, Esq.** of Talladega, as a candidate for Judge of the 10th Judicial Circuit—election first Monday in May next.

To the Editor the of Republican.

Circumstances of a private business character induce me to withdraw my name from the canvass for Circuit Judge of this Circuit.

W. B. MARTIN.

Jacksonville, Ala. March 10th 1866.

For Judge of Probate.

We are authorized to announce **Hon. A. Woods**, as a candidate for Probate Judge for Calhoun county—election 1st Monday in May, 1866.

We are authorized to announce **J. C. McAuley, Esq.** as a candidate for Probate Judge of Calhoun county—election first Monday in May next.

We are authorized to announce **Capt. J. B. Farmer**, as a candidate for Probate Judge of Calhoun County—election first Monday in May next.

We are authorized to announce **Wm. M. Hames, Esq.** as a candidate for Probate Judge for Calhoun County—election first Monday in May next.

D. M. FULENWIDER, with Harrell, Eskridge & Sturdivant, of Selma, is our authorized Agent, to contract, receive and receipt for subscription and advertising for the Republican.

J. A. Fleming, School Superintendant for this County, gives notice in this paper that he will meet with persons having business connected with his office, in Jacksonville on the first Saturday in each month.

The attention of friends and patrons of educational institutions are invited to the advertisement of Mr. W. H. Barton, principal of Longstreet Academy, 15 miles south of this place. Longstreet is a healthy and pleasant location, and Mr. Barton a competent, experienced, and justly popular teacher.

The Washington National Intelligence of a late date, contains a full list of all the members of Congress North and South, in which the name Col. J. M. Shield, of this place, appears as one of the members from Ala-

ons wishing to procure, Ambrotographs, &c. are referred to adver't Oppenheimer, of Mobile, who will d to furnish them in a few days, in style of the art.

ption is invited to the card of Dr. who is a graduate and medical ten years experience.

R. RAILROAD.—We publish e Selma Messenger, the leadares, of a recent address, by Directors of this road, sett' general terms, the presare prospects of the comoection, a proposition for f the interest due and unpaid

ments it will be seen that he company is much better, the enormous losses sustainod and the public enemy, than ared or hoped for. It is earnat the liberal and practicable ade for liquidation of the interv be accepted—that measures by the President and Direcuilding of the road, so ten or Rome, or both, fidently anticipate that pany will soon be at par. ould be generously and libthe immense number of rests, both in stock and eatly involved.

ALTY.—On Wednesday bard, while engaged ue Mountain, was a piece of falling severely injured urs after. Mr. H. ndustrious and enfor a number of of the Baptist esteemed by all ut 35 years of ngers and toils army, receiv-

ed a painful wound at Chickamauga, from which he had but recently recovered, and also been attacked by small pox from which he recovered some three weeks before his death. His memory will be long cherished with affection by his relatives, acquaintances and friends.

Dalton and Jacksonville Railroad.

We are glad to see Mr. Geo. Wadsworth, former Chief Engineer of the Dalton and Jacksonville Railroad, among us again. He is just from the East, en route to Selma, on business of the road, and expects to see the construction of our work commenced before long. He will revise the location at once, beginning at Rome, and be ready for contractors in the course of four or six weeks.

Mr. W. on his way had communication with officers of all the roads from Washington to Dalton, and found them extremely anxious to have this gap of 100 miles closed up.

When this road is completed and the work from Selma to Pollard, the distance from New York to Mobile and Pensacola will be reduced to about 1230 miles, all rail route at that.

[From the Selma Daily Messenger.]

The Alabama and Tennessee Rivers Railroad.

We have before us an address, made by the President and Board of Directors of the Alabama & Tennessee Rivers Railroad company to the bond-holders of that company, setting forth, in brief and general terms, the present condition and future prospects of the company, so far as calculated to interest the creditors and stockholders, and submitting, in connection with it, a proposition for the liquidition of the interest due and unpaid on the bonds.

This address contains some valuable information which the stockholders and creditors would be pleased to see. We will in brief terms lay before our readers the leading facts and features of this address.

It shows the road is finished 135 miles, and in operation to Blue Mountain. It shows that 15 miles North of Blue Mountain, in the direction of Rome and Dalton, are graded and ready for the superstructure, and that the heaviest work between Jacksonville and Gadsden is performed, and on another road, in extension of the Alabama & Tennessee Rivers Railroad, the entire grading from Gadsden to Gunter's Landing is finished, 38 miles. It shows the entire costs of the road with equipments, exclusive of interest, to have been $2,422,192,3 5.

The capital stock of the company paid in is $1,149,180 81. In 1852 the company sold $500,000 of its first mortgage bonds; and after the road was finished 109 miles, the company sold $338 000 of the same bond due and payable in 1872, making in all of the first mortgage bonds $838,000.

At different times the company has sold of its second mortgage bonds a fraction under $300,000 which fell due 1st July, 1864. A portion has been paid and leaves now out-standing and unpaid of the second mortgage bonds $225,000.

The floating debt of the company is about $154,000, thus showing that the entire debt of the company, for first and second mortgage bonds and floating debt amounts to $1,217,000.

To this should be added interest not included in the above statements. Also the cost of eight locomotives, sixty freight cars, and a large bill for railroad supplies recently purchased by the President on two years time, payable in monthly installments, the sum total being $184,184 32.

In addition to the road and appurtenances, the company own about 375,000 acres of land on and in the vicinity of the road, donated by the Congress of the United States in the year 1856. A large portion of these lands are in the mineral region near which the road lies. The grant embraces thousands of acres of what is regarded as the most valuable portion of the coal fields and iron mines of the State.

The superior quality of the coal, the thickness and position of the veins, its accessibility and proximity to market being a portion of the coal fields nearest to the Gulf, render these lands very valuable. The grant also embraces large quantities of iron ore and other minerals and large tracts of valuable timbered lands. These lands at an average of $1 per acre, would amount to $1,500,000, or more than the entire debt of the company.

The stockholders and creditors of this company will doubtless be highly gratified when they read the address of the Board of Directors made by the President, to learn that for the fiscal year, ending June 1st 1864, and for the next ten months, up to April 1st, 1865, when Selma fell, that the gross earnings of the road for one year and ten months amounted to the sum of $2,845,297 in Confederate money.

The expenses for operating the road, including the purchase and repairs of locomotives and cars, &c., amount to $1,596,081, which leaves the net earnings of the road $1,339,216 for one year and ten months. These figures show promising results for a road of 135 miles without through connections and operating under many disadvantages, with greatly inadequate machinery.

But the results of this business were much more than lost to the company by the sudden fall of the Confederate States, whose Government was indebted to this company a small fraction under one million of dollars, which was a total loss; and by the destruction of the invading force, under the command of Gen Wilson. This was followed by the loss of all the important bridges on the road but one, the greater portion of trestle works, the depots, platforms, machine shops and machinery, forwarding warehouses, offices; seven locomotives and the largest portion of the freight cars & other valuable property. These losses were very heavy and left the company in a greatly embarrassed condition, without a dollar of available means.

The report shows the bridges have been replaced, road repaired and in operation, part of the depots rebuilt, and other buildings in process of construction. The gross earnings of the road, with its inadequate rolling stock, since its destruction to the first of January, 1866, amounts to $201,856 65, which earnings have been expended in operating the road, making repairs, purchasing tools, machinery, and paying debts, &c.

The report shows the future prospects of the road and its contemplated extension and connections, which should be read by every one interested. This address and report can be had by calling at the office of the company, copies having been sent off to many of the stockholders and bond-holders.

And in conclusion, the Board of Directors, propose to the bond-holders to fund their interest debt, by giving them income-bonds for the interest due and to become due in July next, bearing the same rate of interest as the principal bonds, and to devote the entire net earnings of the road, from and after a period to be agreed on, to the payment of these bonds and interest thereon, these income-bonds to be held as collaterals for the payment of the coupons, and to be placed in the hands of a trustee to be agreed upon, for the benefit of the bond-holders, the coupons to be surrendered and canceled as the bond set apart for them shall be paid.

PARTY TIES.—The New York Journal of Commerce trusts that party ties will prove weak when men come to consider the simple question now before them:

"Shall we sustain the Union and the President, or sustain the enemies of the Union and crush the President? The issue is made up, and must soon be decided."

Its advice is also practical, timely, and true when it says:

"If the Radicals in Congres conquer Mr. Johnson, there is no chance for peace or prosperity in America during the present generation; and the Northern Radicals are willing to sell their principle to day for the sake of acquiring office and spoils, and the ability to manage Northern States in the interest of disunion. For here i the fundamental point, brought forward by Mr. Johnson with startling force, that these Northern extremists are enemies of the country. They put on every species of disguise. They go to the people of the Northern States, representing them selves as the friends of the president and his policy, and having obtained power they set themselves in the way of the Government, and if they are not made to "get out of it" the Government wheels must stop.

The conservative Republicans have it now in their power to save the nation. On them rests the responsibility.

Mr. Johnson emphatically belongs to them. They are his party. He is not the man of the Democratic party, and the Democrats have no right to claim him. They will support his reconstruction policy, heart and soul, and therefore the conservative Republicans may look to them as a power to be used for the accomplishment of Mr. Johnson's wishes."

SIGNIFICANT.—The New York World of the 29th inst. says:

Among the signs of the times may be noticed the fact that Henry Ward Beecher indorsed the President's policy including the Freedmen's Bureau bill. He stated in his address, in Brooklyn, last night, that for thirty years he had agitated for the destruction of slavery, but that having been accomplished, he was now for the complete restoration of the Union. It is manifest that if men like Beecher leave the Republican party, Stevens will not have a corporal's guard at his back in the House of Representatives which succeeds the present one.

The Macon Telegraph publishes an order from the Secretary of the Treasury, discontinuing all Treasury Agencies in the Southern States ordering the agents to suspend all proceedings with regard to cotton, and report all matters in their hands to the Department forthwith. This will be good news to our people generally, and especially to that large class who have suffered and are still suffering under the action of the Treasury agents, most of whom, we presume, have conformed strictly to their instructions. There are no such agencies in existence now, and the public will bear it in mind.

An order from Captain Wharton discontinuing his at this place, and releasing all cotton held by him or his sub-agents under embargo, will be found in this issue.—*Atlanta Intel.*

The loss by the ice gorges at St. Louis, as figured up by the newspapers, reaches the enormous sum of nine hundred and sixty thousand two hundred dollars. It is further estimated that the damage to business during the blockade will swell the amount to several million dollars.

INTERESTING FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The Committee on Reconstruction reported a joint resolution to the House to admitt Tennessee into the Union on certain conditions to be ratified by the people. Among them are; no part of the Confederate debt to be paid, and all persons who engaged in the rebellion are not to vote or be elegible to office for a certain period. This is the Republican programme to be applied to all the Southern States.

The House, by a vote of thirty-seven against one hundred, refused to receive a communication from the Governor of North Carolina enclosing a resolution of the Legislature signifying their acceptance of lands for agricultural College purposes. The vote was taken after the declaration of Mr. Stevens that the House did not recognize North Carolina as a State in the Union.

Longstreet Academy.

THE undersigned has charge of this Academy for the present year. It is situated in a pleasant neighborhood, at Davis' Cross Roads, fifteen miles south of Jacksonville.

Rates of tuition moderate.

A few boarders will be received by citizens residing near the Academy.

WM. H. BURTON, Principal.

March 10, 1866.

In Chancery.

John Y. Nisbet, vs. James R. Slayton and Thomas N. Anglin. — AT RULES before the Register, Saturday, March 3, 1866. In Chancery, 36th Chancery District, Northern Chancery Division of the State of Alabama.

THIS day came the Complainant by his Solicitors Foster & Forney, and moved the undersigned Register and Master for an Order of Publication against the Defendant, James R. Slayton; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Register, from an affidavit on file, that the said Defendant, James R. Slayton is of lawful age, and a non-resident of the State of Alabama, and that he resides in the State of Mississippi, in or near Holly Springs in said State—It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in the Town of Jacksonville, Alabama, once a week for four consecutive weeks, notifying and requiring the said James R. Slayton to be and personally appear before the Register of this court, at his office in the Town of Jacksonville, Alabama, within sixty days from the date of this order, and plead, answer or demur to Complainant's Bill of Complaint, exhibited in said Chancery court against him, and Thomas N. Anglin, or the same will be taken for confessed, and the said cause set for hearing ex parte as to him. It is further ordered, that a copy of this order be posted up at the court house door of Calhoun county, Alabama, and that a copy also be forwarded to the said Defendant, at Holly Springs, Miss. within twenty days from this date.

Granted March 3rd, 1866.

WM. M. HAMES, Register.

March 10, 1866—$20 00.

BEN. OPPENHEIMER,
PHOTOGRAPH ARTIST,
OF MOBILE, ALA.,

WILL be prepared in a few days to take Ambrotypes and Photographs in the highest style of the art, *cartes de visite*, of the following styles:

Vignette ..... size.
Half Bust, ... "
Full " ..... "
" Sitting ..... "
" Standing ..... "

Also Photographs from old family Daguerreotypes and Portraits.

Ten years experience will justify his guarantee to satisfaction to all.

Jacksonville, March 10, 1866.

In Chancery.

C. B. Sieson, vs. Lucinda Champion, et als. — AT RULES before the Register, Wednesday, March 8th, 1866.

In Chancery, 36th District, Northern Chancery Division, State of Ala.

THIS day came the Complainant by his Solicitors Foster & Forney, and moved the undersigned Register for an order of publication against the Defendants, Nancy Champion, William Champion, Lucinda Champion, Mary Champion, George Thomas, and Josiah and Robert Champion and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Register, from an affidavit on file, that the said Defendants Nancy Champion and William Champion are of lawful age, and the said defendants, George Thomas, Joseph Champion and Robert Champion are minors under the age of 21 years, are all non residents of the State of Alabama, and reside in the State of Georgia, Post office unknown to affiant, also, that the said defendant, Lucinda Champion, and Mary Champion are of lawful age, and that their residence is unknown to affiant.—It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in the Town of Jacksonville, Alabama, for four consecutive weeks notifying and requiring the said Defendants, Nancy Champion, William Champion, Lucinda Champion, Mary Champion, Joseph Champion, Robert Champion and George Thomas to be and personally appear before the Register of this court at his office in the Town of Jacksonville, Calhoun county, Alabama, within sixty days from the date of this order, and plead answer or demur to complainant's bill of complaint against them or als. exhibited in said chancery court or the same will be taken for confessed, and the said cause set for hearing ex parte as to them. It is further ordered, that a copy of this order be posted up at the court house door of Calhoun county, Ala. within twenty days from this date. Granted March 8th, 1866.

WM. M. HAMES,
Mar. 10 '66—$20. Register, &c.

Dr. J W PEARCY
OF GEORGIA.

HAS located in the Town of Jacksonville, Calhoun county, Office No. 5, on Ladiga street, Office Row, where he may be found at all times, unless absent on professional business. He has been regularly engaged in the practice of medicine, in all its branches, for the last 10 years, (except two years absence in the late war,) with satisfactory success. He thinks he will be able to give general satisfaction. March 10.

Superintendent's Notice.

ALL persons having business connected with the duties of the Superintendent of Public Schools, are hereby informed that he will be in Jacksonville on the first Saturday in each month, for the purpose of attending to such business.

J. A. FLEMING,
March 10, 1866. Supt.

HATS & CAPS,

JUST arrived, and for sale by
E. L. WOODWARD.
Feb. 17, 1866.

Administrator's Sale OF LAND.

UNDER and by virtue of an Order and Decree of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, made on the 15th day of February, 1866, I will, as Administrator of the estate of Samuel P. Hudson, deceased, sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, at Blue Mountain, Calhoun county, Alabama, on TUESDAY THE 20TH DAY OF MARCH next, 1866, the following described Lands and Town Lots, belonging to the Estate of said Samuel P. Hudson, deceased, to-wit:

The south west fourth of section 16, 160 acres—the north west fourth of section 21, 160 acres—the south west fourth of north east fourth of section 21, 40 acres—the north east fourth of south west quarter Section 21, 40 acres—the north east fourth of north east quarter of section 20, 40 acres—the east half of south east quarter of section 20, 80 acres—the east half of section 29, 320 acres—the east half of south west qr. of section 29, 80 acres—the north west fourth of south west quarter of section 29, 40 acres—the north west quarter of section 30, 160 acres—the south west fourth of north east fourth of section 32, 40 acres—the north half of south east fourth of section 30, 80 acres—the north half of north east fourth of section 32, 80 acres—the north east fourth of south west fourth of section 32, 40 acres—the south half of north east fourth of section 31, 80 acres—the north east fourth of south west qr. section 31, 40 acres; all in Township 15, Range 8—the south half of north east quarter of section 25, 80 acres, in Township 15, Range 7, amounting in all to 1560 acres.

The above lands lay on and adjacent to the Alabama and Tennessee River Railroad, and around the Blue Mountain Depot, the present terminus of said Railroad.

Also east half of north west fourth—the north west fourth of the north east fourth, and the east half of the north west fourth of the north west fourth of section (25) twenty-five, township 14 fourteen, range 8, eight, containing one hundred and forty acres, known as the Nunnelley place. Also Lot in Town of Jacksonville, known as the Walnut tree lot, lying east of main street and extending from the street leading from main street to the grave yard, and extending to the branch, containing twelve acres more or less.

Also the following Town Lots in the Town of Jacksonville, Ala. Lot No. 21, containing 25 acres, except two acres given off for a grave yard. Also one Lot lying between the Brooks lot and Fain lot on Main-street, containing one and three fourth acres more or less.

The Nunnelley place and Town Lots will be sold before the court house door in Jacksonville, on Wednesday the 21st day of March, 1866.

The above described Land Town Lots will be sold on a credit of one and two years, with interest from date. Purchasers will be required to give notes with two approved securities.

J. F. GRANT, Adm.
Feb. 17, '66.

A. J. PHARES, Sumter Co. — WM. WHITE, Formerly of Jacksonville.

WHITE & PHARES,

COMMISSION, RECEIVING AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS,

SELMA, ALA.

HAVE taken the NEW BRICK WAREHOUSE near Gee's Hotel, and respectfully solicit consignments of COTTON and other produce.

Dry Storage for 1500 Bales Cotton in their Warehouse—Insurance effected if desired. Feb. 3, '66.

Blacksmithing.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he is now prepared to execute, with neatness, durability and dispatch, all descriptions of Blacksmith work, such as ironing waggons, buggies, &c. and all descriptions of Plantation work and repairing. His shop is on the east side of main street, south of the square and immediately back of Fleming's wood shop.

March 3, 1866. A. B. WEBB.

NEW HOTEL

THE undersigned having taken the Privett House situated on main street a short distance north of the Public Square, with the commodious Livery Stables attached, respectfully informs the public that she is prepared to entertain transient passengers, travellers and persons in attendance upon the Courts. Her charges will be as moderate as the times will permit. The patronage of her old friends and acquaintances is respectfully solicited. L. M. WEBB.

Jacksonville, March 3, 1866.

TIN SHOP.

THE undersigned, having procured the necessary machinery and material, and employed W. W. Nisbet, one of the best and most experienced workmen in the South, have now every, variety of

Tinware,

For sale at Wholesale and Retail at reasonable prices. Their shop is on the east side of the public square in Jacksonville. Orders, accompanied by the cash, will be promptly filled.

G. B. DOUTHET,
W. A. DRISKELL.

Old pewter, and country produce taken in exchange for Tinware. Repairing done only on Saturdays.

W. C. LAND,
Watchmaker,

CONTINUES the Watch Repairing business above McClelen's store, west side of the public square. A good lot of materials on hand, and work done with despatch and at low rates to suit the times.

Jacksonville, Feb. 24, 1866.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said county, Special Term, Jan. 22nd, 1866.

This day came John W. Ledbetter and John W. Whiteside, Administrators of the Estate of Moses Whiteside, deceased, and filed their application, setting forth among other things, that decedent was the owner and in possession of the following described Lands, to-wit:

The north west quarter of section three, in Fractional Township thirteen of Range ten east, containing one hundred and forty and 17-100 acres. The east half of the north east quarter of section four, in Fractional Township thirteen of Range ten east, containing eighty and 21-100 acres. The west half of the north east quarter of section four, in Fractional Township thirteen, Range ten east, containing eighty and 21-100 acres. The North west quarter of the north east quarter of section four in Fractional Township thirteen and Range ten east, containing forty and 12-100 acres, except eighty acres sold in lifetime of intestate off of the east portion of the above described lands.

They further represent that the following named persons are non-resident distributees of said estate, who reside beyond the limits of the State of Alabama, to-wit: Mary M Penland, wife of S. H. Penland, who resides in the State of Georgia; Rebecca S. Kelly wife of Russel Kelly, who resides in the State of Texas; Elizabeth Cowden, wife of Franklin Cowden, who resides in the State of Texas; the children of James M. Whiteside, deceased, to-wit: Sarah A. Whiteside, Thomas C Whiteside, J M S. Whiteside, A. D. L. Whiteside, M. H. Whiteside, Mary E. Whiteside and ——— Whiteside, all of whom are minors, and reside in the State of Texas. The children of Martha M. Woolf, deceased, late the wife of Henry W. Woolf, to-wit: Marshal L Woolf, who resides in Cherokee county, Alabama, Mary A. Woolf, Mose Woolf, Washington Woolf, Sarah A. Woolf, Clarisa E C Woolf, all of whom are minors, and reside in the State of Texas, except Marshal L. Woolf as above stated.

Said Administrators further state, that a fair, just and equitable division of said lands cannot be made among the heirs and distributees of said estate without a sale thereof, and ask the Court to grant an order authorising them to sell said described lands for the purpose of distribution.

It is therefore ordered by the Court, that Monday the 12th day of March next be set for the hearing of said application; and that notice of the filing of the same be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said county, for forty days prior to said day, which shall be a notice to said non-residents, as well as all others interested in said application, to be and appear before me, at my office in the town of Jacksonville, on said Monday the 12th day of March, next, when and where they can contest said application if they desire.

Given under my hand at office this 22nd day of January, 1866.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.
Jan 27.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said county, February 22nd, 1866.

THIS DAY came A. and E. B. Downing, Administrators of the Estate of T. J. Downing, deceased, and filed their application, setting forth among other things, that said deceased was the owner, and in possession of the following described Lands, to-wit: The south east quarter of section fifteen, Township fifteen and Range six except the north east fourth of said quarter section.

They further state that said Lands cannot be equitably, fairly and beneficially divided between the heirs and distributees of said estate without a sale thereof; and that a sale thereof is necessary to pay the debts of said estate, and for distribution among the heirs and distributees of said estate.

They further represent, that the following named heirs and distributees of sain Estate reside beyond the limits of the State of Alabama, to-wit: Charity Downing, widow of decedent who resides in the city of Rome, Floyd county, Georgia, Thomas J. Downing who resides in parts unknown to petitioner; Charity Lane, wife of W. B. Lane, and her husband W. B. Lane, who resides in Rome, Floyd county, Giorgia, and Giles L. Downing who resides with his mother Charity Downing, in Rome, Floyd county, Georgia, and all of whom are of full age, except the said Charity Lane and Giles L. Downing.

It is therefore Ordered by the court, that Monday the 16th day of April next be set for the hearing of said application, and that notice of the filing of the same be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said county for three successive weeks, and at least forty days prior to said day, as a notice to said non-residents, heirs and distributees of said Estate, as well as all others concerned, to be and appear before me at my office in the Town of Jacksonville, on said Monday the 16th day of April next, when and where they can contest said application if they desire.

Given under my hand at office this 28th day of February, 1866.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.
March 3.

Just Received.

PLOWS.

A Lot of **Shaffer's Patent Plows**, which are the finest Steel Plows in the country. The advantage of this plow is, that a man can, without the aid of horse and wagon, take part of the plow to a shop and have it repaired. All other steel plows are solid, and in repairing them you lose the time of a man and team to take the whole plow to the shop.

Also Moore & Barrett's single and double plow, which will be sold at a small advance on factory prices. Orders for Agricultural Implements promptly filled.

March 3. M. & L. OPPENHEIMER.

peech of President Johnson

ASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—The Nation-onument Society held a meeting to-President Johnson presided, and a few remarks, alluding to Wash-n's Farewell Address as containing rinciples by which he sought to be ed, and expressing the hope that all States would continue their contri-ns to the structure, to be completed enduring memorial to the restora-of all the States to their proper re-s to the Government. I say that these States comply with the Con-ion—when they have given suffi-evidence of their loyalty, and that can be relied on—when they yield ience to the law, I says, extend to the right hand of fellowship and eace and union be restored.

fought traitors and treason in the h, I opposed the Davis and Toombs, Slidell's and a very long list of oth-whose names I need not repeat; now, when I turn round at the oth-d of the line I find men—I care not hat name you call them—[a voice, them traitors] who still stand op-d to the restoration of the union of e States, and I am free to say to you I am still for the preservation of compact—I am still for the restora-of this Union—I am still in favor is great Government of ours living following out its destiny. [A voice us the name.] A gentleman calls their names, well suppose I should them. [A voice we know them.] ok upon them, I repeat it as Presi-t or citizen, as much opposed to the damental principles of this Govern-t, and believe they are as much la-ng to prevent or destroy them as e the men who fought against them. voice, what are their names?] I Thadeus Stevens, of Pennsylvania mendous applause.] Charles Sumner eat applause] Wendell Paillips, and ers of the same stripe, amongst them. voice, give it to Forney.] Some tlemen says, give it to Forney. I e only just to say I do not waste my munition upon dead ducks. [Laugh-and applause.] I stand for my coun-I stand for the Constitution, where ace my feet from my entrance into blic life. They may traduce me, they y slander, they vituperate, but let me to you that it has no effect upon me. heers] Let me say in addition that I not intend to be bullied by my ene-s. [Applause and a cry, the people l sustain you.] I know my country n, it has been not only insinuated, said directly, that the intimation been given in high places that if h a usurpation of power had been ex-ised two hundred years ago in a par-ular region, it would have cost a cer-n individual his head. What usur-ion has Andrew Johnson been guil-of? None! None! The only usur-tion I have been guilty of was stand-between the people and the en-achment of power and because I dar-to say, in conversation with a fellow-izen and a senator, that I thought endments to the Constitution ought t to be too frequently made, that it uld lose all its dignity, and that the l instrument would be lost sight of in hort time; because I happened to say t if it was amended such and such endments should be adopted, it was usurpation of power that would have t a king his head as a certain time-laughter and applause.) In connec-n with the subject it was maintained the same gentleman that we were in midst of an earthquake. That he mbled and could yield. (Laughter.) s there is an earthquake coming ere is a ground swell coming of pop-r judgement and indignation. (A ice. that's true.) The American peo-will speak by their interest and they l know who are their friends and who ir enemies What position have I ld under this Government, begin-ng with an alderman and running ough all branches of the Legislature. voice, from a tailor, up.) Some gen-man says I have been a tailor. (Tre-endous applause.) Now, that did not scomfit me in the least, for when I ed to be a tailor I had the reputation being a good one and making close s, (great laughter,) always punctual th my customers, and always did good rk. (A voice, no patchwork.) No dont want any patchwork; I want a ole suit, but I will pass by this little etiousness, my friends. Some may y you are President, and you must t talk about such things, when princi-es are involved. My countrymen, hen the existence of my country is im-eriled, I will act as on former occa-ons, and speak what I think. I was ying that I had held nearly all posi-ons from alderman through both anches of Congress to that which I w occupy, and who is there that will y that Andrew John ever made a romise he did not fulfill. Who will y that he has ever acted otherwise han in fidelity to the great mass of the eople? They may talk abot beheading nd usurpation, but when I am behead-d I want the American people to wit-ess it. I dont want by inuendoes by ndirect remarks in high places to see he man who has assassination breeding n his bosom exclaim this Presidential bstacle must be gotten out of the way. make use of a very strong expression hen I say that I have no doubt the in-ention was to incite assassination, and et out of the way the obstacle from lace and power, whether by assassina-ion or not. There are individuals in his Government, I doubt not, who want o destroy our institutions, and change he character of the Government. Are hey not satisfied with the blood which as been shed? Does not the murder of Lincoln appease the vengeance and wrath of the opponents of the Government? Are they still unslaked? Do they still want more blood? Have they not got honor and courage enough to obtain their objects otherwise than by the hands of the assassin? No No. I am not afraid of assaisins attacking me where a brave, courageous man would attack another. I only dread him when he would go in disguise, his footsteps noiseless. If it is blood they want let them have courage enough to strike like men. I know they are willing to wound but they are afraid to strike. [Applause] If my blood is to be shed because I vindicate the Union and the preservation of this Government in its original purity and chastity, let it be shed. Let an altar of the Union be erected, and then if it is necessary, take me and lay me upon it, and the blood that now warms and animates my existence shall be poured out as a fit libation to the union of these States. [Great applause.] But let the opponents of this Government remember that when it is found out the blood of the martyrs will be the seed of the Church. [Cheers.]

Gentlemen: This Union will grow. It will continue to increase in strength and power though it may be cemented and cleansed with blood.

I have talked longer now than I intended Let me thank you for the honor you have done me. So far as this Government is concerned, let me say one other word in reference to the amendments to the Constitution of the United States. When I reached Washington, for the purpose of being inaugurated as Vice President of the United States, I had a conversation with Mr. Lincoln We were talking about the condition of affairs, and in reference to matters in my own State. I said that we had called a Convention and had amended our Constitution by abolishing slavery in that State, a State not embraced in his proclamation. This met his approbation and gave him encouragement. And in talking upon the amendment to the Constitution, he said:

When the amendment to the Constitution is adopted by three fourths of the States, we shall have all, or pretty near all. I am in favor of amending the Constitution, if there was one other adopted.

Said I What is that Mr. President?

Said he. I have labored to preserve this Union. I have toiled for four years I have been subjected to calumny and misrepresentation, yet my great desire has been to preserve the union of these States intact under the Constitution as they were before.

Put added I Mr. President what amendment do you refer to? He said he thought there should be an amendment added to the Constitution which would compel all the States to send their representatives to the Congress of the United States. Yes compel them The idea was in his mind that it was a part of the doctrine of secession to break up the Government by the States withdrawing their senators and representatives from Congress; and therefore, he desired a Constitutional amendment to compel them to be sent. How now, does the matter stand in the Constitution of the country? Even that portion of it which provides for the amendment of the organic laws, says that no State, without its consent, shall be deprived of its representation in Congress. Now, what do we find? The position is taken that the States shall not be represented—that we may impose taxes—that we may send our tax gatherers to every region and portion of a State—that the people are to be oppressed with taxes and when they come here participate in the legislation of the country, they are told. You must pay your taxes, you must bear the burden of the Government, but you must not participate in the legislation of the country which is to affect you for all time Is this just? No; no. Then I say let us admit into the councils of the nation those who are unanimously and unequivocally loyal, those men who acknowledge their allegiance to the Government and swear to support the Constitution. It is all embraced in that The amplification of an oath makes no difference. If a man is not loyal, you may adopt whatever test oath you please to prove their loyalty.

While the rebellion was going on the Constitution was rolled up as a piece of parchment. If it was violated in some particulars to save the Government, there may have been some excuse to justify it, but now that peace is come and war is over we want a written Constitution; and I say the time has come to take the Constitution down, unroll it, and understand its provisions I come here to vindicate the Constitution and to save it; for it does seem to me that encroachment after encroachment is proposed. I stand to-day prepared, so far as I can to resist these encroachments upon the Constitution and the Government. I tell the opponents of this Government, care not from what quarter they come, you who are engaged in the work of breaking the Government by amendments to the Constitution, that the principles of the of free government are deeply rooted into the American heart. All the powers combined, I care not what character, cannot destroy that great instrument, the great charter of freedom. They may seem to succeed for a time but their attempts will be futile. They may think now that it can be done by a concurrent resolution, but when it is submitted to the popular judgement and the popular will they will find that they might as well have undertaken to introduce a resolution to repeal the laws of gravity as to keep this Union from being restored. It is just about as feasible to resist the great law of gravitation, which binds all to a common centre, as that great law which will bring back these States to their regular relations with the Union.

I have detained you longer than I intended (A voice, go on.) We are in a great struggle. I am your instrument. Who is there that I have not toiled and labored for? Where is the man or woman either in public or private life, who has not always received my attention or time in proportion to egotism? They say that man Johnson is a lucky man, that no man can defeat me. I will tell you what constitutes good luck. It is due to right and being for the people. That is what constitues good luck. Some hour or other the people will find out and will understand who is for and who is against them. I have been placed in as many trying positions as any other mortal was ever placed in, but so far I have not deserted the people, and I believe they will not desert me. What principle have I violated, and what sentiment have I swerved from? Can they put their finger upon it? Have you heard them point out any discrepancy? Have you heard them quote my predecessor who fell a martyr to his country's cause as going in opposition or contrary to that I have done? The very policy which I am pursuing was pursued under his administration, was being pursued by him when that inscrutable Providence saw fit to summon him, I trust to a better world than this below. Is there one principle adopted by him in reference to this revolution, that I have departed from? None! None!

The very policy that I am now pursuing was pursued by me under his administration; I having been appointed by him in a particular position for that purpose An inscrutable Providence saw proper to remove him from this to I trust a better world, and I came into his place; and there is not a principle of his in reference to the restoration of the Union from which I have departed. Then the war is not simply upon me, but it is upon my predecessor I have tried to do my duty. I know that some are envious and jealous, and speak of the White House having attraction for the President. Let me say to you the charms of the White House have as little influence upon me as upon any individual in the country, and less than those who are talking about it. The difference between the little that suffices my stomach and back is more than enough and has no charms for me. The proud and conscious satisfaction of having performed my duty to my country, to my children, and to the inner man, is all the reward that I ask. [Great applause.]

In conclusion, let me ask this vast concourse here to-day, this sea of upturned faces, to come with me, or I will go with you and stand around the Constitution of our country. It is again unfolded. The people are invited to read and understand, sustain and maintain its provisions. Let us stand by the Constitution of our forefathers.—Though the heavens fall; though factions should rage though courts and juries may come; though abuse and vituperation may be found out in the most virulent form I mean to be found standing by the Constitution, as the chief ark of safety: and the palladium of our civil and our religious liberty.

Yes let us cling to it as the mariner clings to the last plank when the night and the tempest close around him. Let us go away forgetting the past and looking to the future, resolved to endeavor to restore our Government to its pristine purity, trusting in him who is on high, but who controls all here below, that ere long our Union will be restored, and that we shall have peace, not only with all the nations of the earth, but peace and good will among all parts of the United States. When your country is gone and you are about to that place look on and you will find the humble individual who now stands before you weeping over its final dissolution

ADVERTISING.—GIRARD'S RULE.—"I have always considered advertising, liberally and long, to be the medium of success in business and prelude to wealth And I have made it an invariable rule, too, to advertise in the dullest time, as well as in the busiest, long experience having taught me that money thus spent is well laid out, and in keeping my business constantly before the public it has secured me many sales that I would otherwise have lost."

Another writer says: "Never buy of the man who does not advertise; he sells so little he has to sell dear."

☞The prophecy imputed to Daniel Webster bears peculiar significance at this day. "If these factics and abolitionists ever got power into their hands, they will override the constitution, set the Supreme Court at defiance, change and make laws to suit themselves; finally, they will bankrupt the country, and deluge it with blood."

Stay Laws Unconstitutional.

The highest court in the State of Mississippi has declared the Stay Law passed by the legislature of that State to be unconstitutional The same result, says the Times, is inevitable whenever the question shall be brought to a final test in the States which have by similar enactments sought to impair the obligation of contracts and enable their citizens to repudiate their just debts. Certainly the United States Supreme Court will decide against all these laws as far as non-resident creditors are concerned. What folly is it, then, for the legislative bodies of Virginia, North Carolina and other Southern States, to fritter away their time in the discussion of "bills to prevent the collection of debts," when, after they agree upon a particular form, the law will not be worth the paper it is written upon!

☞Napoleon does not lik the Bagdad affair, and is said to feel very cross toward this country in consequence.—He cut all the Northern Americans presented at the second Tuilleries ball, and welcomed only Mr. Slidell and his family.

THE SECRET OF HAPPINESS.—It consists in this—to be always contented with your lot, and never sigh for the splendor of riches, or the magnificence of fashion and power. Persons who go cheerfully to their daily tasks, are the least disturbed by the fluctuations of business, and at night sleep with perfect composure.

☞A terrible tornado occurred at Knoxville, Tenn., on Friday, which blew down thirty buildings, unroofed the depot and machine-shop of the Virginia Central Railroad, and destroyed a large amount of other property.

☞A question has arisen as to whether notes given for a slave or slaves purchased but not paid for before slavery was emancipated are collectable. The Supreme Court decides that these notes are collectable, the same as others given for any species of property—that the purchaser cannot hold the former owner responsible for acts of the Government freeing the negro

EXPOSITOR'S FRAUDS.—The Times's correspondent asserts that if a fearless committee were appointed to investigate the swindles on the part of government officers at the South, astounding discoveries would be made. He says a well known Kentuckian, now in the employ of the Treasure Department in a Southern State, openly stated in his hearing that he had been forced to pay $70,000 to a Provost Marshal before he could get a steamboat load of cotton released from his clutches, although he had permits from the late Secretary of the Treasury and President Lincoln. He not only offered to appear and make oath to the fact, but to contribute several thousand dollars towards the expense of a commission, if the President would send one there to investigate

Newark (N. J.) Journal.

THE CHOLERA.—Advices from Nassau state that the cholera is making terrible ravages in some of the West india islands. The disease prevailed in the most violent form at Gaudaloupe, and had also made its appearance at Barbadoes In consequence of the epidemic, the Legislature had re-assembled and the authorities had taken counsel to adopt measures to meet the emergency. A law was promptly adopted for enforcing quarantine and placing funds at the command of the Executive. Later advices from Point-a-Pitre state that the population of that place had been reduced nearly one half. People were flying in all directions to escape the plague, which was spreading rapidly to all the districts.

FENIANS TO ARMS!

NEW YORK, March 1.—The news of the suspension of *habeas corpus*, and the arrest of one hundred more Fenians in Ireland, created considerable excitement at Union Square headquarters yesterday. A meeting of the Council was at once held and important measures taken. Circulars were at once issued from headquarters, calling the various circles to meet and take steps for the important news just received It is inferred that the Emperor of France is prepared to recognize Ireland as a belligerent power the moment she asserts her right to such a claim.

The Irish People, the organ of the Brotherhood at Union Square, publishes the following:

HEADQ'S DEP'T OF CIVIL AFFAIRS
March 1 1866.

Brothers: The habeas corpus, act is suspended in Ireland. Our compatriots are thus thrown into the field, and are doubtless fighting, as God gives them strength, at this moment Meet! Remember your promises and be prompt in your assistance. The Military Department of the Brotherhood will take care of your military contributions, and the Financial Department will strain every nerve to supply the brave men in the gap.—Success depends upon immediate action.

Let every man understand his duty

PATRICK J. DOWNING,
Secretary of Civil Affairs.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, March 5.—Cotton is declining. Sales to-day 950 bales at 43a 44c. Gold 132 34.

MARRIED.—At the residence of Mr. J L Mattison, Calhoun County, Ala. March 7th 1866, by the *Rev. D. F. Smith*, MR. J. A. SNOW to MISS EMMA E. SPRUILL, all of Calhoun County.

FOR SALE.

A CAST IRON STOCK KETTLE, holding about 40 gallons. Enquire at this Office. Dec. 9, 1865.

WAGONS WANTED.

I want to hire a number of FOUR or TWO HORSE WAGGONS and TEAMS, to haul Corn below Tuscaloosa, about two miles to the Railroad. I will pay

$150 per Month

In corn or money, corn at a low price. Will feed the teams well, and board the drivers.

For particulars apply to Wm. Wood, of Jacksonville, or N. L. Ware at Blue Mountain.

C. A. GTEY.

Jacksonville, March 3, 1866

BOOTS & SHOES

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY, just received, and for sale by
Feb. 17, '66. E. L. WOODWARD.

WOOLSEY, GOODRICH & Co.,

Commission Merchants,

Insurance and General Agents,

SELMA, ALABAMA.

WILL make liberal advances on Cotton for sale, or for consignment to Mobile or Liverpool.

Prompt attention given to filling orders from the country for any kind of goods.

AGENTS FOR

Pratts Celebrated

COTTON GINS.

Feb. 10. 3m.

CHANDLER, BICKEL & CO.

Jobbers & Dealers in

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS,

HATS and SHOES,

CLOTHING!

SELMA, ALABAMA.

Feb. 17, 1866—3m.

L. W. PETTIBONE,

SELMA, ALA.

RECEIVING AND FORWARDING

WARE-HOUSE.

THANKFUL for the favors that for the last five years have been shown him, is desirous still of a share of the public patronage. I have taken the BRICK COTTON WAREHOUSE near the depot of the Ala. & Tenn. R. Railroad, and am prepared to receive, store and forward cotton, pay taxes, and all other expenses, and also to attend to all business belonging to the business of receiving and forwarding.

I have also **CORN** and **CEMENT** for sale. Feb. 17, 1866—3m.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
St. Clair County.

Probate Court for said county, February 10th, 1866.

THIS day came William H. Cobb Sheriff of said County, and ex officio administrator *de bonis non* of the estate of Abijah Phelps, late of said county, deceased, and filed his application, in due form under oath, praying for an order of sale of certain Lands described therein, and belonging to said estate for the purpose of paying the debts, upon the ground that the personal property is insufficient therefor. It is ordered, that the 2nd day of April, 1866, be appointed a day for hearing such application, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same if they think proper.

JNO. A. ZELLNER,
Feb. 24, '66.—6t. Judge of Probate.

W. H. JUDSON. B. L. DUNCAN.
F. W. SIDDONS. G. W. SIDDONS.

JUDSON, DUNCAN & CO.

$100,000 WORTH

Of Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Clothing, Groceries, Yankee Notions, &c.

At a reduction of 25 per cent from prices ruling 60 days ago.

One of our firm, an old and experienced buyer, well acquainted with the wants of the people in this section, has just returned from the Northern markets with a heavy and well assorted stock of goods, which were bought upon the heel of the great rush of buyers from the South, at a very heavy decline in prices, and we propose to meet the public liberally in the benefit of this change.

On hand and to arrive—we offer—
15,000 yards assorted Prints,
10,000 do do bleached Domestics.
500 yds Linen Sheeting, cheaper than cotton,
500 yds full width bleached Cotton Sheeting,
500 yds 5-4 and 6-4 Pillow case Cottons,
20 ps white Linen Table Damask,
50 doz ass'd Towels, 50 ps ass'd Diapers,
12 ps assorted Ingrain Carpetings,
20 ps all wool Delaines, 100 ps Union Delaines,
20 ps beautiful shades French Merinos,
50 ps plain and printed Alpacas and Poplins,
50 ps assorted a Furniture Prints,
100 assorted wool net Vandykes, Sacques, Shawls, Scarfs and Hoods,
100 ass'd Bay State and other styles Shawls,
Bales ass'd Blankets, 50 doz ass'd Hats,
A heavy and well assorted stock of Men and Boys' Boots and Shoes,
Ladies' Misses' and Children's Shoes of every description.

GROCERIES, &c.

300 sacks Buckwheat Flour,
100 boxes Western Cheese,
100 do assorted Tobacco,
Smoking Tobacco of nearly every brand,
Sacks Rio Coffee, 25 boxes Salmon,
Cases pints, quarts and ½ gals Pickles,
100 boxes Cove Oyster
50 bbls assorted Brown Sugar,
Crushed and pulverised do
Concentrated Lye and Potash,
50 Cases Sardines, 100 boxes family Soap,
50 boxes Starch,
No 1 and 2 bbls, ½ bbls, ¼ bbls, & kits Mackerel,
Yeast Powders and Kentucky Mustard,
100,000 assorted Cigars.

In fact, our assortmen of Groceries, by recent additions, is complete.

YANKEE NOTIONS in greatest variety, comprising nearly every article claiming a place under that head.

It is unnecessary to enumerate the articles composing our stock. Suffice it to say, that it is second best to none in the State, and our intention is to offer inducements especially to Dealers, which will save them time, trouble & expense in seeking more remote markets for their supplies.—We ask a fair trial. Polite and obliging gentlemen will be found in rear of our counters ever ready to serve our friends.

dec 14. JUDSON, DUNCAN & CO.

BRANL DEEDS,

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

Administrator's Sale OF LAND.

THE undersigned, Administrator of the estate of Clayton Jones, late of Calhoun county, deceased, by virtue of an Order made by the honorable, the Probate Court of the county of Calhoun, Alabama, will offer for sale upon the premises, in the county of St. Clair, Alabama.

ON THE 9TH DAY OF APRIL, 1866, the following described Lands, to-wit:

The E half of N E quarter section 31, Township 12, R 6; supposed 80 15-1000 acres.

The west half of N E quarter, section 31, Township 12, R 6; supposed 80 15-100 acres.

The east half of S. E quarter, section 30, T 12, R 6, supposed 80 19-100 acres.

The south west quarter of south west quarter, section 29, township 12, R 6; supposed 40 7-100 acres.

The north west quarter of S W qr. sec 29, T 12, range 6, supposed 40 7-100 acres.

The south east quarter of S W qr of section 31, T 12, R 6, supposed 40 8-100 acres, all east in the Coosa Land District.

Purchasers will be required to pay in cash one third of the amount of purchase money, and give note, bearing interest from day of sale, for balance, with at least two approved securities—credit twelve months.

WILLIAM MORGAN, Adm'r.
March 10, 1866.

Administrators' Sale OF LAND.

UNDER and by virtue of an Order and Decree of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, State of Alabama, made on the 14th day of February, 1866, we will proceed to sell, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, ON THE 17th day of MARCH next, at the late residence of said decedent, in said county, the following described Land belonging to the estate of William Briant, late of said county, deceased, to-wit:

The west half of the south west fourth of section five; and the north east fourth of the south east fourth of section six, except one acre sold and conveyed by deed to use of the Baptist Church in said county, called the Hebron Church, where the Hebron church now stands, in Township fourteen, Range six (6) east, in the Coosa Land District.

The above described Land will be sold on one and two years credit, (except the sum of one hundred dollars, which the purchaser will be required to pay cash.) Purchaser will be required to give note bearing interest from date with two approved securities.

TERRIL BRIANT,
BOWLING BRIANT,
Feb. 17, 1866.

Horse Collars, Bridles, Hames, Chains, Nails, Hoes, &c.

For Sale by
Feb. 3, '66. E. L. WOODWARD.

J. R. Love, Adm'r &c. vs. Stephen C. Nelson. } AT RULES before the Register, Monday, Feb. 5th, 1866.

36th CHANCERY DISTRICT, NORTHERN DIVISION OF THE STATE OF ALABAMA.

THIS day came the Complainant by his Solicitors, Foster & Forney, and moved the undersigned Register for an Order of publication against the Defendant, Stephen C. Nelson: and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Register, by affidavit on file, that the said Stephen C. Nelson is a non-resident of the State of Alabama, and resides in ——— County in the State of Texas and is of lawful age;—it is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in Town of Jacksonville, Calhoun Co Alabama, once a week for four consecutive weeks, notifying and requiring the said Stephen C. Nelson to be personally appear before the Register this Court, at his office in the Jacksonville, within sixty days the date of this order, and plead, answer or demur to the Complainants bill of complaint against him, exhibited in said Chancery Court, or the same will be taken for confessed, and cause set for hearing, *ex parte*. It is further ordered, that a copy of this order be posted up at the court house door of Calhoun county, Ala. within twenty days from this date, and that a copy be forwarded to the Defendant at said time, if his residence is ascertained.

A true copy from the Order.
WM. M. HAMI
Feb. 10, 1866.—$20 00.

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Accorde &c. repaired by

E. B. McCLELEN.

For the present he may be found Kahn House' on the of the public square.

CAPTIONS OF THE PUBLIC ACTS

Passed at the present session of the Legislature

An act to incorporate the Planters, and Merchants, Mutual Insurance Company of Mobile.

To incorporate the Alabama Petroleum, Vapor Stove and Gaslight Company.

To provide for taking the Census of the State of Alabama for the year 1866, as ordered by an ordinance of the Convention in 1865.

To regulate the office of the Attorney General.

To regulate cost of revenue stamps in suits at law.

To incorporate the Mobile Manufacturing Company.

To incorporate the Rock and Lignite Oil Company of Alabama.

To legalize the issue of change bills by authority of the city Council of Montgomery.

To amend certain sections of the charter and amended charter of the Alabama and Tennessee rivers Railroad Company and to enlarge the powers of the said company.

To loan seventy thousand dollars to the University of Alabama.

To incorporate the Southern Press Telegraph Company.

To provide for the payment of the interest on State bonds and to provide for the issue of State bonds to aid such payment.

To incorporate the Governor's Guard.

Authorizing the Courts of County Commissioners of this State, to license and permit wounded and disabled soldiers of the late Confederate army to pedile free of tax in their respective counties

To fix the time for holding the general elections in this State.

To provide adequate compensation to the Clerk of the Supreme Court.

To amend section 3107 of the Code, so as to make the penalty discretional with the Jury.

To reduce the salary of Warden of the Penitentiary.

To incorporate the Alabama and Geogia Manufactuing Company.

To incorporate the Chattahoochee Manufacturing Company.

Joint resolutions authorizing the Governor to appoint Commissioners to prepare a penal code.

To incorporate the Decatur and Danville Railroad.

To incorporate the Stonewall Insurance Company.

To relieve county superindents and trustees of Education.

To incorporate the Commercial Savings, Company of Mobile.

To require the Attorney General to proceed against certain persons and the Governor to take steps to recover property belonging to the State.

To repeal an act entitled to amend section 1143 of the code as overseers of roads

To incorporate the Mobile Medical Society.

To repeal an act entitled an act to repeal certain acts regulating Judicial proceedings and for other purposes.

To amend an act to extend the charters of the Banks of Alabama therein named.

To incorporate the Alabama and Georgia Coal Oil and Manufacturing Company.

To authorize the Governor to negotiate a tempoary loan for the use of the State or to isue treasury notes.

To incorporate the Mobile Mutual Insuance Company

To incorporate the Medical and Surgical society of the city of Montgomery.

To amend an act entitled an act to incorporate the Southrrn Bank of Alabama.

To amend an act entitled an act to extend the charter of the Bank of Mobile.

To prevent from levey and sale 200 pounds of lint cotton for the use of every family.

To amend an act entitled an act to regulate the toll of Grist Mills in this State.

To incoporate the Alabama Mining, manufacturing and Improvement Company.

To repeal all laws heretofore enacted [illegible]ation to the distillation of grain in [illegible]ate

[illegible] assume and provide for the payment of the tax on real estate imposed [illegible]ts of Congress on the 5th of March,

[illegible]egalize marriages that took place [illegible]e Federal military line during [illegible]upation of the State by the enemy between the 11th day of April, 18[illegible], and 1st day of July; 1865.

To prevent persons from interfering [illegible]s to induce laborers or servants to [illegible]andon their contracts or to employ [illegible]uch without the consent of their original employers before the expiration of [illegible]ir contracts, &c.

To amend the charter of the South [illegible]labama Manufacturing Company.

[illegible]end an act amendatory of an [illegible]orporate the Alabama direct [illegible] and Exchange Company

[illegible] securing taxes from transient [illegible]s

[illegible]amend the charter of the Selma [illegible]eridian Rail Road Company, de[illegible]d.

[illegible]stablished the time of holding [illegible] annual meeting of the Gen[illegible]bly of the State of Alabama.

[illegible]powering the City Council of Sel[illegible] levy a specific tax

[illegible] remove and extend the time of [illegible]ent of certain State Bonds therein [illegible]d.

[illegible]end Sec. 1902 of the Code of [illegible]

[illegible]. 1847 of the Code of

For the releaf of David Downy, of Jefferson county.

To authorize Notaries Public to administer aindavits witnout seal.

To give a lien on the crop and stock for advances to assist in making the crop.

Memorial and Joint resolutions to the President of the United States in relation to the withdrawal of the Federal troops from the State of Alabama

To establish Revenue Laws of the State of Alabama.

To incorporate the Alabama Tennessee and North Western Oil and mining Company.

To exempt certain property therein named from levy and sale for the use of every family in the counties of Jackson, Marshall, Madison, Limestone, Lawrence, Franklin and DeKalb.

To regulate the salaries of the officers of the Executive Department of the State and to regulate the same and to discontinue certain officers therein named.

To amend act entitled "an act to incorporate the Central City Insurance Company, approved November 28, 1863.

To amend Section 3570 of the Code of Alabama, so as to prevent the receipt of certificates in payment of fines and forfeitures.

To define and regulate the liability of common carriers.

To extend an act entitled an act to provide a more efficient remedy in cases of unlawful detainer in the city of Mobile, approved 3d March, 1848, to the county of Mobile.

To re-enact section 3536 of the Code of Alabama, which provides that no entry of indicments upon the minutes shall be made at the first term.

To authorize writs of garnishments against incorporated cities, towns and villages

To repeal an act entitled an act to amend sections 1143 of Code as to overseers of roads.

To authorize Registers in Chancery to appoint receivers.

To amend sections 2865 of the Code of Alabama.

To encourage immigration.

For the relief of maimed, indigent persons in the State of Alabama.

To amend and extend an act entitled an act to change and modify section 2706 of the Code in relation to the lien on steam boats, approved Febuary 15th, 1855.

To provide for the rendition of the orders, decrees and settlements and other proceedings in the Probate Court in case where the Probate Judge is incompetent to preside.

Joint memorial and resolutions of the General Assembly of the State of Alabama to the President of the United States in behalf of Josiah M Daniel late Sheriff of Cherokee county.

Directing the delivery to the Western Railroad Company of a certain bond given by the Alabama and Mississippi Rivers Railroad Company for a part of the two per cent fund.

To create a new county out of portions of Coosa, Montgomery, Tallapoosa and Autauga, counties, to be called "Elmore."

To authorize Justices of the Peace to take recognizance of and try cases of misdemeanor

To regulate proceedings before Justices of the Peace in cases of misdemeanor cognizable before him.

To authorize the substitution of lost records of judgements and decrees of Courts and other records.

To fix the price of the Reports of the Supreme Court.

To authorize the payment of the Turnkey fees of Jailors in this State.

To extend the indebtedness of the Montgomery and Eufalua Railroad Company.

To increase the salaries of chancellors and Circuit Judges.

To repeal an act to prevent extortion, approved Dec. 1862.

[To be Continued.]

Administrators Notice.

LETTERS testamentary having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of Calhoun county, on the Estate of Allen Andrews, dec'd, on the 26th of Feb'y, 1866: Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment.

J. M. ANDREWS,
Mar. 3. E. T. SMYTH, Adms.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said county, Special Term. Jan. 22d, 1866.

THE Estate of R. A. Carruth, deceased, was this day, by an Order and Decree of said Court, declared insolvent; and came S. M. Carruth, who is the administrator of said estate, and filed in court his account and vouchers for a settlement of said estate as an insolvent estate. The 22nd day of February, 1866 is set apart for making said settlement; and notice of the same is hereby given in the Jacksonville Republican; a Newspaper printed and published in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said settlement day, as a notice to the creditors of said Estate, and all other persons concerned, to be and appear at a Special term of said Court, to be holden at the court house of said county, on said 22nd day of February, 1866, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS.
Judge of Probate.

DISSOLUTION.

The firm of FRANCIS & CO. was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st day of January 1866.

HUGH FRANCIS.
HIRAM LITTLE.

HUGH FRANCIS and JOHN F. LITTLE having associated themselves in business will continue at the old stand.

HUGH FRANCIS.
JOHN F. LITTLE.

Jan'y 1st, 1866.

Hardware! Hardware!!

We have opened to-day a little lot of Hardware and Castings, among which may be found the following articles:

100 kegs assorted NAILS,
Collins' AXES, 20 dozen SHOVELS,
10 dozen SPADES,
Tea Trays, every size and style,
Pocket Knives, from cheapest to best,
Knives and Forks " " "
Razors and Razor straps,
1¾ inch Augurs,
1⅝ " "
1½ " "
1.2 " "
POWDER FLASKS of all sizes,
Shot Pouches, Shot Belts,
Shoe Nail, and Tack Hammers,
Hatchets, Cases assorted Tacks.

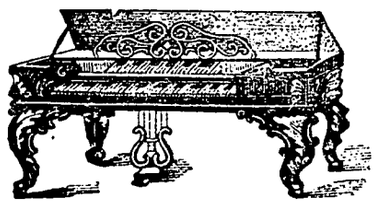
LOCKS.

Dead Locks, Fine Locks,
Latch and Drop Latch Locks,
Plate Locks of all sizes,
Till " " "
Cupboard " " "
Chest " " "
Draw " " "
PADLOCKS " "
SCREWS of all the different sizes,
Butts " " " "
Counter Scales and Weights,
Woodsaws, Handsaws,
Weeding Hoes,
Coffee Mills of all sizes,
Meat Cutters.

FILES.

Handsaw Files, Taper Files.
Half round and Flat Bastard Files.
Brittania, German Silver and Iron Table and Tea Spoons,
Fish Hooks from a Minnow size to a Cat,
Fish Lines of all sizes,
Manilla Rope, Etc., Etc., Etc.

For sale, wholesale and Retail, by
JUDSON, DUNCAN & CO.
Jan. 20, '66.



MUSIC LESSONS

ON the PIANO, given by Mrs. M. E. FRANCIS, commencing with the sessions of the Jacksonville Female Academy.

Pupils can commence at any time during the session, and be charged for the time.

Country Produce at the market price taken in payment. Jacksonville, Jan 30, '66.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the firm of J. D. Hoke & Bro. will please call without delay and settle; as I will be reluctantly compelled to place the debts in the hands of an attorney for collection.

Jno. D. HOKE,
Surv. Partner.

Wholesale Drug House.

IN MONTGOMERY, ALA.

HAVING re-leased the building formerly known as Jones' Drug Store on Market street, corner of Perry, together with the two large warehouses on the same lot; and recently returned from New York and Philadelphia with one of the largest and most complete stocks of

Drugs, Chemicals, Spices, Toilet Soaps,

Perfumery and Patent Medicines,

ever introduced to this market. I would respectfully ask the attention of Physicians and country Dealers to examine a stock personally selected for the Southern trade, and which for

Purity, Freshness and Excellence,

can not be excelled by any house in the country. Also a great variety of Fresh

GARDEN SEED.

This stock of Drugs and medicines has been purchased from Importers and manufacturers, and at prices that will enable me to sell as low as any establishment in the South.

Orders accompanied with the cash will receive prompt attention and forwarded to any part of the country.

E. M. READING,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist.
Sign of the Eagle and Mortar,
34 Market street, corner of Perry.

Administrators Notice.

LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the undersigned, by the Probate court of Calhoun county, on the Estate of Fleming Gibson, dec'd, on the 22d day of January, 1866; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate, to present them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred: and those indebted are required to make immediate payment.

R. B. DOCKERY,
Jan. 27, 1866. Adm.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of administration with will anext on est. of Josiah Womack, dec. having been granted to the undersigned on the 22d day of Jan., 1866, by the Honorable the Probate Court of Calhoun county, State of Alabama Notice is hereby given, to all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law or that the same will be barred.

SIMPSON SKINNER,
Jan. 27, 1866. Adm'r.

DR. J. A. CLOPTON,

Of Alabama,

Has located in the country near Scooba, Kemper county, Mississippi, where he may be consulted. He opperates with perfect success for

PILES, FISTULA,
TUMORS, POLLYPI,
DISEASES OF FEMALES, Etc.

Dr. C. has never lost a patient nor had an accident to happen. He has opperated on the most respectable of the profession of all the Southern States, and for a good many years, has visited almost every city in the South.

He will visit Gadsden, and points on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, if some three or four should desire it. Feb. 23, '65

Administrators' Notice.

LETTERS testamentary on the Estate of J. W. Conway, dec, having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of DeKalb County, Ala, on the 5th day of December, 1865; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and all persons indebtad to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

JOHN M. GASQUE, } Adm'rs.
Jan. 27. R. P. CONWAY, }

CORN.

FRANCIS & CO.

Jacksonville, Ala.

AND

R. B STEWART, & CO.

Blue Mountain, & Oxford, Ala.

WILL keep on hand a supply of Prime Western Corn for sale.

Jan'y 20th, 1866. wky. tf

E. GILLMAN & CO.

Broad Street, ...SELMA, Ala.,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

GROCERS;

DEALERS IN

All kinds fine Family Supplies

NOW ON HAND:

300 Kits, Nos. 1 and 2 MACKEREL. Also in half barrels;
Green and Black TEAS;
Crushed, Powdered and Loaf SUGAR;
SODA in kegs and packages;
500 Cases of every variety of PICKLES & PRESERVES;
100 Boxes Colgates Fine SOAPS;
100 Boxes Adamantine CANDLES;
All kinds of fine **COFFEE**, ground ready for use and in air-tight cans;
Flavoring Extracts;
The best brands of Old Bourbon Whisky;
Fine WINES & BRANDIES of all kinds.

We manufacture fresh every day

Butter, Soda, and Boston Crackers,

OUR STOCK OF

Candies & Confectionery

Is equal to the best that can be found in any market.

TOYS

Of every kind, just imported.

Selma, January 13, 1866.

THE exercises of the School under the control of the undersigned, will be resumed on Monday, Jan. 22nd, 1866.

RATES OF TUITION PER SESSION OF FIVE MONTHS.

1st. Reading, Writing, &c. $15 00
2nd. English Grammar, Geography, Nat. Philosophy, &c. with above, 20 00
3rd. Latin, Greek & the higher branches of Mathematics, with above, 25 00

☞ No deduction for absence except in cases of protracted illness. D. F. SMITH.

Jacksonville, Ala., Jan. 6, 1866

Hardware & Cutlery

For Sale by
Feb. 3, '66. E. L. WOODWARD.

Drugs & Medicines,

For Sale by
Feb. 3, '66. E. L. WOODWARD.

LYLES & FORD,

GENERAL RECEIVING, FORWARDING AND

Commission Merchants,

CITY WHARF—CORNER FRANKLIN & WATER ST'S.

SELMA, ALA.

☞ Particular attention paid to shipping cotton.

☞ Consignments of all kinds respectfully solicited. Jan. 20, '65.

E. L. Woodward

HAS received and now offers for sale an ASSORTMENT of

DRY GOODS,

Of desirable styles and qualities.

—ALSO—

FAMILY GROCERIES.

His **Sugars, Coffee,** and **Orleans Molasses** are good.

All are invited to call and examine.

Jacksonville, Jan. 20, 1866 —tf.

SELLING OFF At Cost!!

GREAT SACRIFICE!!!

BARGAINS OFFERED!!!

CONTEMPLATING a change of business, I now offer for sale at cost, and will continue for 30 days, my entire stock of DRY GOODS, Boots and Shoes, Ladies DRESS GOODS and Trimmings, Fancy Dry Goods, Gentlemen's Ready Made Clothing & Furnishing Goods; Hats, Caps, Queensware, Cigars and Tobacco.

We would respectfully invite the attention of all to our stock, as it is the best assorted one in Jacksonville. The above will be sold at cost for the next 30 days. For Great bargains, come one and all, and examine for yourselves.

M. & L. OPPENHEIMER.

Ryan & Rowland's old stand, S. E corner of Pub. Sqr. Jacksonville, Jan. 20, '66.

M. J. TURNLEY,

Attorney at Law,

AND

Solicitor in Chancery.

GENERAL ADMINISTRATOR *for* CALHOUN COUNTY, and **General Collecting Agent.** Office fronting East door of the Court House, Jacksonville, Ala., continues the practice of Law in all its branches, in Calhoun and adjoining counties; will give special attention to drawing Wills, Deeds of Conveyance, Powers of Attorney; to the Probate of Wills, Administration of Estates, Guardianships: and will also act as Agent for the sale and purchase of Lands.

Administrators' Notice.

LETTERS of administration upon the Estate of William T. Johnson dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned on the 20th day of January, 1866, by the Hon. the Probate court of Calhoun county Alabama. Notice is hereby given, that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred.

SAMUEL CHADWELL,
Jan. 27, 1866. Adm'r.

AMBROTYPES.

E. GOODE, *Artist,*

HAS prepared an Ambrotype Gallery in this place, over Ryan & Rowland's Store, where he is prepared to take all kinds of AMBROTYPES, put up in fine or common cases, or without cases, at as low prices as can be done any where in this country. He expects in a few weeks to be prepared to take PHOTOGRAPHS with Albums, for sale. Those who want Photographs should come in soon and have their Ambrotypes taken, so that the Photographs can be taken from them as soon as he gets ready.

He hopes and believes, from his long past experience, that he can give general satisfaction, and will receive a liberal patronage from citizens of this and surrounding counties.

Jacksonville, December 16, 1865.

ASS'T ASSESSOR'S OFFICE.
U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE.

14th Division 3d Dis., Ala.

To all Whom it May Concern.

Notice to manufacturs, and persons doing business without License from the United States, subject themselves to pay the Tax, and a fine of five hundred dollars, and imprisonment for one, or both.

Manufacturers will take notice, that it is all the work they do, including the materials used, and if they make more than six hundred dollars worth of work, they are subject to take out License as manufacturers.

Owners of Saw Mills and Grist Mills, will make application for License as Manufacturers without delay,

Owners and holders of Cotton, will bring the number of Bales and Marks, and weight of the cotton, and have it assessed immediately.

Distillers, and all persons having Liquors that have not had the Tax paid, will be seized by the Collector, if not returned to this office for assessment.

Distillers will make their monthly return, on or before the first ten days of each month.

Farmers, will return the number of swine killed over twenty, on a special List. The Law puts a fine of ten dollars on each case, for not complying within ten days.

Pedlers, will take notice, that they must carry their License with them, or they subject themselves to have their wagons and contents seized.

I am now ready to receive the annual income Tax for 1864

ISAAC FRANK,
Assistant Assessor

Jan. 12th 1866.

The *Best Policy* is a *Policy of Insurance*

ISSUED by the **Home Insurance Company**—Cash capital

$500,000.

Risks taken on MERCHANDIZE, COTTON IN STORE, PLANTATIONS AND BUILDINGS of all classes INSURABLE, at reasonable rates.

M. J. TURNLEY,
Insurance and General Collecting Ag't.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

☞ Office east side of the public square.

January 6, 1866.—6m.

D. M. FULENWIDER

WITH

O. F. HARRELL, Perry Co. J. N. ESKRIDGE, Selma. E. T. STURDIVANT Marengo Co.

Harrell, Eskridge & Sturdivant

Commission Merchants,

AND

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN

Staple and Fancy

GROCERIES,

Plantation & Family Supplies,

WATER STREET,

SELMA, ALA.

☞ Consignments of Cotton and Country Produce respectfully solicited.

SIMON, DENMAN & STRAUS,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING,

BOOTS, SHOES AND NOTIONS.

☞ Merchants from Jacksonville and vicinity, and traders generally are solicited to call, and they can obtain good Bargains.

SIMON, DENMAN & STRAUS.
Broad Street, near Water, *SELMA, Ala.*

W. H. JUDSON, } F. W. SIDDONS, } B. J. DUNCAN, } G. W. SIDDONS. }

JUDSON, DUNCAN & CO.

GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

AND

Cotton Factors,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

EVERY SPECIES OF MERCHANDISE.

Broad Street. SELMA, Ala.

☞ Consignments respectfully solicited.

M. R. BOGGS, *Dallas Co.* A. E. MOTT, *formerly of Rome, Ga.* ED. WOODS, *Dallas co.*

BOGGS, MOTT & WOODS

GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

GROCERIES, Wines, Liquors, &c.

☞ Liberal advances made on consignments of **COTTON** and all kinds of Country Produce. Dec. 30, 1865.

DR. M. W. FRANCIS,

HAS resumed the duties of his profession in all its branches.

Office, N. W. Corner of Public Square,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

November 18, 1865—tf.

Administrators' Sale
OF
LAND.

UNDER and by virtue of an Order and Decree of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, State of Alabama, made on the 14th day of February, 1866, we will proceed to sell, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, ON THE 17th day of MARCH next, at the late residence of said decedent, in said county, the following described Land belonging to the estate of William Briant, late of said county, deceased, to-wit:

The west half of the south west fourth of section five; and the north east fourth of the south east fourth of section six, except one acre sold and conveyed by deed to use of the Baptist Church in said county, called the Hebron Church, where the Hebron church now stands, in Township fourteen, Range six (6) east, in the Coon Land District.

The above described Land will be sold on one and two years credit, (except the sum of one hundred dollars, which the purchaser will be required to pay cash.) Purchaser will be required to give note bearing interest from date with two approved securities.

TERRIL BRIANT,
BOWLING BRIANT,

Feb. 17, 1866.

A. G. PITNER, S. P. SMITH, J. H. COOPER.

PITNER, COOPER & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

GROCERS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Pitner'S Corner, Broad St., Rome, Ga.

WILL Receive and Sell, Ship or Store COTTON and other Produce for the Planters. Mr. J. H. COOPER, who has had long experience in the Cotton trade, will give his special attention to that branch of the business.

Rome, Ga., Sept. 28, 1865.—6m.

Corn.

A LARGE LOT OF CORN, FLOUR AND OTHER PROVISIONS,

Soon to arrive at Hoke's Bluff, and Wyly's Landing on Coosa River, and for sale at reasonable prices.

A small lot of Corn in the ear now on hand at Wyly's Landing four miles below Gilbert's Ferry.

Apply to JOHN M. WYLY,
Jacksonville Feb 3, '66. Near Fulks'.

REAPERS

AND

Traveling Threshers.

MILLER & WINGATE'S Kentucky Harvester's, Field Threshers, Horse Powers, and other Farming Implements, ordered for any one desiring, and laid down at Greensport at *Manufacturer's prices and freight added* by

JOHN M. WYLY,
Ag't Louisville Agricultural Works.

Jacksonville, Feb 3, 1866.

Horse Collars, Bridles, Hames, Chains, Nails, Hoes, &c.

For Sale by
Feb. 3, '66. E. L. WOODWARD.

J. R. Love, Adm'r &c. vs. Stephen C. Nelson. } AT RULE before the Register, Monday, Feb. 5th, 1866.

36th CHANCERY DISTRICT, NORTHERN DIVISION OF THE STATE OF ALABAMA.

THIS day came the Complainant by his Solicitors, Foster & Forney, and moved the undersigned Register for an Order of publication against the Defendant, Stephen C. Nelson: and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Register, by affidavit on file, that the said Stephen C. Nelson is a non-resident of the State of Alabama, and resides in ——— County in the State of Texas, and is of lawful age;—it is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in the Town of Jacksonville, Calhoun county, Alabama, once a week for four consecutive weeks, notifying and requiring the said Stephen C. Nelson, to be and personally appear before the Register of this Court, at his office in the Town of Jacksonville, within sixty days from the date of this order, and plead, answer or demur to the Complainant's bill of complaint against him, exhibited in said Chancery Court, or the same will be taken for confessed, and the cause set for hearing, *ex parte.* It is further ordered, that a copy of this order be posted up at the court house door of Calhoun county, Ala. within twenty days from this date, and that a copy be forwarded to the Defendant at said time, if his residence is ascertained.

A true copy from the Order,
WM. M. HAMES,

Feb. 10, 1866.—$20 00.

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Accordeons &c.

repaired by

E. B. McCLELEN.

For the present he may be found at "Kahn House" on the northeast Corner of the public square.

Jacksonville Republican.

VOL. 30, NO. 3. JACKSONVILLE, ALA., MARCH 17, 1866. WHOLE NO. 1511.

Jacksonville Republican.

EDITED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY

J. F. GRANT.

LAND AGENCY.

HUGH FRANCIS

WILL attend to the purchase and sale of all Lands, Water Powers, Renting of Property, &c. confided to his care in the counties of Calhoun, St. Clair, Cherokee and Randolph, Ala. Office in the counting room of the Store formerly occupied by E. L. Woodward, Jacksonville, Ala.

REMOVAL.

Dr. J. Y. NISBET has removed his Office to the Drug store, east side of the Public Square, where he will continue the practice of Medicine as usual and where he may be always found unless professionally absent. Nov. 25. '65.—tf

W. R. HENDRIX. GEO. P. BURNETT. A. M. RIXEY

W. R. HENDRIX & CO.,

Commission Merchants, Broad Street,

SELMA ALA.,

Will attend to the sale, storing and forwarding of Cotton, Produce and Merchandise generally. All consignments to the above firm, of Burnett & Rixey, will receive prompt attention

☞ We are prepared to repair and put cotton in order at reasonable rates. Liberal advance made on consignments.—Nov 11.

JOHN Q. BELL. W. T. BELL.

JOHN Q. BELL & BRO.,

(Late of Talladega)

General Commission Merchants,

OFFICE WOODSON BUILDING, UP STAIRS, OPPOSITE GEE HOUSE, WATER STREET,

SELMA, ALA,

Will give prompt attention to all orders entrusted to their care. Consignments of Cotton and Country Produce generally, respectfully solicited. Oct. 28, 1865.

NEW BUSINESS

In Jacksonville.

THE undersigned respectfully announce to the public, that they have opened an

AUCTION

AND

COMMISSION HOUSE

In the front room of M. J. Turnley's Law office, and propose to do a General Auction and Commission Business; will receive on consignment, and sell every description of produce, from a pound of Butter to a Bale of Cotton, and every description of Merchandise. We will have regular Auction Sales on the first and third Mondays in each month, or oftener if necessary. We will make it our special business to sell at auction on the first and third Saturdays in each month, live stock, such as Horses, Mules, Cattle, Hogs, &c.; and we request all persons having such property to sell, to bring it in to us on those days, by 10 o'clock, A. M.

We propose in connection with the above to keep a general

INTELLIGENCE OFFICE.

where Freedmen and others wishing to get situations, and those who want to hire such, can do so on the most liberal terms. We request all who are out of employment, to call at our office and give their names, location & kind of employment desired, and those wishing to hire laborers of any kind, will find it to their interest to give us a call.

We hope by strict attention to business, & prompt returns for sales, to merit and obtain a liberal patronage in our new enterprise.

Jan. 6. R. H. & W. B. WYNN.

C. PELHAM,

Attorney at Law,

Talladega, Ala.

WILL give prompt attention to all business entrusted to his care in Calhoun, St. Clair, Randolph and Talladega counties. Special attention will be given to obtaining PARDONS. Arrangements have been made to secure protection to property within the shortest time possible. Office on the east side of the public square, formerly occupied by Gov. Parsons. Sep. 2, '65.

Administrators Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of W B Eubanks, dec. having been granted to the undersigned, on the 30th day of Jan'y. 1866, by the Hon. A. Woods, Judge of the Probate Court for Calhoun county Ala.—Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said Estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law or that the same will be barred; and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to come forward and make payment. BARTLETT OWEN, Adm.

B. M. LUNDIE. GEO. FERGUSON.

LUNDIE & CO.,

(SUCCESSORS TO W. T. LUNDIE.)

COTTON FACTORS AND GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

OFFICE BROAD STREET, SELMA, ALA.

Special attention given to the sale and shipment of Cotton, on which we will pay freight, charges, and Revenue Tax.

Orders for the purchase of Groceries and other articles promptly filled, when accompanied with the Cash or City Acceptance.

REFERENCES:

M. J. A. Keith & Co., Selma, Ala., Gen. J. G. L. Huey, Talladega, Ala.; J. W. Lapsley, Selma, Ala.; L. F. Goodwin, Selma, Ala.; Walker Reynolds, Alpine, Ala.; John A. Winston & Co., Mobile, Ala.; Hon. T. A. Walker, Jacksonville, Ala.; Jurey & Harris, New Orleans, La.; H. C. Hannon, Montgomery, Ala. Jan. 27, 1866.

DRUGS, DRUGS.

Stroh, Knight & Co.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DRUGGISTS.

We are now receiving a large and well selected stock of

DRUGS, MEDICINES,
PAINTS, OILS,
GLASS, VARNISHES,
DYE STUFFS,
PATENT MEDICINES,
PERFUMERY, &c.

We intend to make it to the interest of Physicians & Dealers generally to buy of us. We are prepared to sell goods cheaper than at any point this side of the Ohio river, as we receive our goods direct from the manufactures. Our motto—

Quick Sales and Small profits.

The very best of

Imported Wines & Liquors

constantly on hand, at wholesale and retail. Also a CHOICE WINE for sacremental purposes.

You will certainly find it to your advantage to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere. Call at

McGUIRE & PIFSOM'S OLD STAND,

ON BROAD ST. ROME, GA.,

Nvo. 26 '65—3m. ...3m....

G. C. ELLIS. J. H. CALDWELL.

ELLIS & CALWELL,

Attorneys at Law,

AND

Solicitor in Chancery.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in CRIMINAL CASES, in the counties of Calhoun, Talledega, St. Clair, Randolph, Cherokee and DeKalb. Jan. 6. 1866.

ALA. & TENN. RIVER R. R.

TRAINS leave Selma daily (unday excepted at 7 A. M., and arrive at Blue Mountain at 7 05 P. M:

Returning, leave Blue Mountain at 7 A. M., and arrive at Selma at 6 30 P. M.

A daily line of stages connects Blue Mountain and Rome, 60 miles, making this the shortest, quickest and cheapest line of travil between South Alabama and Chattanooga and points North.

WM. ROTHROCK, Gen. up't.

SALT, SUGAR, COFFEE, &C. &C.

FOR SALE BY

E. L. WOODWARD.

Wanted.

100 Bushels of DRIED PEACHES, for which the highest market price will be given in Goods or Cash.

J. H. PARNELL, & CO.

COTTON SEED

FOR SALE.

WE have received a lot of FRESH COTTON SEED from the lower country which we offer for sale. Call soon if you wish to be supplied.

S. & S. J. MORGAN.

Oxford, Ala. Dec. 2. 1865.—tf.

HIXES & PANCHEN,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

IRON, CUTLERY, GUNS, TOOLS

AND

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

(SIGN OF THE PADLOCK,)

Broad Street, ROme, Ga.

Charles E. Hills. J. Seymour Panchen.

In Chancery.

Taliaferro Y. Oliver, vs. David Moore, and Washington Webb. } AT RULES before the Register, Feb. 28th, 1866.

In Chancery, 36th Chancery District, Northern Chancery Division, State of Alabama.

THIS day came the Complainant by his Solicitors, Foster & Forney, and moved the undersigned Register, for an Order of Publication against the Defendant, David Moore; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Register, from affidavit on file, that the said David Moore is a non-resident of the State of Alabama, and that his Post Office is unknown to affiant, and that said Defendant is above the age of twenty-one years.—It is therefore Ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a weekly Newspaper published in the Town of Jacksonville, Alabama, once a week for four consecutive weeks, notifying and requiring the said David Moore to be and personally appear before the Register of this Court, at his office in the Town of Jacksonville, Alabama, within sixty days from the date of this order, and plead, answer or demur to Complainant's Bill of Complaint exhibited against him and one Washington Webb, in said Chancery Court, or the same will be taken for confessed, and the cause set for hearing ex parte as to him. It is further ordered, that a copy of this order be posted up at the Court-house door of Calhoun county, Alabama, within twenty days from this date. Granted Feb. 28th, 1866.

WM. M. HAMES, Register.

March 3.—$20 00.

JOHN FOSTER, WM. H. FORNEY.

FOSTER & FORNEY,

Attorneys at Law,

Jacksonville Alabama.

WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State.

Dec. 23d, 1865.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of Daniel Heifner, dec'd. having been granted to the undersigned, by the Probate court of Calhoun County Ala on the 27th day of July, 1865; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said Estate, to present them legally authenticated within the time prescribed by law or they will be barred; and all persons indebted are requested to make payment.

Jan. 13. J. CRANKFIELD, Adm.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of Lewis L. Rhea,, dec'd having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate court of of Cherokee County, Ala on the 20th day of Dec., 1865; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said Estate to present them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and all persons indebted willmake payment.

Jan 6 PRESTON SHARP, Adm'r.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration upon the Estate of Rich'd L. Phillips, deceased having been granted to the undersigned on the 1th day of November, 1865, by the Honorable John K. Hoge Judge of Probate court of DeKalb county. Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said Estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred. ABNER PHILLIPS,

Jan. 13. Adm.

Desirable Lands for Sale.

Farm of 800 acres in Calhoun county Alabama within 6 miles of Jacksonville the county seat, 1 mile of the town of Alexandria, and 7 miles of Blue Mountain Station on the Jacksonville and Selma Railroad. Three hundred acres open the remainder very heavily timbered with pine and oak. One lot, 160 acres is detached ½ mile from the main body. Improvements a large framed dwelling with 8 good sized rooms well finished, located in a beautiful oak grove—all necessary out buildings. There is a large never failing spring within 100 yards of the house with a branch flowing from it nearly large enough to turn a mill—also a well of fine water in the yard—it has on it also a large gin house—a large apple and peach orchard, and taken altogether is one of the most valuable and desirable farms in North Alabama.

ALSO—A Farm of 870 acres more or less in Calhoun county, Ala., within 8 miles of Jacksonville, 1 mile of Alexandria and 7 miles of Blue Mountain Station on the Jacksonville & Selma Railroad—350 acres cleared the balance in original forest heavily timbered. This farm is very finely watered by spring branches which head on the place —80 acres of the open land is cedar bottom of very superior quality producing a good season 50 bushels of corn per acre and 1 bale of cotton. Improvements—a large well finished frame house and all necessary out buildings in a good state of preservation. There is a Baptist church on the land—and the society in the neighborhood equal to any in the State. This farm in the hands of a good practical farmer could be made one of the most productive in the region in which it is located. It has on it 1½ miles of cedar fencing taken off the cedar bottom. Lime stone is very abundant on the place which could be converted into lime at very little cost either for market or for fertilizing purposes on the farm.

HUGH FRANCIS, Agent

For Sale & Purchase of Lands.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Cherokee County.

Probate Court, for said county, Special Term, Feb. 2d, 1865.

ON this day Wm. A. Vincent, Executor of the last will of H. H. Vincent, presented his petition praying for an order to sell the Lands belonging to said Estate for distribution; and showing that Nancy Lavender, wife of Lemuel Lavender resides in Wilkerson county, Ga.; John M Vincent resides in Wood county Texas; Wm A Vincent, Emily S Raiford and Leander Gardner are the heirs and distributees of said estate.

The 16th day of April, 1866 is set apart by the Court for hearing said petition.

LEMUEL I. STANDEFER, Judge of Probate.

N. S. PUNCH. ALEX. T. HAWTHORN.

PUNCH & HAWTHORN,

Cotton Factors,

—AND—

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 23, COMMERCE STREET,

MOBILE, ALA.

☞W. B. WYNN, of Jacksonville is our authorized Agent for the purchase and shipment of cotton, orders for Groceries, Plantation Supplies, &c

P. & H.

Nov. 18, 1865—3m.

WM. L. BAKER, MOBILE. } JNO. C. GRAHAM, SELMA.

BAKER, GRAHAM & CO.

Successors to Baker, Lawler & Co. and Baker, Robbins & Co.

COTTON FACTORS

AND

Commission Merchants,

MOBILE, ALA.

We have secured the services of MR. R. P. BAKER and MR. GEO. SPAULDING, and connected with our business *Receiving and Forwarding Goods.* Having every facility for Shipments and Storage, we are prepared to offer inducements to Shippers to consign their goods to our care, and promise faithful attention to all consignments. We are agents for *no Boats.*

BAKER, GRAHAM, & CO.

Feb. 10, 1866.—6m.

BOYD'S PROLIFIC

COTTON SEED

For Sale.

I am now receiving daily a large lot of Fresh Cotton Seed, and will sell them at the lowest market price. Call and examine.

J. H. PARNELL,

Feb. 10. at S P Hudson's old stand.

GROCERIES.

Crushed, Loaf & Brown SUGAR,
COFFEE, Molasses, Rice, Salt,
Mackerel, in bbls. half bbls and kits.
Candles, and Nails, assorted,
Powder, Shot and Caps,
Pickles, Pepper, Spice, Ginger,
Oysters, Sardines, Soda, Indigo,

Cotton Yarns.

Snuff, chewing and smoking Tobacco,
LIQUORS, by the case and barrel,
Candies and Raisins by the box,
Nuts, Cheese and Crackers,
Cigars, Mustard, Blacking,

Cotton Cards.

IRISH POTATOES, Onions, FLOUR;
And a choice lot of 5000 bush. Fresh

COTTON SEED.

Buckets, Hames, Chains, Hoes, Axes,
Tin-ware, Paper & Envelopes.

Which we are selling at Selma prices with freight added.

S. & T. J. MORGAN.

Oxford Ala. Jan. 27, 1866.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of Jas. R Sims, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of DeKalb County, on the 23rd day of December, 1865; Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said Estate to present them legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law or they will be barred; and all persons indebted are required to make payment.

Jan. 27. HENRY P. WARREN, Admr.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of W. P. Smith, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of Calhoun County, on the 13th Jan. 1866; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present them legally authenticated within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment.

GEO. I. TURNLEY, Adm'r.

Feb. 10, 1866.

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of J. A. Turnipseed dec'd are hereby notified that all the notes and accounts belonging to said estate have been placed in my hands for collection by the Adm'x, I therefore hope that the parties concerned, will call on me at my office in Jacksonville without delay and settle up, by so doing we may save both cost and trouble. Wm M HAMES.

Feb. 1st, 1866.

TEH STATE OF ALABAMA, St. Clair county.

Probate Court, Feb. 9th, 1866.

John Wester, dec. Estate of } In a matter of Dower, }

THIS day came Henry W Box, administrator in this court of said Estate, and filed his petition in writing and under oath, praying for an order assigning dower to Celia Wester, widow of deceased, in one third portion of Lands described in said petition, of which deceedent died seized and possessed. It is ordered, that the 26th day of March, 1866, be appointed a day for hearing such application, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same if they think proper. JOHN A. ZELLNER, Judge of Probate.

Administrators Notice.

ETTERS of Administration on the Estate of Jas. F. Stone, having been granted to the undersigned, on the 13th day of Feb. 1866, by Hon. John A. Zelner Judge of Probate Court for St. Clair county Ala.—Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said Estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law or that the same will be barred.

M. S. JONES, NANCY T. STONE.

Feb. 24, '66.

Northern Chancery Division of Alabama. 30th Chancery District. Jacksonville, Ala. Feb. 17th. 1866.

IN VACATION.

THERE having been no regular term of the Chancery Court for this Districs held in Sanuary, at provided by law; It is hereby ordered, that an Extra Term of the Chancery court for said district be held in the Town of Jacksonville, Ala. on Monday the 9th day of April, 1866, to continue for three days.

It is further ordered, that notice of the time of holding said term of the court be published for thirty days in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in Calhoun county, Ala. SAM'L K. McSPADDEN, Chancellor.

Feb. 17, 1866.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.

Letters of administration on the estate of Jno. M Davis, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of Cherokee County, on the 3rd day of Reb. 1866, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate, to present them legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred.

Wm. H. GARMANY, Adm.

Feb. 24, 1866.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of administration having been granted to the undersigned, by the Probate court of Calhoun county, Ala. on the estate of Wade Blalock, dec'd, on the 17th o. February, 1866: Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment.

Mar. 3. JOHN T. WILSON, Adm.

WANTED.

WE want to hire fifty good hands, to shell corn, load cars, &c. for which we will pay one dollar per day per hand in corn or money. For particulars apply to our Agt. V. L. Ware, Blue Mountain.

MILLER, THOMAS & CO.

Union Town, March 3, 1866.

Notes of a Northern Trip.

The Editor of the Richmond *Examiner* having just returned from a Northern trip, gives the following account of what he said and heard and learned:

MEN AND POLITICKS IN THE NORTHERN CITIES—NOTES OF A FLYING TRIP.

A recent visit to the North has afforded us the opportunity to get some interesting glimpses of the current of public sentiment in the great cities. Our party lines are nearly obliterated, and we found the whole people separating rapidly into great parties—the radicals and conservatives. The former are straining every nerve, not only to keep the South in its present anomolous condition, but to bring it to utter political and social ruin; while the latter, under the leadership of President Johnson, who has just placed himself so unmistakably at their head, favor a policy of conciliation and peace, in order, at the earliest possible day to restore the Union to its former prosperity and integrity.

PUBLIC FEELING IN WASHINGTON.

In Washington, the radical element largely predominates around the capitol and amongst the members and hangers on of Congress, but amongst the mass of the resident population, conservative views are overwhelmingly in the ascendant. Since the bold stand taken by the President in favor of restoration and against the radicals, the friends of the Union are much encouraged, and their influence and numbers are visibly increasing.

THE PRESS OF WASHINGTON

is, in general strongly conservative. The old National Intelligencer, which is said to reflect the President't views, is doing yeoman's service in the cause of restoration, and is supported by the star and Constitutional Union—the latter paper edited by the bold, consistent and lion-hearted Florence. The National Republican, a sprightly evening sheet, whose conductors have hitherto been identified with the radical movement, asserted its independence in sustaining the President's recent veto. The only Washington paper that sustains the ultra radicals, and systematically vilifies the President, is the Chronicle, edited by

THE INFAMOUS JOHN W. FORNEY.

This personal and political knave and trickster will be remembered as the individual who some years ago, rendered himself notorious during the pendency of the celebrated Forest Divorce case; as the originator of a plan to render a witness *drunk*, and in that state to obtain from him evidence intended to ruin the character of an innocent woman! The letter of Forney which proved beyond all question his guilt in this matter, will doubtless be recollected by many of our readers. It is eminently characteristic of the man, who, having fattened through a long series of years at the public crib, is filled with rage and disappointment because his thirst for place and power is not more fully slaked and now assumes to hound on the foes and revilers of the President.

A MARKED CHANGE.

which any former resident of Washington, now returning to that city will be sure to notice, is the vast increase of the negro popualtion. For this pleasant addition to their community, the people of Washington are indebted to various circumstances, but chiefly to the hope held out by Congress of the establishment of negro suffrage in the District of Columbia, which would at once make that happy ten miles square the Mecca of the whole race of regenerated blacks. As it is, they crowd the thorougfares, the street cars, the corridors and rotunda of the Capitol, the galleries of Congress in fact their number in Washington alone exceeds twenty-five thousand!

THINGS IN BALTIMORE.

Passing on to Baltimore we found the conservative feeling in that city very general; yet so fettered is the popular voice throughout Maryland that, to a casual observer, the radicals, who, though comparatively few in number are far more bitter than further Northward, seem to possess considerable strength and influence. The Baltimore papers are all, more or less conservative with the exception of the American, which, though its editor, Fulton, has just been appointed collector of the port is much inclined to side with what it considers the winning party—the radicals.

PHILADELPHIA

may be said to be committed, body and soul to the control of Thad. Stevens' faction. There one finds more bitterness against the South and everything Southern than any of the Northern cities—the "Hub" itself hardly accepted. The newspapers are very much of the same political complexion—only one of them, the Age, offering the least resistance to the tide of popular fanaticism and hate.

IN NEW YORK

a very different state of affairs exists. This great city is the stronghold of Northern conservatism. Although its cosmopolitan population includs fanatics of all grades, yet the controlling element amongts the people, as well as the mass of the people, themselves, are eager for the restoration of the Union as it was. The moneyed classes—the "solid men" of New York—are almost without exception more or less well disposed towards the President's policy of conciliation and peace. Many of them do not hesitate to declare that their confidence in Government securities and their consequent disposition to invest decreases in exact proportion with the growth of the radical power in the councils of the nation. One happy feature New of Yerk life is the unbounded

FREEDOM OF OPINION

that undoubtedly prevails. One can find in the New York press all shades of political sentiment faithfully reflected and there are circles in which the sentiment is as exclusively Southern as anywhere south of Mason and Dixon's line. Several of the leading New York Republican presses—such as the Times, the Sun, the Commercial—sustain the President's veto, and it is gratifying to observe that, in the re-organization of parties which must inevitably follow the recent rupture between the President and the Radicals, a large proportion of the Republican party are likely to act with the conservatives in the effort to save the country. One of the most interesting incidents of our trip was

A CHANCE INTERVIEW WITH HENRY WARD BEECHER.

We encountered that reverend politician on a railroad train, in which he was on his way to Newburgh, N. Y., there to deliver a lecture.—A change seems to have come over the spirit of his dream. In conversation with us he avowed himself an uncompromising peace man. Blood enough, he thought, had now been spilt, and he was for mercy forgiviness and forbearance. He admitted that his former violent views had become modified, and he now cordially endorses the Union policy of the President. He alluded to the case of Mr. Davis, and expressed the hope that he would be tried, if at all, by a civil tribunal, and if convicted, pardoned. He contended that the power of Mr. Davis for mischief was forever gone, and that no good could result from his execution. We were somewhat surprised to hear such sentiments from such a source; but the conversation and general bearing of the great political preacher impressed us favorably.

DESTITUTE IN NORTH ALABAMA.—The Huntsville (Ala.) Independent of the 24th ult., says:

"Returns from Marshall county for rations for distribution, show that there are nineteen hundred and fifty whites, and two hundred and twenty blacks in that county who are entirely destitute. The apportionment for that county is not near large enough to meet this demand, the number of rations allowed per day being only 428. This is an appalling case of destitution, and without speedy relief is furnished, starvation must come to hundreds. The Government has contributed generously of its bounty but the supplies furnished are not adequate to the demend, and the people of the State must do something for these unfortunate sufferers. We doubt not that many of them belong to families of deceased soldiers, and surely we cannot see the widows and orphans of our glorious dead want for the necessaries of life.

KENTUCKY.—The rebel army tried repeatedly to take Kentucky during the war, but failed. Since the war stopped they have tried again, and succeeded.—Twenty thousand paroled prisoners from Lee's, Johnson's and Hood's armies are now the arbiters of the State which has become more heartily rebel than South Carolina. Thus elections were recently held in the districts nearest Cincinnatti for Senators, and the candidates supported by the rebels succeeded in each. The Union vote was large as ever before; but the Copperhead swelled by the returned rebel, overbalanced it. South Carolina has ratified the constitutional amendment; Kentucky repeatedly and contemptuously rejects it. The State will never again give so heavy a proslavery majority as she gave McClellan; but she will probably give twenty thousand majority next year, and consign her negroes to virtual slavery by acts of her next Legislature. She has not been whipped; South Carolina *has*, and by so much the better for it. Kentucky badly needs reconstruction.

N. Y. Tribune.

☞A thief, in St. Louis, the other night, stole a child's coffin, packed it full of goods and walked past a policeman with a very melancholy air.

Jacksonville Republican.

JACKSONVILLE ALABAMA

SATURDAY, MAR. 17, 1866

Terms of Subscription.

For one year, in advance, ... $3 00
For 6 months, ... 1 75

Terms of Advertising.

One square of ten lines or less, first insertion, ... $1 00
Each subsequent insertion, ... 1 00
Over one square counted as two, over two as three, &c. A liberal discount made on advertisements continued for three, six, or 12 months.
Annunciation of Candidates, ... $5 00
Obituaries charged at advertising rates.

CANDIDATES.

For Circuit Judge.

We are authorized to announce **Hon. M. J. Turnley**, of Jacksonville, as a candidate for Judge of the 10th Judicial Circuit—election first Monday in May next.

We are authorized to announce **John Henderson, Esq.**, of Talladega, as a candid for Judge of the 10th Judicial Circuit—election the first Monday in May next.

We are authorized to announce **Geo. S. Walden, Esq.** of Talladega, as a candidate for Judge of the 10th Judicial Circuit—election first Monday in May next.

For Judge of Probate.

We are authorized to announce **Hon. A. Woods**, as a candidate for Probate Judge for Calhoun county—election 1st Monday in May, 1866.

We are authorized to announce **J. C. McAuley, Esq.** as a candidate for Probate Judge of Calhoun county—election first Monday in May next.

We are authorized to announce **Capt. J. B. Farmer**, as a candidate for Probate Judge of Calhoun County—election first Monday in May next.

We are authorized to announce **Wm. M. Hames, Esq.** as a candidate for Probate Judge for Calhoun County—election first Monday in May next.

D. M. FULENWIDER, with Harrell, Eskridge & Sturdivant, of Selma, is our authorized Agent, to contract, receive and receipt for subscription and advertising for the Republican.

BLANKS of every description, neatly and correctly printed, can now be had by the newly elected Justices of the Peace & Constables, on application at this Office.

On Tuesday next, 20th March, 1560 acres of valuable Land will be sold at Blue Mountain—one & two years credit.

Hanna, Morton & Co. Cotton Factors, Grocers and Commission Merchants of Selma. We take pleasure in calling attention to the card of this excellent business firm—prompt, reliable and correct in all their business transactions. We are reliably informed that they keep constantly on hand a large stock of Groceries of superior quality, which they sell as low if not lower than any other house. Purchasers from the up country would do well to give them a call while in the city.

Mr. T. S. Bowen, formerly of this place, and well known to many of our citizens as a correct, competent and experienced business man is in this house, ready at all times to attend to the wants of his old friends, and acquaintances, with his usual courteous manner and accommodating disposition.

Attention is invited to the new advertisement of Mr. E. Goode, who has fitted up a complete Photograph Gallery, and is now prepared to take pictures in the highest style of the art, of any desired style or quality. His prices will be found exceedingly moderate.

Mrs. Goode has also an assortment of Ladies Bonnets, Hats, Ribbons, Trimmings and Milinery Goods generally, and will be prepared to furnish them and execute all work in that line in the neatest and most fashionable style.

E. L. Woodward, in addition to his other stock of Goods, has just received a fine assortment of Ready Made Clothing, which he selling is at very low prices.

New Steam Grist Mill.—Mr. G. Souther has fitted up a new steam grist mill, one mile south of this place, and is now prepared to grind corn and make an excellent article of meal of any desired fineness. This will be a great convenience to the citizens of our Town and vicinity, and we hope the enterprising proprietor may be liberally patronized.

A correspondent of the Selma Messenger makes a calculation and estimates that it will cost a debtor nearly 100 per cent. to avail himself of the present Stay Law. About the only advantage of the Stay Law if it is not declared unconstitutional, will be to assist in the total destruction of the credit system, a consumation devoutly to be wished.

Petroleum—Gadsden.—By persons passing to and from this section, where here is a good deal of interest excited on the subject of the discovery of oil, we have received some items of information which may be interesting to a portion of our readers. By Mr. W. B. Wynn, who recently had a long conversation with Mr. Rogers, Superintendent of the operations near Gadsden, we learn the following facts. Mr. Rogers is an experienced miner from the oil regions of Pennsylvania. He has a company at work on Owl Creek, (now called Oil Creek,) about one mile from Gadsden. They have thus far only done the digging preparatory to boring in the rock, for which they have all the steam machinery, and it may be several weeks yet before they reach rock of sufficient solidity to commence the operation of boring. Mr. Rogers says that every indication of oil occurs there, such as bituminous coal, oil shale &c., and that he is determined to make a thorough test, if it requires the boring of 20 wells occupying the whole of the ensuing Summer & Fall. Oil men & all others interested there are said to be in fine spirits, and perfectly confident of success.

As we obtain information of progress and discovery, which we may consider perfectly reliable, we will give it to our readers but will carefully avoid everything which might tend to mislead or create unfounded excitement.

MEXICO.

The latest news from Mexico states that a crisis in Mexican affairs on the Pacific coast is imminent. The French troops in the Northern and Western states have been driven on to the coast, and are hemmed in a few port towns whence they are liable to be driven on board their vessels for safety. Mazatlan is besieged, its streets barricaded, and the Liberals are pressing close in the rear. Fighting had occurred, in which the Liberals, aided by Americans lately enlisted, have been victorious.—The antipathy of the French and Imperial Mexicans to Americans is increasing. There are instances of Americans having been thrown uselessly into prison, and threats of the indiscriminate slaughter of Americans are boldly made by the Imperials in certain towns. It is really necessary that war vessels be dispatched here by the United States Government, at once, to prevent trouble, and demand a decent respect for United States citizens and the American flag. It may even be too late now but longer tarrying will be a crime.

[Cor. N. Y. News.

Savannah, Griffin and North Alabama Railroad.

A small number of the stockholders of this road met in the Courthouse in this place on Tuesday last Maj. T. A Grace, one of the Directors, occupied the chair, and explained the object of the meeting. He said, at the recent meeting of the Directors in Griffin, it was resolved to commence work on the road as soon as one hundred thousand dollars were subscribed, payable in installments as called for. Those present were notified that if the amount was raised in the next six weeks, the cars would run from Griffin to this place in less than twelve months.

After the conclusion of Maj. Grace's remarks, Mr. J. M. Thomas, Esq., another Director, a short but telling speech. The profitableness of the rail road investments and the difficulties under which other roads has labored were fully presented. He warmly endorsed the action of the Board in determining to have all the work on the road done by the company, thereby saving to the stockholders the profits which, heretofore, went into the pockes of contractors.

All were urged to go to work and try to raise the amount. No further action was taken.

We have been informed that a proposition has been made by a company of twenty men, nearly all of whom are old stockholders, to build the road from Griffin to Newnan provided a lease of ten years is given; or these same men agree to build it to Oxford, Jacksonville, or any other point fixed, upon a lease of twenty years. At the expiration of the lease the road and equipments will be turned over to the original company. This proposition has been rejected.

A gentleman, who has taken the trouble to assertain the fact, has informed us that he has good reason to believe that the amount of money needed, to build the road can be borrowed in New York at the lawful per cent. The Directors however, think that if this be true the better policy would be to raise a considerable sum from the citizens of the counties through which the road will run, before attempting to borrow money in New York. These facts are mentioned merely to assure all interested that the road can and will be built, and the only task with its officers is the selection of the best plan.

Newnan Herald, 24th.

Gen. Frank Cheatham's Letter to the Nashville Convention.

Nashville, Tenn., Feb. 16, 1866.

Gentlemen;—Your invitation to attend the approaching anniversary of the birthday of the "Father of his country," is received. I am of the number of "those who desire to see the State of Tennessee restored to her pristin and proper position of equality and influence in the Union," and regret deeply that previous and pressing engagements, of a nature which admit neither of neglect or delay, will prevent my attendance on that interesting and important occasion.

Without arrogance or egotism, I may say that in other days I have borne some humble part in adding to the glories that cluster around the old standard so proudly denominated "the flag of the free."

Without personal shame or regret, I add that more recently I have warred under another banner, and against the one whose ample folds now float from the dome of your Capitol. In both positions I but obeyed the behest of the noble old mother upon whose bosom I had my birth, within whose limits I have passed my life, and beneath whose soil I propose, God willing, that my ashes shall repose when life's "tatoo shall have sounded. I did but my duty I strove to do it well.

I am a Tennesseean still; and having, with Tennessee, accepted the result of the late contest in honest, good faith, and with full purpose to abide by them, I have only to add that the State has within her borders no other son who will, within the compas of his ability, do more to advance the interests, honor and glory of the Union of which she is an integral member.

Your obedient servant,

B. F. CHEATHAM.

Messrs. Wm. Heiskell, Wm. K. Poston and others, Committee.

BY TELEGRAPH.

[SELECTED DISPATCHES.]

New York, March 8.—The steamer Java has arrived from Liverpool with dates of the 25th ult.

Liverpool, Feb. 25.—Cotton is ½ penny lower in the week. The sales of the week sum up 58,000 bales.

Brooklyn, N. Y., March 8.—The Fenians last night passed resolutions requesting the conferring of belligerent rights on the Irish Republic by the U. S.

New York, March 8.—The World's Washington special says the Senate Committee yesterday considered the bill recognizing the Judiciary which will be completed next meeting and forthwith reported to the Senate.

London, Feb. 25.—A revolution has broken out in Romania and Prince Hansea taken prisoner by the army and forced to sign his abdication.

The Legislature has unanimously proclaimed the Count of Flanders Hespador, which evinced general satisfaction.

New York, March 8.—Late Mexican advices state that the Belgian troops refused to fight under the Imperial General Mendeze, who shot Ortega, not caring if Belgian prisoners were shot in retalliation. Bazaine wanted to have every fifth of the offenders shot, but the Empress interposed in their behalf.

Bazaine has intimated there must be a war with the United States. Heavey detachments of troops had been sent to Queretero and San Louis Potosi.

Montreal, March 8.—Great excitement prevails here. Ten thousand volunteers have been ordered out within twenty-four hours.

New York, March 8.—The steamer George Cromwell, from New Orleans, has arrived.

Foreign.—The House of Commons have voted 5,000l. a year and 30,000l. dowry to Princess Helena, and 15,000 annually to Prince Alfred.

The erection of a monument to Lord Palmerston has been ordered in the Westminister Abbey.

The cattle plague is still increasing. Thirteen thousand cases were reported last week.

The banks of France, Prussia and Italy have all reduced their rates of discount.

The House has passed the Senate joint resolution appropriating $5,000 to reimburse Miss Clara Barton for money expended by her to discover the missing soldiers.

The House has resumed the consideration of the bill to protect all persons in their civil rights.

Midnight.—Nothing yet from the Senate.

New York, March 7.—The Fenian excitement still continues. There were public meetings last night at various places in Jersey City and Brooklyn.

The steamer Havanna from Rio Janeiro the 3d of Febuary, has arrived. War preparations continue. The Brazillian government was firm in demanding the expulsion of Lopez as the first basis of any peace.

Montevideo papers of Jan. 24th says no active movement had occurred, and both sides are preparing for a campaign in Paraguay. Slight skirmishes had occurred, and Lopez had put all men capable of bearing arms in the field. The Brazillian fleet was at Corrientes awaiting high water.

New York, March 7.—The steamship City of New York, with Liverpool dates of the 21st has arrived.

The suspension of the habeas corpus in Ireland received universal applause in England & very general satisfaction in Ireland. The first effect was uneasiness and depression, but the vigor shown by the Government restored confidence, and had a favorable effect. The military forces in Ireland had been strongly reinforced from England. Among the latest arrests is one Gen. Jno H. Gleeson and his brother, Jas. Gleeson of the Federal army.—A bill had passed the House of Lords authorizing the Government to take possession of the telegraph wires, if necessary.

Mr. Clay introduced a reform bill in to the House of Commons, extending the franchise to all males over 21 years of age, if fairly educated.

France.—In the French Corps Legislatif on the address in response to the speech from the throne expressed satisfaction at the assurance that the expedition to Mexico is to close, and thinks the United States ought not to take umbrage at the presence of French troops in Mexico, or render their recall dependent on any thing but on our own convenience.

The Paris Patrie gives a report that Seward is about to send a consiliatory dispatch to France, intimating the readiness of the U. S. to proclaim neutrality in Mexico, subject to certain conditions.

Austria.—Recruiting for troops in Austria for Mexico, will commence in a few days.

Washington, March 7.—In the Senate, Mr. Sumner made an elaborate speech against the Constitutional amendment.

Washington, March 9.—In the Senate yesterday, Mr. Roland presented a joint resolution to amend the Constitution, by disqualifying from voting or holding office any persons who took part in the rebellion. Referred to the Commitee on Reconstruction.

Mr. Henderson introduced a series of resolutions declaring, that Congress not the Executive alone must decide whether the insurrection has been suppressed in the eleven States, and that the Union is not restored untile the Governments in these States are Republican in form and shall have been established and recognized by the Federal Government, and that the Committee on Reconstruction inquire into the expediency for reorganization and reestablishment of the State Governments in the seceding States. The resolutions were ordered printed.

Mr. Wilson approved the pending measures but opposed forcing universal suffrage upon State by a positive law, and maintained that Congress could not by law or joint resolution regulate suffrage in the several States.

Frauds have been discovered by the local agents of the Bureau of fearful proportions. The Government was cheated by all classes and not unfrequently by those men loudest in their protestations of loyalty. The investigation into the monthly returns of a large house engaged in stock and gold brokerage showed a deficiency in returns of over $44,000,000.

Indianapolis, March 9.—A dispatch to the New Albany Ledger says that Secretary Seward, conversing with a member of Congress, expressed himself in favor of admitting at once and without conditions the Southern members of Congress.

New York, March 9.—There was intense excitement in the Fenian circles to day, and it is thought undoubtedly that one of the demonstrations will shortly be made by Gen. Sweeny agains Canada. It is said he has already large stocks of arms and munitions of war and transportation. It is understood that the United States government is urged to call out the militia to be stationed at Ogdensburg to prevent raids from the States.

Montreal, March 9.—Ten thousand Canadian militia today, responded to call for active duty, and three or four times the number could undoubtedly be had at a days notice. The whole volunteer force of the city paraded last evening, and preparations are making to guard against a Fenian surprise.

New York, March 9.—The Herald's special estimates 3,000 troops are now armed and ready to march if invasion takes place. The railroad engines are fired up and ready to move troops whenever required. Troops have been drilling since 2 o'clock this morning.

The Post's Washington special says the Committee of Ways and Means are engaged considering the proposition to lay a tax on cotton.

The recommendation of the Revenue Commissioner in favor of the tax is likely to be adopted.

Mobile, March 14.—Sales of cotton to-day 100 bales at 39 cents.

The Peabody Charity.—Recently the American banker in London, Mr. Peabody, gave £100,000, or nearly $500,000, for the benefit of the poor of London. Prior to that he had made similar donations for the same purpose—the aggregate gift in all amounting to $1,250,000. The London Times very truly says that since the world began, there has been no so munificent gift from any private individual. It stands out as an entirely exceptional case in the history of such charitable deeds. The London correspondent of the Richmond Times says:

There is one feature in the case which distinguishes it from others. Others have given large sums of money and valuable properties to benevolent uses, but in the most of such cases the gifts take effect only when the possessor of the money or estate cannot longer remain with the giver. In this instance the gift is made during the life-time of the man or giver. He voluntarily strips himself of one million two hundred and fifty thousand dollars in American specie money, foregoes all the pleasures and the power to be derived from the use of such a sum in the ordinary mode, that good to others may be done with it, to make himself the friend of the poor of London—those who strive manfully in the unequal battle with the world. To such a man as he, the real enjoyment to be derived from the belief that for years and years to come so many hearts will swell with gratitude at the benefactor name is doubtless far beyond all the pleasures usually purchased by the millionaire. The prayers which will ascend to the most High in his behalf are more to be prized than any crown in Europe. By the partial employment of this fund, as I have heretofore detailed to you, over eight hundred and fifty people have been rescued from the disease, degradation and dirt from which they suffered in their former habitations.

This is about one-fourth of the good that will result when the whole of the fund shall have been expended.

A Strange Case.—About forty years ago, a young gentleman and lady formed an association, as young people often do, and it was supposed by their friends that it would terminate in matrimony. But for some reason best known to the parties, the association was dissolved, and they separated. The young man subsequently got married and lost three wives, the last one within the last eight or nine months. The young lady married, and lived with her husband over thirty three years, and raised a numerous family. During the last year her husband died. The lady remained a widow about eleven months, her former suitor made an advance to her, he being about seventy-five years old, and the lady seventy-one, and they were married. The parties are living in the vicinity of Lynn Post Office, Susquehanna County, Penn., and the gentleman gave his consent to the publication of this notice. A man never truly loved a woman and lost it. It keeps with him and comes back to him as sure as he is a gentleman.

Anecdote of Sidney Johnson.

"M. W. M.," says an exchange, sends us the following anecdote of the late Sidney Johnson:

"While Sidney Johnson resided on Oyster creek, in Texas he kept a tame Mexican lion, of which he was very fond, and which followed him everywhere like a dog. One day while at dinner with Gen Lamar and Rev. Mr. Fontaine, he was feeding him with pieces of meat, and happening to give him a rare slice, with blood dropping from it, the lion seized the hand that held it, crushing it and growling fiercely, with angry eyes fixed on his master Gen. Johnson, without a cry of pain or a single movement, looking at him said quietly several times, 'let go Dan.' But the animal only growled and lashed his tail, when turning to the servant, the General told him to hand his pistol which the frightened negro did, and Gen. Johnson taking it in his hand, blew out the lion's brains; but his hand was hopelessly maimed.

The God of this World

Gold is the only power which receives universal homage. It is worshipped in all land without a single temple, and by all classes without a single hypocrite; and often has it been able to boast of having armies for its priesthood, and hecatombs of human victims for its sacrifices. Where war has slain its thousands gain has slaughtered its millions; for while the former operates only with the local and fitful terror of an earthquake, the destructive influence of the latter is universal and increasing. Indeed, war itself—what has it often been but the art of gain practised on a large scale?—the covetousness of a nation resolved on gain impatient of delay, and leading its subjects to deeds of rapine and blood? Its history is the history of slavery and oppression in all ages. And at this moment, what a populous and gigantic empire can it boast!—the mine, with its unnatural drudgery; the manufactory, with its swarms of squalid misery; and the market and the exchange, with their furrowed and care-worn countenances—these are only specimens of its more menial offices and subjects. Titles and honors are among its rewards, and thrones at its disposal. Among its counsellors are kings, and many of the great and mighty of the earth enrolled among its subjects. Where are the waters not ploughed by its navies? What imperial element is not yoked to its car? Philosophy itself has become a mercenary in its pay; and Science, a votary to its shrine, brings all its noblest discoveries, as offerings, to its feet. What part of the globe's surface is not rapidly yielding up its lost stores of hidden treasure to the spirit of gain? Scorning the childish dream of the philosopher's stone, it aspires to turn the globe itself into gold.

Rev. Dr. Harris.

A Terrific Scene.

We find in the Titusville, Pa., Herald, the annexed description of the terrific scene which occurred at Bennehoff Run, in that State. Twelve thousand barrels of coal oil, besides numerous dwellings, barns, and outbuildings all on fire at one time, must indeed have been a terrific spectacle. Here is the account:—*Era.*

About five o'clock in the afternoon, while some carpenters were engaged in erecting a tank full of oil at the Getty well on Bennehoff Run, sparks from the smoke stack were being driven by the wind in the direction where they were working, and one of the men apprehensive of danger went to notify the superintendent of the fact, but he had not proceeded far before the oil ignited. The men on top of the tank beat a hasty retreat and escaped without injury, and in a few minutes the tank bursted, and an immense sheet of flame and smoke shot up into the heavens.

As the fiery stream rolled past, it attacked everything in its course, tank after tank, until all the inhabitants of the valley rushed to the hillside to prevent being swallowed up in a river of liquid fire. The stream continued to roll on until it reached within half a mile of Petroleum Creek, here it came in contact with a large accumulation of ice and snow, which stayed its progress. This, however, did not last long as the oil forced its way through the ice, but came out at the other side extinguished, and flowed on its course until it emptied into oil creek. The scene was now grand beyond description; for nearly a mile and a half the flame shot heavenward, and, the dense black smoke covered the whole country with a black clound. The sun was now setting and the reflection upon that cloud rendered it first a dark purple, then of a red color and the peculiar rolling motion produced an endless variety of shade till at last it became dark and black as before. The bright blaze of the fire made every object distinctly visible after dark and the hillsides were at one time so hot that an individual was heard to remark that if the infernal regions were anything resembling it he never wished to visit them.

Groups of horror stricken women and children were wending their way to Petroleum Centre, while gangs of men were at work with pick and shovel, daming the creek at various points. The noise of the splitting roofs was like the constant roll of musketry, and as the burning fluid fell over the dam it produced a sharp cracking sound like the discharge of innumerable pistols. The flames at one time completely surrounded and played upon a large iron tank, containing 2,800 barrels of oil belonging to the Ocean Company. Had this bursted the town of Petroleum Centre would that night have been laid in ashes. Good fortune however saved it. About 9 o'clock the fire had spent itself and the oil not consumed was on its way to the Gulf of Mexico.

Further Particulars of the Murder of Chas. A. Clapp.

Our community was yesterday morning shocked at the intelligence of the murder of Charles A. Clapp, an industrious, enterprising and respected citizen, the diabolical deed having been perpetrated at his late residence, just without the southwestern environs of the city, at half past 9 o'clock on Friday night. The affair at first seemed enveloped in a veil of mystery, but in this instance, as in others of a similar character, the truth of the hackneyed adage, "murder will out," has been truly verified.

The Jury of Inquest, after a patient and careful investigation into the matter yesterday, were forced to the conclusion that Mr. Clapp had been murdered by a Federal soldier named Berry, the wife of the unfortunate deceased being considered as accessory to it, and their verdict was returned in accordance with these facts. It was supposed that Mr. Clapp was asleep at the time the fatal shot was fired, and the ball which was of the size generally used in charging a musket or minne rifle, taking effect in his head, fractured his skull terribly. Although the affair accurred at the hour of 9½, as before mentioned, Mrs. C. would not permit the alarm to be given until several hours had elapsed, and, strange to say, there was not a solitary soul, white or black, on the place, who would admit that they had heard the report of a gun, while a number of the neighbor assert that they heard it distinctly. The presumption is very strong that Mrs. C. and this soldier, who had been stationed on the premises as a guard, had become too intimate, and hence the murder of Mr. Clapp.

Mrs Clapp, after the affair had become generally known, professed to have been also terribly beaten and maltreated, and affected mental aberration, pulled her hair, and muttered incoherent sentences but this course instead of deceiving any one, only strengthened well grounded suspicions of her guilt—the lucid intervals occurring too frequently. She was yesterday evening arrested, but her supposed paramour is, we believe, yet at large. There seems to be no question of the man's guilt, as several of the inmates of Mr. Clapp's house assert that he made one or two attempts on that same day to kill him, but was prevented from doing so by Mrs. Clapp. It is certainly a very shocking affair, and has sent unexpectedly a very clever and useful man to his last account.

Montgomery Adv. 18th.

The Moonless Month.—The month of February, 1866, which is now gone, will be marked in the astronomical calender as the month which had no full moons. Janury had two full moons, and March will have two, but Febuary had none. Of course this peculiar conjuncture of periods that makes the full moon show her face but a few hours before the month comes in, and again a few hours after the month goes out, is a rare thing in nature—but how rare do you suppose gentle reader? It has not occurred before in your life time, nor ours—not since the time of Washington, not since the discovery of America by Columbus, no, nor since the Christian era, nor since the fall of Adam, nor since the creation of the world, unless that period be placed back myriads of years. And it will not occur again, according to the computation of astronomers, for two and a half millions of years.—*Nashville Banner.*

It is stated that Gen. Scott, who is at present in Pensacola, unhesitatingly endorses all that President Johnson uttered in his speech on the 22d ult. He expresses the hope that it will yet bind the North and South more firmly bound together than ever, and that as the President Johnson had adopted the only true and proper course.

Change of Schedule on the Rome R. R.

To go into effect on the 12th of March, 1866.

Leave Rome at 4 00 o'clock, P. M.
Arrive at Kingston at 7 30 P. M.
Leave Kingston at 7 00 A. M.
Arrive at Rome at 8 30 A. M.

Passengers going south will find comfortable and commodious Stages in waiting at Rome to carry them to Blue Mountain, Ala., where they make sure and prompt connection with the Ala. & Tenn. River Railroad to Selma, and points South of that city.

C. M. PENNINGTON,
Eng. and Sup't.

Stage Line from Rome to Blue Mountain.

Leave Rome at 4 o'clock A. M.
Arrive at Jacksonville 8 30 P. M.
Leave for Blue Mountain 9 00 P. M.
Leave Blue Mountain at 4 00 P. M.
Arrive at Jacksonville 9 00 P. M.

Secretary Seward.

Special dispatch to the Chicago Republican.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—Secretary Seward, in an interview with a Pennsylvania member grew very much excited over political matters and denounced Congress in the most violent manner. He said there was not a rebel in the country to-day; that that which is termed Johnson's policy is his; that he laid it out for Lincoln, who adopted it, and was carrying it out when he died, and that Johnson is merely continuing it. He declared himself in favor of the immediate admission of the Southern delegations, and the repeal of the test oath.

SINGULAR STORY.—An Ohio paper tells the following rather singular story:

"Four days after the rebels fired on Fort Sumter, a son of Mrs. Duncan, of Mecca, Ohio, enlisted for the war. He joined a Western regiment, and after being in several battles, was reported killed at the battle of Stone River. His body was brought home and interred. Afterwards intelligence was brought to the parent by returned Union prisoners, that their son was not dead, but in the rebel prison in Georgia. Other prisoners returning from there last spring, brought the sad news of his death to the sorely distressed family. When the war closed an opportunity was offered to penetrate the rebel lines. Mr. Duncan sent down and had his son brought home again and buried twice, as was supposed, it was natural that they should be reconciled to their loss, but a few days ago their son Bob, in spite of wounds, and deaths, and funerals, came 'marching home' and is now enjoying the hospitality of the parental roof."

Sargent, Woolom & Co's. bid for the carrying of the mail from Rome to Blue Mountain, to commence on the 1st of July next, has been accepted by the Department.—*Rome Courier.*

The peace proclamation of the President is delayed by the unsettled condition of affairs in Texas.

A Washington dispatch of the 10th says the Bankrupt bill will be resumed in the House on Wednesday or Thursday, and the friends of the bill are confident of its passage as several members have changed their minds in regard to the bill.

A New York dispatch of the 10th says a delegation of army officers representing the old division of the Potomac army, presented a resolution adopted at a previous meeting, pledging themselves to unsheath their swords in Ireland's cause, and offered their services to Sweeny. Mr. Roberts and Mr. O'Mahony thanked the officers, assuring them their services would soon be required.

Col. Roberts has issued a stirring appeal to his brother Fenians to prepare for the conflict.

A telegram from Cincinnati says that a man named Slaut was in that city hunting up his daughter, who had eloped from Georgetown, Ohio, with a negro.

Recently a lot of one hundred negroes from Africa arrived at Havana, and sold for $80,000.

END OF THE WAR.—In a speech at Albany the other day, Mr. John Van Buren said:

There is a difference of opinion among heroes. Heroes like Grant and Sherman, and Meade, Farragut, Lee and Johnston, declare that the war is ended. I know that heroes like Sumner, Stevens, Douglas and Downing deny the fact but I prefer to take the testimony of those who participated in it.

THE CAUSE OF GRIEF.—The Philadelphia Age thus points out the distress of the Radicals:

"The Radicals are in despair. They are, at last, cut off from the loaves and fishes. The idea of losing the fat drippings from the Treasury which have solaced their loyal hours of the past five or six years, is extremely distressing. The feeling of being 'out in the cold' is to individuals of their temperment, almost unbearable. But they must get used to it. They would have a fight with 'the man at the other end of the avenue,' and they must take the consequences."

Peace Proclamation.

It is said that President Johnson has a Peace Proclamation already prepared, which he will issue as soon as the Texas State Convention has completed its work. This is the last State to adopt the President's reconstruction programme. This Proclamation will be looked for with great anxiety as it will probably be followed by a restoration of the Habeas Corpus, which under the Constitution can only be suspended in times of insurrection, invasion, &c.—*Ala. Reporter.*

Land Offices.

We are frequently asked when are the Land offices to be opened, &c. The Land Office at Montgomery will be opened the first of April. The other offices of the State will be opened at intervals of thirty days after that time. That is to say, one every thirty days. The impression seems to prevail that all the offices will be removed to Montgomery and that there will really be but one office in the State.

The lands will not be subject to entry under the graduating scale, which was established before the war. That act was repealed in 1862. No lands can be entered now for less than one dollar and a quarter per acre. The mineral lands are to be reserved, and we understand will be held at twenty dollars per acre.—*Ala. Reporter.*

Statistics of the New York Central Railroad present the following interesting facts:—From fifty-two to fifty-six trains pass one way or the other daily, though its heaviest season is from September to November. Twenty-six conductors, each with a different special ticket punch ply between Albany and Syracuse. It has 258 engines, 380 passenger and baggage cars and 5,254 freight cars. It carried 3,784,282 passengers last year at an average of about two cents fare a mile, and at an average rate of speed of 28 miles per hour. It has a capital stock of more than twenty-four and one-half millions of dollars. Its earnings last year were $18,975,924, and its expenses $10,882,338.

A MOST REMARKABLE CASE—A BODY WHICH HAS BEEN IN THE VAULT FOR A MONTH, STILL WARM.—The following is undoubtedly one of the most remarkable cases that we have heard of, and is creating considerable excitement among parties who have witnessed what we are about to relate: On the 6th of February last Michael King, about seventeen years of age, was killed, at Oakland, by being struck on the head with a stake, which was drawn from the ground by an unruly horse. A few days after the fatal accident,—and when the body was about to be buried, the relatives of King thought that they noticed evident signs of life, and the body was removed to the house, where it was kept for several days. A report got into circulation, at the time, to the effect that the boy had come to life. After keeping the body several days, it was removed to the lower graveyard and placed in a vault, where it now is, and it has been visited by hundreds of our citizens. The body retains its natural appearance, is limber and warm, after being dead and in the graveyard one month. We have heard no reason assigned for this strange phenomenon.—*Louisville Democrat.*

GEMS OF THOUGHT.

Charms strike the sight, but merit wins the soul.

The most common disguise of envy is the praise of what is subordinate.

Generosity does not consist in giving alone, but making some sacrifice to enable one to give.

In the multitude of counsellors there may be wisdom, but there is confusion too.

Everything is a matter of consequence that has the least tendency towards keeping up or abating the affection between husband and wife.

If I am treated rudely, let me examine into the cause, and if I cannot discover any sort of impropriety in my own conduct, I may disregard the rudeness, and consider him who displays it as no better than a brute. And why should the conduct of a brute disturb me?

If you have a good wife, take care of her; and if you have not, get one immediately.

If you have lost your credit be industrious and you will regain it.

If a man cheat thee once, shame on him; if he cheat thee twice, shame on thee.

If you have lost your property be industrious, honest and frugal, and you will acquire more.

Hypocrisy and bigotry are not good neighbors; but should honesty come next door, they unite to worry him out.

Private credit is wealth—public honor is security. The feather that adorns the royal bird supports its flight. Strip him of his plumage and you fix him to the earth.

The expectation of future happiness is the best relief for anxious thoughts, the most perfect cure of melancholy, the guide of life, and the comfort of death.

The World's Washington correspondent has it from good authority that the President will in a few days issue an official proclamation that peace has been firmly established at the South. The States will then be left to govern themselves under the Constitution of the United States and the States and local laws, without military interference, except in relation to the Freedmen's Bureau. This institution will continue one year after the date of the forthcoming proclamation.

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.

At a regular communication of the Alexandria Lodge, the following resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, it has pleased the Divine Ruler of the Universe to remove from our midst our esteemed friend and worthy Brother, J. B. HUBBARD, who died March 2nd, 1866, therefore,

Resolved 1st, That we bow with meek and humble resignation to the Divine Will.

2nd, That we tender our warmest sympathy to the friends and relatives of the deceased in this dispensation of the Divine will.

3rd, That as an evidence of our esteem for the deceased, we wear the usual badge of mourning for 30 days—spread a copy of these resolutions on the Lodge Book, furnish a copy to the relatives of the deceased and one to the Jacksonville Republican for publication.

DIED in the Summer of 1866 from an accident, [illegible] in Oak Grove. He died, exhorting his friends to meet him in heaven.

"And I sit and think, when the sunset's gold
Is flushing river and hill and shore;
I shall one day stand by the water cold,
And list for the sound of the boatman's oar;
I shall watch for the gleam of the flapping sail,
I shall hear the boat as it gains the strand,
I shall pass from sight with the boatman pale
To the better shore of the spirit land!
I shall know the loved who have gone before,
And joyfully sweet will the meeting be,
When over the River, the peaceful River,
The Angel of Death shall carry me."

CLOTHING, CLOTHING.

JUST received and for sale by
E. L. WOODWARD.

SUGAR.

2,800 Pounds, and other Family Groceries, for sale by
E. L. WOODWARD.
March 17th, 1866.

PHOTOGRAPHS, AMBROTYPES, &c.

(Formerly of Ashville, Ala.)

RESPECTFULLY announces to the citizens of Calhoun and adjoining counties that he has recently fitted up a Photographic Gallery in Jacksonville, first door north of Mr. E. L. Woodward's store, where he is prepared to produce almost any kind of picture on Glass, Adamantine plates, leather or Paper, and will not expect any compensation except for first-class pictures. He intends to give entire satisfaction, both in quality and prices. Having had about ten years experience in the business, and will spare no pains or expense in keeping posted in the art, he flatters himself that no artist in the State can surpass him.

His assortment of CASES, ALBUMS &c., of the best quality, is equal to any that can be furnished. Photographs taken from old Ambrotypes or Daguerreotypes. Also representing the subject in any form either standing or sitting, whole bust, half bust, 1-4, 1-2 or 3-4 sitting or vignettes. Card Photographs at $6.00 per dozen or $3.00 per half dozen or less. Ambrotypes at from $1 to $5 00, according to size and quality of case.

MRS. GOODE also has a lot of ladies BONNETS & HATS, and a nice assortment of RIBBONS & TRIMMINGS for the same of the latest styles, and can dress them as neatly as can be done anywhere. She would be pleased to have the ladies call and examine.

As they expect to remain here for years, they hope by their mode of doing business to merit the patronage of the public generally.

Jacksonville, March 17, 1866.

WM. S. HANNA, JOS. W. MORTON, W. T. THURMOND.

Hanna, Morton & Co.

Cotton Factors,

AND

GENERAL RECEIVING, FORWARDING

AND

Commission Merchants,

WATER STREET, SELMA, ALA.

FILL ALL ORDERS at the *LOWEST MARKET PRICES.* March 17, '66. 3m.

FAMILY GROCERIES.

THE undersigned, having completed the necessary work, and procured new mill stones of superior quality, is now prepared to grind corn of any quantity required into meal of as good quality as can be made by any mills of the country. His mill is one mile south of Jacksonville on the White Plains Road.

G. SOUTHER.

March 17, 1866.

Notice.

IS HEREBY GIVEN, that on the application of the Heirs at Law of the Estate of C. S. Shields, late of Cherokee county, Alabama, deceased, to remove John W. Ramsey as the Administrator of said Estate, because of his removal from the State, and that the second Monday in April is the day set for hearing said application, and at which time said Ramsey will appear at the Probate Court of said County and show cause, if any he has, why said Order shall not be granted.

LEMUEL J. STANDEFER,
Judge of Probate.

March 17th, 1866.

W. H. JUDSON, B. J. DUNCAN, F. W. SIDDONS, G. W. SIDDONS.

JUDSON, DUNCAN & CO.

Commission Merchants,

AND

Solicitor in Chancery.

GENERAL AGENTS [illegible] Collectors, [illegible] EVERY SPECIES OF MERCHANDISE.

Broad Street, SELMA, Ala.

Consignments respectfully solicited.

BOGGS, MOTT & WOODS

GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

Liberal advances made on consignments of COTTON, and all kinds of Country Produce. Dec. 30, 1865.

Administrator's Sale

OF

REAL ESTATE.

BY VIRTUE of an Order of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, I, will, as Administrator of the Estate of Flemming Gibson, deceased, sell in Jacksonville, Alabama, to the highest bidder, for one third cash, and the balance on a credit of Twelve Months, with interest from date, ON MONDAY THE 16th DAY OF APRIL, 1866—Eighty acres of Land, lying in the Coosa Land District of the aforesaid County and State, viz: distinguished as that part of Fractional Section Five, Fractional Township thirteen, Range six east, lying and being below a certain line commencing near the south east corner of a small lot of cleared land lying south east of the house known as the Obediah Gibson old residence, and running from said corner to the fence near the H. B. Dockery lot, thence to the Gibson lot, thence running to the river.

Note with two approved securities will be required of purchaser.

Said Land lies only two miles from where Noble is erecting his oil works.

H. B. DOCKREY, Adm.

March 17, 1866.

A. G. PITNER, S. P. SMITH, J. H. COOPER.

PITNER, COOPER & CO.

Wholesale and Retail

GROCERS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Pitner's Corner, Broad St., Rome, Ga.

Will Receive and Sell, Ship or Store COTTON and other Produce for the Planters. Mr. J. H. Cooper, who has had long experience in the Cotton trade, will give his special attention to that branch of the business.

Rome, Ga., Sept. 28, 1865—6m.

TIN SHOP.

THE undersigned, having procured the necessary machinery and material, and employed W. W. Nisbet, one of the best and most experienced workmen in the South, have now every variety of

Tinware

For sale at Wholesale and Retail at reasonable prices. Their shop is on the east side of the public square in Jacksonville. Orders, accompanied by the cash will be promptly filled.

G. B. DOUTHET,
W. A. DRISKEL.

Old pewter, and country produce taken in exchange for Tinware. Repairing done only on Saturdays.

W. C. LAND,

Watchmaker,

CONTINUES the Watch Repairing business above McClelen's store, west side of the public square. A good lot of materials on hand, and work done with dispatch and at low rates to suit the times.

Jacksonville, Feb. 24, 1866.

A. J. PHARES, Wm. WHITE.
Summerville, Ga. Formerly of Jacksonville

WHITE & PHARES,

COMMISSION, RECEIVING AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS,

SELMA, ALA.

HAVE taken the NEW BRICK WAREHOUSE near Gee's Hotel, and respectfully solicit consignments of COTTON and other produce.

Storage for 1500 Bales

Cotton in their Warehouse—Insurance effected if desired. Feb. 3, '66.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
CALHOUN COUNTY.

Court of Probate for said county, February 22nd, 1866.

THIS DAY came A. and E. B. Downing, Administrators of the Estate of T. J. Downing, deceased, and filed their application, setting forth among other things, that said decedent was the owner, and in possession of the following described Lands, to-wit: The south east quarter of section fifteen, Township fifteen and Range six, except the north east fourth of said quarter section.

They further state that said Lands cannot be equitably, fairly and beneficially divided between the heirs and distributees of said estate without a sale thereof, and that a sale thereof is necessary to pay the debts of said estate, and for distribution among the heirs and distributees of said estate.

They further represent, that the following named heirs and distributees of said Estate reside beyond the limits of the State of Alabama, to-wit: Charity Downing, widow of decedent who resides in the city of Rome, Floyd county, Georgia, Thomas J. Downing who resides in parts unknown to petitioner; Charity Lane, wife of W. B. Lane, and her husband W. B. Lane, who resides in Rome, Floyd county, Giorgia; and Giles L. Downing, who resides with his mother Charity Downing, in Rome, Floyd county, Georgia, and all of whom are of full age, except the said Charity Lane and Giles L. Downing.

It is therefore Ordered by the court, that Monday the 16th day of April next be set for the hearing of said application, and that notice of the filing of the same be given, by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said county for three successive weeks, and at least forty days prior to said day, as a notice to said non-residents, heirs and distributees of said Estate, as well as all others concerned, to be and appear before me at my office in the Town of Jacksonville, on said Monday the 16th day of April next, when and where they can contest said application if they desire.

Given under my hand at office this 28th day of February, 1866.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

March 3.

Just Received.

PLOWS.

A Lot of Shaffer's Patent Plows, which are the finest Steel Plows in the country. The advantage of this plow is, that a man can, without the aid of horse and wagon, take part of the plow to a shop and have it repaired. All other steel plows are solid, and in repairing them you lose the time of a man and team to take the whole plow to the shop.

Also Moore & Barrett's single and double plows, which will be sold at a small advance on factory prices. Orders for Agricultural Implements promptly filled.

March 3.

L. OPPENHEIMER.

FOR SALE.

A CAST IRON STOCK KETTLE, holding about 40 gallons. Enquire at this Office. Dec. 9, 1865.

Longstreet Academy.

The undersigned has charge of this Academy for the present year. It is situated in a pleasant neighborhood, at Davis' Cross Roads, fifteen miles south of Jacksonville.

Rates of tuition moderate.

A few boarders will be received by citizens residing near the Academy.

W. H. BURTON, Principal.

March 10, 1866.

In Chancery.

John Y. Nisbet vs. James R. Slayton and Thomas N. Anglin. } AT RULES before the Register, Saturday, March 3, 1866. In Chancery, 36th Chancery District, Northern Chancery Division of the State of Alabama.

THIS day came the Complainant by his Solicitors Foster & Forney, and moved the undersigned Register and Master for an Order of Publication against the Defendant, James R. Slayton; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Register, from an affidavit on file, that the said Defendant, James R. Slayton is of lawful age and a non-resident of the State of Alabama, and that he resides in the State of Mississippi, in or near Holly Springs in said State—It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in the Town of Jacksonville, Alabama, once a week for four consecutive weeks, notifying and requiring the said James R. Slayton to be and personally appear before the Register of this court, at his office in the Town of Jacksonville, Alabama, within sixty days from the date of this order, and plead, answer or demur to Complainant's bill of Complaint, exhibited in said Chancery court against him and Thomas N. Anglin, or the same will be taken for confessed, and the said cause set for hearing ex parte as to him. It is further ordered, that a copy of this order be posted up at the court house door of Calhoun county, Alabama, and that a copy also be forwarded to the said Defendant, at Holly Springs, Miss. within twenty days from this date.

Granted March 3rd, 1866.

WM. M. HAMES, Register.

March 10, 1866—$20 00.

BEN. OPPENHEIMER,

PHOTOGRAPH ARTIST,

OF MOBILE, ALA.,

WILL be prepared in a few days to take Ambrotypes and Photographs in the highest style of the art, *cartes de visite*, of the following styles:

Vignette .... size,
Half Bust ....
Full ....
" Sitting ....
" Standing ....

Also Photographs from old family Daguerreotypes and Portraits.

Ten years experience will justify his guaranteeing satisfaction to all.

Jacksonville, March 10, 1866.

In Chancery.

C. B. Sisson, vs. Lucinda Champion, et als. } AT RULES before the Register, Wednesday, March 8th, 1866.

In Chancery, 36th District, Northern Chancery Division, State of Ala.

THIS day came the Complainant by his Solicitors Foster & Forney, and moved the undersigned Register for an order of publication against the Defendants, Nancy Champion, William Champion, Lucinda Champion, Mary Champion, George Thomas, and Josiah and Robert Champion; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Register, from an affidavit on file, that the said Defendants, Nancy Champion and William Champion are of lawful age, and the said defendants, George Thomas, Joseph Champion and Robert Champion are minors under the age of 21 years, are all non residents of the State of Alabama, and reside in the State of Georgia, Post office unknown to affiant, also, that the said defendant, Lucinda Champion, and Mary Champion are of lawful age, and that their residence is unknown to affiant.—It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in the Town of Jacksonville, Alabama, for four consecutive weeks notifying and requiring the said Defendants, Nancy Champion, William Champion, Lucinda Champion, Mary Champion, Joseph Champion, Robert Champion and George Thomas to be and personally appear before the Register of this court at his office in the Town of Jacksonville, Calhoun county, Alabama, within sixty days from the date of this order, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill of complaint against them et als. exhibited in said chancery court, or the same will be taken for confessed, and the said cause set for hearing ex parte as to them. It is further ordered, that a copy of this order be posted up at the court house door of Calhoun county, Ala. within twenty days from this date. Granted March 8th, 1866.

WM. M. HAMES, Register, &c.

Mar. 17, '66—$ 20,0.

Dr. J. W. PEARCY,

OF GEORGIA,

HAS located in the Town of Jacksonville, Calhoun county, Office No. 5, on Ladiga street, Office Row, where he may be found at all times, unless absent on professional business. He has been regularly engaged in the practice of medicine, in all its branches, for the last 10 years, (except two years absence in the late war,) with satisfactory success. He thinks he will be able to give general satisfaction. March 10.

Superintendent's Notice.

ALL persons having business connected with the duties of the Superintendent of Public Schools, are hereby informed that he will be in Jacksonville on the first Saturday in each month, for the purpose of attending to such business.

J. A. FLEMING, Supt.

March 10, 1866.

HATS & CAPS,

JUST arrived, and for sale by
E. L. WOODWARD.

Feb. 17, 1866.

Blacksmithing.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he is now prepared to execute, with neatness, durability and dispatch, all descriptions of Blacksmith work, such as ironing waggons, Buggies, &c., and all descriptions of Plantation work and repairing. His shop is on the east side of main street, south of the square and immediately back of Hemphill's wood shop.

March 3, 1866. A. B. WEBB.

NEW HOTEL.

THE undersigned having taken the Privett House, situated on main street a short distance north of the Public Square, with the commodious Livery Stables attached, respectfully informs the public that she is prepared to entertain transient passengers, travellers and persons in attendance upon the Courts. Her charges will be as moderate as the times will permit. The patronage of her old friends and acquaintances is respectfully solicited.

M. WEBB.

Jacksonville, March 3, 1866.

BOOTS & SHOES

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY, just received and for sale by

Feb. 17, 1866. E. L. WOODWARD.

WOOLSEY, GOODRICH & Co.,

Commission Merchants,

Insurance and General Agents,

SELMA, ALABAMA.

WILL make liberal advances on Cotton for sale, or for consignment to Mobile or Liverpool.

Prompt attention given to filling orders from the country for any kind of goods.

AGENTS FOR

Pratts Celebrated

COTTON GINS.

Feb. 10. 3m.

CHANDLER, BICKEL & CO.

Jobbers & Dealers in

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS,

HATS and SHOES,

CLOTHING!

SELMA, ALABAMA.

Feb 17, 1866—3m.

L. W. PETTIBONE,

SELMA, ALA.

RECEIVING AND FORWARDING

WARE-HOUSE.

THANKFUL for the favors that for the last five years have been shown him, is desirous still of a share of the public patronage. I have taken the BRICK COTTON WAREHOUSE near the depot of the Ala. & Tenn. R. Railroad, and am prepared to receive, store and forward cotton, pay taxes, and all other expenses, and also to attend to all business belonging to the business of receiving and forwarding.

I have also CORN and CEMENT for sale. Feb. 17, 1866—3m.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
St. Clair County.

Probate Court for said county, February 10th, 1866.

THIS day came William H. Cobb Sheriff of said County, and ex officio administrator *de bonis non* of the estate of Abijah Phelps, late of said county, deceased, and filed his application, in due form under oath, praying for an order of sale of certain Lands described therein, and belonging to said estate for the purpose of paying the debts, upon the ground that the personal property is insufficient therefor. It is ordered, that the 2nd day of April, 1866, be appointed a day for hearing such application, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same if they think proper.

JNO. A. ZELLNER,
Judge of Probate.

Feb. 24, '66.—6t.

W. H. JUDSON, B. J. DUNCAN.
F. W. SIDDONS. G. W. SIDDONS.

JUDSON, DUNCAN & CO.

$100,000 WORTH

Of Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Clothing, Groceries, Yankee Notions, &c.

At a reduction of 25 per cent from prices ruling 60 days ago.

One of our firm, an old and experienced buyer, well acquainted with the wants of the people in this section, has just returned from the Northern markets with a heavy and well assorted stock of goods, which were bought upon the heel of the great rush of buyers from the South, at a very heavy decline in prices, and we propose to meet the public liberally in the benefit of this change.

On hand and to arrive—we offer—
15,000 yards assorted Prints,
10,000 do do bleached Domestics.
500 yds Linen Sheeting, cheaper than cotton,
500 yds full width bleached Cotton Sheeting,
500 yds 5-4 and 6-4 Pillow case Cottons,
20 ps white Linen Table Damask,
50 doz ass'd Towels, 50 ps ass'd Diapers,
12 ps assorted Ingrain Carpetings,
20 ps all wool Delaines, 100 ps Union Delaines,
20 ps beautiful shades French Merinos,
50 ps plain and printed Alpacas and Poplins,
50 ps assorted Furniture Prints,
100 assorted wool net Vardykes, Sacques, Shawls, Scarfs and Hoods,
100 ass'd Bay State and other styles Shawls,
Bales ass'd Blankets, 50 doz ass'd Hats,
A heavy and well assorted stock of Men and Boys' Boots and Shoes,
Ladies' Misses' and Children's Shoes of every description.

GROCERIES, &C.

300 sacks Buckwheat Flour,
100 boxes Western Cheese,
100 do assorted Tobacco,
Smoking Tobacco of nearly every brand,
Sacks Rio Coffee, 25 boxes Salmon,
Cases pints, quarts and ½ gals Pickles,
100 boxes Cove Oyster
50 bbls assorted Brown Sugar,
Crushed and pulverised do
Concentrated Lye and Potash,
50 Cases Sardines, 100 boxes family Soap,
50 boxes Starch,
No 1 and 2 bbls, ½ bbls, ¼ bbls, & kits Mackerel,
Yeast Powders and Kentucky Mustard,
100,000 assorted Cigars.

In fact, our assortment of Groceries, by recent additions, is complete.

YANKEE NOTIONS in greatest variety, comprising nearly every article claiming a place under that head.

It is unnecessary to enumerate the articles composing our stock. Suffice it to say, that it is second best to none in the State, and our intention is to offer inducements especially to Dealers, which will save them time, trouble & expense in seeking more remote markets for their supplies. We ask a fair trial. Polite and obliging gentlemen will be found in rear of our counters ever ready to serve our friends.

dec 1 JUDSON, DUNCAN & CO.

BLANK DEEDS,

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

POETRY.

MY FRIEND.

Written by Col. W. S. Hawkins, C. S. A (prisoner of war at Camp Ohase,) a friend of a fellow prisoner who was engaged to be married to a Southern lady. She proved faithless to him. The letter arrived soon after his death and was answered by Colonel H. in the following lines:

Your letter came, but came too late,
For heaven had claimed its own;
Ah, sudden change! from prison bars,
Unto the Great White Throne.
And yet, I think he would have stayed
For one more day of pain,
Could he have read these tardy words
Which you have sent in vain.

Why did you wait, fair lady,
Though so many a weary hour?
Had you other lovers with you,
In that silken dainty bower?
Did others bow before your charms,
And twine bright garlands there?
And yet I ween in all the throng
His spirit had no peer.

I wish that you were by me now
As I draw the sheet aside,
To see how pure the look he wore
Awhile before he died.
Yet the sorrow that you gave him
Still has left its weary trace,
And a meek and saintly sadness
Dwells upon that pallid face.

"Her love," said he, "could change for me
The Winter's cold to Spring;"
Ah! trust of thoughtless maiden's love,
Thou art a bitter thing!
For when these valleys fair, in May,
Once more with blooms shall wave,
The Northern violets shall blow
Upon his humble grave.

Your dole of scanty words had been
But one more pang to bear;
Though to the last, he kissed with love
This tress of your soft hair.
I did not put it where he said,
For when the angels come,
I would not have them find the sign
Of falsehood in his tomb.

I've read your letter, and I know
The wiles that you have wrought
To win that noble heart of his,
And gain it; fearful thought!
What lavish wealth men sometimes give
For a trifle light and small;
What manly forms are often held
In folly's flimsy thrall.

You shall not pity him, for now
He's past your hope and fear;
Although I wish that you could stand
With me beside his bier.
Still I forgive you, Heaven knows,
For mercy you'll have need,
Since God his awful judgment sends
On each unworthy deed.

To-night the cold wind whistles by,
As I my vigils keep
Within the prison dead house, where
Few mourners come to weep.
A rude plank coffin holds him now,
Yet death gives always grace;
And I had rather see him thus
Than clasped in your embrace.

To-night your rooms are very gay,
With wit, and wine, and song;
And you are smiling just as if
You never did a wrong.
Your hand, so fair, that none would think
It penned these words of pain;
Your skin, so white—would to God your soul
Were half so free of stain.

I'd rather be this dear, dear friend,
Than you in all your glee;
For you are held in grievous bonds,
While he's forever free.
Whom serve we in this life, we serve
In that which is to come.
He chose his way. you, yours; let God
Pronounce the fitting doom!

☞A Richmond paper records the desperate threat of a man there who declared he would have money—if he had to work for it!

☞The Memphis Avalanche styles the members of the present Congress "the sappers and miners of the Constitution."—Quite appropriate.

☞"Hello, my jolly rebel, how do you feel now since the surrender?"
"Very much like Lazarus, Yank."
"How's that?"
"Like I was licked by dogs."

☞If your sweetheart writes you an insulting letter, throw it on the floor and put a stamp on it

☞That man is not good enough for any place who thinks no place good enough for him.

☞If the door of mercy is shut upon you, you shut it yourself.

☞Women guilty of the folly of tight-lacing dress to kill.

☞If a farmer doesn't wish to break, let him break the ground.

☞Dido fell in love with Eneas, but he gave her the cut direct. And he has his imitators. Men have been cutting didoes ever since.

☞Don't find fault. Probably you have faults enough without finding any more.

☞How do you like my strain said a poet, Oh, I'll pardon you this time, but pray don't strain again.

☞We must again tell the Lonisville Journal that there is no wit in vulgarity.—*Democrat.*

Then stop trying to be witty.—*Journal.*

☞Death, distance, and time, dig graves for our affections.

☞A misanthropist hates everybody but the devil.

☞He who never gave a dollar for the benefit of a clergy, should die without the benefit of clergy.

☞If mothers, as is claimed, mould the human mind, how is it that woman has never had her "rights?"

☞There are a great many laughable things upon the old earth, but she always keeps her gravity.

☞Only a man with a club-foot can be excused for spending all his time with a *club.*

☞At the top of a mountain you will find a cool climate if you can climb it.

☞The old ocean swallows up man and his works, but long may he wave.

☞A Calcutta paper announces the arrival at that port of a ship from England with nineteen lady passengers and no quarrel during the passage.

☞'Caught in her own net," as a man said when he saw one of the fair sex hitched in her crinoline.

☞"I hate doctor's bills," as the man said when he caught the family physician kissing his wife.

"There is no parting there," as the bald headed man sang while he viewed his pate in the miror.

The sieve through which the man strained every nerve," is for sale at half the first cost.

"I hate to hear people talk behind one's back," as the robber said when the constable called, "stop theif!'

☞An expenditions mode of getting up a row is to carry a long ladder on your shoulders in a crowded thoroughfare, and every few minutes turn around to see if any one is making faces at you.

New clothes are great promoters of piety. The young lady with a new bonnet or dress would not miss going to church for all the world.

When a vain man makes up his mind, he might well feel mortified at the smallness of the package.

The Chicago Times argues that it is quite the thing to kick a Rump Congress with V-toes.

We used to smile at Sydney Smith's humorous account of Enlish taxes, never dreaming that such would, at some time be our own experience. Since "misery loves company," we reproduce it for the consolation of our tax-payers:

"Taxes wore piled on taxes, until they reached every article which enters into the mouth, or covers the back, or is placed under foot, taxes upon everything which it is pleasant to see, hear, feel, smell or taste; taxes upon warmth, light and locomotion, taxes upon everything on earth; on everything that comes from abroad or is grown at home; taxes on the raw material; taxes on fresh value that is added to it by the industry of man; taxes on the source which pampers man's appetite, and the drug which restores him to health; on the ermine which decorates the judge, and rope which hangs the criminal; on the poor man's salt and the rich man's specie; on the brass nails of the coffin, and the ribbon's of the bride. At bed or board, couchant or levant, we must pay

"The school-boy whips his taxed top the beardless youth manages his taxed horse with a taxed bridle on a taxed road; and the dying Enlishman, pouring his medicine which has paid seven per cent, into a spoon that has paid fifteen per cent, flings himself back upon the chints bed which has paid twenty-two per cent, makes his will on an eight pound stamp, and expires in the arms of an apothecary, who has paid a license of a hundred pounds for the privilege of puttiog him to death. His whole property then is immediately taxed from two to ten per cent. Besides the probate large fees are domanded for burying him in the chancel; his virtues are handed down to posterity on taxed marble; and he is then gethered to his fathers to be taxed no more."

The largest oil well in the world has been struck, near Bothwell, Canada West. It yields 1·692 barrels a day.

The sober second thought is said to be working upon many of the radicals in Congress. Letters are pouring in upon them, warning them that they will be unhorsed in the issue with the Presadent. A good many are going home to rest and reflect, and all are sorely troubled and wear long faces.

Administrators Notice.

LETTERS testamentary having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of Calhoun county, on the Estate of Allen Andrews, dec'd, on the 26th of Feb'y, 1866: Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment. J. M. ANDREWS,
Mar. 3. E. T. SMYTH, Adms.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said county, Special Term, Jan' 22dt, 1866.

THE Estate of R. A. Carruth, deceased, was this day, by an Order and Decree of said Court, declared insolvent; and came S. M. Carruth, who is the administrator of said estate, and filed in court his account and vouchers for a settlement of said estate as an insolvent estate. The 22nd day of February, 1866 is set apart for making said settlement; and notice of the same is hereby given in the Jacksonville Republican; a Newspaper printed and published in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said settlement day, as a notice to the creditors of said Estate, and all other persons concerned, to be and appear at a Special term of said Court, to be holden at the court house of said county, on said 22nd day of February, 1866, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
Judge of Probate.

DISSOLUTION.

The firm of FRANCIS & CO. was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st day of January 1866.

HUGH FRANCIS.
HIRAM LITTLE.

HUGH FRANCIS and JOHN F. LITTLE having associated themselves in business will continue at the old stand.

HUGH FRANCIS.
JOHN F. LITTLE.

Jan'y 1st, 1866.

Hardware! Hardware!!

We have opened to-day a little lot of Hardware and Castings, among which may be found the following articles:

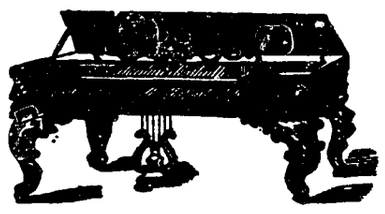
100 kegs assorted NAILS,
Collins' AXES, 20 dozen SHOVELS,
10 dozen SPADES,
Tea Trays, every size and style,
Pocket Knives, from cheapest to best,
Knives and Forks " " "
Razors and Razor straps,
1¾ inch Augurs,
1½ " "
1¼ " "
1.2 " "
POWDER FLASKS of all sizes,
Shot Pouches, Shot Belts,
Shoe, Nail, and Tack Hammers,
Hatchets, Cases assorted Tacks.

LOCKS.

Dead Locks, Fine Locks,
Latch and Drop Latch Locks,
Plate Locks of all sizes,
Till " " "
Cupboard " "
Chest " " "
Draw " " "
PADLOCKS " "
SCREWS of all the different sizes,
Butts " " " "
Counter Scales and Weights,
Woodsaws, Handsaws,
Weeding Hoes,
Coffee Mills of all sizes,
Meat Cutters.

FILES.

Handsaw Files, Taper Files,
Half round and Flat Bastard Files,
Brittania, German Silver and Iron Table and Tea Spoons,
Fish Hooks from a Minnow size to a Cod,
Fish Lines of all sizes,
Manilla Rope, Etc., Etc., Etc.
For sale, wholesale and Retail, by
JUDSON, DUNCAN & CO.
Jan. 20. '66.



MUSIC LESSONS

ON the PIANO, given by Mrs. M. E. FRANCIS, commencing with the sessions of the Jacksonville Female Academy.

Pupils can commence at any time during the session, and be charged for the time.

Country Produce at the market price taken in payment. Jacksonville, Jan. 30, '66.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the firm of J. D. Hoke & Bro. will please call without delay and settle; as I will be reluctantly compelled to place the debts in the hands of an attorney for collection- Jno. D. HOKE,
Surv. Partner.

Wholesale Drug House.

IN MONTGOMERY, ALA.

HAVING re-leased the building formerly known as Jones' Drug Store on Market street, corner of Perry, together with the two large warehouses on the same lot; and recently returned from New York and Philadelphia with one of the largest and most complete stocks of

Drugs, Chemicals, Spices, Toilet Soaps,

Perfumery and Patent Medicines,

ever introduced to this market. I would respectfully ask the attention of Physicians and country Dealers to examine a stock personally selected for the Southern trade, and which for

Purity, Freshness and Excellence,

can not be excelled by any house in the country. Also a great variety of Fresh

GARDEN SEED.

This stock of Drugs and medicines has been purchased from Importers and manufacturers, and at prices that will enable me to sell as low as any establishment in the South.

Orders accompanied with the cash will receive prompt attention and forwarded to any part of the country.

E. M. READING,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist.
Sign of the Eagle and Mortar,
34 Market street, corner of Perry.

Administrators Notice.

LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the undersigned, by the Probate court of Calhoun county, on the Estate of Fleming Gibson, dec'd, on the 22d day of January, 1866; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate, to present them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and those indebted are required to make immediate payment.

R. B. DOCKERY,
Jan. 27, 1866. Adm.

Administrator's Notice.

LTTERS of administration with will anext on est. of Josiah Womack, dec. having been granted to the undersigned on the 22d day of Jan. 1866, by the Honorable the Probate Court of Calhoun county, State of Alabama Notice is hereby given, to all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law or that the same will be barred. SIMPSON SKINNER,
Jan. 27, 1866. Adm'r.

DR. J. A. CLOPTON,

Of Alabama,

Has located in the country near Scooba, Kemper county, Mississippi, where he may be consulted. He opperates with perfect success for

PILES, FISTULA,
TUMORS, POLLYPI,
DISEASES OF FEMALES, Etc.

Dr. C. has never lost a patient nor had an accident to happen. He has opperated on the most respectable of the profession of all the Southern States, and for a good many years, has visited almost every city in the South.

He will visit Gadsden, and points on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, if some three or four should desire it. Feb. 23, '65.

Administrators' Notice.

LETTERS testamentary on the Estate of J. W. Conway, dec, having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of DeKalb County, Ala., on the 5th day of December, 1865; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and all persons indebtad to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

JOHN M. GASQUE, }
Jan. 27. R. P. CONWAY, } Adm'rs.

CORN.

FRANCIS & CO.

Jacksonville, Ala.

AND

R. B. STEWART, & CO.

Blue Mountain, & Oxford, Ala.

WILL keep on hand a supply of Prime Western Corn for sale.
Jan'y 20th, 1866. wky. tf

E. GILLMAN & CO.

Broad Street, ...SELMA, Ala.,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

GROCERS,

DEALERS IN

All kinds fine Family Supplies.

NOW ON HAND:

300 Kits, Nos. 1 and 2 MACKEREL. Also in half barrels;
Green and Black TEAS;
Crushed, Powdered and Loaf SUGAR;
SODA in kegs and packages;
500 Cases of every variety of PICKLES & PRESERVES;
100 Boxes Colgates Fine SOAPS;
100 Boxes Adamantine CANDLES;
All kinds of fine COFFEE, ground ready for use and in air-tight cans;
Flavoring Extracts;
The best brands of Old Bourbon Whisky;
Fine WINES & BRANDIES of all kinds.

We manufacture fresh every day

Butter, Soda, and Boston Crackers,

OUR STOCK OF

Candies & Confectionery

Is equal to the best that can be found in any market.

TOYS

Of every kind, just imported.

Selma, January 13, 1866.

THE exercises of the School under the control of the undersigned, will be resumed on Monday, Jan. 22nd, 1866.

RATES OF TUITION PER SESSION OF FIVE MONTHS.

1st. Reading, Writing, &c. $15 00
2nd. English Grammar, Geography, Nat. Philosophy, &c. with above, 20 00
3rd. Latin, Greek & the higher branches of Mathematics, with above, 25 00

☞No deduction for absence except in cases of protracted illness. D. F. SMITH.
Jacksonville, Ala., Jan. 6, 1866

Hardware & Cutlery

For Sale by
Feb. 3, '66. E. L. WOODWARD.

Drugs & Medicines,

For Sale by
Feb. 3, '66. E. L. WOODWARD.

LYLES & FORD,

GENERAL RECEIVING, FORWARDING AND

Commission Merchants,

CITY WHARF—CORNER FRANKLIN & WATER ST'S.

SELMA, ALA.

☞Particular attention paid to shipping cotton.

☞Consignments of all kinds respectfully solicited. Jan. 20, '65.

E. L. Woodward

HAS received and now offers for sale an ASSORTMENT of

DRY GOODS,

Of desirable styles and qualities.

—ALSO—

FAMILY GROCERIES.

His **Sugars, Coffee,** and **Orleans Molasses** are good.

All are invited to call and examine.
Jacksonville, Jan. 20, 1866.—tf.

SELLING OFF At Cost!!

GREAT SACRIFICE!!!

BARGAINS OFFERED!!!

CONTEMPLATING a change of business, I now offer for sale at cost, and will continue for 30 days, my entire stock of DRY GOODS, Boots and Shoes, Ladies DRESS GOODS and Trimmings, Fancy Dry Goods, Gentlemen's Ready Made Clothing & Furnishing Goods; Hats, Caps, Queensware, Cigars and Tobacco.

We would respectfully invite the attention of all to our stock, as it is the best assorted one in Jacksonville. The above will be sold at cost for the next 30 days. For Great bargains, come one and all, and examine for yourselves.

M. & L. OPPENHEIMER.
Ryan & Rowland's old stand, S. E corner of Pub. Sqr. Jacksonville, Jan. 20, '66.

M. J. TURNLEY,

Attorney at Law,

AND

Solicitor in Chancery.

GENERAL ADMINISTRATOR *for* CALHOUN COUNTY, and **General Collecting Agent.** Office fronting East door of the Court House, Jacksonville, Ala., continues the practice of Law in all its branches, in Calhoun and adjoining counties; will give special attention to drawing Wills, Deeds of Conveyance, Powers of Attorney; to the Probate of Wills, Administration of Estates, Guardianships; and will also act as Agent for the sale and purchase of Lands.

Administrators' Notice.

LETTERS of administration upon the Estate of William T. Johnson dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned on the 20th day of January, 1866, by the Hon. the Probate court of Calhoun county Alabama. Notice is hereby given, that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred.

SAMUEL CHADWELL,
Jan. 27, 1866. Adm'r.

AMBROTYPES.

E. GOODE, *Artist,*

HAS prepared an Ambrotype Gallery in this place, over Ryan & Rowland's Store, where he is prepared to take all kinds of AMBROTYPES, put up in fine or common cases, or without cases, at as low prices as can be done any where in this country. He expects in a few weeks to be prepared to take PHOTOGRAPHS with Albums, for sale. Those who want Photographs should come in soon and have their Ambrotypes taken, so that the Photographs can be taken from them as soon as he gets ready.

He hopes and believes, from his long past experience, that he can give general satisfaction, and will receive a liberal patronage from citizens of this and surrounding counties.

Jacksonville, December 16, 1865.

ASS'T ASSESSOR'S OFFICE.
U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE.

14th Division 3d Dis., Ala.

To all Whom it May Concern.

Notice to manufacturs, and persons doing business without License from the United States, subject themselves to pay the Tax, and a fine of five hundred dollars, and imprisonment for one, or both.

Manufacturers will take notice, that it is all the work they do, including the materials used, and if they make more than six hundred dollars worth of work, they are subject to take out License as manufacturers.

Owners of Saw Mills and Grist Mills, will make application for License as Manufacturers without delay,

Owners and holders of Cotton, will bring the number of Bales and Marks, and weight of the cotton, and have it assessed immediately.

Distillers, and all persons having Liquors that have not had the Tax paid, will be seized by the Collector, if not returned to this office for assessment.

Distillers will make their monthly return, on or before the first ten days of each month.

Farmers, will return the number of swine killed over twenty, on a special List. The Law puts a fine of ten dollars on each case, for not complying within ten days.

Pedlers, will take notice, that they must carry their License with them, or they subject themselves to have their wagons and contents seized.

I am now ready to receive the annual income Tax for 1864

ISAAC FRANK,
Assistant Assessor.
Jan. 12th 1866.

The *Best Policy* is a *Policy of Insurance*

ISSUED by the **Home Insurance Company**—Cash capital

$500,000.

Risks taken on MERCHANDIZE, COTTON IN STORE, PLANTATIONS AND BUILDINGS of all classes INSURABLE, at reasonable rates.

M. J. TURNLEY,
Insurance and General Collecting Ag't.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
☞Office east side of the public square.
January 6, 1866.—6m.

D. M. FULENWIDER

WITH

O. F. HARRELL, Perry Co. J. N. ESKRIDGE, Selma. E. T. STURDIVANT Marengo Co.

Harrell, Eskridge & Sturdivant,

Commission Merchants,

AND

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN

Staple and Fancy

GROCERIES,

Plantation & Family Supplies,

WATER STREET,

SELMA, ALA.

☞Consignments of Cotton and Country Produce respectfully solicited.

SIMON, DENMAN & STRAUS,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING,

BOOTS, SHOES AND NOTIONS.

☞Merchants from Jacksonville and vicinity, and traders generally are solicited to call, and they can obtain good Bargains.

SIMON, DENMAN & STRAUS.
Broad Street, near Water, *SELMA, Ala.*

W. H. JUDSON, F. W. SIDDONS, } { B. J. DUNCAN, G. W. SIDDONS.

JUDSON, DUNCAN & CO.

GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

AND

Cotton Factors,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

EVERY SPECIES OF MERCHANDISE,

Broad Street, SELMA, Ala.

☞Consignments respectfully solicited.

M. R. BOGGS, *Dallas Co.* A. E. MOTT, *formerly of Rome, Ga.* ED. WOODS, *Dallas co.*

BOGGS, MOTT & WOODS

GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

GROCERIES, Wines, Liquors, &c.

☞Liberal advances made on consignments of **COTTON** and all kinds of Country Produce. Dec. 30, 1865.

DR. M. W. FRANCIS,

HAS resumed the duties of his profession in all its branches.

Office, N. W. Corner of Public Square,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

November 18, 1865—tf.

Administrator's Sale OF LAND.

THE undersigned, Administrator of the estate of Clayton Jones, late of Calhoun county, deceased, by virtue of an Order made by the honorable, the Probate Court of the county of Calhoun, Alabama, will offer for sale upon the premises, in the county of St. Clair, Alabama.

ON THE 9TH DAY OF APRIL, 1866, the following described Lands, to-wit:

The E half of N E quarter section 31, Township 12, R 6, supposed 80 15-1000 acres.

The west half of N E quarter, section 31, Township 12, R 6; supposed 80 15-100 acres.

The east half of S. E quarter, section 30, T 12, R 6, supposed 80 19-100 acres.

The south west quarter of south west quarter, section 29, township 12, R 6; supposed 40 7-100 acres.

The north west quarter of S W qr. sec 29, T 12, range 6, supposed 40 7-100 acres.

The south east quarter of S W qr. of section 31, T 12, R 6, supposed 40 8-100 acres, all east in the Coosa Land District.

Purchasers will be required to pay in cash one third of the amount of purchase money, and give note, bearing interest from day of sale, for balance, with at least two approved securities—credit twelve months.

WILLIAM MORGAN, Adm'r.
March 10, 1866.

Administrators' Sale OF LAND.

UNDER and by virtue of an Order and Decree of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, State of Alabama, made on the 14th day of February, 1866, we will proceed to sell, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, ON THE 17th day of MARCH next, at the late residence of said decedent, in said county, the following described Land belonging to the estate of William Briant, late of said county, deceased, to-wit:

The west half of the south west fourth of section five; and the north east fourth of the south east fourth of section six, except one acre sold and conveyed by deed to use of the Baptist Church in said county, called the Hebron Church, where the Hebron church now stands, in Township fourteen, Range six (6) east, in the Coosa Land District.

The above described Land will be sold on one and two years credit, (except the sum of one hundred dollars, which the purchaser will be required to pay cash.) Purchaser will be required to give note bearing interest from date with two approved securities.

TERRIL BRIANT,
BOWLING BRIANT,
Feb. 17, 1866.

Horse Collars, Bridles, Hames, Chains, Nails, Hoes, &c.

For Sale by
Feb. 3, '66. E. L. WOODWARD.

J. R. Love, Adm'r &c. vs. Stephen C. Nelson, } AT RULES before the Register, Monday, Feb. 5th, 1866.

36th CHANCERY DISTRICT, NORTHERN DIVISION OF THE STATE OF ALABAMA.

THIS day came the Complainant by his Solicitors, Foster & Forney, and moved the undersigned Register for an Order of publication against the Defendant, Stephen C. Nelson: and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Register, by affidavit on file, that the said Stephen C. Nelson is a non-resident of the State of Alabama, and resides in ——— County in the State of Texas, and is of lawful age;—it is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in the Town of Jacksonville, Calhoun county, Alabama, once a week for four consecutive weeks, notifying and requiring the said Stephen C. Nelson to be and personally appear before the Register of this Court, at his office in the Town of Jacksonville, within sixty days from the date of this order, and plead, answer or demur to the Complainant's bill of complaint against him, exhibited in said Chancery Court, or the same will be taken for confessed, and the cause set for hearing, *ex parte.* It is further ordered, that a copy of this order be posted up at the court house door of Calhoun county, Ala. within twenty days from this date, and that a copy be forwarded to the Defendant in said time, if his residence is ascertained.

A true copy from the Order,
WM. M. HAMES,
Feb. 10, 1866.—$20 00.

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry. Accordeons &c.

repaired by

E. B. McCLELLEN.

For the present he may be found at the "Kahn House" on the northeast Corner of the public square.

Jacksonville Republican.

VOL. 30, NO. 4. JACKSONVILLE, ALA., MARCH 24, 1866. WHOLE NO. 1512.

Jacksonville Republican.

EDITED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY

J. F. GRANT.

LAND AGENCY.

HUGH FRANCIS

WILL attend to the purchase and sale of all Lands, Water Powers, Renting of Property, &c. confided to his care in the counties of Calhoun, St. Clair, Cherokee and Randolph, Ala. Office in the counting room of the Store formerly occupied by E. L. Woodward, Jacksonville, Ala.

REMOVAL.

Dr. J. Y. NISBET has removed his Office to the Drug store, east side of the Public Square, where he will continue the practice of Medicine as usual and where he may be always found unless professionally absent. Nov. 25. '65.—tf

W. R. HENDRIX. GEO. P. BURNETT. A. M. RIXEY

W. R. HENDRIX & CO.,

Commission Merchants, Broad Street,

SELMA ALA.,

Will attend to the sale, storing and forwarding of Cotton, Produce and Merchandise generally. All consignments to the above firm, of Burnett & Rixey, will receive prompt attention

☞ We are prepared to repair and put cotton in order at reasonable rates. Liberal advances made on consignments.—Nov 11.

JOHN G. BELL. W. T. BELL.

JOHN G. BELL & BRO.,

(*Late of Talladega*)

General Commission Merchants,

OFFICE WOODSON BUILDING, UP STAIRS, OPPOSITE GEE HOUSE, WATER STREET,

SELMA, ALA,

Will give prompt attention to all orders entrusted to their care. Consignments of Cotton and Country Produce generally, respectfully solicited. Oct. 28, 1865.

NEW BUSINESS

In Jacksonville.

THE undersigned respectfully announce to the public, that they have opened an

AUCTION AND COMMISSION HOUSE

in the front room of M. J. Turnley's Law office, and propose to do a General Auction and Commission Business; will receive on consignment, and sell every description of produce, from a pound of Butter to a Bale of Cotton, and every description of Merchandise. We will have regular Auction Sales on the first and third Mondays in each month, or oftener if necessary. We will make it our special business to sell at auction on the first and third Saturdays in each month, live stock, such as Horses, Mules, Cattle, Hogs, &c.; and we request all persons having such property to sell; to bring it in to us on those days, by 10 o'clock, A. M.

We propose in connection with the above to keep a general

INTELLIGENCE OFFICE.

where Freedmen and others wishing to get situations, and those who want to hire such, can do so on the most liberal terms. We request all who are out of employment, to call at our office and give their names, location & kind of employment desired, and those wishing to hire laborers of any kind, will find it their interest to give us a call.

We hope by strict attention to business, & prompt returns for sales, to merit and obtain a liberal patronage in our new enterprise.

Jan. 6. R. H. & W. E. WYNN.

C. PELHAM,

Attorney at Law,

Talladega, Ala.

WILL give prompt attention to all business entrusted to his care in Calhoun, St. Clair, Randolph and Talladega counties. Special attention will be given to obtaining PARDONS. Arrangements have been made to secure protection to property within the shortest time possible. Office on the east side of the public square, formerly occupied by Gov. Parsons. Sep. 2, '65.

Administrators Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of W B Eubanks, dec. having been granted to the undersigned, on the 30th day of Jan'y. 1866, by the Hon. A. Woods, Judge of the Probate Court for Calhoun county, Ala.—Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said Estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law or that the same will be barred; and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to come forward and make payment. BARTLETT OWEN, Adm.

W. M. LUNDIE. GEO. FERGUSSON.

LUNDIE & CO.,

(SUCCESSORS TO W. Y. LUNDIE.)

COTTON FACTORS AND GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

OFFICE BROAD STREET, SELMA, ALA.

Special attention given to the sale and shipment of Cotton, on which we will pay freight, charges, and Revenue Tax.

Orders for the purchase of Groceries and other articles promptly filled, when accompanied with the Cash or City Acceptance.

REFERENCES.

R. J. A. Kath & Co., Selma, Ala., Gen. G. L. Huey, Talladega, Ala.; J. W. Lapsley, Selma, Ala.; S. M. Goodwin, Selma, Ala.; Walker Reynolds, Alpine, Ala.; John Winston & Co., Mobile, Ala.; Hon. T. A. Walker, Jacksonville, Ala.; Jurey & Harris, New Orleans, La.; E. C. Hannon, Montgomery, Ala. Jan. 27, 186

DRUGS, DRUGS.

Stroh, Knight & Co.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DRUGGISTS.

We are now receiving a large and well selected stock of

DRUGS, MEDICINES,
PAINTS, OILS,
GLASS, VARNISHES,
DYE STUFFS,
PATENT MEDICINES,
PERFUMERY, &c.

We intend to make it to the interest of Physicians & Dealers generally to buy of us. We are prepared to sell goods cheaper than at any point this side of the Ohio river, as we receive our goods direct from the manufactures. Our motto—

Quick Sales and Small profits.

The very best of

Imported Wines & Liquors

constantly on hand, at wholesale and retail. Also a CHOICE WINE for sacremental purposes.

You will certainly find it to your advantage to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere. Call at

McGUIRE & PIPSOM'S OLD STAND,

ON BROAD ST. ROME, GA.,

Nov. 25 '65—3m. ...3m ...

G. G. ELLIS. J. H. CALDWELL

ELLIS & CALWELL,

Attorneys at Law,

AND

Solicitor in Chancery.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in CRIMINAL CASES, in the counties of Calhoun, Talledega, St. Clair, Randolph, Cherokee and DeKalb. Jan. 6. 1866.

ALA. & TENN. RIVER R. R.

TRAINS leave Selma daily (unday excepted at 7 A. M., and arrive at Blue Mountain at 7 05 P. M:

Returning, leave Blue Mountain at 7 A. M., and arrive at Selma at 6 30 P. M.

A daily line of stages connects Blue Mountain and Rome, 60 miles, making this the shortest, quickest and cheapest line of travel between South Alabama and Chattanooga and points North.

WM. ROTHROCK, Gen. up't.

SALT,
SUGAR,
COFFEE, &C. &C.

FOR SALE BY

E. L. WOODWARD.

Wanted.

100 **Buskels of DRIED PEACHES,** for which the highest market price will be given in Goods or Cash.

J. H. PARNELL, & CO.

COTTON SEED

FOR SALE.

WE have received a lot of FRESH COTTON SEED from the lower country which we offer for sale. Call soon if you wish to be supplied.

S. & S. J. MORGAN.

Oxford, Ala. Dec. 2. 1865.—tf.

HILLS & PANCHEN,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

IRON, CUTLERY, GUNS, TOOLS

AND

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

(SIGN OF THE PADLOCK.)

Broad Street. Rome Ga.

Charles E. Hills. J. Seymour Panchen.

In Chancery.

Taliaferro Y. Oliver, *vs.* David Moore, and Washington Webb. } AT RULES before the Register, Feb. 28th, 1866.

In Chancery, 30th Chancery District, Northern Chancery Division, State of Alabama.

THIS day came the Complainant by his Solicitors, Foster & Forney, and moved the undersigned Register, for an Order of Publication against the Defendant, David Moore; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Register, from affidavit on file, that the said David Moore is a non-resident of the State of Alabama, and that his Post Office is unknown to affiant, and that said Defendant is above the age of twenty-one years.—It is therefore Ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a weekly Newspaper published in the Town of Jacksonville, Alabama, once a week for four consecutive weeks, notifying and requiring the said David Moore to be and personally appear before the Register of this Court, at his office in the Town of Jacksonville, Alabama, within sixty days from the date of this order, and plead, answer or demur to Complainant's Bill of Complaint exhibited against him and one Washington Webb, in said Chancery Court, or the same will be taken for confessed, and the cause set for hearing ex parte as to him. It is further ordered, that a copy of this order be posted up at the Court-house door of Calhoun county, Alabama, within twenty days from this date. Granted Feb. 28th, 1866.

WM. M. HAMES, Register.

March 3.—$20 00.

JOHN FOSTER, WM. H. FORNEY.

FOSTER & FORNEY,

Attorneys at Law,

Jacksonville Alabama.

WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State.

Dec. 23d, 1865.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, St. Clair County.

Probate Court for said county, February 10th, 1866.

THIS day came William H Cobb Sheriff of said County, and ex officio administrator *de bonis non* of the estate of Alijah Phelps, late of said county, deceased, and filed his application, in due form under oath, praying for an order of sale of certain Lands described therein, and belonging to said estate for the purpose of pdying the debts, upon the ground that the personal property is insufficient therefor. It is ordered, that the 2nd day of April, 1866, be appointed a day for hearing such application, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same if they think proper.

JNO. A. ZELLNER, Judge of Probate.

Feb. 24, '66.—6t.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration upon the Estate of Rich'd L. Phillips, deceased having been granted to the undersigned on the 11th day of November, 1865, by the Honorable John K. Hoge Judge of Probate court of DeKalb county. Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said Estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred. ABNER PHILLIPS, Adm.

Jan. 13.

Desirable Lands for Sale.

Farm of 800 acres in Calhoun county Alabama within 6 miles of Jacksonville the county seat, 1 mile of the town of Alexandria, and 7 miles of Blue Mountain Station on the Jacksonville and Selma Railroad. Three hundred acres open the remainder very heavily timbered with pine and oak. One lot, 160 acres is detached ½ mile from the main body. Improvements a large framed dwelling with 8 good sized rooms well finished, located in a beautiful oak grove—all necessary out buildings. There is a large never failing spring within 100 yards of the house with a branch flowing from it nearly large enough to turn a mill—also a well of fine water in the yard—it has on it also a large gin house—a large apple and peach orchard, and taken altogether is one of the most valuable and desirable farms in North Alabama.

ALSO—A Farm of 870 acres more or less in Calhoun county, Ala., within 8 miles of Jacksonville, 1 mile of Alexandria and 7 miles of Blue Mountain Station on the Jacksonville & Selma Railroad—350 acres cleared the balance in original forest heavily timbered. This farm is very finely watered by spring branches which head on the place—80 acres of the open land is cedar bottom of very superior quality producing a good season 50 bushels of corn per acre and 1 bale of cotton. Improvements—a large well finished frame house and all necessary out buildings in a good state of preservation. There is a Baptist church on the land—and the society in the neighborhood equal to any in the State. This farm in the hands of a good practical farmer could be made one of the most productive in the region in which it is located. It has on it 1½ miles of cedar fencing taken off the cedar bottom. Lime stone is very abundant on the place which could be converted into lime at very little cost either for market or for fertilizing purposes on the farm.

HUGH FRANCIS, Agent For Sale & Purchase of Lands.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Cherokee County.

Probate Court, for said county, Special Term, Feb. 24, 1865.

ON this day Wm. A. Vincent, Executor of the last will of H. H. Vincent, presented his petition praying for an order to sell the Lands belonging to said Estate for distribution; and showing that Nancy Lavender, wife of Lemuel Lavender resides in Wilkerson county, Ga.; John M Vincent resides in Wood county Texas; Wm A Vincent, Emily S Raiford and Leander Gardner are the heirs and distributees of said estate.

The 16th day of April, 1866 is set apart by the Court for hearing said petition

LEMUEL J. STANDEFER, Judge of Probate.

N. S. PESCH. ALEX. P. HAWTHORN.

PUNCH & HAWTHORN,

Cotton Factors,

—AND—

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 23, COMMERCE STREET,

MOBILE, ALA.

☞ W. R. WYNN, of Jacksonville is our authorized Agent for the purchase and shipment of cotton, orders for Groceries, Plantation Supplies, &c

P. & H.

Nov. 18, 1865—3m.

WM. L. BAKER, Mobile. JNO. C. GRAHAM, Selma.

BAKER, GRAHAM & CO.

Successors to Baker, Lawler & Co. and Baker, Robbins & Co.

COTTON FACTORS

AND

Commission Merchants,

MOBILE, ALA.

We have secured the services of Mr. R. P. Baker and Mr. Geo. Spaulding, and connected with our business *Receiving and Forwarding Goods.* Having every facility for Shipments and Storage, we are prepared to offer inducements to Shippers to consign their goods to our care, and promise faithful attention to all consignments. We are agents for *no Boats.*

BAKER, GRAHAM, & CO.

Feb. 10, 1866—6m.

BOYD'S PROLIFIC

COTTON SEED

For Sale.

I am now receiving daily a large lot of Fresh Cotton Seed, and will sell them at the lowest market price. Call and examine:

J. H. PARNELL, at S P Hudson's old stand.

Feb. 10.

FOR SALE.

A CAST IRON STOCK KETTLE, holding about 40 gallons. Enquire at this Office. Dec. 9, 1865.

GROCERIES.

Crushed, Loaf & Brown SUGAR,
COFFEE, Molasses, Rice, Salt,
Mackerel, in bbls half bbls and kits.
Candles, and Nails, assorted,
Powder, Shot and Caps,
Pickles, Pepper, Spice, Ginger,
Oysters, Sardines, Soda, Indigo,

Cotton Yarns.

Snuff, chewing and smoking Tobacco,
LIQUORS, by the case and barrel,
Candies and Raisins by the box,
Nuts, Cheese and Crackers,
Cigars, Mustard, Blacking,

Cotton Cards.

IRISH POTATOES, Onions, FLOUR;
And a choice lot of 5000 bushels Fresh

COTTON SEED.

Buckets, Hames, Chains, Hoes, Axes,
Tin-ware, Paper & Envelopes.

Which we are selling at Selma prices with freight added.

S. & T. J. MORGAN.

Oxford Ala. Jan. 27, 1866.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of Jos. R Sims, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of DeKalb County, on the 22rd day of December, 1865; Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said Estate to present them legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law or they will be barred; and all persons indebted are required to make payment.

Jan. 27. HENRY P. WARREN, Admr.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of W. P. Smith, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of Calhoun County, on the 13th Jan. 1866; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present them legally authenticated within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred: and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment.

GEO. I. TURNLEY, Adm'r.

Feb. 10, 1866.

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of J. A. Turnipseed dec'd are hereby notified that all the notes and accounts belonging to said estate have been placed in my hands for collection by the Adm'x. I therefore hope that the parties concerned, will call on me at my office in Jacksonville without delay and settle up, by so doing we may save both cost and trouble. Wm M HAMES.

Feb. 1st, 1866.

TEH STATE OF ALABAMA, St. Clair county.

Probate Court, Feb. 9th, 1866.

John Wester, dec. Estate of } In a matter of Dower, }

THIS day came Henry W Box, administrator in this court of said Estate, and filed his petition in writing and under oath, praying for an order assigning dower to Celia Wester, widow of deceased, in one third portion of Lands described in said petition, of which decedent died seized and possessed. It is ordered, that the 26th day of March, 1866, be appointed a day for hearing such application, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same if they think proper. JOHN A. ZELLNER, Judge of Probate.

Administrators Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of Jas. F. Stone, having been granted to the undersigned, on the 13th day of Feb. 1866 by Hon John A. Zelner Judge of Probate Court for St. Clair county Ala. Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said Estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law or that the same will be barred.

M. S. JONES, NANCY T. STONE.

Feb. 24. '66.

Northern Chancery Division of Alabama, 30th Chancery District, Jacksonville, Ala. Feb. 17th, 1866.

IN VACATION.

THERE having been no regular term of the Chancery Court for this District held in January, as provided by law; It is hereby ordered, that an Extra Term of the Chancery court for said district be held in the Town of Jacksonville, Ala. on Monday the 9th day of April, 1866, to continue for three days.

It is further ordered, that notice of the time of holding said term of the court be published for thirty days in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in Calhoun county, Ala. SAM'L K. McSPADDEN, Chancellor.

Feb. 17, 1866.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.

Letters of administration on the estate of Jno. M Davis, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of Cherokee County, on the 3rd day of Feb. 1866, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate, to present them legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred.

Wm. H. GARMANY, Adm.

Feb. 24, 1866.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of administration having been granted to the undersigned, by the Probate court of Calhoun county, Ala. on the estate of Wade Blalock, dec'd, on the 17th of February, 1866: Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred: and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment.

Mar. 3. JOHN T. WILSON, Adm

WANTED.

WE want to hire fifty good hands, to shell corn, load cars, &c. for which we will pay one dollar per day per hand in corn or money. For particulars apply to our Agt. V. L. Ware, Blue Mountain.

MILLER, THOMAS & CO.

Union Town, March 3, 1866.

Affecting Scene in Court.

A BABY PROVES ITS MOTHER'S INNOCENCE.

[Paris Correspondence of a London paper.]

A poor, pale, wan seamstress was arraigned for theft. She appeared at the bar with a baby of eleven or twelve months in her arms, her child. She went to get work one day, and stole three gold coins of 10f, each. The money was missed soon after she left her employer, and a servant was sent to her rooms to claim it. The servant found her about to quit her rooms with the three gold coins in her hand. She said to the servant, "I was going to carry them back to you." Nevertheless she was carried to the Commissioner of Police, and he ordered her to be sent before the Police Court for trial. She was too poor to engage a lawyer, and when asked by the Judge what she had to say for herself, she answered: "The day I went to my employer's I carried my child with me. It was in my arms as it is now. I was not paying attention to it. There were several gold coins on the mantle piece and unknown to me it reached out its little hand and seized three pieces, which I did not observe until I got home, I at once put on my bonnet, and was going back to my employer to return them, when I was arrested. This is the solemn truth, as I hope for Heaven's mercy."

They could not believe this story. They upbraided the mother for her impudence in endeavoring to palm off such a manifest lie for the truth. They besought her for her own sake to retract so absurd a tale, for it could have no effect, but oblige the court to sentence her so much severer punishment than they were disposed to inflict on one so young and evidently steeped so deep in poverty. These appeals had no effect except to strengthen the poor mother's pertinacious adherence to her original story As this firmness was sustained by that look of innocence which the most adroit criminal can never counterfeit, the court were at some loss to discover what decision justice demanded. To relieve their embarrassment, one of the judges proposed to renew the scene described by the mother. Three gold coins were placed on the clerk's table. The mother was requested to assume the position in which she said she stood at her employer's house. There was then a breathless pause in court. The baby soon discovered the bright coin, eyed it for a moment, smiled, and then stretched forth its tiny hand clutched them in its fingers with a miser's eagerness. The mother was acquitted.

A HARD TEST.—A gentleman once heard a lat oring man swear dreadfully in the presence of a number of his companions. He told him it was a cowardly thing to swear so in company, when he dared not to do it by himself. The man said he was not afraid to swear at any time or in any place. "I'll give you ten dollars," said the gentleman, "if you will go into the village church-yard, at twelve o'clock to-night, and swear the same oaths which you have uttered here when you are alone with your God."

"Agreed," said the man; "'tis an easy way of earning ten dollars."

"Well, you come to me to-morrow, and say you have done it, and the money is yours."

The time passed on, midnight came. The man went to the grave-yard. It was a night of pitchy darkness As he entered the grave-yard not a sound was heard; all was still as death. Then the gentleman's words, "alone with God," came over him with a wonderful power. The thought of the wickedness he had committed, and of what he had come there to do, darted across his mind like a flash of lightning. He trembled at his folly. Afraid to take another step he fell on his knees, and instead of the dreadful oaths he came to utter the earnest cry went up, "God be merciful to me a sinner."

The next day he went to the gentleman and thanked him for what he had done, and said he had resolved not to swear another oath as long as he lived.

TERRIBLE AFFAIR.—A dispatch from Indianapolis gives the following particulars of a terrible affair that occurred at Bedford, Ia., on the night of the 5th inst.

It seems that Professor J. Madison Evans, in regard to whom there was some scandal a short time since, had seduced a daughter of Dr. Ben. Newland. The doctor's daughter had been off at a boarding school, when her condition became so apparent that she was sent home, where she confessed all to her father. The doctor took his pistol and one of his dissecting knives and went to Evans' house. The latter was not at home. Newland went to hunt him, and found him in the street, where he shot him down, and then cut him to pieces with the knife. Evans was a minister of the Christian church, and a man who at one time occupied a high position, and is well known as the author of a work entitled "The Pioneer Preachers of Indiana" At one time he occupied a chair in the Northwestern Christian University, in this city.

THE JEWS.—An Israelite of Bavaria thus writes of the restoration of the chosen people:

The regathering of the Jews is now beginning to take place. Not only many single families immigrate to Palestine, but there have been formed a number of societies in almost every land on this continent to prepare an immigration on a large scale, provided with all possible means, money, implements and tools of every kind, to commence the cultivation of the long desolated land at once, and with the utmost vigor There are men of considerable wealth among them, and not one without some means; enough, at least, to defray the expenses of the journey, and to purchase a plot of ground. I am happy to state that I am one of the leading members of a society forming here in Bavaria, which numbers already over nine hundred heads of families, besides a number of young people who would not form an alliance with the other sex until settled in the Holy Land, upon the soil of their rightful heriage. He also adds. The Gentiles hereabouts—that is, the petty German Protestant kingdoms and principalities—are even more astir about Palestine than the Jews.

I'LL VOTE FOR THE OTHER MAN.—The following story is told of a Revolutionary soldier, who was running for Congress.

It appears that he was opposed by much younger man, who had never "been to the wars," and it was the wont of "Revolutionary" to tell the people of the hardships he had endured.

Says he:

"Fellow citizens, I have fought and bled for my country—I helped whip the British and Indians I have slep on the field of battle with no, other covering than the canopy of heaven. I have walked over frozen ground till every foot-step was marked with blood."

Just about this time, one of the "sovereigns" who had become very much affected by this tale of woe, walks up in front of the speaker, wiping the tears from his eyes with the extremity of his coat-tail, and interrupting him, says:

Did you say that you had fought the British and the Injines?"

"Yes," responded Revolutionary.

"Did you say that you had slept on the ground while serving your country without any kiver?"

"Yes, sir, I did"

"Did you say you had followed the enemy of your country over frozen ground till every footstep was covered with blood?"

"Yes," exultingly, replied the speaker.

"Well then," says the tearful "sovereign," as he gave a sigh of painful emotion, "I'll be blamed if I don't think you've done enough for your country, and I'll vote for the other man."

THE SITUATION IN WASHINGTON.—The Washington correspondent of the New York Express writes:

The Radicals don't mean to have any reconciliation with the President, and he don't mean to concede anything to them. Therefore the breach must widen, all reports to the contrary notwithstanding

☞ The military and civil authorities at Mobile have issued orders establishing a strict quarantine off that port against all vessels from the West Indies where the cholera now prevails.

☞ The following is from the New York Day Book:

Senator Wade says, in the United States Senate. "We can say, with St. Paul, that we have fought the good fight." Would to God you were able to say with St. Paul, also, that you had "finished your course."

The World publishes a special from Albany, which says private but reliable information from Burrington, Vt. States that uniforms for 150,000 men and 20,000 rifles, of the very best pattern have been transported quietly, during the last ten days, from New York, and from Troy to Burlington, Vt., where they now remain concealed, awaiting the advance of the Fenian armies. An abundance is said to be deposited at Detroit, Buffalo, Ogdensburg, Plattsburg and Montpelier. Three companies of Fenian volunteers, commanded by efficient officers, have been organized in Burlington for service in Canda.

DISMISSED.—A clerk was dismissed from the Treasury Department on last Friday for signing the call inviting Fred. Douglas to deliver in Washington his abusive tirade against the President.—Office holders hereabouts please take warning.

Jacksonville Republican.

JACKSONVILLE ALABAMA

SATURDAY, MAR. 17, 1866

Terms of Subscription.

For one year, in advance, ... $3 00
For 6 months, " " 1 75

Terms of Advertising.

One square of ten lines or less, first insertion, ... $2 00
Each subsequent insertion, ... 1 00
Over one sqare counted as two, over two as three, &c. A liberal discount made on advertisements continued for three, six, or 12 months.
Annunciation of Candidates, ... $5 00
Obituaries charged at advertising rates.

CANDIDATES.

For Circuit Judge.

☞ We are authorized to announce **Hon. M. J. Turnley**, of Jacksonville, as a candidate for Judge of the 10th Judicial Circuit—election first Monday in May next.

☞ We are authorized to announce **John Henderson, Esq.**, of Talladega, as a candid for Judge of the 10th Judicial Circuit—election the first Monday in May next.

☞ We are authorized to announce **Geo. S. Walden, Esq.** of Talladega, as a candidate for Judge of the 10th Judicial Circuit—election first Monday in May next.

For Judge of Probate.

☞ We are authorized to announce **Hon. A. Woods**, as a candidate for Probate Judge for Calhoun county—election 1st Monday in May, 1866.

☞ We are authorized to announce **J. C. McAuley, Esq.** as a candidate for Probate Judge of Calhoun county—election first Monday in May next.

☞ We are authorized to announce **Capt. J. B. Farmer**, as a candidate for Probate Judge of Calhoun County—election first Monday in May next.

☞ We are authorized to announce **Wm. M. Hames, Esq.** as a candidate for Probate Judge for Calhoun County—election first Monday in May next.

☞ **D. M. FULENWIDER**, with Harrell, Eskridge & Sturdivant, of Selma, is our authorized Agent, to contract, receive and receipt for subscription and advertising for the Republican.

Change of Schedule on the Rome R. R.

To go into effect on the 12th of March, 1866.

Leave Rome at - - -	6 00 o'clock,	P. M.
Arrive at Kingston at	7 30 "	P. M.
Leave Kingston at -	7 00 "	A. M.
Arrive at Rome at -	8 30 "	A. M.

Passengers going south will find comfortable and commodious Stages in waiting at Rome to carry them to Blue Mountain, Ala., where they make sure and prompt connection with the Ala. & Tenn. River Railroad to Selma, and points South of that city.

C. M. PENNINGTON
Eng. and Supt. R. R. R.

Stage Line from Rome to Blue Mountain.

Leave Rome at - - - -	8 30 o'clock	A. M.
Arrive at Jacksonville	8 30 "	P. M.
Leave for Blue Mountain	9 00 "	P. M.
Leave Blue Mountain at	7 00 "	P. M.
Arrive at Jacksonville	9 00 "	P. M.

☞ **BLANKS** of every description, neatly and correctly printed, can now be had by the newly elected Justices of the Peace & Constables, on application at this Office.

CONGRESS.—The proceedings of Congress which reach us through the papers, are so irregular and desultory, that if we published all, our readers could form but little idea of the progress or probable result of proposed measures. From all that is published however, it is evident that the Radicals are receding from their extreme views and measures. This fact is noted by Northern Conservative as well as Southern papers Whether this will proceed far enough to perfect any measures upon which a compromise settlement of existing difficulties can be effected, remains yet to be seen. Some of the Northern papers express the opinion that this is only a ruse, a new dodge, by the Republican Radicals, to gain some advantage, or perfect some new trick. In the mean time, new ideas have sprung up, as to the illegality and unconstitutionality of all the acts of this piece of a congress of the dis-United States, if the Radical theory prevails; and vague hints are thrown out that the President is considering a solution of difficulties in this direction. The New York legislature, and various Republican meetings in the North and West have recently endorsed the Presidents policy—he is daily growing stronger—the swelling waters are still rising, and would seem, must soon sweep away the impracticable barriers to the work of pacification and reconstruction, which the Republican, (now emphatically and truthfully called the revolutionary party) have erected. A proclamation by the President is daily looked for with great anxiety.

RELIEF FOR THE DESTITUTE.—A petition has been circulated in our community for some days, numerously signed asking the President and Directors of the Ala. & Tenn. R Railaoad to reduce the price of freight on corn purchased for the destitute and suffering in this section. In case of its success Mr. R. H. Wynne, who has recently returned from the Canebrake country, thinks he can by means of private subscriptions here and favorable purchase there, procure for those who have no means to buy a large quantity of corn, at a cost, laid down at Blue Mountain of not more than $1 10 cts. per bushel. The destitution is greater and want more pressing than most persons at a distance, or even here imagine. Relief must come soon, or to some it will be forever too late. The reduction, we are informed has already been made by the Selma and Mississippi road, and we cannot believe the President and Directors of our road will prove less liberal and generous. We are confident not a single stockholder would be found to object. From the liberal donations made during the war, and other acts of munificence, we could almost vouch for the President of the Board, and until otherwise convinced, will not believe that the Directors will be less liberally or humanely inclined.

☞ See advertisement of Col. Hu. Francis, who offers for sale a valuable tract of land in the neighborhood of Alexandria, on Tallasschatchee creek. The land is offered at a low price and terms favorable—such another opportunity to procure really valuable, well improved lands may not soon occur.

☞ E. L. Woodword has just received a lot of Corn, which is offered for sale on reasonable terms

☞ R. H. Wynne wishes to engage a number of field hands, some with families and some without, to whom liberal wages are offered—see advertisement in another column.

THE FENIANS.—From the frequent but brief allusions to the movements of this mysterious association, it would seem that they are about to tear a board off the pig pen, or do something else desperate soon. In fact, like the Republican Radicals, they must do something soon, or collapse. Their movements may involve more important powers; but if nothing more, it would be a fine thing if they could enlist the sympathies of the Radicals, and cause at least a temporary diversion from the negro mania.

DECLINE IN PRICES.—Perhaps there could be nothing more consonant with the wishes and feelings of our people than the declaration that prices are rapidly declining in almost every article of consumption. By private letters from St Louis and New York, and by our daily dispatches, the welcome news of a decline in gold, and a corresponding decline in the value of all articles of consumption is laid upon our table. So rapid is the reduction that most buyers have stopped their purchases, not knowing what the currency will be worth a few weeks hence Gold has fallen to 130, a decline of ten per cent, in three weeks. Dry goods have decline 30 per cent. in Jackson in the same length of time—[Mississippian.

☞ It has been announced by leading members of the Reconstruction Committee that the Supreme Court will soon deliver an opinion declaring that the test oath is unconstitutional. It is said that this announcement caused great consternation in the Radical ranks.

RELEASE OF ADMIRAL SEMMES—President Johnson has ordered the discharge of this gentleman, who, it will be remembered, was arrested at his home in Mobile some months since, and carried to Washington. The correspondent of the Philadelphia *Ledger* say:

The release of Semmes has been foreshadowdd twice in the *Ledger's* dispatches and the sudden "hitch" I have spoken of while the work of securing evidence was in progress, was the President's own act, and the result of a full examination of the case by the Executives is the order issued this morning for his discharge from further imprisonment. At no it is said, was the arrest approved by the President or the Lieutenant General, it being the opinion of each that the prisoner was protected by his parole. The letter of Semmes, himself, backed by the legal opinion of Judge Hughes, his counsel, was so conclusive on this point that the President was satisfied his further retention was no longer either just or advisable. It is the purpose of Semmes to return to Alabama immediately.

The Fenian excitement continues apparently unabated O'Mahony, Sweeney, Stephens, Roberts, Killian, George Francis Train and all seem to be fairly on the war path. So great is the demand for Irish bonds that the Bank Note Company is unable to fill the orders, and greenbacks are positively refused at the Fenian treasury Counterfeiters are now at work, and a large amount of bogus bonds are being shoved on to the market.

☞ One of our clearest headed Selma merchants who constantly varies his advertisements in the MESSENGER, informs us that when he inserts a new advertisement his sales amount to from $1000 to $1400 per day; when he withdraws it they descend to $500. The moral is plain—Advertise.

Messenger.

Some Facts about Petroleum.

The oil regions of Western Pennsylvania, which far exceeds in productiveness all other localities combined, comprises a district about 20 miles square, lying along the Allegany river. Oil has also been found in considerable quantities in other parts of Pennsylvania, in Western Virginia, Eastern Kentucky and Ohio, New York and Canada It is also known to exist in several of the Southern States. It is altogether a mistake, however, that a coal formation is invariable indication of its presence.

The discovery of Petroleum, or rock oil, is more ancient than is generally believed. General Washington, in his expedition to French Creek, noticed the inhabitants skimming it from the water, to be used for burning or for medical purposes. General Montcalm in 1754 reports the Indians of Franklin, using the oil gathered from a neighboring creek in their paints and to burn at their sacrifices In 1849 it was analyzed and found to be valuable as an illuminating fluid. In 1853 Professos Silliman discovered that it possessed valuable lubricating qualities. Upon the discovery a New York firm purchased a small farm in Venango county, near what is now known as Oil Creek. The first well was sunk in 1858. Owing to the difficulty of disengaging the oil from impurities and rendering it non-explosive, it was not until 1860, when these difficulties had been overcome; that the subject attracted general attention.

The magnificent success which attended the first investment created an intense excitement among capitalists and speculators. It is estimated that not less than twelve hundred oil mining companies were organized, with an aggregate nominal capital of from eight hundred to one thousand millions of dollars. Of these numerous vast organizations, about fifty are now flourishing following their business as a regular branch of industry, and realizing large and certain profits. The remaining eleven hundred and fifty have all lost money.

In many instances, however, the yields and the products from the wells have been enormous. The flowing wells at Pithole, where the oil flowed out in a continuous stream, yield from 700 to 1,500 barrels a day. On the other hand the price of the oil has been liable to great fluctuations. From 1860 to 1865, the price of crude oil varied from thirteen dollars and a half to ten cents a barrel; the average price has been about seven dollars a barrel. The fluctuations in price, have been, of course, due to corresponding fluctuations in the actual or expected supply. Many wells which yielded most abundantly at first, and were believed to be inexhaustable, have completely dried up.

For most of the foregoing facts, and for the following table showing the number of gallons exported during five years we are indebted to DeBow's Review:

1861,	exported.....gallons	1,112,475
1862,	exported.....gallons	10,887,431
1863,	exported.....gallons	28,250,721
1864,	exported.....gallons	32,592,972
1865,	exported.....gallons	28,456,032

While it is probable that the permament yield of Petroleum will be less than it has been it is confidently believed that it will continue to be sufficient to constitute it an important interest. Notwithstanding the inevitable disappointment of enthusiasts and speculators the Pennsylvania oil district, which, ten years ago, might have been bought for seven hundred thousand dollars, is at this day held to be worth more than two hundred and fifty millions. This district, so recently solely devoted to agriculture, is now teeming with well organized commercial industry. It already contain numerous towns and villages, which have sprung up as if by magic around the wells, among them are some considerable pretentions Oil City, Rouseville, Plumer, Oleopolis, Pit-hole City, Titusville, Franklin and Reno have all sprung into existence with a surprising suddenness and rapidity.

As an instance Pit-hole City, containing seven thousand souls and supporting hotels, churches, a theatre, banks, land offices, telegraph and express companies, newspapers, and, as a tourist remarks, everything necessary to city life except women and railroads, is the growth of ninety days. Railroads are already in process of construction, and subterraneous pipes are being laid to conduct the oil for miles directly from the wells to the boats in the Allegany river.

Petroleum, to the North during the war, was an immense source of wealth. Confidence, was restored by the revenue derived from it during a period of great financial pressure—And the balance of foreign exchange was made largely in favor of the United States, when the military situation seemed to promise an interminable conflict of arms.

Chron. & Sen.

In his speech Mr. Stevens made the following prediction, which we should call cold comfort for his radical friend: "To you who do not desire these reforms, or any of them, I say frankly it is of no importance by whom, or when, or how, reconstruction is effected. For in three short years this whole Government will be in the hands of the late rebels and their Northern allies."

John Van Buren has taken the stump in favor of Johnson's policy

The Government is about to commence the rebuilding of Fort Sumter.

The Senate on the 12th, refused to recognize Colorado as a State by a vote of yeas 11, nays 2.

BY TELEGRAPH.

[SELECTED DISPATCHES.]

New York, March 13.—The steamer Germania from Southampton, the 7th inst., has arrived with Liverpool dates to the 7th inst.

The Germania brings seven hundred passengers.

ENGLAND.—In the Hous of Lords the standing orders were suspended to allow the cattle plague bill to pass through all the stages.

The London Times says: "The courage and decision of President Johnson in refusing his assent to the Bureau bill will entitle him to credit as one of the ables statesmen who has ever conducted America through a perilous crisis, by firmness and moderation."

AUSTRIA.—Vienna telegrams announce that rumors of a war like character are continually circulating and it is rumored that Prince Conga had addressed the Dignitaries and Powers of the Paris Treaty, against his forced abdication and soliciting their sssistance for reinstatement

GERMANY—Great uneasiness in manifested as to the consequences of a collision between Austria and Prussia on the Duchies question. A separate ministry for Hungary is denied

NEW YORK, March 19.—Brazillian advices say there has been no new movement of importance in the river Platte war.

The grand attempt of the allies to advance had not taken place The hoslile armies were confrounting each othsr on ths opposit sides of the Panama river.

Additional Brazilian gunboats and ironclads were on the way to the seat of war.

Reinforcements of 4,000 men to the allies had arrived, and munitions and supplies

NEW YORK, March 19.—The Tribune's Paris correspondent writes that Seward's answer to Drouyne de L'Hnys's dispatch of January 9th had arrived, though the French Government had not yet pronounced officially upon it.

The Cabinet are very much pleased with its contents. While reinterfaing all the United States Government has ever said upon the Mexican question, Seward has used such language as will probably cause France to consider it as not incompatible with its own views. The impression relieves themf rom a load of anxiety and the relations of France and the United States in regard to Mexico now stand on very good feeling.

The Herald's Wasington special says the President yesterday received a dispatch from the Provisional Governor of Texas giving a more hopeful account of the doing of the State convention than any heretofore published The Governor says the material measures, similar to those adopted by Alabama, are likely to prevail, and that no trouble will occur relative to the repudiatton of the Confederate war debts, and that the freedmen will be treated more satisfactorily than by most of the other States. The principal difference of opinion was whether the ordinance of secession should be merely repealed or absolutely null and void from the beginning.

LATER.

HALIFAX, March 19.—There is great excitement here and startling rumor afloat. The artilery are manning all the forts and the militia called out by proclamation. Arms and amunition will be given them to-day, and the engineers have been very busy since Friday

St. Patrick's Day was celebrated with the usual ceremonies and no disturbances

NEW YORK, March 19.—The Wisconsin Legislature has defeated the bill restoring the death penalty, and the Wisconsin Senate have struck out the word "white" in regard to the qualifications of electors

WASHINGTON, March 19,—In the House Mr. Hooper introduced a bill enabling the Secretary of the Treasury to sell certain bonds, and retire and cancel Treasury notes, certificates and other obligations bearing interest to a similar account.—Referred to the Ways and Means Committee.

Mr Dawson introduced a resolution that the United States cannot guarantee the bonds of Mexico nor any other government without impairing its own credit. The House refused to accord the question thereon, and the resolution went over

The House, by a vote of 81 to 67 reconsidered the resolution whereby the loan bill was rejected on Friday last.

In the Senate the House amendment to the bill providing homes for totally destitute soldiers were concurred in, and the bill passed.

Mr. Davis replying to Fessenden advocates allowing the claimants for seats as Southern Senators and representatives to represent and cross-examine witnesses

It is proposed that joint resolution be introduced discharging the Committee of fifteen from the further consideration of the Southern States, and that immediately after its passage, which is said to be assured, the credentials of the southern members will be properly referred It is that a majority of both Houses is in favor of this course.

NEW YORK, March 20.—Havana advices by the Manhattan state that the numerous fires throughout the Island are attributed to negro incendiaries.—The Royal Commission at Havana reported further progress of the Royal Commission, investigating the Jamaica revolt. The evidence, it is said, shows the affair a deliberate organized rebellion, with the ultimate design of murdering or driving from the Island all the white people of Jamaica who desire the annexation of that Island to the United States.

Sixty persons had been arrested in Hayti, charged with being concerned in the revolutionary movements of that Republic, and it was supposed twenty of them would be executed.

The Herald's Rio Janerio correspondent says immense preparations are making for a battle on the river Platte.—The allied army, Paraguayans and Uruguayans have congregated to the number of 50,000 men, (5,000 with the naval fleet) on the bank of the Paraguay river, which is controlled on the north side by 20,000 Paraguayans.

Defensive works of great strength however neutralize the numerical advantage of the allies. The design is soon to attempt the passage of the river, when a desperate struggle is expected. Skirmishing had occurred, and the allies had repulsed the Paraguayans with small loss.

New York, March 20.—The Central Council of Fenians are in secret session at Union Square. Funds and rifles are still flowing in.

It is reported that O'Mahoney has within a few days sent 5,000 men to some point unknown.

Sweeney's force is estimated at 53,600, and he is expecting the number doubled before the month closes.

Vera Cruz advices show that the promised Imperial pacification is as far as ever from being accomplished. The republicans maintain the contest stubbornly. There is no apparent intention of the French Government to withdraw

Mendoza's victory over the republicans in Michoacan is said to be much more important than at first reported.—Mendoza says hs fought a hard battle with several cheifs combined. His own losses were severe.

The Republicans in force are threatening Tampico, which place the Imperialists occupy. The Republicans had made three attacks upon the garrison of Mazatland within five weeks.

Lt Maury, Maximillian's colonization Minister has left for England.

A dispatch from Toronto (C. W.) of the 12th says; The number of volunteers answering the Government's call is largely in excess of the demand. An official military order has been published by the Commander in Chief in which he regrets he is compelled as a measure of precaution, to call for the service of so large a number of volunteers. This step does not result from the existence of a condition of war between our sovereign and foreign State, but it is a necessary perforance of duty which has devolved upon the Government to make provision for protecting the lives and property of the inhabitants of the Province and against threatened attacks of lawless men, who use the territory of a neighboring power for the purpose of openly organizing an enterprise against the sovereign right of the Queen and the security of her subjects.

The London Herald says movments have been begun for laying the Atlantic Cable during the coming summer. As at present arranged, the Great Eastern will carry the new cable and lay it to Newfoundland; will then coal and return to mid-Atlantic, where she will with her consort, grapple for the lost end, the locality of which can be ascertained within a quarter of a mile, through the observations taken last summer by Capt. Undevant and Capt. Maraity.

It is said that it has been reliably ascertained that the military excitement going on in Canada is the result of direct special commands from the Crown of Great Britain, for the purpose of diverting the attention of the Fenian Brotherhood from Ireland as the grand objective point, and to precipitate the Union of the Province, with Prince Alfred on an American throne. The agents of England are now here, laden with gold to carry out the plan, but they have been foiled by the detective system of the Fenian Brotherhood, which ramifies society in the country of Sir Frederick Bruce in Washington and the Governor-General in Canada Further particulars of these astounding developments wil be giveu to the public immediately. The bearer of the dispatches from the Queen of England, and who carried the orders above referred to, is a Fenian, and is now in New York.

Corn, Corn!

For Sale by
E. L. WOODWARD.
Jacksonville, March 24, 1866.

Notice

IS hereby given, that Joseph P. Whorton was, on the 8th of March, 1866, appointed on the Probate Court of Cherokee county, Ala as the administrator of the Estate of W S Whorton, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against sasd estate will present them in the time prescribed by law.
LEMUEL J. STANDEFER,
March 24. Judge of Probate.

For Sale.

A Tract of Land containing 160 Acres, between 80 and 100 acres cleared, balance well timbered—comfortable frame dwelling, four large rooms, all necessary out buildings.

This place lies two miles north of Alexandria on Tallasschatchee creek, nine miles from Jacksonville—place in good state of cultivation—fencing in good condition.

Terms—one third cash, balance one and two years.

HU. FRANCIS, Agt for sale
Mar. 24. and purchase of Lands, &c.

L. W. PETTIBONE,
SELMA, ALA.
RECEIVING AND FORWARDING
WARE-HOUSE.

THANKFUL for the favors that for the last five years have been shown him, is desirous still of a share of the public patronage. I have taken the BRICK COTTON WAREHOUSE near the depot of the Ala. & Tenn. R. Railroad, and am prepared to receive, store and forward cotton, pay taxes, and all other expenses, and also to attend to all business belonging to the business of receiving and forwarding.

I have also CORN and CEMENT for sale. Feb. 17, 1866—3m.

CHANDLER, BICKEL & CO.
Jobbers & Dealers in
DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
HATS and SHOES,
CLOTHING!
SELMA, ALABAMA.
Feb 17, 1866—3m.

WOOLSEY, GOODRICH & Co.,
Commission Merchants,
Insurance and General Agents,
SELMA, ALABAMA.

WILL make liberal advances on Cotton for sale, or for consignment to Mobile or Liverpool.
Prompt attention given to filling orders from the country for any kind of goods.

AGENTS FOR
Pratts Celebrated
COTTON GINS.
Feb. 10. 3m.

M. R. BOGGS, Dallas Co. A. E. MOTT, formerly of Rome, Ga. ED. WOODS, Dallas Co.
BOGGS, MOTT & WOODS
GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
GROCERIES, Wines, Liquors, &c.
☞ Liberal advances made on consignments of COTTON and all kinds of Country Produce. Dec. 30, 186.

W. H. JUDSON, F. W. SIDDONS, B. J. DUNCAN, G. W. SIDDONS
JUDSON, DUNCAN & CO.
GENERAL
Commission Merchants
AND
Cotton Factors,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
EVERY SPECIES OF MERCHANDISE
Broad Street, SELMA, Ala
☞ Consignments respectfully solicited.

A. G. PITNER, S. P. SMITH, J. R. COOPER
PITNER, COOPER & CO.
Wholesale and Retail
GROCERS
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Pitner's Corner, Broad St., Range 3.
WILL Receive and Sell, Ship or Store COTTON and other Produce for the Planters. Mr. J. H. COOPER, who has had long experience in the Cotton trade, will give his special attention to that branch of the business.
Rome, Ga., Sept. 28, 1865.—6m.

CLOTHING, CLOTHING
JUST received and for Sale by
E. L. WOODWARD
March 15th, 1866.

SUGAR.
2,800 Pounds, and other Family Groceries, for sale by
E. L. WOODWARD
March 15th, 1866.

BOOTS & SHOES
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY, just received and for sale by
Feb. 17, '66. E. L. WOODWARD

HATS & CAPS,
JUST arrived, and for sale by
E. L. WOODWARD
Feb. 17, 1866.

Blacksmithing.
THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he is prepared to execute, with neatness, durability and dispatch, descriptions of Blacksmithing such as ironing waggons, gies, &c. and all descriptions of Plantation work and repairing. His shop is on the side of main street, south of the square immediately back of Fleming's wood store.
March 3, 1866. A. B. W.

NEW HOTEL.
THE undersigned having taken the Privett House, situated on main street a short distance north of the Public Square, with the commodious Livery Stable attached, respectfully informs the public she is prepared to entertain transient boarders, travellers and persons in attendance on the Courts. Her charges will be as low as the times will permit. The patronage of her old friends and acquaintances is respectfully solicited.
L. M. W.
Jacksonville, March 3, 1866.

The Old Fashioned Satan, with Horns and Tail, Broke Loos in Kentucky.

A correspondent of the Mt-Sterling Sentinel gives the following account of a fiery fiend visible in Bracken county. Is it a Freedmen's Bureau incarnate?

BRACKEN COUNTY, KY., Feb. 17, 1866

MR. EDITOR:—The people of this neighborhood are in the greatest state of excitement in consequence of a remarkable visitation, or apparation or some demoniacal personage in our midst I am not a believer in the doctrin that disembodied spirits can "revisit the glimpses of the moon," nor do I believe that epoch designated prohecy, when the chains of Satan are to be unloosed, has arrived, but the things whereof I now write are of such strange import, so inexplicable, that I have determined to put you in possession of a full and explicit narritive of them, merely promising that every word is TRUE, and the facts sworn to, as witness the accompanying affidavit. What it is, I am unable to say; I merely give the *facts*, such as I am personally cognizant, and leave it to wiser heads than my own to unravel the mystery.

On Monday night last, myself and family had retired to rest, we were suddenly aroused by a great outcry from the negro quarters—which are immediately in the rear of the house—in which prayers vied for supremacy with blasphemies, men, women and children screaming "fire!" and "murder!" at the top of their voices, all conspiring to create a scene worthy of a pandemonium Terribly startled, my wife and I sprang from bed. The room was illuminated as brightly as by a flood of sun-light, though the light was of a bluish cast. Our first and most reasonable conclusion was that the negro cabins were being consumed by fire. We rushed to the windows and beheld a sight that fairly curdled the blood in our veins with horor, and filled our hearts with the utmost terror. My daughter, shrieking loudly, came flying into my room, hysterical with fear. This is what we beheld:

To the right of the upper cabin, near the fence that seperates the negro's garden from the house-yard, was a creature of gigantic stature, and the most horrifying appearance. It was nearly as high as the comb of the cabin, and had a montrous head, not dissimilar in shape to that of an ape; two short very white horns appeared above each eye; its arms were long, covered with shaggy hair of an ashen hue, and terminated with huge paws, not unlike those of a cat, and armed with long and hooked claws. Its breast was as broad as that of a large-sized ox. Its legs resembled the fore legs of a horse, only the hoofs were cloven. It had a long tail, armed with a dart-shaped horn, which it was continually swith-about. Its eyes glowed like two living coals of fire, while from its nostrils and mouth were emitted sheets of bluish-colored flame, with a hissing sound, like the hissing of a serpent only a thousand-fold louder. Its general color, save its arms, was a dull dingy brown. The air was powerfully impregnated with a smell of burning sulphur.

The poor negroes were evidently laboring under the extremest terror, and two of them, an old woman and a lad, were actually driven to insanity by their fears, and have not recovered their reason up to this writing. I do not know how long this monster, demon, or devil, was visible after we reached the windows—possibly some three seconds. When it vanished it was enveloped in a spiral colum of flame that reached nearly to the top of the locust trees adjacent, and which hid its horrid form completely from view. The extinction of the flame was instantaneous, and with its disappearance we were relieved of the presence of this remarkable visitor.

It would be impossible for me to attempt to discribe the effect of this visitation upon the members of my family. suffice it to say, that my wife and two daughters are firm ly persuaded that it was the veritable Satan. For myself, I would willingly believe that we all, by some curious coincieence, had been the victims of a horrid nightmare, did I not *know* that we were fully awake and actually witnessed that which is above recorded. Again, if ours had been the only family visited by this unearthly creature, I should have kept silent, and, perhaps, tutored my mind into the belief that it was a hallucination.

But precisely the same apparition made its appearance at my neighbor's, Mrs. Wm. Dole, appearing there in precisely the same shape in which it presented iself to us, save the head, which appeared to those who witnessed it at Mrs. D.'s to resemble that of a horse. At Mr. Adam Fuqua's, another neighbor's, its head was that of a vulture.—On Tuesday night it appeared at Mr. Jesse Bond's, there wearing the head of an elephant. At all these places it made the same appearance as at my house—excepting only the changing of the head—and disappeared in the same manner. These parties are all reliable ladies and gentlemen, and, at my request, have made oath to what they witnessed.

What it is, what its object, what its mission, is something that passes my poor comprehension. What I have above written is simple, unadorned truth You are at liberty to use this in any manner you may esteem proper.

Respectfully, your friend,
NATHANIEL G. SQUIRES.

STATE OF KENTUCKEY, BRACKEN CO.—KY.

This day personally appeared before the undersigned, John G. Finley, Justic of the Peace, within and for the county and State aforesaid, Nathaniel G. Squires, Minerva Squiers, Martha W Dole, Adam Fuqua and Jesse Bond, who being duly sworn according to law, declare that the statements in the foregoing letters are true as far as refers to each of them. And I certify that affiants are creditable and reliable persons, and their statements entitled to full faith and credit.

J. G FINLEY, J P., B. C.

A HARD HIT.—There was a physician in the neighborhood of Franklin, where Dr. Emmons preached for seventy-one years, who was corrupting the minds of men by his pantheism. This physician being called to a sick family in the Frankline parish, met the Frankline minister at the house of affliction. It was no place for a dispute. It was no place for any unbecoming familiarity with the minister. It was no place for a physician to inquire into the age of the minister, especially with any intent of entangling him in a debate, and, above all, where the querist was visionary for any logical discussion. But the abrupt question of the pantheist was:

"Mr. Emmons, how old are you?"

"Sixty, sir; and how old are you?" came the quick r ply.

"As old as the creation, sir," was the triumphant response.

"Then you are the same age with Adam and Eve."

"Certainly; I was in the garden when they were."

"I have always heard that there was a third person in the garden with them, but I never knew before that it was you"

The pantheist did not follow up the discussion.

Possibilities.

The Washington City correspondent of the New Orleans Picayune, writes as follows:

It is evident from the language of this speech and the one of the 22d, that the President has no idea of submitting to the actions of the radical majority of Congress in excluding from their seats the Southern members of Congress. During the whole of the recent war the Republicans loudly professed that their object in carrying it on was to restore the Union. But the President says that they were all the time sailing under false colors; and that they joined those who were for the Union in order that they might have an opportunity to vent their hatred against the Southern people. He says, too, that for many years past they have been determined to crack up the Union and revolutionize the government, and that what they are now doing is only in pursuance of that design. He says, "We find an attempt now to change the character of the government, which we must equally resist. The attempt now is to consolidate, to concentrate power here, in the hands of the Representatives from the North alone This attempt aims at the destruction of the government I am opposed to it."

I have been thus particular in calling attention to these significant words of the President, because I believe that they foreshadow some important action upon his part. He is the Executive. It is his duty to see that the constitution and laws are obeyed. If the Radical members of Congress are violating the constitution, which is the supreme law of the land, by their exclusion of the Southern members of Congress I cannot believe that he will suffer them to continue to do so. The President cannot be insensible to the fact that the twenty-two excluded Senators from the South, and the nineteen Democratic and Conservative Senators now in their seats, making forty-one Senators, constitute a large majority over the twenty nine Radical Senators. He cannot be blind to the fact that the eighty-three excluded Southern Representatives, together with the thirty-eight Democratic and Conservative members now in their seats constitute a majority over the one hundred and nineteen Radical members of the present House? Is it not his duty to recognize these majorities as constituting the true Congress? Is the present Congress such an one as the constitution provides for? Does the present Senate consist, as the constitution says it shall consist, of two Senators from each State? These are questions, which, it is believed, the President is considering; and his determination upon them may be looked for with deeps licitude.

AN EASTERN PAPER, under the head of "Let the people be warned," says: We hope that no Conservative journalist will neglect to warn the people against the transparent Radical plot now in process of execution. The Trojans feared the Greeks more when they came bearing gifts, and the Radicals are most dangerous when they pretend to relinquish the unconstitutional projects which they have proposed The sudden cessation of their attacks upon the President and the postponement of a vote upon their latest Constitutional amendment to the second Tuesday in April, must not be regarded as evidences that their conspiracy has been abandoned. It is merely a politic and strategetic silence intended to effect certain results, and as soon as those results are achieved the Radicals will resume offensive operations with tenfold vigor.

State of Europe Revolutions Present and Prospective.

England is now in a state of revolution —Her government, her Parliament and her press have at length been forced to confess the fact. The Fenian movement, which their statesmen declared would amount to nothing, has thrown the whole country into alarm and confusion Outbreaks are dreaded in London and Liverpool as well as in Ireland: English securities are depreciating while American bonds are rising in price In Prussia the King is openly quarrelled with the Chamber of Deputies, and great discontent exists among the people. Austria and Prussia are disputing over the duchies which they recently conqured, like La Fountaine's robbers over the stolen mule In France the press, under pretence of encouraging the Fenians, is really inciting all the revolutionary elements throughout Europe. Prim's rebellion in Spain has been only temporarily repressed. A successful revolution has been carried through by the people and the legislature of Romania. The Italians labouring under a heavy debt which they have no apparent means to pay, still look longingly upon the Papal possessions In Belgium one party is in favor of an alliance with Holland and another party in favor of alliance with France; and between them the new King seems destined to be left out in the cold In a word, a careful review of the condition of the leading countries of Europe shows that every one on them has of hand a revolution, either present or prospective.

N. Y. Herald, 10th.

Obituary

DIED, in Ashville, St. Clair county, Alabama, on the 24th of February, 1866, MRS. LORENNA BYERS, wife of ALEMETH BYERS, in the 58th year of her age.

The death of this kind hearted, good woman, was not unexpected to her many friends, who for months passed, patiently and affectionately watched the blighting effects of a pulmonary disease, which eventually snapped the silver cord of life, and freed her pure spirit from the prison bars of earth.

Mrs. B. was a native of York District, South Carolina. Together with her husband, she came and settled in Ashville, at an early period in the history of Alabama, where she lived for thirty years, a quiet, unostentatious life, giving light and love to the home circle, and dispensing with a liberal hand the sweet comforts of her christian charity. She was a devoted member of the Presbyterian Church, and yet, her attachment to the tenets of her own denomination never caused her to be unmindful of her obligations to other christian associations. She was among the first in every good word and work; and all societies, all enterprises, having for their object the elevation of man's moral nature, received her active sympathy and cordial co-operation. Her predominant christian characteristics were meekness and humility, often regretting her unworthiness, and always esteeming others better than herself.

The writer of this brief notice pays but a just tribute to the memory of departed worth, when she says that Mrs B. in all the relations of life, as wife mother, neighbor and christian—as nearly as erring mortals can—nobly filled the true mission of woman. She was affectionate, benevolent, generous and charitable. May those who survive her emulate her pure example and untarnished virtues: and may their end be like hers!

Far away from the scenes of early childhood now rest the remains of Mrs. Lorenna Byers. Friends who have been cheered by her presence will sigh for the lost one, and widows and orphans who have been blessed by her bounty, with tears of gratitude will be wedher grave. C.

Election Notice

On the first Monday in May next, I will open and hold an Election at the different Election Precincts in Calhoun county, for the purpose of electing one Judge of the 10th Judicial Circuit and one Judge of Probate of Calhoun county, and the following named persons are hereby appointed Inspectors and Managers of said Election at the respective places of voting, to-wit:

Pre. No 1, Jacksonville—T P Renfroe, W O Hutchinson, H T Snow.

Pre No 2, Alexandria—E McClelen, O P Allen, John W Whatley.

Pre No 3, Court Ground—L Mitchell, G B Skelton, Abel J Bolinger

Pre No 4, Court Ground—Wm. Kennedy, G W Burns, B Johnson

Pre No 5, Polkville—L Coker Thos Francis, E B Downing

Pre No 6, Peeks Hill—James Wood, Wm Hopkins, R M Martin.

Pre No 7, Court Ground—J Dickinson, Jos Noah, N Andress.

Pre No 8, Walden's Shop—James Mohon, Thomas Neighbors, William Brown

Pre No 9, Cross Plains—C J Sharp, Neil Ferguson, Joel Nabors

Pre No 9, Ladiga—W A Wilson, J Davis, A M Stewart

Pre No 10, Court Ground—J W. Whiteside, J L Mattison, J A Fleming.

Pre No 11, White Plains—J Clinton, B O Ramey, J Cook.

Pre No 12, Yoe's ✕ Roads—J F Davis, A Elston, R Boyd

Pre No 13, Oxford—H J Hughes, B Prichard, J Spencer

Pre No 14, Sugar Hill—E B Landers, J Rhodes, J W Daveeze.

Pre No 15, Court Ground—G W Clements, Wm Henry, Wm Warren.

Pre No 16, Abernathy—M L Snow, R F Pounds, J W Wiggainton

Pre No 17, Fair Play—W Edwards. Irvin Owen, J F Bennett.

Pre No 18, Pine Thicket—A D Chandler, Wm Huneycutt, Wm King.

Pre No 19 Court Ground—W P Howell, John Davison, J Butrum.

Pre No 20, Court Ground—William Wood, J A Maxwell, W J Borden.

Pre No 21 Sulphur Springs—J T Findley, Z Henderson, F Crow.

Pre No 22, Court Ground—J P Morgan, J W Whisenant, E Griffin.

Pre No 23, Pleasant Hill—J W McDaniel, W F Amorine, J D Walker.

The Constables of each Precinct are hereby appointed Returning Officers of their respective Precincts.

J. M. ANDERSON, Sheriff.
Mar. 24, 1866.

A WAY TO GET

Corn Cheap.

I wish to hire from one to three hundred hands immediately, some with families and some without, to whom very liberal wages will be given, in cash, corn, or parts of crop, as may be preferred. Call and see me or S. D. McCLELEN, immediately.
March 24. R. H. WYNNE.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of Wm A. Cummings, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, by the Probate court of Calhoun County Ala on the 19th day of March, 1866; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said Estate, to present them legally authenticated within the time prescribed by law or they will be barred; and all persons indebted are requested to make payment.
Mar. 24. C. J. COOPER, Adm.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of S. D. Simpson, dec'd having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate court of of Calhoun County, Ala on the 19th day of Mar., 1866; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said Estate to present them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and all persons indebted will make payment.
March 24. GEO. I. TURNLEY, Adm.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Cherokee County.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons having demands against Averilla McCay, late of said county, deceased, to present them to me, properly made out, within the time prescribed by law; and all persons indebted to said deceased are hereby required to make immediate payment to me.
March 7, 1866. WM. L. WHITLOCK, Adm'r.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Cherokee County.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons having demands against Lewis Rhea, late of said county, deceased, to present them to us, properly made out, within the time prescribed by law; and all persons indebted to said estate are hereby required to make immediate payment to us. March 1, 1866.
R. B. RHEA,
R. B. WHORTON, Adm'rs.

Guardian's Sale.

I will offer for sale to the highest bidder for cash, at public outcry before the courthouse door in the Town of Centre, Ala. on Monday the 7th day of May, 1866, the following described Lands, to-wit: the south west quarter of section six township seven, range eleven, and the north west quarter of the south east quarter of section six, fractional township seven, range eleven; also the east half of the north west quarter of section six, township seven range eleven east, all lying and being in Cherokee county, Alabama—sold by order of the Probate court for said county, as the property of Henry P. Smith, minor, for the purpose of education and maintainance of said ward—this 19th day of March, 1866. JAMES R. DORSEY, Guardian:
Mar. 24.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said county, Regular Term, March 12, 1866.

THIS day came James Hollingsworth, administrator of the Estate of John Hollingsworth, deceased, and filed his application setting forth among other things, that said decedent was the owner and in possession of the following described lands, to-wit: The east half of the south east quarter of section 25, township 14, range 8 east in the Coosa Land District—that said land cannot be equitably, fairly and beneficially divided among the heirs and legatees of said estate without a sale thereof; and asks an order of Court, authorizing a sale of said Lands for that purpose.

He further states, that the following named persons, heirs and legatees of said estate are non-residents, to-wit: Harrison Hollingsworth, Warren G Hollingsworth and Charles C Hollingsworth, all of full age, who reside in the State of Arkansas.

It is therefore ordered by the court, that Friday the 11th day of May next be set for the hearing of said application, and that notice of the filing of the same be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in the Town of Jacksonville, Alabama, for three consecutive weeks, and at least forty days prior to said day, as a notice to said non-resident heirs and legatees of said estate, as well as all other persons interested in said application, to be and appear before me, at my office in the Town of Jacksonville, on said Monday the 11th day of May next, when and where they can contest said application if they desire.

Given under my hand at office this 22nd day of March, A. D. 1866.
A. WOODS.
Judge of Probate.

New Micaville Grist Mill.

THE undersigned, having completed the necessary work, and procured new mill stones of superior quality, is now prepared to grind corn, of any quantity require into meal of as good quality as can be made by any mills of the country. His mill is one mile south of Jacksonville on the White Plains Road.
G. SOUTHER.
March 17, 1866.

Administrators Notice.

LETTERS testamentary having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of Calhoun county, on the Estate of Allen Andrews, dec'd, on the 26th of Feb'y, 1866: Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment. J. M. ANDREWS,
Mar. 3. E. T. SMYTH, Adms.

Notice

IS HEREBY GIVEN, that on the application of the heirs at Law of the Estate of C. S. Sh[illegible] late of Cheroke county, Alabama, deceased, to remove John W. Ramsey as the Administrator of said Estate, beca[illegible] of p[illegible] from the State; and that seco[illegible] in April, is the day set for hearing said application, and at which said Ramsey will appear in the Probate Court of said County, and shew cause, if any he has why said Order shall not be granted.
LEMUEL J. STANDEFER,
Judge of Probate.
March 17th, 1866—4t.

Superintendent's Notice.

ALL persons having business connected with the duties of the Superintendent of Public Schools, are hereby informed that he will be in Jacksonville on the first Saturday in each month, for the purpose of attending to such business. J. A. FLEMING,
March 10, 1866. Supt.

OF

REAL ESTATE.

BY VIRTUE of an Order of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, I will, as Administrator of the Estate of Fleming Gibson, deceased, sell in Jacksonville, Alabama, to the highest bidder, for one third cash, and the balance on a credit of Twelve Months, with interest from date,
ON MONDAY THE 16th DAY of APRIL, 1866—Eighty acres of Land, lying in the Coosa Land District of the aforesaid County and State, viz: distinguished as that part of Fractional Section Five, Fractional Township thirteen, Range six east, lying and being below a certain line commencing near the south east corner of a small lot of cleared land lying south east of the house known as the Obediah Gibson old residence, and running from said corner to the fence near the H. B. Dockery lot, thence to the Gibson lot, thence running to the river.

Note with two approved securities will be required of purchaser.

Said Land lies only two miles from where Noble is erecting his oil works.
H. B. DOCKREY, Adm.
March 17, 1866.

In Chancery.

John Y. Nisbet, vs. James R. Slayton and Thomas N. Anglin. } AT RULES before the Register, Saturday, March 3, 1866.

In Chancery, 36th Chancery District, Northern Chancery Division of the State of Alabama.

THIS day came the Complainant by his Solicitors Foster & Forney, and moved the undersigned Register and Master for an Order of Publication against the Defendant, James R. Slayton; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Register, from an affidavit on file, that the said Defendant, James R. Slayton is of lawful age, and a non-resident of the State of Alabama, and that he resides in the State of Mississippi, in or near Holly Springs in said State—It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in the Town of Jacksonville, Alabama, once a week for four consecutive weeks, notifying and requiring the said James R. Slayton to be and personally appear before the Register of this court, at his office in the Town of Jacksonville, Alabama, within sixty days from the date of this order, and plead, answer or demur to Complainant's Bill of Complaint, exhibited in said Chhancery court against him, and Thomas N. Anglin, or the same will be taken for confessed, and the said cause set for hearing ex parte as to him. It is further ordered, that a copy of this order be posted up at the court house door of Calhoun county, Alabama, and that a copy also be forwarded to the said Defendant, at Holly Springs, Miss. within twenty days from this date.

Granted March 3rd, 1866.
WM. M. HAMES, Register.
March 10, 1866—$20 00.

In Chancery.

C. B. Sisson, vs. Lucinda Champion, et als. } AT RULES before the Register, Wednesday, March 8th, 1866.

In Chancery, 36th District, Northern Chancery Division, State of Ala.

THIS day came the Complainant by his Solicitors Foster & Forney, and moved the undersigned Register for an order of publication against the Defendants, Nancy Champion, William Champion, Lucinda Champion, Mary Champion, George Thomas, and Josiah and Robert Champion; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Register, from an affidavit on file, that the said Defendants, Nancy Champion and William Champion are of lawful age, and the said defendants, George Thomas, Joseph Champion and Robert Champion are minors under the age of 21 years are all non residents of the State of Alabama, and reside in the State of Georgia, Post office unknown to affiant, also, that the said defendant, Lucinda Champion, and Mary Champion are of lawful age, and that their residence is unknown to affiant.—It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in the Town of Jacksonville, Alabama, for four consecutive weeks notifying and requiring the said Defendants, Nancy Champion, William Champion, Lucinda Champion, Mary Champion, Joseph Champion, Robert Champion and George Thomas to be and personally appear before the Register of this court at his office in the Town of Jacksonville, Calhoun county, Alabama, within sixty days from the date of this order, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill of complaint against them et als. exhibited in said chancery court, or the same will be taken for confessed, and the said cause set for hearing ex parte as to them. It is further ordered, that a copy of this order be posted up at the court house door of Calhoun county, Ala. within twenty days from this date. Granted March 8th, 1866.
WM. M. HAMES,
ar. 1M'66—$ 20,0. Register, &c.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, }
CALHOUN COUNTY. }

Court of Probate for said county, February 22nd, 1866.

THIS DAY came A and E. B. Downing, Administrators of the Estate of T. J. Downing, deceased, and filed their application, setting forth among other things, that said deceased was the owner, and in possession of the following described Lands, to-wit: The south east quarter of section fifteen, Township fifteen and Range six, except the north east fourth of said quarter section.

They further state that said Lands cannot be equitably, fairly and beneficially divided between the heirs and distributees of said estate without a sale thereof; and that a sale thereof is necessary to pay the debts of said estate, and for distribution among the heirs and distributees of said estate.

They further represent, that the following named heirs and distributees of sain Estate reside beyond the limits of the State of Alabama, to-wit: Charity Downing, widow of decedent who resides in the city of Rome, Floyd county, Georgia, Thomas J. Downing who resides in parts unknown to petitioner; Charity Lane, wife of W. B. Lane, and her husband W. B. Lane, who resides in Rome, Floyd county, Giorgia, and Giles L. Downing who resides with his mother Charity Downing, in Rome, Floyd county, Georgia, and all of whom are of full age, except the said Charity Lane and Giles L. Downing.

It is therefore Ordered by the court, that Monday the 16th day of April next be set for the hearing of said application, and that notice of the filing of the same be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said county for three successive weeks, and at least forty days prior to said day, as a notice to said non-residents, heirs and distributees of said Estate, as well as all others concerned, to be and appear before me at my office in the Town of Jacksonville, on said Monday the 16th day of April next, when and where they can contest said application if they desire.

Given under my hand at office this 28th day of February, 1866.
A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.
March 3.

FOR SALE.

A CAST IRON STOCK KETTLE, holding about 40 gallons. Enquire at his Office. Dec. 3, 1865.

A. W. SIDDONS. G. W. SIDDONS.

JUDSON, DUNCAN & CO.

$100,000 WORTH

Of Dry Goods. Boots and Shoes, Clothing, Groceries, Yankee Notions, &c.

At a reduction of 25 per cent from prices ruling 60 days ago.

One of our firm, an old and experienced buyer, well acquainted with the wants of the people in this section, has just returned from the Northern markets with a heavy and well assorted stock of goods, which were bought upon the heel of the great rush of buyers from the South, at a very heavy decline in prices, and we propose to meet the public liberally in the benefit of this change.

On hand and to arrive —we offer—
15,000 yards assorted Prints,
10,000 do do bleached Domestics.
500 yds Linen Sheeting, cheaper than cotton,
500 yds full width bleached Cotton Sheeting,
500 yds 5-4 and 6-4 Pillow case Cottons,
20 ps white Linen Table Damask,
50 doz ass'd Towels, 50ps ass'd Diapers,
12 ps assorted Ingrain Carpetings,
20 ps all wool Delaines, 100 ps Union Delaines,
20 ps beautiful shades French Merinos,
50 ps plain and printed Alpacas and Poplins,
50 ps assorted a Furniture Prints,
100 assorted wool net Vandykes, Sacques, Shawls, Scarfs and Hoods,
100 ass'd Bay State and other styles Shawls,
Bales ass'd Blankets, 50 doz ass'd Hats,
A heavy and well assorted stock of Men and Boys' Boots and Shoes,
Ladies' Misses' and Children's Shoes of every description.

GROCERIES, &C.

300 sacks Buckwheat Flour,
100 boxes Western Cheese,
100 do assorted Tobacco,
Smoking Tobacco of nearly every brand,
Sacks Rio Coffee, 25 boxes Salmon,
Cases pints, quarts and ½ gals Pickles,
100 boxes Cove Oyster
50 bbls assorted Brown Sugar,
Crushed and pulverised do
Concentrated Lye and Potash,
50 Cases Sardines, 100 boxes family Soap,
50 boxes Starch,
No 1 and 2 bbls, ¼ bbls, ⅛ bbls, & kits Mackerel,
Yeast Powders and Kentucky Mustard,
100,000 assorted Cigars.

In fact, our assortmen of Groceries, by recent additions, is complete.

YANKEE NOTIONS in greatest variety, comprising nearly every article claiming a place under that head.

It is unnecessary to enumerate the articles composing our stock. Suffice it to say, that it is second best to none in the State, and our intention is to offer inducements especially to Dealers, which will save them time, trouble & expense in seeking more remote markets for their supplies.—We ask a fair trial. Polite and obliging gentlemen will be found in rear of our counters ever ready to serve our friends.
dec 14. JUDSON, DUNCAN & CO.

A. J. PHARES, Sumter Co. WM. WHITE, Formerly of Jacksonville.

WHITE & PHARES,

COMMISSION, RECEIVING AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS,

SELMA, ALA.

HAVE taken the NEW BRICK WAREHOUSE near Gee's Hotel, and respectfully solicit consignments of **COTTON** and other produce.

Dry Storage for 1500 Bales Cotton in their Warehouse —Insurance effected if desired. Feb. 3, 66.

TIN SHOP.

THE undersigned, having procured the necessary machinery and material, and employed W. W. Nisbet, one of the best and most experienced workmen in the South, have now every, variety of

Tinware,

For sale at Wholesale and Retail at reasonable prices. Their shop is on the east side of the public square in Jacksonville. Orders, accompanied by the cash, will be promptly filled.
G. B DOUTHET,
W. A. DRISKEL.

☞ Old pewter, and country produce taken in exchange for Tinware. Repairing done only on Saturdays.

W. C. LAND,

Watchmaker,

COMTINUES the Watch Repairing business above McClelen's store, west side of the public square. A good lot of materials on hand, and work done with despatch and at low rates to suit the times.
Jacksonville, Feb. 24, 1866

Just Received.

PLOWS.

A Lot of **Shaffer's Patent Plows**, which are the finest Steel Plows in the country. The advantage of this plow is that a man can, without the aid of horse and wagon, take part of the plow to a shop and have it repaired. All other steel plows are solid, and in repairing them you lose the time of a man and team to take the whole plow to the shop.

Also Moore & Barrett's single and double plow, which will be sold at a small advance on Factory prices. Orders for Agricultural Implements promptly filled.
March 3. M. & L. OPPENHEIMER

Dr. J. W. PEARCY

OF GEORGIA,

HAS located in the Town of Jacksonville, Calhoun county, Office No. 5, on Ladiga street, Office Row, where he may be found at all times, unless absent on professional business. He has been regularly engaged in the practice of medicine, in all its branches, for the last 10 years, (except two years absence in the late war.) with satisfactory success. He thinks he will be able to give general satisfaction. March 10.

Longstreet Academy.

THE undersigned has charge of this Academy for the present year. It is situated in a pleasant neighborhood, at Davis' Cross Roads, fifteen miles south of Jacksonville.

Rates of tuition moderate.

A few boarders will be received by citizens residing near the Academy.
WM. H. BURTON, Principal.
March 10, 1866.

BLANK DEEDS,

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

POETRY.

AN EXQUISITE BALLAD.

The very beautiful verses which are subjoined have been going the rounds of the press for several years. On their travels many blunders have crept into them, sadly marring the poets meaning. The verses were written by "Joe Brennan," one of the most gifted of the many gifted young Irishmen who assumed to lead the abortive revolution of 1848. The poem was addressed "To my Wife," and was first published in a New Orleans paper. Brennan was then living in that city, an editor of the Delta. He died in New Orleans. Mrs. Brennan was for several years a resident of Brooklyn, New York, where she married a second time. She has been dead for some years.

Come to me, darling, I'm lonely without thee,
Day time and night time I'm dreaming about thee;
Night time and day in dreams I behold thee,
Come to me darling, my sorrows to lighten,
Come in thy beauty to bless and to brighten:
Come in thy womanhood, meekly and lowly:
Come in thy loveliness queenly and holy.

Swallows shall flit round the desolate ruin,
Telling of Spring and its joyous renewing;
And thoughts of thy love and manifest treasure,
Are circling my heart with the promise of pleasure;
Oh! spring of my spirit, oh! May of my bosom.
Shine out on my soul till it burgeon and blossom:
The waste of my life has a rose root within it
And my fondness alone to the sunlight can win it.

Figure which moves like a song through the even.
Features lit up with a reflex of Heaven,
Eyes like the skies of poor Erin, our mother.
Where sunshine and shadow are chasing each other;
Smiles are coming seldom, but child-like and simple,
And opening their eyes from the heart of a dimple;
Oh! thanks to the Savior that even the seeming
Is left to the exile to brighten his dreaming.

You have been glad when you knew I was gladened,
Dear, are you sad to hear that I am saddened?
Our hearts ever answer in tune and in time love;
As octavo to octavo or rhyme unto rhyme, love;
I cannot smile, but your cheeks will be glowing,
You cannot weep, but my tears will be flowing,
You will not linger when I shall have died, love,
And I could not live without you by my side, love.

Come to me, darling, ere I die of my sorrow,
Rise on my gloom like the sun of to-morrow,
Strong, swift and strong as the words I spake love,
Come, for my heart in your absence is dreary;
Haste for my spirit is sickened and weary;
Come to my arms which alone shall caress thee;
Come to the heart which is throbbing to press thee.

The Song of the Cholera.

"By River and Fountain,
By Desert and Plain,
Over Valley and Mountain
I am coming again
To execute judgement—an angel of Wrath,
With Terror and Anguish and Death in the path.

"In the East I began,
O'er the dark jungles sweeping;
In the old Hindoostan
There was wailing and weeping;
From the plague smitten city, e'en Parians flee
And Ganga, corpse-burthened, rolls on to the sea.

"On the flower-scented gale
Is the taint of my breath,
And the Persian wives wail
For the Angel of Death
In the land of the rose his cold shadow hath cast,
And blighted the hopes of their hearts as he passed.

"Then Siberian snows
In my passage I crossed,
And the death-wail arose
In the regions of Frost
For the Ice Monarch's mantle was there no defence,
'Gainst the life-quelling touch of the dire pestilence.

"By the sign of Salvation
I paused for a time;
From each Christian Nation
Rose voice of Crime;
Tho the Symbol was there, the substance was gone;
To the Harvest of Death, I went speedily on.

"Then Russia—the cold—
In my pathway I swept,
And in Moskwa the Old
The grey bearded have wept,
Who saw, without tears, their palaces fired
For him whose commission at Moscow expired.

"And onward advancing,
Like a strong man from wine,
Where the sun-browned are dancing
In the land of the Vine,
With the step of a Giant, Death's wine-press I tread,
Before me the living—behind me the dead.

"Weep Maids of Vienna!
Howl Paris and Rome!
The gates of Gehenna
Are opening for doom.
The plague-carts shall wait by your mansions of pride,
The Rich and the Poor to the Dark House shall ride.

"At last I shall sail,
For the Star-Bannered West,
And my barque shall not fail
O'er the Ocean's broad breast
To land me—long dreaded—though shipmates shall sleep,
Where o'er the Sea-buried the Mermaidens weep."

A SPLENDID SOUVINER.—The Richmond enquirer has been informed that the gold snuff box presented by Louis XVI, King of France to Colonel John Laurens, of South Carolina, Aid-de-Camp to General Washington, on the occasion of that officer's mission to France by order of the American Congress to negotiate a loan for his Government, has been sent to a jeweler in Baltimore by a widow lady, one of the family descendents of Col. Laurens, who has been impoverished by the war and who wishes to realise from it something for the support of herself and children

The box is of pure gold, the exterior beautifully enamelled and studded with diamonds. The top bears a likeness of Louis XVI, set in clusters of thirty-four diamonds while the edge is surrounded with twenty-four diamonds. This valuable relic of the revolution has been extensively admired since its exhibition to the public, and one citizen of Baltimore has offered two thousand five hundred dollars for it, but the jeweler is desirous of realizing as much as possible for the unfortunate lady, and it is, therefore, probable it may be disposed of by raffle.

It is a matter of history that on the arrival of Col. Laurens in France, Dr. Franklin endeavored to pursuade him not to present his petition to the King, but the Colonel was not to be driven from his purpose, and on occasion of the first levee he walked directly up to his Majesty and handed him the petition of the American Congress, remarking that "should the favor asked be denied, or even delayed, there is no cause to fear; the sword which I wear may no longer be drawn in defence of the liberty of my country, but be wielded as a British subject against the monachy of France" The manly address of Colonel Laurens had the desired effect, his mission being crowned with success by Francee advancing the material aid asked for.

For the Daily Messenger.]

MARRIED.

We learn that Maj. Gen. Jos. Wheeler, late commanding Cavalry Corps, Army of Tennessee, was maraied on the 1st inst. to Mrs. Ella Sherrod, of Courtland, Ala, We are delighted to learn of Gen. Wheeler's good fortune, and wish him the highest degree of happiness; for certainly no one is more worthy of it.

While in command, this officer was greatly traduced by the people and press of the country. While fighting most gallantly for the principles which he most honestly believed right, this brave and true officer, who had never asked or accepted a leave of absence from the commencement to the close of the war, was accused of drunkenness, cowardice, and other trails which would render him unfit to command. In this connection, it is our duty, as well as a great pleasure, (for we knew him well and admired him much) to state that all these accusation were false, and that no officer was held in higher esteem by superiors or subordinates than Gen. Wheeler. As to the vaulting ambition with which this youthful hero, or, as he was called by his men, "The War Child," was inspired, we know of no better way to refute it and show the real character of the man than by relating a private conversation (and trust he will pardon the liberty taken) which ensued between him and one of his generals.

When at Sparta, Tenn., his command was anxious to move on to Nashville. The important question with all was, "Will Gen. W. take Nashville?" (not "Can he take it?") His force several times that of the enemy, success was sure.

One of his Generals called to see him and enquired if he intended taking Nashville? "Why General?" was his calm reply. "To be candid with you General, the press of the South have vituperated and abused you until everybody has lost confidence in you except your own command and those of the army who have had an opportunity to know what you have done. Your own reputation and that of your command demand that you should take Nashville; you know you can easily do it." Yes General, I am confident of success if I undertake it, but what good to our cause would be accomplished? None. Gen. Hood sent me here to do what harm I could to Gen. Sherman; this would not injure him; no harm can be done him except by destroying railroads. We have no time to waste on outside matters." "Yes General, but your reputation demands this of you. You have been a commanding officer for nearly four years, and have never yet struck a blow for yourself—always doing just what you thought for the good of the country—Everybody else works for themselves some, and why not you? If you would take Nashville, you would be pronounced the greatest cavalry leader of the war. If you do not, with all the press of the country against you, I do not see how you can sustain yourself You can take Nashville, and not lose more than one hundred men; you ought to do it."

In his calm, quiet and dignified, yet modest, manner, Gen. Wheeler replied; "General, my troops were not given me to make a name, but to do what good I could for my country. I care not for the loss of my position. While I am ready this minute to sacrifice myself and all of my command to accomplish a corresponding good for my country, there is not a man in my command I would have wounded to make me the greatest General in the world." 'Twas the knowledge of this proper valuation of human life by Gen: Wheeler, who they knew would send them only where he led and where duty called that made his men such devoted followers, and all men are compelled to admire such noble traits of character.

THE FENIANS—According to the Chicago Republican, the Fenians are fitting out a squadron on the lakes, to seize British merchant vessels. The leaders in this project had a meeting in Chicago a few days since.

Thackery tells of an Irish woman begging alms of him, who, when she saw him put his hand in his pocket cried out, "May the blessings of God follow you all your life"—but when he only pulled out his snuff box, immediately added—"and never overtake ye."

Hardware! Hardware!!

We have opened to-day a little lot of Hardware and Castings, among which may be found the following articles:

100 kegs assorted NAILS,
Collins' AXES, 20 dozen SHOVELS,
10 dozen SPADES,
Tea Trays, every size and style,
Pocket Knives, from cheapest to best,
Knives and Forks " " "
Razors and Razor straps,
1⅜ inch Augurs,
1¼ " "
1½ " "
1.2 " "
POWDER FLASKS of all sizes,
Shot Pouches, Shot Belts,
Shoe Nail, and Tack Hammers,
Hatchets, Cases assorted Tacks.

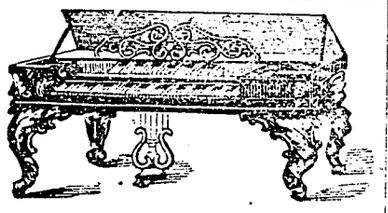
LOCKS.

Dead Locks, Fine Locks,
Latch and Drop Latch Locks,
Plate Locks of all sizes,
Till " " "
Cupboard " "
Chest " " "
Draw " " "
PADLOCKS " "
SCREWS of all the different sizes,
Butts " " " "
Counter Scales and Weights,
Woodsaws, Handsaws,
Weeding Hoes,
Coffee Mills of all sizes,
Meat Cutters.

FILES.

Handsaw Files, Taper Files.
Half round and Flat Bastard Files,
Brittania, German Silver and Iron Table and Tea Spoons,
Fish Hooks from a Minnow size to a Cat,
Fish Lines of all sizes.
Manilla Rope, Etc., Etc., Etc.

For sale, wholesale and Retail, by
JUDSON, DUNCAN & CO.
Jan. 20. '66.



MUSIC LESSONS

ON the PIANO, given by Mrs. M. E. FRANCIS, commencing with the sessions of the Jacksonville Female Academy.

Pupils can commence at any time during the session, and be charged for the time.

Country Produce at the market price taken in payment. Jacksonville, Jan 30, '66.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the firm of J. D. Hoke & Bro. will please call without delay and settle; as I will be reluctantly compelled to place the debts in the hands of an attorney for collection. JAS. D. HOKE, Surv. Partner.

Wholesale Drug House.

IN MONTGOMERY, ALA.

HAVING re-leased the building formerly known as Jones' Drug Store on Market street, corner of Perry, together with the two large warehouses on the same lot; and recently returned from New York, and Philadelphia with one of the largest and most complete stocks of

Drugs, Chemicals, Spices, Toilet Soaps, Perfumery and Patent Medicines,

ever introduced to this market. I would respectfully ask the attention of Physicians and country Dealers to examine a stock personally selected for the Southern trade, and which for

Purity, Freshness and Excellence,

can not be excelled by any house in the country. Also a great variety of Fresh

GARDEN SEED.

This stock of Drugs and medicines has been purchased from Importers and manufacturers, and at prices that will enable me to sell as low as any establishment in the South.

Orders accompanied with the cash will receive prompt attention and forwarded to any part of the country.

E. M. READING,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist.
Sign of the Eagle and Mortar.
34 Market street, corner of Perry.

Administrators Notice.

LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the undersigned, by the Probate court of Calhoun county, on the Estate of Fleming Gibson, dec'd, on the 22d day of January, 1866; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate, to present them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and those indebted are required to make immediate payment.

R. B. DOCKERY, Adm.
Jan. 27, 1866.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of administration with will anext on est. of Josiah Womack, dec. having been granted to the undersigned on the 22d day of Jan. 1866, by the Honorable the Probate Court of Calhoun county, State of Alabama Notice is hereby given, to all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law or that the same will be barred.

SIMPSON SKINNER, Adm'r.
Jan. 27, 1866.

DR. J. A. CLOPTON,

Of Alabama,

Has located in the country near Scooba, Kemper county, Mississippi, where he may be consulted. He opperates with perfect success for

PILES, FISTULA, TUMORS, POLLYPI, DISEASES OF FEMALES, Etc.

Dr. C. has never lost a patient nor had an accident to happen. He has opperated on the most respectable of the profession of all the Southern States, and for a good many years, has visited almost every city in the South.

He will visit Gadsden, and points on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, if some three or four should desire it. Feb. 23, '65

Administrators' Notice.

LETTERS testamentary on the Estate of J. W. Conway, dec, having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of DeKalb County, Ala, on the 5th day of December, 1865; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and all persons indebtad to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

JOHN M. GASQUE, } Ads.
Jan. 27. R. P. CONWAY, }

COHEN.

FRANKS & CO.

Jacksonville, Ala.

AND

E. B STEWART, & CO.

Blue Mountain, & Oxford, Ala.

WILL keep on hand a supply of Prime Western Corn for sale.
Jan'y 20th, 1866. wky. tf

E. GILLMAN & CO.

Broad Street, ...SELMA, Ala.,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

GROCERS;

DEALERS IN

All kinds fine Family Supplies

NOW ON HAND:

300 Kits, Nos. 1 and 2 MACKEREL. Also in half barrels:
Green and Black TEAS;
Crushed, Powdered and Loaf SUGAR;
SODA in kegs and packages;
500 Cases of every variety of PICKLES & PRESERVES;
100 Boxes Colgates Fine SOAPS;
100 Boxes Adamantine CANDLES;
All kinds of fine COFFEE, ground ready for use and in air-tight cans;
Flavoring Extracts;
The best brands of Old Bourbon Whisky;
Fine WINES & BRANDIES of all kinds.

We manufacture fresh every day

Butter, Soda, and Boston Crackers,

OUR STOCK OF

Candies & Confectionery

is equal to the best that can be found in any market.

TOYS

Of every kind just imported.

Selma, January 13, 1866.

THE exercises of the School under the control of the undersigned, will be resumed on Monday, Jan. 22nd, 1866.

RATES OF TUITION PER SESSION OF FIVE MONTHS.

1st. Reading, Writing, &c. $15 00
2nd. English Grammar, Geography, Nat. Philosophy, &c. with above, 20 00
3rd. Latin, Greek & the higher branches of Mathematics, with above, 25 00

No deduction for absence except in cases of protracted illness. D. F. SMITH.
Jacksonville, Ala., Jan. 6, 1866

Hardware & Cutlery

For Sale by
Feb. 3, '66. E. L. WOODWARD.

Drugs & Medicines,

For Sale by
Feb. 3, '66. E. L. WOODWARD.

LYLES & FORD,

GENERAL RECEIVING, FORWARDING AND

Commission Merchants,

CITY WHARF—CORNER FRANKLIN & WATER ST'S.

SELMA, ALA.

Particular attention paid to shipping cotton.

Consignments of all kinds respectfully solicited. Jan. 20, '65.

E. L. Woodward

HAS received and now offers for sale an ASSORTMENT of

DRY GOODS,

Of desirable styles and qualities.

—ALSO—

FAMILY GROCERIES.

His **Sugars, Coffee,** and **Orleans Molasses** are good.

All are invited to call and examine.
Jacksonville, Jan. 20, 1866.—tf.

SELLING OFF At Cost!!

GREAT SACRIFICE!!!

BARGAINS OFFERED!!!

CONTEMPLATING a change of business, I now offer for sale at cost, and will continue for 30 days, my entire stock of DRY GOODS, Boots and Shoes, Ladies DRESS GOODS and Trimmings, Fancy Dry Goods, Gentlemen's Ready Made Clothing & Furnishing Goods; Hats, Caps, Queensware, Cigars and Tobacco.

We would respectfully invite the attention of all to our stock, as it is the best assorted one in Jacksonville. The above will be sold at cost for the next 30 days. For Great bargains, come one and all, and examine for yourselves.

M. & L. OPPENHEIMER.
Ryan & Rowland's old stand, S. E corner of Pub. Sqr. Jacksonville, Jan. 20, '66.

M. J. TURNLEY,

Attorney at Law,

AND

Solicitor in Chancery.

GENERAL ADMINISTRATOR for CALHOUN COUNTY, and **General Collecting Agent.** Office fronting East door of the Court House, Jacksonville, Ala., continues the practice of Law in all its branches, in Calhoun and adjoining counties; will give special attention to drawing Wills, Deeds of Conveyance, Powers of Attorney; to the Probate of Wills, Administration of Estates, Guardianships; and will also act as Agent for the sale and purchase of Lands.

Administrators' Notice.

LETTERS of administration upon the Estate of William T. Johnson dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned on the 20th day of January, 1866, by the Hon. the Probate court of Calhoun county Alabama. Notice is hereby given, that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred.

SAMUEL CHADWELL, Adm'r.
Jan 27, 1866.

ASS'T ASSESSOR'S OFFICE.
U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE.

14th Division 3d Dis., Ala.

To all Whom it May Concern.

Notice to manufacturs, and persons doing business without License from the United States, subject themselves to pay the Tax, and a fine of five hundred dollars, and imprisonment for one. or both.

Manufacturers will take notice, that it is all the work they do, including the materials used, and if they make more than six hundred dollars worth of work, they are subject to take out License as manufacturers.

Owners of Saw Mills and Grist Mills, will make application for License as Manufacturers without delay,

Owners and holders of Cotton, will bring the number of Bales and Marks, and weight of the cotton, and have it assessed immediately.

Distillers, and all persons having Liquors that have not had the Tax paid, will be seized by the Collector, if not returned to this office for assessment.

Distillers will make their monthly return, on or before the first ten days of each month.

Farmers, will return the number of swine killed over twenty, on a special List. The Law puts a fine of ten dollars on each case, for not complying within ten days.

Pedlers, will take notice, that they must carry their License with them, or they subject themselves to have their wagons and contents seized.

I am now ready to receive the annual income Tax for 1864

ISAAC FRANK,
Assistant Assessor.
Jan. 12th 1866.

The *Best Policy* is a *Policy of Insurance*

ISSUED by the **Home Insurance Company**—Cash capital

$500,000.

Risks taken on MERCHANDIZE, COTTON IN STORE, PLANTATIONS AND BUILDINGS of all classes INSURABLE, at reasonable rates.

M. J. TURNLEY,
Insurance and General Collecting Agt.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
Office east side of the public square.
January 6, 18 6.—6m.

D. N FULENWIDER

WITH

O. F. HARRELL, Perry Co. J. N. ESKRIDGE, Selma. E. T STURDIVANT Marengo Co.

Harrell, Eskridge & Sturdivant,

Commission Merchants,

AND

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN

Staple and Fancy

GROCERIES,

Plantation & Family Supplies,

WATER STREET,

SELMA, ALA.

Consignments of Cotton and Country Produce respectfully solicited.

SIMON, DENMAN & STRAUS,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING,

BOOTS, SHOES AND NOTIONS.

Merchants from Jacksonville and vicinity, and traders generally, are solicited to call, and they can obtain good Bargains.

SIMON, DENMAN & STRAUS,
Broad Street, near Water, *SELMA, Ala.*

DR. M. W. FRANCIS,

HAS resumed the duties of his profession in all its branches.
Office, N. W. Corner of Public Square, JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
November 18, 1865—tf.

DISSOLUTION.

The firm of FRANCIS & CO. was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st day of January 1866

HUGH FRANCIS.
HIRAM LITTLE.

HUGH FRANCIS and JOHN F. LITTLE having associated themselves in business will continue at the old stand

HUGH FRANCIS.
JOHN F LITTLE.
Jan'y 1st, 1866.

BEN. OPPENHEIMER,

PHOTOGRAPH ARTIST,

OF MOBILE, ALA.,

WILL be prepared in a few days to take Ambrotypes and Photographs in the highest style of the art, *artes de visite*, of the following styles:

Vignette ..... size,
Half Bust, ... "
Full " ..... "
Sitting ..... "
Standing ..... "

Also Photographs from old family Daguerreotypes and Portraits.

Ten years experience will justify his guaranteeing satisfaction to all.
Jacksonville March 10, 1866.

WM. S. HANNA. JOS W MORTON, W.T.THURMOND

Hanna, Morton & Co.

Cotton Factors,

GROCERS,

GENERAL RECEIVING, FORWARDING, AND

Commission Merchants,

WATER STREET, SELMA, ALA.

KEEP constantly on hand a General assortment of Groceries, and are prepared to FILL ALL ORDERS at the *LOWEST MARKET PRICES.* March, 17, '66. 3m.

Administrator's Sale OF LAND.

THE undersigned, Administrator of the estate of Clayton Jones, late of Calhoun county, deceased, by virtue of an Order made by the honorable, the Probate Court of the county of Calhoun, Alabama, will offer for sale upon the premises, in the county of St. Clair, Alabama.

ON THE 9TH DAY OF APRIL, 1866, the following described Lands, to-wit:

The E half of N E quarter section 31, Township 12, R 6; supposed 80 15-1000 acres.

The west half of N E quarter, section 31, Township 12, R 6; supposed 80 15-100 acres.

The east half of S. E quarter, section 30, T 12, R 6, supposed 80 19-100 acres.

The south west quarter of south west quarter, section 29, township 12, R 6; supposed 40 7-100 acres.

The north west quarter of S W qr. sec 29, T 12, range 6, supposed 40 7-100 acres.

The south east quarter of S W qr. of section 31, T 12, R 6, supposed 40 8-100 acres, all east in the Coosa Land District.

Purchasers will be required to pay in cash one third of the amount of purchase money, and give note, bearing interest from day of sale, for balance, with at least two approved securities—credit twelve months.

WILLIAM MORGAN, Adm'r.
March 10, 1866.

PHOTOGRAPHS, AMBROTYPES, &c.

E. GOODE, *Artist,*

(Formerly of Ashville, Ala.)

RESPECTFULLY announces to the citizens of Calhoun and adjoining counties that he has recently fitted up a Photographic Gallery in Jacksonville, first door north of Mr. E. L. Woodward's store, where he is prepared to produce almost any kind of pictures on Glass, Adamantine plates, Leather or Paper, and will not expect any compensation except for first class pictures.

He intends to give entire satisfaction, both in quality and prices, having had about ten years experience in the business, and spared no pains or expense in keeping posted in the art, he flatters himself that no artist in the State can surpass him.

His assortment of **CASES, ALBUMS,** &c is of the best quality, and prices as low as can be afforded. Photographs taken from old Ambrotypes or Daguerreotypes. Also representing the subject in any form either standing or sitting, whole bust, half bust, 1-4, 1-2 or 3 4 sitting or vignettes. Card Photographs at $6 00 per dozen or $3 00 per half dozen or less. Ambrotypes at from $1 to $5 00, according to size and quality of cases.

MRS. GOODE also has a lot of Ladies BONNETS & HATS, and a nice assortment of RIBBONS & TRIMMINGS for the same of the latest styles, & can dress them as neatly as can be done anywhere. She would be pleased to have the ladies call and examine.

As they expect to remain here for years, they hope by their mode of doing business to merit the patronage of the public generally.

Jacksonville, March 17, 1866.

Horse Collars, Bridles, Hames, Chains, Nails, Hoes, &c.

For Sale by
Feb. 3, '66. E. L. WOODWARD.

J. R. Love, Adm'r &c. vs. Stephen C. Nelson, } AT RULES before the Register, Monday, Feb. 5th, 1866.

36th CHANCERY DISTRICT, NORTHERN DIVISION OF THE STATE OF ALABAMA.

THIS day came the Complainant by his Solicitors, Foster & Forney, and moved the undersigned Register for an Order of publication against the Defendant, Stephen C. Nelson: and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Register, by affidavit on file, that the said Stephen C. Nelson is a non-resident of the State of Alabama, and resides in ——— County in the State of Texas, and is of lawful age;—it is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in the Town of Jacksonville, Calhoun county, Alabama, once a week for four consecutive weeks, notifying and requiring the said Stephen C. Nelson to be and personally appear before the Register of this Court, at his office in the Town of Jacksonville, within sixty days from the date of this order, and plead, answer or demur to the Complainant's bill of complaint against him, exhibited in said Chancery Court, or the same will be taken for confessed; and the cause set for hearing, *ex parte.* It is further ordered, that a copy of this order be posted up at the court house door of Calhoun county Ala. within twenty days from this date, and that a copy be forwarded to the Defendant in said time, if his residence is ascertained.

A true copy from the Order,
WM. M. HAMES,
Feb. 10, 1866.—$20 00.

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Accordeons &c repaired by

E. B. McCLELEN.

For the present he may be found at the "Kahn House" on the northeast Corner of the public square.

Jacksonville Republican.

VOL. 30, NO. 5. JACKSONVILLE, ALA., MARCH 31, 1866. WHOLE NO. 1513.

Jacksonville Republican.

EDITED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY

J. F. GRANT.

LAND AGENCY.

HUGH FRANCIS

WILL attend to the purchase and sale of all Lands, Water Powers, Renting of Property, &c. confided to his care in the counties of Calhoun, St. Clair, Cherokee and Randolph, Ala. Office in the counting room of the Store formerly occupied by E. L. Woodward, Jacksonville, Ala.

REMOVAL.

Dr. J. Y. NISBET has removed his Office to the Drug store, east side of the Public Square, where he will continue the practice of Medicine as usual and where he may be always found unless professionally absent. Nov. 25. '65.—tf

W. R. HENDRIX. GEO. P. BURNETT. A. M. RIXEY

W. R. HENDRIX & CO.,

Commission Merchants, Broad Street,

SELMA ALA.,

Will attend to the sale, storing and forwarding of Cotton, Produce and Merchandise generally. All consignments to the above firm, of Burnett & Rixey, will receive prompt attention

☞ We are prepared to repair and put cotton in order at reasonable rates. Liberal advances made on consignments.—Nov 11.

JOHN G. BELL. W. T. BELL.

JOHN G. BELL & BRO.,

(Late of Talladega)

General Commission Merchants,

OFFICE WOODSON BUILDING, UP STAIRS, OPPOSITE GEE HOUSE WATER STREET,

SELMA, ALA,

Will give prompt attention to all orders entrusted to their care. Consignments of Cotton and Country Produce generally, respectfully solicited. Oct. 28, 1865.

B. M. LUNDIE. GEO FERGUSSON.

LUNDIE & CO.,

(SUCCESSORS TO W. Y. LUNDIE.)

COTTON FACTORS AND GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

OFFICE BROAD STREET, SELMA, ALA.

Special attention given to the sale and shipment of Cotton, on which we will pay freight, charges, and Revenue Tax.

Orders for the purchase of Groceries and other articles promptly filled when accompanied with Cash or City Acceptance.

REFERENCES:

M. J. A. Keith & Co., Selma, Ala., Gen. J. G. L. Huey, Talladega, Ala.; J. W. Lapsley, Selma, Ala.; A. M. Goodwin, Selma, Ala.; Walker Reynolds, Alpine, Ala.; John A. Winston & Co., Mobile, Ala.; Hon. T. A. Walker, Jacksonville, Ala.; Jul[illegible] & Harris, New Orleans, La.; E. C. Hannon, Montgomery, Ala. Jan. 27, '66.

M. R. BOGGS, *Dallas Co.* A. E. MOTT, *formerly of Rome, Ga.* ED. WOODS, *Dallas co.*

BOGGS, MOTT & WOODS

GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

GROCERIES, Wines, Liquors, &c.

☞ Liberal advances made on consignments of **COTTON** and all kinds of Country Produce. Dec. 30, 1865.

W. H. JUDSON, W. SIDDONS, } { R. J. DUNCAN. G. W. SIDDONS.

JUDSON, DUNCAN & CO.

GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

AND

Cotton Factors,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

EVERY SPECIES OF MERCHANDISE.

Broad Street, SELMA, Ala.

☞ Consignments respectfully solicited.

A. J. PHARES, Sumter Co. WM. WHITE, Formerly of Jacksonville

WHITE & PHARES,

COMMISSION, RECEIVING AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS,

SELMA, ALA.

HAVE taken the NEW BRICK WAREHOUSE near Gee's Hotel, and respectfully solicit consignments of **COTTON** and other produce.

Dry Storage for 1500 Bales Cotton in their Warehouse—Insurance effected if desired. Feb. 3, 66.

Administrators Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of W B Eubanks, dec. having been granted to the undersigned, on the 30th day of Jan'y. 1866, by the Hon. A. Woods, Judge of the Probate Court for Calhoun county Ala.—Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said Estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law or that the same will be barred; and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to come forward and make payment. BARTLETT OWEN, Adm.

BLANK DEEDS,

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

DRUGS, DRUGS.

Stroh, Knight & Co.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DRUGGISTS.

We are now receiving a large and well selected stock of

DRUGS, MEDICINES,
PAINTS, OILS,
GLASS, VARNISHES,
DYE STUFFS,
PATENT MEDICINES,
PERFUMERY, &c.

We intend to make it to the interest of Physicians & Dealers generally to buy of us. We are prepared to sell goods cheaper than at any point this side of the Ohio river, as we receive our goods direct from the manufactures. Our motto—

Quick Sales and Small profits.

The very best of

Imported Wines & Liquors

constantly on hand, at wholesale and retail. Also a CHOICE WINE for sacremental purposes.

You will certainly find it to your advantage to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere. Call at

McGUIRE & PIFSOM'S OLD STAND,

ON BROAD ST. ROME, GA.,

Nvo. 26 '65—3m. ...3m...

G. C. ELLIS. J. H. CALDWELL

ELLIS & CALWELL,

Attorneys at Law,

AND

Soliciter in Chancery.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in CRIMINAL CASES, in the counties of Calhoun, Talledega, St. Clair, Randolph, Cherokee and DeKalb. Jan. 6, 1866.

ALA. & TENN. RIVER R. R.

TRAINS leave Selma daily (Sunday excepted) at 7 A. M., and arrive at Blue Mountain at 5 P. M.

Returning, leave Blue Mountain at 7 A. M., and arrive at Selma at 6 30 P. M.

A daily line of stages connects Blue Mountain and Rome, 60 miles making this the shortest, quickest and cheapest line of travel between South Alabama and Chattanooga and points North.

WM. [illegible] K Gen. up't.

SALT,

SUGAR,

COFFEE, &C. &C.

FOR SALE BY

E. L WOODWARD.

Wanted.

100 Bushels of DRIED PEACHES, for which the highest market price will be given in Goods or Cash.

J. H. PARNELL & CO.

COTTON SEED

FOR SALE.

We have received a lot of FRESH COTTON SEED from the lower country which we offer for sale. Call soon if you wish to be supplied.

S. & S. J MORGAN

Oxford, Ala. Dec 2, 1865.—tf.

[illegible]

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

IRON, CUTLERY, GUNS, TOOLS

AND

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

(SIGN OF THE PADLOCK)

Broad Street, Rome, Ga

Charles E. Hills. [illegible]

In Chancery.

Taliaferro Y. Oliver, vs. David Moore, and Washington Webb. } [illegible] before [illegible] Register, Feb. 28 1866.

In Chancery, 3 th Chancery District, Northern Chancery Division, State of Alabama

THIS day came the Complainant by his Solicitors, Foster & Forney, and moved the undersigned Register, for an Order of Publication against the Defendant, David Moore; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Register, from affidavit on file, that the said David Moore is a non-resident of the State of Alabama, and that his Post Office is unknown to affiant, and that said Defendant is above the age of twenty-one years.—It is therefore Ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a weekly Newspaper published in the Town of Jacksonville, Alabama, once a week for four consecutive weeks, notifying and requiring the said David Moore to be and personally appear before the Register of this Court, at his office in the Town of Jacksonville, Alabama, within sixty days from the date of this order, and plead, answer or demur to Complainant's Bill of Complaint exhibited against him and one Washington Webb, in said Chancery Court, or the same will be taken for confessed, and the cause set for hearing ex parte as to him. It is further ordered, that a copy of this order be posted up at the Court-house door of Calhoun county, Alabama, within twenty days from this date. Granted Feb. 28th, 1866.

WM. M HAMES, Register.

March 3.—$20 00.

JOHN FOSTER. WM. H. FORNEY.

FOSTER & FORNEY,

Attorneys at Law,

Jacksonville Alabama

WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State.

Dec. 23d, 1865.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, } *St. Clair County.*

Probate Court for said county, February 10th, 1866.

THIS day came William H Cobb Sheriff of said County, and ex officio administrator *de bonis non* of the estate of Abijah Phelps, late of said county, deceased, and filed his application in due form under oath, praying for an order of sale of certain Lands described therein, and belonging to said estate for the purpose of paying the debts, upon the ground that the personal property is insufficient therefor. It is ordered, that the 2nd day of April, 1866, be appointed a day for hearing such application, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same if they think proper.

JNO. A. ZELLNER, Feb. 24 '66—3t. Judge of Probate.

Notice

IS HEREBY GIVEN, that on the application of the Heirs at Law of the Estate of C. S. Shields, late of Cheroke county, Alabama, deceased, to remove John W. Ramsey as the Administrator of said Estate, because of his removal from the State; and that the second Monday in April is the day set for hearing said application, and at which said Ramsey will appear in the Probate Court of said County, and shew cause, if any he has why said Order shall not be granted.

LEMUEL J. STANDEFER, Judge of Probate.

March 17th, 1866—4t.

Desirable Lands for Sale.

Farm of 209 acres in Calhoun county Alabama within 6 miles of Jacksonville the county seat, 1 mile of the town of Alexandria, and 7 miles of Blue Mountain Station on the Jacksonville and Selma Railroad. Three hundred acres open the remainder very heavily timbered with pine and oak. One lot, 160 acres is detached ½ mile from the main body. Improvements a large framed dwelling with 8 good sized rooms well finished, located in a beautiful oak grove—all necessary out buildings. There is a large never failing spring within 100 yards of the house with a branch flowing from it nearly large enough to turn a mill—also a well of fine water in the yard—it has on it also a large gin house—a large apple and peach orchard, and taken altogether is one of the most valuable and desirable farms in North Alabama.

ALSO—A Farm of 870 acres more or less in Calhoun county, Ala., within 8 miles of Jacksonville, 1 mile of Alexandria and 7 miles of Blue Mountain Station on the Jacksonville & Selma Railroad—350 acres cleared the balance in original forest heavily timbered. This farm is very finely watered by spring branches which head on the place—80 acres of the open land is cedar bottom of very superior quality producing a good season 50 bushels of corn per acre and 1 bale of cotton. Improvements—a large well finished frame house and all necessary out buildings in a good state of preservation. There is a Baptist church on the land—and the society in the neighborhood equal to any in the State. This farm in the hands of a good practical farmer could be made one of the most productive in the region in which it is located. It has on it 1½ miles of cedar fencing taken off the cedar bottom. Lime stone is very abundant on the place which could be converted into lime at very little cost either for market or for fertilizing purposes on the farm.

HUGH FRANCIS, Agent For Sale & Purchase of Lands.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, } *Cherokee County.*

Probate Court, for said county, Special Term, Feb. 24, 1865.

ON this day Wm. A. Vincent, Executor of the last will of H. H. Vincent, presented his petition praying for an order to sell the lands belonging to said estate for distribution: and shewing that Nanc Lavender, wife of Lemuel Lavender resides in Wilkerson county, Ga; John M Vincent resides in Wood county Texas; Wm A Vincent, Emily S R[illegible] and Leander Gardner are the heirs and distributees of said estate.

[illegible] of April 1866 is set apart by the court for hearing said petition

LEMUEL J. STANDEFER, Judge of Probate.

[illegible]

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 22 COMMERCE STREET,

MOBILE, ALA.

[illegible] of Jacksonville is our [illegible] for the purchase and shipment [illegible] orders for Groceries, Plantation supplies, &c.

P. & H.

Nov. 1, 1865—3...

WM. L. BAKER, Mobile. } { JNO. C. GRAHAM, Selma.

BAKER, GRAHAM & CO.

Successors to Baker, Lawler & Co and Baker Robbins & Co

COTTON FACTORS

AND

Commission Merchants,

MOBILE, ALA.

We have secured the services of MR. R. P. BAKER and MR GEO. SPAULDING, and connected with our business *Receiving and Forwarding Goods.* Having every facility for Shipments and Storage, we are prepared to offer inducements to Shippers to consign their goods to our care, and promise faithful attention to all consignments. We are agents for *no Boats.*

BAKER, GRAHAM, & CO.

Feb. 10. 1866.—6m.

BOYD'S PROLIFIC

COTTON SEED

For Sale.

I am now receiving daily a large lot of Fresh Cotton Seed, and will sell them at the lowest market price. Call and examine.

J. H. PARNELL,

Feb. 10. At S P Hudson's old stand.

GROCERIES.

Crushed, Loaf & Brown SUGAR,
COFFEE, Molasses, Rice, Salt,
Mackerel, in bbls. half bbls and kits.
Candles, and Nails, assorted,
Powder, Shot and Caps,
Pickles, Pepper, Spice, Ginger,
Oysters, Sardines, Soda, Indigo,

Cotton Yarns.

Snuff, chewing and smoking Tobacco,
LIQUORS, by the case and barrel,
Candies and Raisins by the box,
Nuts, Cheese and Crackers,
Cigars, Mustard, Blacking,

Cotton Cards.

IRISH POTATOES, Onions, FLOUR;
And a choice lot of 5000 bush. Fresh

COTTON SEED.

Buckets, Hames, Chains, Hoes, Axes,
Tin-ware, Paper & Envelopes.

Which we are selling at Selma prices with freight added.

S & T. J. MORGAN.

Oxford Ala. Jan. 27, 1866.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of Jas. R Sims, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of DeKalb County, on the 23rd day of December, 1865; Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said Estate to present them legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law or they will be barred; and all persons indebted are required to make payment.

Jan. 27. HENRY P. WARREN, Admr.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of W. P. Smith, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of Calhoun County, on the 13th Jan. 1866: notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present them legally authenticated within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment.

GEO. I. TURNLEY, Adm'r.

Feb. 10, 1866.

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of J. A. Turnipseed dec'd are hereby notified that all the notes and accounts belonging to said estate have been placed in my hands for collection by the Adm'x. I therefore hope that the parties concerned, will call on me at my office in Jacksonville without delay and settle up, by so doing we may save both cost and trouble. WM M HAMES.

Feb. 1st, 1866.

TEH STATE OF ALABAMA, } *St. Clair county.*

Probate Court, Feb. 9th, 1866.

John Wester, dec. Estate of } In a matter of Dower, }

THIS day came Henry W Box, administrator in this court of said Estate, and filed his petition in writing and under oath, praying for an order assigning dower to Celia Wester, widow of deceased, in one third portion of Lands described in said petition, of which decedent died seized and possessed. It is ordered, that the 26th day of March, 1866, be appointed a day for hearing such application, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same if they think proper.

JOHN A. ZELLNER, Judge of Probate.

Administrators Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of Jas. F. Stone, having been granted to the undersigned, on the 13th day of Feb. 1866, by Hon. John A. Zelner Judge of Probate Court for St. Clair county Ala. Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said Estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law or that the same will be barred.

M. S. JONES,

Feb. 24, '66. NANCY T. STONE.

Northern Chancery Division of Alabama, 3 th Chancery District, Jacksonville, Ala Feb. 17th, 1866.

IN VACATION.

THERE having been no regular term of the Chancery Court for this Districs held in January, at provided by law; It is hereby ordered, that an Extra Term of the Chancery court for said district be held in the Town of Jacksonville, Ala. on Monday the 9th day of April, 1866, to continue for three days.

It is further ordered, that notice of the time of holding said term of the court be published [illegible] days in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in Calhoun county, Ala. SAM'L K McSPADDEN, Feb. 17, 1866. Chancellor.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of [illegible] deceased having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of Cherokee county, on the 3rd day of Feb. 1866, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate, to present them legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred.

WM. H. GARMANY, Adm.

1866.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of administration having been granted to the undersigned, by the Probate court of Calhoun county, Ala. on the estate of Wade Blalock, dec'd. on the 17th of February, 1866: Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred: and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment.

Mar. 3. JOHN [illegible] WILSON, Adm

WANTED.

WE want to hire fifty good hands, to shell corn, load cars, &c. for which we will pay one dollar per day per hand in corn or money. For particulars apply to our Agt. V. L. Ware, Blue Mountain.

MILLER, THOMAS & CO.

Union Town, March 3, 1866.

DECREE TO ENCOURAGE EMMIGRATION.

WE MAXIMILIAN, EMPEROR OF MEXICO, in consideration of the sparseness of population in the Mexican Territory, in proportion to its extent; desiring to give to immigrants all possible security for property and liberty, in order that they may become good Mexicans, sincerely attached to their new country; and having heard the opinion of our Board of Colonization, do decree as follows:

Art. I Mexico is open to emmigration from all nations.

Art. II. Emmigration agents shall be appointed, who will be paid by the government, and whose duty it will be to protect the arrival of emmigrants, and install them on the lands assigned them and assist them in every possible manner in establishing themselves. These agents will receive the orders of an Imperial Commissioner of Emmigration specialy appointed by us, and to whom, through our Minister of Improvement, (Fomento) all communcations relating to emmigration shall be addressed.

Art III. Each emmigrant shall receive a duly executed title, incommutable, of his landed estate and a certificate that it is free of mortgage.

Art. IV. Such property shall be free from taxes for the first year and also from duties on transfers of property, but only on the first sale.

Art. V. The immigrants may naturalize as soon as they shall have establish themselves as settlers.

Art. VI. Immigrants who may desire to bring laborers with them or induce them to come in considerable numbers, of any race whatever, are authorized to do so; but those laborers will be subject to special protective regulaticns

Art. VII. The effects of immigrants, their working and brood animals, seeds, agricultural implements, machines and working tools, shall enter free of customhouse and transit duties.

Art. VIII Immigrants are exempted from military service for five years, but they will form a stationary militia, for the purpose of protecting their property and neighborhoods.

Art. IX. Liberty in the exercises of their respective froms of relious worship is secure to immigrants by the organic laws of the Empire.

Art X. Each of our Ministers is charged with carrying out such parts of this decree as relates to his department.

Given at Chapultapec on the 5th day of September, 1865.

MAXIMILIAN

To the Minister of Improvement (Fomento)

By the Emperor—

MANUEL OROZCO Y BERRA,

Sub-Secretary (in the absence of the Minister of Improvement)

REGULATIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS IN FURTHERANCE OF "THE DECREE TO ENCOURAGE IMMIGRATION."

Art. I The lands offered for colonization are divided into three classes.

Art. II. First. Those that are of the public domain and have never been reduced to cultivation,

Art. III. Second. Those that have been more or less improved as Haciendas, the right to dispose of which the Government has acquired either by purchase or otherwise

Art. IV. Third. Private lands and Haciendas the owners of which are disposed to offer them to immigrants on liberal terms for colonization. Many Haciendas that are or have been under cultivation may be bought on easy terms and for less than one dollar per acre.

Art. V. These private Haciendas or plantations sometimes embrace several hundred square miles. Smaller sizes often afford lands and room for a settlement of a dozen or more families

Art. VI. Immigrants are advised to establish themselves at first in settlements or communities, as well for mutual protection and assistance, as for the benefit of churches and schools, the convenience of mills, blacksmith-shops, &c. &c.

Art. VII It is the policy of the Government to encourage settlement upon private as well as public lands; and the same rights, privileges and exemptions are offered to immigrants who may settle upon the former as are granted to those who settle upon the latter.

Art VIII. Lands of class first are offered in alternate sections, as donations to actual settlers, and in quantities varying from 160 acres for a single man—to 640 for the heads of families according to circumstances to be explained hereafter.

IMIGRATION.

Art. IX The Government not only invites all well disposed persons to come and assist in the occupation of its vacant places; but His Majesty, the Emperor, touched by the spectacle of good men straggling with adversity in other lands, tenders hospitality and homes especially to these. Moved by the generous impulse of his nature, he offers then material assistance to enable them to reach this bountiful and beautiful land To those of them who wish to change their skies, make Mexico their home, and identify themselves with the country, a free passage by sea for their families and effects is offered.

Art. X. Immigrants are therefore divided into two classes: A & B. The former being of those just alluded to, who by misfortune have lost all their substance; and the latter, those who are less straightened in their means.

Art. XI. Not only a free passage by sea is offered to class "A," but when they arrive in the country, travelling allowance of 10 cents the league thence to their new homes, will be made for each member of their families. counting as members also, their apprentices.

Art XII. Lands of class "first" will be donated to these immigrants by alternate sections, viz 160 acres to a single man, and 320 to a man with a family, with a pre-emption right to as much more in each case,

Art. XII. Immigrants of class "A" who after arriving in the country, may prefer to settle upon Haciendas or other lands are at liberty to do so; but in that case they will be required to refund, with interest, the money that may have been advanced in assisting them to reach their new domiciles.

Art. XIV Immigrants of class "B," who are those who can afford to pay their expenses, have the whole country before them. They may establish themselves where-ever they can find suitable and availabe lands. If they prefer the unimproved lands of the public domain, they also can have the free in alternate sections, but only for *actual settlement*, at the rate of 320 acres for a single man and 640 to a man with a family, with a pre-emption right to as much more in each case.

Art. XV. These donations of land to persons, whether of class "A" or "B," are made on condition and with the understanding that they shall, in good faith proceed forthwith to *occupy, subdue* and *cultivate* the land so donated.

Art. XVI. The lands of the public Haciendas will be offered at Government prices, and *pro rata* according to the actual cost of purchase by the Government.

Art XVII. As it regard private land, and Haciendas, the field of selection is much larger. Immigrants are free to make their own bargains with proprietors, the Government waiving its fees on such transactions as per Art. IV of the Decree.

Art. XVIII. As it regards the public Haciendas, a reservation of improved lands will be made from each to serve during the first years as a common, for free use of the colonists. The size of this common will be determined by the number of families the lands of the Hacienda may be sufficient to accommodate. It will be large enough to give them bread-stuff and vegetables at once, and until they can bring their own lands into cultivation. It will be large enough also to afford space for a village, in case the immigrants should find it desirable, as probably at first they will, to establish themselves in villages. No rent will be charged for the first years for the use of this common.

Art, XIX. This Reserve or Common is ultimately intended for educational purposes, and, after the first years a ground rent of ten per cent upon the value of the land, but not of the improvements, will be required.

AGENCIES.

Art. XX Agents for immigration will be stationed at convenient points abroad, for the purpose of affording information to the emigrants there, as to this country, its lands, the best way of reaching them, and upon all other subjects pertaining there-to

Mexico 27 September 1865

Approved:

MAXIMILIAN.

GOVERNMENT INCOME.—The income of the Government from Internal Revenue, thus far in the current fiscal year, commencing in the middle of last year, has been somewhat over two hundred millions of dollars, which, if kept up at the same rate, will make the aggregate of the year's receipts for internal taxation alone, three hundred and twenty-five millions, and that would be one hundred and thirteen millions more than the internal revenue in the previous fiscal year, and nearly three times as much as that of the year which ended with June 24, 1864 The most reliable estimate of the customs revenue through all parts of the country place the aggregate at one hundred and eighty millions in gold for the whole of the current fiscal year. This would make the income of the National Treasury from internal revenue, and from duties on imports, for the year ending next June, about five hundred and seventy millions of dollars in currency, which is over two hundred millions more than the estimated disbursements of the Government.

Jacksonville Republican.

JACKSONVILLE ALABAMA

SATURDAY, MAR. 31, 1866

Terms of Subscription.

For one year, in advance, ... $3 00
For 6 months, " " 1 75

Terms of Advertising.

One square of ten lines or less, first insertion, ... $2 00
Each subsequent insertion, ... 1 00
Over one square counted as two, over two as three, &c. A liberal discount made on advertisements continued for three, six, or 12 months.
Annunciation of Candidates. $5 00
Obituaries charged at advertising rates.

CANDIDATES.

For Circuit Judge.

We are authorized to announce **Hon. M. J. Turnley**, of Jacksonville, as a candidate for Judge of the 10th Judicial Circuit—election first Monday in May next.

We are authorized to announce **John Henderson, Esq.**, of Talladega, as a candidate for Judge of the 10th Judicial Circuit—election the first Monday in May next.

We are authorized to announce **Geo. S. Walden, Esq.** of Talladega, as a candidate for Judge of the 10th Judicial Circuit—election first Monday in May next.

For Judge of Probate.

We are authorized to announce **Hon. A. Woods**, as a candidate for Probate Judge for Calhoun county—election 1st Monday in May, 1866.

We are authorized to announce **J. C. McAuley, Esq.** as a candidate for Probate Judge of Calhoun county—election first Monday in May next.

We are authorized to announce **Capt. J. B. Farmer**, as a candidate for Probate Judge of Calhoun County—election first Monday in May next.

We are authorized to announce **Wm. M. Hames, Esq.** as a candidate for Probate Judge for Calhoun County—election first Monday in May next

D. M. FULENWIDER, with Harrell, Eskridge & Sturdivant, of Selma, is our authorized Agent, to contract, receive and receipt for subscription and advertising for the Republican.

Change of Schedule on the Rome R. R.

To go into effect on the 12th of March, 1866.

Leave Rome at - - - 6 00 o'clock, P. M.
Arrive at Kingston at 7 30 " P. M.
Leave Kingston at - 7 00 " A. M.
Arrive at Rome at - 8 30 " A. M.

Passengers going south will find comfortable and commodious Stages in waiting at Rome to carry them to Blue Mountain, Ala, where they make sure and prompt connection with the Ala. & Tenn. River Railroad to Selma, and points South of that city.

C. M. PENNINGTON
Eng. and Supt. R R. R.

Stage Line from Rome to Blue Mountain.

Leave Rome at - . - - 8 30 o'clock A. M.
Arrive at Jacksonville 8 30 " P. M.
Leave for Blue Mountain 9 00 " P. M.
Leave Blue Mountain at 7 00 " P. M.
Arrive at Jacksonville 9 00 " P. M.

AUCTION SALE OF GOODS.—Mr. J. Copeland, Merchant of this place, will offer for sale at Auction, on Monday and Tuesdby next, a large quantity of Goods and Groceries. The sale will be without reservation, and every article offered positively sold at whatever price it may bring. Ladies are invited to attend, as a large assortment of Goods, suitable for them will be offered. Attend and test this opportunity to obtain Goods cheap.

COTTON SEED OF LAST YEARS GROWTH.—E L. Woodward has just received a lot of Cotton Seed, which he offers for sale, as he does every thing else, at very reasonable rates.

CIRCUIT COURT —The Spring Term of our Circuit Court has been in session since Monday last, HON. JOHN HENDERSON presiding, J. H. Caldwell, Solicitor, J. M. Anderson, Sheriff, and G. B. Douthit, Clerk. The civil busines which has occupied this week, though not extensive has been very harmoniously and efficiently transacted. Our new sheriff, Capt J. M. Adderson, has proved himself an excellent and efficien officer. The Grand Jury we understand has had an unusual amount of business before them, upon which they have been laboring with diligence and zeal for the cause of Justice and the public good. The State docket will be taken up next week, but [illegible] will be light in consequence of the pardoning Proclamation of the Governor.

STOCKHOLDERS' CONVENTION.—The attention of all interested, is invited to the Notice of Convention of Stockholders of the Ala. & Tenn. R. Railroad to be held in Selma, Ala on Wednesday the 9th day of May next, for the purpose of electing a President and Directors of the Company.

There has perhaps been no more important meeting of the Stockholders since the Road was commenced, and it is earnestly desired and hoped that every stockholder may attend in person, or be represented by proxy. Those who cannot attend in person may find blank proxys or powers of attorney in the hands of Maj. B. C. Wyly of this place.

We understand that a proposition was made to the Board of Directors at their late meeting, by a competent Company to finish the Road from Blue Mountain to Dalton, for a lease on the Road for ten years, then to be returned to the Company in good repair. We are not at present informed at what time it is proposed to have the road finished, or how much if any of the present debt is to be paid; therefore, for the want of definite information are not prepared for the expression of opinion on the subject but expect to recur to it again soon. This proposition has been accepted by the Board, subject, to the ratification of the Stockholders at the ensuing Convention in May.

The attention of citizens of Oxford and vicinity is invited to the card of Dr. S. C. Williams, a long established, experienced and successful practitioner of Medicine in that place.

See in another column the appointments of W. P Howell, Tax Assessor of this county. As the Assessor is pressed for time to comply with the requisitions of the law, and can make but one round of appoinments, and as the law is stringent and penalties heavy for a failure to give in, we would advise tax-payers to be prompt to meet him at the times and places appointed.

We expect in our next to publish a synopsis, prepared by our senator from this county, of the principal features of the law, for the information of the people.

THAT BIG DEVIL.—We learn that the monster that frightened several families in Kentucky several weeks since, an account of which we published last week, has been stripped of his hideousness and now ceases to be a wonder.—It seems that the device was gotten up for this purpose of frightening some negroes, with perhaps the incidental intention of robbing. To accomplish this purpose a light frame work was made in such a manner that a man could walk inside of it and blow through a tube coming out of the monster's mouth, a composition of phospherus, sulphur and perhaps saltpetre. The joke was a little too serious, but was played most admirably.—*Rome Courier.*

COLORED TROOPS.—It is said that within a short time some 40,000 colored troops in the South will be mustered out of service; 3,000 in South Carolina will be mustered out. The people of the South will be thankful for this simply because they believe they can get along better without them. The white troops are better calculated to preserve order and protect the interests of the Government: and if they are all as orderly as those in Augusta, the South will have nothing to complain of in that respect.—*Augusta press.*

Pennsylvania is caring for the orphans of her soldiers more liberally than any other State. She has assumed the care of two thousad now in the public schools at a cost of about $150 a piece per annum, exclusive of clothing.

What is to be Done?

The disunion conspiritors in Congress, representing a part of the States. yet persist in keeping the doors of Congress locked upon the delegates from other States.—The practical question arises, what is to be done, for this state of things can not long be submitted to. The constitutional provision which makes each House of Congress the Judge of the qualifications of its own members, does not authorize a part of the States to exclude other States that have equal rights with themselves. Any attempt of this character is treason against the Government. The doors of Congress must be thrown open to all the States. If they are closed on a portion, they must be forced aside. For three months we have had no Congress of the United States in session, but only a rump portion of one, that has usurped the functions of the whole body. For all political evils there is a remedy. It is time that the revolutionary action of the conspiritors in the House and Senate was checked.

Cincinnati Inquirer.

THE CALM BEFORE THE STORM—CONGRESS QUIET—THE PEOPLE MOVING—IMPENDING STORM.—There has been a calm in Congress since the veto and speech of the President of the 22d ult. The general query has been, what does it mean? Many supposed it presaged a compromise—a bridging over of difficulties between the President and Congress.

It would seem, however, that the lull was merely to enable the Radicals over the country to take position publicly against the President. That class have been holding meetings in nearly every Northern State to censure or denounce the President for his veto and speech. The resolutions of this class have been personally bitter and politically revolutionary. They aimed at the removal of the President by impeachment or resolution of Congress, or revolutionary force. These constitute the Republican party proper.

Another class of citizens sustain the policy of the President for the perservation of the Union, and forgetting past differences, resolve to stand by him, while he stands by the Constitution and Union.

Another class, who hope to keep dissimilars together, hold public meetings and resolve in favor of both Congress and the President Of course they are the laughter of the whole world. It is now a choice between God and Mammon; which will you declare for? "the Constitution and Union," or the "Irresponsible Directory" of Congress—the speedy restoration of the Union, or anarchy and disturdance for years—the equality of negroes, or the supremacy of the white race in the affairs of Government?

Cincinnati Enquirer.

THE ABOLITION CRUSADE PREDICTED—The Honorable Thomas F Marshall, during the session of January, 1842, on a resolution censuring John Q. Adams for presenting a petition to Congress for a disolution of the Union drew the following correct picture of the scenes we have just realized:

A more fearful strife than that which convulsed Europe two hundred years ago, is to affront the sun, and pollute the blessed light of heaven, on the soil of these once free and happy States. The fierce and vengeful fanatic, true to the principles of his fathers, and the sworn champion of universal emancipation, holding in one hand his proclamation, of freedom and alliance to the slave, and a firebrand in the other—elated, too, with the conciousness of numerical superiority—is to invade the South, and avenge the wrongs of Africa in massacre and conflagration.

He will be met. The haughty slaveholder will greet the new crusader with bloodiest welcome. The cavalier's sword will leap from the scabbard, in vindication of a broken covenant, a violated National compact, to which he had vainly trusted as a shield to his porperty and his rights.

Surrounded by his household gods, in defence of his hearthstone, the honor of his wife, the purity of his weapon to the hilt.

"To patriot vengeance ne'er hath sword.
More terrible libations poured."

And should he fall, "outnumbered, not outbraved," it will be amid the ashes of all he holds dear—his home, his family, his country, his race

N. O. True Delta.

Chicago packed 501,452 hogs during the season just closed—a falling off of 248,695 from the preceding year.

The ruins of two ancient cities have recently been discovered in Mexico. They are supposed to date back from the time of Cortez.

THE COAST CLEAR TO MEXICO.—The Alanta News Era says: "There is no order of the U. S authorities prohibiting citizens from emigrating to Mexico or any other country unless at the time a charge is pending against them for the violation of some law of this government. Such as desire to know the truth with regard to the privilege of expatriation, may rely on this —We have seen it privately, but officially announced, by the Secretary of State, Hon Wm. H Seward, *in reply to a letter* of inquiry written by a *gentleman in this city.*

THE SAVANNAH REPUBLICAN.—On the advent of the army under Gen Sherman into Savannah, the office of the Republican was turned over, we believe to Mr. J Hayes of Massachusetts, who has, since the occupation, been publishing the paper under the title of the Savannah National Republican

Its former proprietor, Col. W. F Sims, having laid claims for his property before President Johnson, we are informed that the Commander of the De[illegible], Gen. Brannon, received orders from the President to restore the [illegible] Sims.—This is but another evidence of the good will of President Johnson to do all in his power to restore property to those of our people who have been illegally deprived of it, and we sincerely trust that the many good offices which he has done, and is doing, to promote the welfare of the South, will be properly appreciated by yielding the President a hearty support in his policy of restoration.—*Constitutionalist*

AN ASTONISHING SECRET.--The German papers announce the death, at Magdeburg, of a learned physician, Dr. Julious Von dem Fischweiler, who in his will has left the world the tollwing scientific secret, viz:

That his own great age, one hundred and nine, is entirely to be ascribe to his constant habit of sleeping with his head toward the North, and the rest of his body in a direction coinciding as close y as posible with that of the meridian, that is with his heels to the South

Some cute Yankees in Maine have been making money this winter by making bear snouts out of India rubber and gutta percha, and selling them to the Indians, who take them to the New Brunswick authorities and get $3 a piece for them, the New Brunswekers not knowing them from the real article

The Knoxville Commercial, of the 10th, reports the cold-blooded and fiendish murder of a man named Montgomery, near Sweetwater, Tenn, last week.

On Friday afternoon, in accordance with orders from Washinton, S. R. Mallory, ex-Secretary of the Confederate Navy, was [illegible] from Fort Lafayette [illegible] for some time [illegible] he was released in consequence of representations by his physicians that prolonged confinement [illegible] He will join his family [illegible] residing for some time in Connecticut

If you speak what you think, you shall hear what you dislike.—[Bias.

According to *Tribner's American and Oriental Literary Record*, there are in the United States—clergymen, 37,520; teachers, 110,469; professional authors, only 216; editors, 1 994; publishers, 917 printers, 23,106; booksellers, only 1,861; physicians, 54, 543; lawyers, 33,193; judges 787; nuns, 114; and sisters of charity, 1, 379. Astronomy only figures with two professors while astrology has 8, and geology 3.

A BLOODY DUEL.—A correspondent at Columbia, Arkansas, sends us an account of a tragic affair which occured near that place, on the 28th of February. It seems that Major Ned Byrne, formerly a member of General John Morgan's command, and a Colonel Twyman, also an officer in the Confederate army, had some personal difficulty, which ended in a chalenge to settle the matter. The place selected for the settlement of the dispute was Point Chicot, a secluded spot upon the Mississippi river. The weapons used were bowie knives. Major Byrne was wounded in the arm, and Colonel Twyman received three wounds in the body, which are thought to be mortal. The latter was also severely injured in the face, his nose being entirely served, and one of his eyes so injured as greatly to impeir, if not entirely destroy his sight. The Colonel's second was slightly wounded by a thrust from Major Byrne.

New Albany Ledger.

A desperate conflict occurred recently in Stewart county, Georgia, between planters and outlaws, and some negroes. Three whites and seven negroes were killed.

It is proposed that a joint resolution will soon be introduced, discharging the committee of fifteen from the further consideration of the bill for the admission of the Southern States, and that immediately after its passage which is said to be assured, the credentials of the Southern members will be properly referred. It is said that a majority of both Houses is in favor of this course.

A VERY CURIOUS INCIDENT.—The Baton Rouge Advocate relates the following strange incident of the fight at Port Hudson:

That our fire was not without effect, was evident to us from the manner in which their batteries kept shifting position. On one occasion this change of quarters brought about by themselves in rather an unusual manner, Capt Coffin having received instructions to be very economical in the use of his ammunition, had loaded and aimed his 24 pound gun, and leaving it to wait for the enemy to show themselves, he sat down behind the parapet and became engaged in conversation with some other officers. Suddenly he heard the report of his gun's discharge, and looking up with some anger, called out to know who fired that gun, Supposing that his gunner had touched her off without waiting for orders

He saw from the recoil of the gun, and from the smoke hovering over the vent, that the gun had been fired, and yet the slow match was quietly burning in its position, and not a man was standing in the battery Just then an officer of light arillery, who had observed the whole affair called out to Capt. Coffin that the enemy had fired his gun. On examination, it proved to be so A parrott shell or shot had come right over the gun and grazed it on the upper part of the breech, making a slight scratch. [illegible] which this produced [illegible] priming [illegible] charge [illegible] the [illegible] thrown [illegible] directly into [illegible] shot had come [illegible] probably [illegible] to [illegible] ing up [illegible] up and speedily [illegible]

[illegible] Scott was urged [illegible] credit of an acquaintance [illegible] replied: "The man was my friend [illegible] my friends were few, and I will be his now that his enemies are many."

The interments in the city cemetery of Augusta for the month of February were 158—32 whites and 126 blacks

FOREIGN APPRECIATION OF PRESIDENT JOHNSON.—In the British Parliament, in the course of the debate upon the Queen's speech, said the Earl of Derby:

We all must concur in rejoicing, that, after years of bloody warfare, sanguinary war, has been put an end to in the new united States of America. I fully concur with the speech in commending the wise and prudent manner in which, after the war had terminated, the President has sought to repair the ravages of civil war. [Hear, hear.] He seems to seek the best means of restoring the tranquility of the country, and we cannot refrain from hoping that his efforts will be crowned with success. The diminution of the slave trade and the abolition of slavery in America has entailed much misery on the slaves themselves, and that they are but very imperfectly prepared to undertake the duties and responsibilities of freedom.

A Little Bluster.

[From the London Herald, Feb. 23.]

The truth is, we might almost as well be at open war with the United States as remain as we are, subject to the hostile incursions of their subjects and exposed to the imminent danger of a civil war of their instigation, which would prove far more disastrious, and far more costly too, than any foreign one we could be engaged in. The dignified and decided conduct of France in her diplomatic communications with the United States on the Mexican question should form an example to be followed by the British Cabinet. * * * There can be but little doubt that Fenianism might quickly be reduced to harmless proportions, if Mr. Johnson and his Capinet, seeing the peril of further inaction, would cut off the supply by means of which propagandists are enabled to make their way into Ireland to seduce our soldiers from their allegiance and spread disaffection among the people.

Obituary.

Little LEWICO AUGUSTUS, only child of Mr. Augustus M. and Mrs. Phebe M. Bradford, was born in Oxford on the 10th day of July, 1864, and died at the residence of his grand father Robertson in Oxford, Calhoun county, Ala. on the 28th day of Nov. 1865, aged one year four months and eighteen days.

Words can but faintly express the desolation of that home of which he was the crowning ornament, the pride of fond parents, and grandparents Little Lewico was too young to have for [illegible] ingly interes[illegible] and loved, dispo[illegible] sweet temper, w[illegible] of all who knew [illegible] speaking e[illegible] bespoke a good intellect. He was just at that age when prattling innocence and a bending intellect makes every look, word and action sweet. He was the only child and pledge of the first love of his parents, and his loss has left in their hearts an aching void which nothing but the grace of God can fill. Why he was taken, when so young and innocent, it is not for us to say, but we believe that He who *does all things well* designed some good. Our blessed Savior has said, "suffer little children to come unto me," and who would desire that he should come back to this world of sorrow. May this heavy affliction be sanctified to the good of the parents, and may the grace of God sustain them in their deep bereavement.

In life, dear child, none knew thee but to love;
Idol of thy parents—their greatest joy;
But God hath taken thee to realms above,
To claim thee as his own, my darling boy.

E. T. S.

Dr. S. C. WILLIAMS,
Practising Physician,
OXFORD, Ala.

HAS also a good supply of FRESH MEDICINES for sale for cash only.
Oxford, Ala. March 31, 1866.—3m.

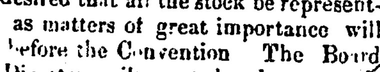
Cotton Seed

Of Last year's Growth,
For Sale by
Mar. 31. E. L. WOODWARD.

$50 REWARD.

STOLEN from the subscribers, nine miles South West of Cedar Town, on the night of the 20th inst. a fine Bay Horse seven years old, about fifteen hands high, white hind feet, and some of the hair rubed off at the root of the tall, also some of the hair rubed off at the upper end of the left thigh about four or five inches from the tail. He has just recovered the scratches and the hair has not grown out. He is a natural pacer, and rides well. I will pay fifty dollars reward for the delivery of the Horse to me, or twenty-five dollars for information that will enable me to get him again

Wm. M. HUTCHINGS.
mar29. tw. 2w.



OFFICE OF THE ALABAMA AND TENNESSE RAILRGAD COMPANY, SELMA, March 27, 1866

Notice is hereby given that a Convention of the Stockholders of the above named Company will be held in the city of Selma, on Wednesday the 9th day of May, 1866, for the purpose of electing a President and Board of Directors to manage the affairs of the Company. It is desired that all the stock be represented as matters of great importance will be before the Convention The Board of Directors will meet the day preceding the Convention

By order of the Board of Directors.
[illegible] M. GOODWIN, Secretary.

[illegible] RULES before the Register and Master in Chancery for the 38th District, Northern [illegible] of the State of Alabama, at Ashville, Ala. on this Monday 26th day of March 1866.

Joel W. Jones, vs. Jane E. Jones.

THIS day came the complainant by his Solicitors Inzer & Box, and moved the Register in Chancery for the said District, for an order of publication on the ground that the Respondent is a non resident of the State of Alabama, and it appear[illegible] [illegible] known, [illegible] ty-one years of age It is therefore ordered by said Register and Master in Chancery that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in the Town of Jacksonville, in Calhoun county, Alabama once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring said non-resident respondent, to appear before said Register and Master of this court, within sixty days from the date of this order, and plead, answer or demur to said original bill of complaint filed by said complainant in this court on the 23d day of Mar. 1866, and against her in said court, or the allegations of the same will be taken as confessed against her, and said cause set for hearing accordingly. It is further ordered that a copy of this order be posted at the court-house door in the Town of Ashville, Alabama, within forty days from the date of the same; and that a copy of the same be transmitted by mail to said non-resident respondent, if her residence is known.

S. A. WYATT,
March 31.—$20. Register and Master.

Executor's Notice.

LETTERS TESTAMENTARY upon the Estate of Love Alexander, deceased having been granted to the undersigned on the 17th day of Februaey, 1866, by the Honorable A. Woods, Judge of Probate court of Calhoun county. Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred. W. W. LITTLE,
March 31. Adm.

SALT, SUGAR, COFFEE, &C. &C.
FOR SALE BY
E. L. WOODWARD.

CLOTHING, CLOTHING.

JUST received and for sale by
E. L. WOODWARD.
March 15th, 1866.

SUGAR.

2,800 Pounds. and other Family Groceries, for sale by
E. L. WOODWARD.
March 15th, 1866.

BOOTS & SHOES

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY, just received, and for sale by
Feb. 17, '66. E. L. WOODWARD.

HATS & CAPS,

JUST arrived, and for sale by
E. L. WOODWARD.
Feb. 17, 1866.

L. W. PETTIBONE,
SELMA, ALA.
RECEIVING AND FORWARDING

WARE-HOUSE.

THANKFUL for the favors that for the last five years have been shown him, is desirous still of a share of the public patronage. I have taken the BRICK COTTON WAREHOUSE near the depot of the Ala. & Tenn. R. Railroad, and am prepared to receive, store and forward cotton, pay taxes, and all other expenses, and also to attend to all business belonging to the business of receiving and forwarding.

I have also **CORN** and **CEMENT** for sale. Feb. 17, 1866—3m.

CHANDLER, BICKEL & CO.
Jobbers & Dealers in
DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
HATS and SHOES,
CLOTHING!
SELMA, ALABAMA.
Feb 17, 1866—3m.

WOOLSEY, GOODRICH & Co.,
Commission Merchants,
Insurance and General Agents,
SELMA, ALABAMA.

WILL make liberal advances on Cotton for sale, or for consignment to Mobile or Liverpool.

Prompt attention given to filling orders from the country for any kind of goods.

AGENTS FOR
Pratt's Celebrated
COTTON GINS.
Feb. 10. 3m.

W. H. JUDSON. B. T. DUNCAN.
F. W. SIDDONS. G. W. SIDDONS.

JUDSON, DUNCAN & CO.

$100,000 WORTH

of Dry Goods Boots and Shoes, Clothing, Groceries, Yankee Notions, &c.

At a reduction of 25 per cent from prices ruling 60 days ago.

One of our firm, an old and experienced buyer, well acquainted with the wants of the people in this section, has just returned from the Northern markets with a heavy and well assorted stock of goods, which were bought upon the heel of the great rush of buyers from the South, at a very heavy decline in prices, and we propose to meet the public liberally in the benefit of this change.

On hand and to arrive—we offer—
15,000 yards assorted Prints,
10,000 do do bleached Domestics.
500 yds Linen Sheeting, cheaper than cotton,
500 yds full width bleached Cotton Sheeting,
500 yds 5-4 and 6-4 Pillow case Cottons,
20 ps white Linen Table Damask,
5 doz ass'd Towels, 50ps ass'd Diapers,
2 ps assorted Ingrain Carpetings,
20 ps all wool Delaines, 100 ps Union Delaines,
20 ps beautiful shades French Merinos,
50 ps plain and printed Alpacas and Poplins,
50 ps assorted Furniture Prints,
100 assorted wool net Vandykes, Sacques, Shawls, Scarfs and Hoods,
100 ass'd Bay State and other styles Shawls,
Bales ass'd Blankets, 50 doz ass'd Hats,
A heavy and well assorted stock of Men and Boys' Boots and Shoes,
Ladies' Misses' and Children's Shoes of every description.

GROCERIES, &C.

300 sacks Buckwheat Flour,
100 boxes Western Cheese,
100 do assorted Tobacco,
Smoking Tobacco of nearly every brand,
Sacks Rio Coffee, 25 boxes Salmon,
Cases pints, quarts and ½ gals Pickles,
100 boxes Cove Oyster
50 bbls assorted Brown Sugar,
Crushed and pulvorised do
Concentrated Lye and Potash,
50 Cases Sardines, 100 boxes family Soap,
50 boxes Starch,
No 1 and 2 bbls, ½ bbls, ¼ bbls, & kits Mackerel,
Yeast Powders and Kentucky Mustard,
100,000 assorted Cigars.

In fact, our assortment of Groceries, by recent additians, is complete.

YANKEE NOTIONS in greatest variety, comprising nearly every article claiming a place under that head.

It is unnecessary to enumerate the articles composing our stock. Suffice it to say, that it is second best to none in the State, and our intention is to offer inducements especially to Dealers, which will save them time, trouble & expense in seeking more remote markets for their supplies.—We ask a fair trial. Polite and obliging gentlemen will be found in rear of our counters, ever ready to serve our friends.

dec 14. JUDSON, DUNCAN & CO.

BY TELEGRAPH.

[From the Mobile Daily Tribune.]

New York, March 22.—Foreign ... the steamers Atlantic and Limerick ... New York have arrived out. ... Envoy from Ireland was presented ... the Fenian Council yesterday. ... the deliberations of the Council are ... to have reference to an immediate ... movement against the British Government.

Liverpool, March 10.—Queen Victoria held her first Court on Saturday. ... Madrid dispatches say the Peruvian ... ships Independencia Huascar had proceeded direct to the Pacific to take part in the approaching struggle between Spain, Chili and Peru.

New York, March 22.—Secretary Seward, in replying to the letter of Mr. ... Consul of this city, declines to interfere with Great Britain in the case of Gonzalez and a subject of San Salvador who took a quantity of merchandise on board the American bark Golden Rule, which was burned by the Alabama. Seward declines because Gonzalez is not an American citizen.

The Express' Washington special says the Committee of Ways and Means do not agree on the Loan bill.

The Senate amendment to the Naval appropriation bill placing the hulls of ... at the disposal of the Commission of Quarantine was concurred in.

Twenty naval bills and joint resolutions were referred.

The Senate bill to aid the construction of the telegraph line to Cuba and other to the West Indies was considered.

The Senate bill passed authorizing the establishment of the Southern District of California and the Western Judicial District of Louisana.

A bill authorizing the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi river at St. Louis, and several unimportant bills were presented and referred.

Washington, March 22.—The Postmaster General has ordered the extension of the route from San Antonio through Fort Clark to El paso, the service to be once a week and back.

The Treasury Department is still applying itself to the suppression of frauds in the collection of Cotton in the Southern States. Many of the Agents have been relieved, and seizures and detention of cotton ... property, ... captured ... property, will be made unless special or written directions in each case be given from the Agents of the Treasury Department.

It is known here that Confederate cotton has been removed and that of private parties secretly substituted in its place, thus perpetrating a double fraud on the Government and on innocent individuals.

Halifax, March 22.—The office of the Sun was burned last night.

Washington, March 22.—In the Senate a resolution was adopted amending the Internal Revenue act to permit Union disabled soldiers to peddle without license.

The House discussed the Senate bill authorizing telegraphic communication between the United States and West India Islands.

Orders have been issued for the immediate fitting out of a flying squadron for duty on the British North American coast. One reason for this movement is the assemblage of the British West India fleet at Halifax. Another, the Fenian scare. Another, the termination of the reciprocity treaty, and its effect upon the United States fisheries.

Petroleum Entrepo, March 23.—A conflagration, commencing at Ocean well accidentally ensued, involving five wells the oil burning a channel which carried the burning mass to Benenhoff run, involving the refineries and some forty-more buildings. Damages estimated at $150,000. Twenty thousand barrels of oil were consumed, with the takage and all the paraphernalia for sinking wells were destroyed.

Cincinnati, March 23.—Pike's Opera House was entirely consumed by fire last night. It is supposed the fire was caused by the explosion of the gas after the audience had left. The Adams Express office, Pickey & Carotts, booksellers, Peters Bro', music dealers, and Wheeler & Wilson's sewing machine establishment were also destroyed.

Later—Cincinnati, March 23.—The Enquirer office was entirely destroyed in the conflagration of Pike's Opera House last night. The fire spread across the street to the Adams' Express stables and several buildings on Third street. The estimated loss, including the Opera House, is $2,000,000. Pike's loss is one million, and he has insurance for only $38,000.

Louisville, March 24.—Advices from San Francisco say that the State Senate of California passed resolutions endorsing the action of the majority of Congress as against the President, by a veto of 21 to 23.

Washington, March 24.—The United States consul at Sheffield, England, says the steady mortality among the cattle creates serious alarm. The disease is now affecting sheep.

All the steamers and emigrant ships leaving Liverpool are filled with emigrants and emigration is promising to be greater this year than ever before.

Toronto, March 24.—The excitement has almost subsided. There was a panic in Montreal las night over a report that 10,000 Fenians were moveing. Night patrols and counters gns are still in force at Ottawa. The Candian army on the St. Lawrence still exhibits great activity and fresh troops are constantly arriving. The military authorities threaten if the Fenians attempt to cross at Ogdensburg they will fire on that city from Fort Welington opposite. ...

New York, March 24.—Jno. P. Moor's residence was entered last evening and a box of United States and other securities, amounting to $100,000, was stolen.

Cleveland, Ohio, March 24.—Harvey, Bonsfield & Co's woodenware factory was burned Loss $50,000.

The Cincinnati estimates the loss by Pike's Opera House fire at one million seven hundred and fifty-one thousand dollars The insurance two hundred and thirty thousand dollars.

New Orleans, March 24.—The high water has broken through the levees in Upper Louisiana, and work is thereby supended.

The French Government has issued proposals for 6,000,000 pounds of tobacco, but they cannot be filled here as formerly.

New York, March 24.—A Washington special says it is asserted that, if Congress should favor the endorsement of the Mexican bonds, Maximillian's agent will demand a similar guarantee of same amount for the Mexican Crown.

Washington, March 24.—The Ways and Means Committee have determed to keep the amount of exemption from income tax at $600, with an additional $50 for each child up to 15 years old.

New York, March 24.—The Evening Post's Washington special says the President will probably veto the Civil Rights bill

It is expected the loan bill will be amended by the Finance Committee.

The President has expressed his disappointment of Stewart's proposition for universal amnesty on condition of the establishment of suffrage.

New Orleans, March 24.—Cotton weak and unsettled. Sales to-day 13000 bales. Receips to-day 1350 bales. Low Middlings 37 ½ — Gold 24

New York, March 24.—Cotton dull, heavey, nominal and lower—middling 40.

The European files say it is rumored that a misunderstanding exists between our Government and the American Embassy in London, relative to the imprisonment of several persons charged with Fenianism, who claim to be American citizens and demand liberation or trial. The demand has been referred to Washington for solution, and will probably be embarrassing.

Hamilton, Canada West, Mar. 26. The Government is still busy with the defences. The reports of the number under arms in Canada is very much exaggerated. The number liable to service is not over 200,000 men, and not half that number offered their services

Several Postoffice Commissioners have arrived, and are opening routes in Louisiana and Texas.

Matamoros, March 19.—There have been two engagements ... in Northern Mexico in which the Liberals, under Navarajo, were at first defeated by Gen. Donay, but were reinforced by Gen. Trevin, and afterwards attacked the French under Baron Deortan, who was killed, with one hundred men, except four, who escaped ... afterwards was besieged ... church with fifty men, ... until reinforced by Baron Dubrain and the company lately stationed at that notice

The Southern Express at Brazos was robbed of $75 000. The steamer Brescent was searched at Galveston, but nothing found; the robbers are at large.

New Orleans, March ...—Cotton depressed, Sales to-day 2 000. Receipts to-day ...,000 bales. Low Middlings 36 to 37c.

The reports of damage to the levees by high water from the Upper Mississippi river continue. Cotton seizures have been stopped by military orders in Red river and the staple is coming in again.

Washington, March 26.—In the House the Army bill was made the special order for Monday. The bill amending the postal laws was recommitted to the Post Office committee, then reconsidered and the bill taken up, and after several unimportant amendments the bill was passed. The evening session was dispensed with. The Criminal ... commenced the trial ... [illegible] ... appears to be slightly improving.

The Twin Brothers.

A TRUE STORY OF THE SEIGE OF PORT HUDSON.

It is said that fact is stranger than fiction. How true this is, is exemplified in the following true story of two brothers, twins, which occurred during the memorable seige of Port Hudson Passing one day through the streets of that little town, we noticed two corpses lying upon the gallery of the carpenter's shop, awaiting their turn for the boxes dignified with the title of coffins, to consign them to their last resting place. They were bodies of tall stature stout and well built, betokening the hardy backwoodsmen of the Southwest. Over the face of each was th own a cloth, through which the blood was oozing, showing that they had received their death wounds through the head It was uncommon sight during the seige to see death in every form, from the body pierced by the single bullet to the one shattered to atoms by the cannon ball or fearful mortar shell. Yet there was something in the appearance of those bodies which rivited our attention and induced the inquiry as to who they were A rough grizzly, weather-beaten Confederate soldier was sitting by their side, whose arm, tied up, showed that for the present he was unfit for active service. The tears were trickling down his cheeks as he gazed mournfully upon the dead before him, while his quivering lip told better than words that they had been more to him than simple comrades of the tent and field.

He related their story in a few words: "They were my sons," said he, "and were twins. One of them joined at the same time I did We came here with Gen. Beale, and have done our duty to the best of our knowledge and I believe to the satisfaction of our officers.

"This morning, sir, while at the breastworks, one of my boys, in order to get good aim at the snapshooters outside, thoughtlessly rased himself too high, when a rifle ball pierced his brain, and he fell dead at my feet. His brother, seeing him fall, sprang forward to pick him up, but in so doing, exposed himself above the line of defenses, when he, too, received a ball through the brain, and he fell dead upon the still quivering corps of his brother. As they came into the world, so they went out of it—together. In removing their bodies from the breastworks, I got this wound, which has shattered my arm. Would that I had died with them, sir, for I have no one now to love upon this earth."

"And their mother—your wife?"

"Died, sir in giving them birth."

One coffin received the remains of the twins, and a few days after, while sitting in front of his tent, an exploding shell gave a death wound to the heart-broken father

West Baton Rouge Sugar Planter.

A Radical's Description of the President

HIS GREAT POWER AND ABILITY CONCEDED.

Mr. John D. Baldwin, member of Congress from Massachusetts, writes the following description of Andrew Johnson and his late speech. Baldwin is one of the Sumner-Stevens stripe in politic:

What the President said is before the country. How he said it, my poor words fail to tell. For the first time I stood near and looked closely on the man. In the course of an eventful life I have seen many men of wilful power and force, but never before have I looked on one so thoroughly embodying the evil spirits of revolution It will not do to underrate Mr. Johnson. He is terribly in earnest, and withalmost vindictively cool. A thoroughly paced demagogue, his inconsequential logic, his thorough belief in himself, and his popularity, are all elements of strength when he faces such assemblages as were arrayed about him yesterday Andrew Johnson is an able man; how able, I never realized till yesterday. All results are involved in his policy. Had he a Cabinet as able and desperate, the dire results which the near future would bring could hardly be named now. We stand on the verge of fierce strife, to meet which the country should gather its strength and gird up its loins This man is no weak Buchanan, and he means to crush Congress or be crushed.

Mr. Johnson is a man of stalwart ...—Just above middle stature, he is broad shouldered, firm set, and deep chested, as almost to seem below it. He has a large head. It is a compact home for his fiery will and brain. —His face is marked, strong oval outline, powerful under jaw, well defined but rather sharp chin, a wide, straight mouth, full flexible lips, skin course in texture but firm, complexion swarthy, hair coarse-black, streaked with grey, a nose small at the root, but full and large at the nostrils, which expand and lift as he speaks. broad, roomy forehead, beetling bushy eyebrows, beneath which are a pair of the coldest hazel grey eyes I ever saw in a human head; these are the outlines of Andrew Johnson.

His voice is clear, harsh, powerful and penetrating. When he seems speaking with most excitement, he is evidently the coolest man in the world. I watched him with the awakened interest of one who felt the magnitude of ... [illegible] ... When the ... [illegible] ... his strongest ... lent attack ... around ... cold ... seen ... access ...

Co[rn],
Corn!

For Sale by E. L. WOODWARD.

Jacksonville, March 24, 1866.

A. G. PITNER, S. P. SMITH, J. H. COOPER.

PITNER, COOPER & CO.

Wholesale and Retail

GROCERS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Pitner's Corner, Broad St., Rome, Ga.

Will Receive and Sell, Ship or Store COTTON and other Produce for the Planters. Mr. J. H. Cooper, who has had long experience in the Cotton trade, will give his special attention to that branch of the business.

Rome, Ga., Sept. 28, 1865.—6m.

COTTON SEED

FOR SALE.

We have received a lot of FRESH COTTON SEED from the lower country which we offer for sale. Call soon if you wish to be supplied.

S. & S. J. MORGAN.

Oxford, Ala ... 1865.—tf.

Tax Assessor's Notice.

I will attend at the following times & places in each of the Precincts of Calhoun County, Ala for the purpose of assessing the State Tax for the year 1866, to-wit: at

			1866.
Jacksonville,	Pre. No. 1,	Mond.	Ap'l 16
Alexandria,	" 2,	Tues.	" 17
Courtground,	" 3,	Wed.	" 18
Oxford,	" 4,	Thur	" 19
Courtground,	" 5,	Fri.	" 20
Sulphur Sp'g,	" 6,	Sat.	" 21
Polkville,	" 7,	Mon.	" 23
Peek's Hill,	" 6,	Tues.	" 24
J W Halls(Ran)	" 22,	Wed.	" 25
Courtground,	" 7,	Thurs	" 26
Walden's Shop	" 8,	Friday	" 27
Cross Plains,	" 9,	Satur.	" 28
Ladiga,	" 9,	Mon.	" 30
Courtground,	" 10,	Tues.	May 1st
White Plains,	" 11,	Wed.	" 2
Yoes ⋈ Roads,	" 12,	Thurs	" 3
Sugar Hill,	" 14,	Friday	" 4
Pine Grove,	" 15,	Satur.	" 5
Pleasant Hill,	" 23,	Mon.	" 7
Abernathy,	" 16,	Tues.	" 8
Fair Play,	" 17,	Wed.	" 9
Pine Thicket,	" 18,	Thur.	" 10
Phipps. court g.	" 19,	Friday	" 11
Court ground,	" 20,	Sat	" 12

The tax on Pistols and Bowie knives must be paid to me when assessed. I am not required under the law to make but one trip around the county. If I was inclined to give two rounds, the time is too short under the law for me to do so.

Any Tax payer failing to render a list of his taxable property to me by the 15th day of May, 1866, will be chargeable with ten per cent. upon the amount of his or her State tax, and in no case less than one dollar will be charged, and will be collected as other taxes are collected.

W. P. HOWELL,
Tax Assessor of Calhoun co. Ala.

March 31, 1866

Election Notice.

On the first Monday in May next, I will open and hold an Election at the different Election Precincts in Calhoun county, for the purpose of electing one Judge of the 10th Judicial Circuit and one Judge of Probate of Calhoun county, and the following named persons are hereby appointed Inspectors and Managers of said Election, at the respective places of voting, to-wit:

Pre. No 1, Jacksonville—T P Renfroe, W O Hutchinson, H T Snow.

Pre No 2, Alexandria—E McClelen, O P Allen, John W Whatley.

Pre No 3, Court Ground—L Mitchell G B Skelton, Abel J Bolinger.

Pre No 4, Court Ground—Wm. Kennedy, G W Burns, B Johnson

Pre No 5, Polkville—L Coker, Thos. Francis, E B Downing

Pre No 6, Pecks Hill—James Wood, Wm Littlejohn, R M Martin.

Pre No 7, Court Ground—J Dickinson, Jos Noah, N Andress.

Pre No 8, Walden's Shop—James Mohon, Thomas Neighbors, William Brown

Pre No 9, Cross Plains—C J Sharp, Neil Ferguson, Joel Nabors

Pre No 9, Ladiga—W A Wilson, J Davis, A M Stewart.

Pre No 10, Court Ground—J W. Whitesde, J L Mattison, J A Fleming.

Pre No 11, White Plains—J Clinton, B O Ramey, J Cook.

Pre No 12, Yoe's ⋈ Roads—J F Davis, A Elston, R Boyd.

Pre No 13, Oxford—H J Hughes, B Prichard, J Spencer

Pre No 14, Sugar Hill—E B Landers, J Rhodes, J W Daveeze.

Pre No 15, Court Ground—G. W Clements, Wm Henry, Wm Warren.

Pre No 16, Abernathy—M L Snow, R F Pounds, J W Wiggainton.

Pre No 17, Fair Play—W Edwards, Irvin Owen, J F Bennett.

Pre No 18, Pine Thicket—A D Chandler, Wm Honeycutt, Wm King.

Pre No 19, Court Ground—W P Howell John Davison, J Butrum.

Pre No 20, Court Ground—William Wood J A Maxwell, W J Borden.

Pre No 21, Sulphur Springs—J T Findley, ... Henderson, F Crow.

Pre No 22, Court Ground—J P ..., J W Whisenant, E Griffin.

Pre No 23, Pleasant Hill—J W McDaniel, W P Amorine, J D Walker.

The Constables of each Precinct are hereby appointed Returning Officers of their respective Precincts.

J. M. ANDERSON, Sheriff.

Mar. 24, 1866

Notice.

All persons indebted to the ... J. A. ... are ... that the notes and accounts belonging to said estate have been placed in my hands for collection by the Admr. ... therefore hope that the parties concerned, will call on me at my office in Jacksonville without delay and settle up. by so doing we may save both cost and trouble.

Wm M. HAMES.

Feb. 1st. 1866.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, St. Clair county.

Probate Court, Feb. 9th, 1866.

John Wester, dec. Estate of
In a matter of Dower,

THIS day came Henry W. Box, administrator in this court of said Estate, and filed his petition in writing and under oath, praying for an order assigning dower to Celia Wester, widow of deceased, in one third portion of Lands described in said petition, of which decedent died seized and possessed. It is ordered, that the 26th day of March, 1866, be appointed a day for hearing such application, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same if they think proper.

JOHN A. ZELLNER,
Judge of Probate.

In Chancery.

Sarah J. Moat, by her next friend John T. Jordan, vs. Allen J. Moat. } AT RULES, before the Register for the 38th District of the Northern Chancery Division of the State of Alabama, on this Monday the 26th day of March, 1866.

THIS day came the complainant, by her solicitors, Walden & Bowie, and moved the Register for an order of publication, as to the respondent, Allen J. Moat, on the ground that he is a non-resident of the State of Alabama, and the place of his residence unknown; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Register, from the allegations of the Bill, and the affidavit of complainant's next friend, attached thereto and on file in the Register's office, that the Respondent is a non-resident of the State of Alabama: that his residence is unknown to complainant, and that he is over the age of twenty-one years. It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in the Town of Jacksonville, county of Calhoun and State of Alabama, once a week for four consecutive weeks, notifying and requiring said Allen J Moat, to appear before the Register of said court, within sixty days from the publication of this order, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's Bill of complaint, or the allegations of the same will be taken for confessed as to him, & the cause set for hearing ex parte. It is further ordered, that a copy of this order be posted on the door of the court house of said county of St. Clair in the Town of Ashville, within forty days from the date of the same, and that a copy thereof be transmitted by mail to the place of residence of said Allen J Moat if made known.

S. A. WYATT, Reg. in Chan. 38th Chancery District Northern

Mar 24.—$20. Chan. Division of Ala.

In Chancery.

Spencer G. Morgan, vs. Parmelia Ann Morgan. } AT RULES before the Register in Chancery for the 38th Chancery District of the Northern Chancery Division of the State of Alabama, on this Monday the 26th day of March, A. D. 1866.

THIS day came the Complainant by his solicitors, B. T. Pope & Son, and it appearing to the court, that the order of publication made in this cause on the 24th day of April, A. D. 1865 had not been executed, and the complainant by his said Solicitors now moves the court, to-wit: the Register & Master in Chancery for said District, for an order of publication against the Defendant, on the ground said Defendant is a non-resident of the State of Alabama; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Register and Master, from the affidavit of complainant, attached to his Original Bill now on file in this cause, that the said Parmelia Ann Morgan, the Defendant resides beyond the limits of the State of Alabama, and resides in the State of Georgia, but the particular place of her residence in said State is unknown, and that the said Defendant is now twenty-one years of age.—It is therefore ordered by the Register & Master of said court, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in the Town of Jacksonville, Calhoun county, Alabama, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring said non-resident defendant to appear before the Register and Master of this court, within sixty days from the date of this order, and plead answer or demur to said Original Bill of Complaint filed by said complainant in this cause on the 3rd day of April, A. D. 1865 and against her in said court, or the allegations of the same will be taken for confessed against her and said cause set for hearing accordingly.—It is further ordered, that a copy of this order be posted upon the court house door in the Town of Ashville, in said county of St. Clair, within forty days from the date of the same, and that a copy of the same be transmitted by mail to the place of residence to said non-resident defendant, if her residence is known.

S. A. WYATT,
Register & Master.

Mar 31.—$25.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of S. D. Simpson, dec'd having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate court of of Calhoun County, Ala on the 19th day of Mar., 1865; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said Estate to present them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and all persons indebted will make payment.

March 24. GEO. I. TURNLEY, Adm.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Cherokee County.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons having demands against Averilla McCay, late of said county, deceased, to present them to me, properly made out, within the time prescribed by law; and all persons indebted to said deceased are hereby required to make immediate payment to me.

March 7, 1866. Wm. L. WHITLOCK, Adm'r.

STATE OF ALABAMA, Cherokee County.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons having demands against Lewis Rhea, late of said county, deceased, to present them to us, properly made out, within the time prescribed by law; and all persons indebted to said estate are hereby required to make immediate payment to us. March 1, 1866.

R. B. RHEA,
R. B. WHORTON, Adm'rs.

THE STLTE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun Coun'y.

Court of Probate for said county; Regular Term, March 12, 1866.

THIS day came James Hollingsworth, administrator of the Estate of John Hollingsworth, deceased, and filed his application setting forth among other things, that said decedent was the owner and in possession of the following described lands, to-wit: The east half of the south east quarter of section 25, township 14, range 8 east in the Coosa Land District—that said land cannot be equitably, fairly and beneficially divided among the heirs and legatees of said estate without a sale thereof; and asks an order of Court, authorizing a sale of said Lands for that purpose.

He further states, that the following named persons, heirs and legatees of said estate are non-residents, to-wit: Harrison Hollingsworth, Warren G Hollingsworth and Charles ... Hollingsworth, all of full age, who reside in the State of Arkansas.

It is therefore ordered by the court, that Friday the 11th day of May next be set for the hearing of said application, and that notice of the filing of the same be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in the Town of Jacksonville, Alabama, for three consecutive weeks, and at least forty days prior to said day, as a notice to said non-resident heirs and legatees of said estate, as well as all other persons interested in said application, to be and appear before me, at my office in the Town of Jacksonville, on said Monday the 11th day of May next, when and where they can contest said application if they desire.

Given under my hand at office this 22nd day of March, A. D. 1866.

A. WOODS,
Judge of Probate.

BLANK DEEDS,

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

TIN SHOP.

THE undersigned, having procured the necessary machinery and material, and employed W. W. Nisbet, one of the best and most experienced workmen in the South, have now every, variety of

Tinware,

For sale at Wholesale and Retail at reasonable prices. Their shop is on the east side of the public square in Jacksonville. Orders, accompanied by the cash, will be promptly filled.

G. B. DOUTHET,
W. A. DRISKEL.

☞ Old pewter, and country produce taken in exchange for Tinware. Repairing done only on Saturdays.

W. C. LAND,

Watchmaker,

CONTINUES the Watch Repairing business above McClelen's store, west side of the public square. A good lot of materials on hand, and work done with despatch and at low rates to suit the times.

Jacksonville, Feb. 24, 1866

Just Received.

PLOWS.

A Lot of **Shaffer's Patent Plows**, which are the finest Steel Plows in the country. The advantage of this plow is, that a man can, without the aid of horse and wagon, take part of the plow to a shop and have it repaired. All other steel plows are solid, and in repairing them you lose the time of a man and team to take the whole plow to the shop.

Also Moore & Barrett's single and double plow, which will be sold at a small advance on Factory prices. Orders for Agricultural Implements promptly filled.

March 3. M. & L. OPPENHEIMER

Dr. J. W. PEARCY
OF GEORGIA,

HAS located in the Town of Jacksonville, Calhoun county, Office No. 5, on Ladiga street, Office Row, where he may be found at all times, unless absent on professional business. He has been regularly engaged in the practice of medicine, in all its branches, for the last 10 years, (except two years absence in the late war,) with satisfactory success. He thinks he will be able to give general satisfaction. March 10.

Longstreet Academy.

THE undersigned has charge of this Academy for the present year. It is situated in a pleasant neighborhood, at Davis' Cross Roads, fifteen miles south of Jacksonville.

Rates of tuition moderate.

A few boarders will be received by citizens residing near the Academy.

Wm. H. BURTON, Principal.

March 10, 1866.

A WAY TO GET

Corn Cheap

I wish to hire from one to three hundred hands immediately, some with families and some without, to whom very liberal wages will be given, in cash, corn, or parts of crop, as may be preferred. Call and see me or S. D. McCLELEN, immediately.

March 24. R. H. WYNNE.

Blacksmithing.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he is now prepared to execute, with neatness, durability and dispatch, all descriptions of Blacksmith work, such as ironing waggons, Buggies, &c. and all descriptions of Plantation work and repairing. His shop is on the east side of main street, south of the square and immediately back of Fleming's wood-shop.

March 3, 1866. A. B. WEBB.

NEW HOTEL.

THE undersigned having taken the Privett House, situated on main street a short distance north of the Public Square, with the commodious Livery Stables attached, respectfully informs the public that she is prepared to entertain transient passengers, travellers and persons in attendance upon the Courts. Her charges will be as moderate as the times will permit. The patronage of her old friends and acquaintances is respecfully solicited. L. M. WEBB.

Jacksonville, March 3, 1866.

For Sale.

A Tract of Land containing 160 Acres, between 80 and 100 acres cleared, balance well timbered—comfortable frame dwelling, four large rooms, all necessary out buildings.

This place lies two miles north of Alexandria on Tallasseehatchee creek, nine miles from Jacksonville—place in good state of cultivation—fencing in good condition.

Terms—one third cash, balance one and two years.

HU. FRANCIS, Agt for sale and purchase of Lands, &c.

Mar. 21.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of Wm A. Cummings, dec'd. having been granted to the undersigned, by the Probate court of Calhoun County Ala. on the 19th day of March, 1866; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said Estate, to present them legally authenticated within the time prescribed by law or they will be barred; and all persons indebted are requested to make payment.

Mar. 24. C. J. COOPER, Adm.

Notice

IS hereby given, that Joseph P. Whorton was, on the 8th of March, 1866, appointed by the Probate Court of Cherokee county, Ala as the administrator of the Estate of W S Whorton, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate will present them in the time prescribed by law. LEMUEL J. STANDEFER,

March 24. Judge of Probate.

Guardian's Sale.

I will offer for sale to the highest bidder for cash, at public outcry before the courthouse door in the Town of Centre, Ala. on Monday the 7th day of May, 1866, the following described Lands, to-wit: the south west quarter of section six township seven, range eleven, and the north west quarter of the south east quarter of section six. fractional township seven, range eleven; also the east half of the north west quarter of section six, township seven range eleven east, all lying and being in Cherokee county, Alabama—sold by order of the Probate court for said county, as the property of Henry P. Smith, minor, for the purpose of education and maintainance of said ward—this 19th day of March, 1866. JAMES R. DORSEY,

... Guardian.

POETRY.

LIFE LEAVES.

The following poem is touchingly beautiful. Many an eye will be dimmed by a tear, as it reads those lines, and the thoughts go wandering away to "memory's wild wood."

The day with its sandals dipped in dew,
Has passed through the evening's golden gates;
And a single star in the cloudless blue
For the rising moon in silence waits:
While the winds that sighs to the languid hours,
A lullaby breath o'er the folded flowers.

The lilies to the sound of the stream
That winds along with lulling flow;
And either awake, or half a dream,
I pass through the realms of Long ago;
While faces peer with many a smile
From the bowers of Memory's magic isle.

There are joys and sunshine, sorrows & tears,
That check the path of life's April hours,
And a longing wish for the coming years,
That hope ever wreathes with fairest flowers;
There are friendships guileless—love as bright
And pure as the stars in halls of night.

There are ashen memories, bitter pain,
And buried hopes and a broken vow,
And an aching heart by the reckless main.
And the sea breeze fanning a pallid brow;
And a wanderer on the shell-lined shore,
Listening for voices that speak no more.

There are passions strong and ambitions wild,
And the fierce desire to stand in the van
Of the battle of life—and the heart of the child
Is crushed in the breast of the struggling man;
But short are the regrets and few are the tears
That fall at the tomb of banished years.

There is quiet and peace, and domestic love,
And joys arising from faith and truth.
And a truth unquestioning far above
The passionate dreaming of ardent youth;
And kisses of children on lips and cheek,
And the parent's bliss which no tongue can speak.

There are loved ones lost! There are little graves
In the distant dell, 'neath protecting trees,
Where the streamlet winds, & the violet waves,
And the grasses sway to the sighing breeze;
And we mourn for pressure of tender lips,
And the light of eyes darkened in death's eclipse.

And thus, as the glow of the daylight dies,
And the night's first look to the earth is cast,
I gaze 'neath these beautiful summer skies
At the pictures that hang in the hall of the past;
Oh, sorrow and joy, chant a mingled lay,
When to memory's wildwood we wander away.

THE PETERSBURG MINE.—The following is extracted from a magazine published in Baltimore, called the Cosmopolitan:

One of the most remarkable features of the war was the perfect good nature with which the Rebels discussed their foes. In no instance, up to a certain period, did I ever hear any remark made that savored of individual hatred. They fought for a cause, and against a power, and spoke, perhaps, in depreciation of a corps or brigade, but "they fit us, and we fit them," was the whole story generally, and until the blowing up of the mine at Petersburg there was a gay *insouciant* style in their description of war scenes. But after that day the sentiment changed, and from an innate feeling the private soldier had that mining was "a mean Yankee trick," as he expressed it. They did not recognize the strategem that all is fair in war, and what added to the indignation was the pouring in of the negro soldiers when the breach was opened. Incensed at the surprise, they wanted foes worthier of their steel, not caring to dampen it in the black cloud that issued from the crater. The men had heretofore been generally restrained and particularly before a woman, never using oaths or improper language; but the wounded, that came in from the fight, emulated the Uncle Toby's Army in Flanders, and eyes gleamed and teeth clenched as they showed me the locks of their muskets to which the blood and hair still clung, when, after firing, without waiting to reload, they had clenched the barrel and fought hand to hand. If their accounts can be relied on, it was a gallant strife and a desperate one, and ghastly wounds bore testimony to the truth of many a tale then told.

THE LAST MAN.—The Portage Register (Wisconsin) chronicles the death, at Caledonia, Wis. on the 27th ult., of JOSEPH CRELE, born near Detroit, Mich. in 1725, and who had attained, therefore, the amazing age of *one hundred and forty years:* He was born seven years before George Washington, and was fifty years old at the outbreak of the American Revolution; so that he might even then, have claimed exemption from military service. He was forty-four years old at the birth of Napoleon I. He was sixty-two years old when the Federal Constitution was formed and eighty-four when Abraham Lincoln was born. We know but one longer life than his in modern times—that of Parr, the Englishman, who is recorded to have been born in 1483, and to have died in 1634, at the ripe age of 152. Crele's baptism is said to be on record in the French Catholic Church in Detroit; so that his age seems to be duly authenticated.

The president has ordered the gold belonging to the Richmond banks, which has for some time been on special deposit at the National Treasury, to be restored.

Fifteen millions of dollars lie idle in the Havana banks. Money is as easy there as rolling off a log.

A hundred and twenty-four women in Kansas have petitioned Congress for the right of suffrage. Well ain't a women as good as a negro?

No matter how well the gambler throws the dice, at the point of death he dies with awful throes.

Administrator's Sale
OF
REAL ESTATE.

BY VIRTUE of an Order of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, I will, as Administrator of the Estate of Fleming Gibson, deceased, sell in Jacksonville, Alabama, to the highest bidder, for one third cash, and the balance on a credit of Twelve Months, with interest from date, ON MONDAY THE 16th DAY of APRIL, 1866—Eighty acres of Land, lying in the Coosa Land District of the aforesaid County and State, viz: distinguished as that part of Fractional Section Five, Fractional Township thirteen, Range six east, lying and being below a certain line commencing near the south east corner of a small lot of cleared land lying south east of the house known as the Obediah Gibson old residence, and running from said corner to the fence near the H. B. Dockery lot, thence to the Gibson lot, thence running to the river.

Note with two approved securities will be required of purchaser.

Said Land lies only two miles from where Noble is erecting his oil works.

H. B. DOCKREY, Adm.
March 17, 1866.

In Chancery.

John Y. Nisbet, vs. James R. Slayton and Thomas N. Anglin. } AT RULES before the Register, Saturday, March 3, 1866. In Chancery, 36th Chancery District, Northern Chancery Division of the State of Alabama.

THIS day came the Complainant by his Solicitors Foster & Forney, and moved the undersigned Register and Master for an Order of Publication against the Defendant, James R. Slayton: and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Register, from an affidavit on file, that the said Defendant, James R. Slayton is of lawful age, and a non-resident of the State of Alabama, and that he resides in the State of Mississippi, in or near Holly Springs in said State—It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in the Town of Jacksonville, Alabama, once a week for four consecutive weeks, notifying and requiring the said James R. Slayton to be and personally appear before the Register of this court, at his office in the Town of Jacksonville, Alabama, within sixty days from the date of this order, and plead, answer or demur to Complainant's Bill of Complaint, exhibited in said Chancery court against him, and Thomas N. Anglin, or the same will be taken for confessed, and the said cause set for hearing ex parte as to him. It is further ordered, that a copy of this order be posted up at the court house door of Calhoun county, Alabama, and that a copy also be forwarded to the said Defendant, at Holly Springs, Miss. within twenty days from this date.

Granted March 3rd, 1866.

WM. M. HAMES, Register.
March 10, 1866—$20 00.

In Chancery.

C. B. Sisson, vs. Lucinda Champion, et als. } AT RULES before the Register, Wednesday, March 8th, 1866.

In Chancery, 36th District, Northern Chancery Division, State of Ala.

THIS day came the Complainant by his Solicitors Foster & Forney, and moved the undersigned Register for an order of publication against the Defendants, Nancy Champion, William Champion, Lucinda Champion, Mary Champion, George Thomas, and Josiah and Robert Champion; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Register, from an affidavit on file, that the said Defendants, Nancy Champion and William Champion are of lawful age, and the said defendants, George Thomas, Joseph Champion and Robert Champion are minors under the age of 21 years are all non residents of the State of Alabama, and reside in the State of Georgia, Post office unknown to affiant, also, that the said defendant, Lucinda Champion, and Mary Champion are of lawful age, and that their residence is unknown to affiant.—It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in the Town of Jacksonville, Alabama, for four consecutive weeks notifying and requiring the said Defendants, Nancy Champion, William Champion, Lucinda Champion, Mary Champion, Joseph Champion, Robert Champion and George Thomas to be and personally appear before the Register of this court at his office in the Town of Jacksonville, Calhoun county, Alabama, within sixty days from the date of this order, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill of complaint against them et als. exhibited in said chancery court, or the same will be taken for confessed, and the said cause set for hearing ex parte as to them. It is further ordered, that a copy of this order be posted up at the court house door of Calhoun county, Ala. within twenty days from this date. Granted March 8th, 1866.

WM. M. HAMES,
ar. 1M'66—$ 20,0. Register, &c.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, } CALHOUN COUNTY. }

Court of Probate for said county, February 22nd, 1866.

THIS DAY came A and E. B. Downing, Administrators of the Estate of T. J. Downing, deceased, and filed their application, setting forth among other things, that said deceased was the owner and [illegible] lows of the following described land, to-wit: The south east quarter of section [illegible] teen, Township fifteen and Range [illegible] cept the north east fourth of said quarter section.

They further state that said Lands cannot be equitably, fairly and beneficially divided between the heirs and distributees of said estate without a sale thereof: and that a sale thereof is necessary to pay the debts of said estate, and for distribution among the heirs and distributees of said estate.

They further represent, that the following named heirs and distributees of said Estate reside beyond the limits of the State of Alabama, to-wit: Charity Downing, widow of decedent who resides in the city of Rome Floyd county, Georgia, Thomas J. Downing, who resides in parts unknown to petitioner: Charity Lane, wife of W. B. Lane and her husband W. B. Lane, who resides in Rome Floyd county, Giorgia, and Giles L. Downing who resides with his mother Charity Downing, in Rome, Floyd county, Georgia, and all of whom are of full age, except the said Charity Lane and Giles L. Downing.

It is therefore Ordered by the court, that Monday the 16th day of April next be set for the hearing of said application, and that notice of the filing of the same be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said county for three successive weeks, and at least forty days prior to said day, as a notice to said non-residents, heirs and distributees of said Estate, as well as all others concerned, to be and appear before me at my office in the Town of Jacksonville, on said Monday the 16th day of April next, when and where they can contest said application if they desire.

Given under my hand at office this 28th day of February, 1866.

A. WOODS, Judge
March 3. of Probate

FOR SALE.

A CAST IRON STOCK KETTLE, holding about 40 gallons. Enquire at this Office. Dec. 9, 1865.

Hardware! Hardware!!

We have opened to-day a little lot of Hardware and Castings among which may be found the following articles:

100 kegs assorted NAILS,
Collins' AXES, 20 dozen SHOVELS,
10 dozen SPADES,
Tea Trays, every size and style,
Pocket Knives, from cheapest to best,
Knives and Forks " " "
Razors and Razor straps,
1⅝ inch Augurs,
1¼ " "
1⅛ " "
1-2 " "
POWDER FLASKS of all sizes,
Shot Pouches, Shot Belts,
Shoe, Nail, and Tack Hammers,
Hatchets, Cases assorted Tacks.

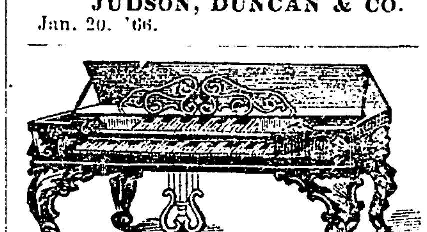
LOCKS.

Dead Locks, Fine Locks,
Latch and Drop Latch Locks,
Plate Locks of all sizes,
Till " " "
Cupboard " "
Chest " " "
Draw " " "
PADLOCKS " "
SCREWS of all the different sizes.
Butts " " " "
Counter Scales and Weights,
[illegible]

FILES.

Handsaw Files, Taper Files,
Half round and Flat Bastard Files,
Brittania, German Silver and Iron Table and Tea Spoons,
Fish Hooks from a Minnow size to a Cat,
Fish Lines of all sizes,
Manilla Rope, Etc., Etc., Etc.

For sale, wholesale and Retail, by
JUDSON, DUNCAN & CO.
Jan. 20, '66.



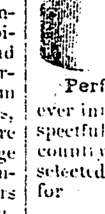
MUSIC LESSONS

ON the PIANO, given by Mrs. M. E. FRANCIS, commencing with the sessions of the Jacksonville Female Academy.

Pupils can commence at any time during the session, and be charged for the time. Country Produce at the market price taken in payment. Jacksonville, Jan 30, '66.

Wholesale Drug House.

IN MONTGOMERY, ALA.



HAVING re-leased the building formerly known as Jones Drug Store on Market street, corner of Perry, together with the two large warehouses on the same lot: and recently returned from New York and Philadelphia with one of the largest and most complete stocks of Drugs, Chemicals, Spices, Toilet Soaps, Perfumery and Patent Medicines ever introduced to this market, I would respectfully ask the attention of Physicians and country Dealers to this stock personally selected for the Southern trade and which for

Purity, Freshness and Excellence

can not be excelled by any house in the country. Also a great variety of Fresh

GARDEN SEED.

This stock of Drugs and medicines has been purchased from Importers and manufacturers, and at prices that will enable me to sell as low as any establishment in the South.

Orders accompanied with the cash will receive prompt attention and forwarded to any part of the country.

E. M. READING,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist.
Sign of the Eagle and Mortar,
34 Market street, corner of Perry.

Administrators Notice.

LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the undersigned, by the Probate court of Calhoun county, on the Estate of Fleming Gibson, dec'd. on the 22d day of January, 1866; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate, to present them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and those indebted are required to make immediate payment.

R. B. DOCKERY,
Jan. 27, 1866. Adm.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of administration with will annexed, of Josiah Womack dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned on the [illegible] 1866, by the [illegible] [illegible] present the [illegible] by law or that the [illegible] be barred.

SIMPSON SKINNER,
Jan. 27, 1866. Adm'r

DR. J. A. CLOPTON,
Of Alabama,

HAS located in the country near Scooba, Kemper county, Mississippi, where he may be consulted. He opperates with perfect success for

**PILES, FISTULA,
TUMORS, POLLYPI,
DISEASES OF FEMALES, Etc.**

Dr. C. has never lost a patient nor had an accident to happen. He has opperated on the most respectable of the profession of all the Southern States, and for a good many years, has visited almost every city in the South.

He will visit Gadsden, and points on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, if some three or four should desire it. Feb. 23, '65

Administrators' Notice.

LETTERS testamentary on the Estate of J. W. Conway, dec, having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of DeKalb County, Ala, on the 5th day of December, 1865; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

JOHN M. GASQUE, } Ads.
Jan. 27. R. P. CONWAY, }

Superintendent's Notice.

ALL persons having business connected with the duties of the Superintendent of Public Schools, are hereby informed that he will be in Jacksonville on the first Saturday in each month, for the purpose of attending to such business. J. A. FLEMING,
March 10, 1866. Sup't.

CORN.

FRANCIS & CO.
Jacksonville, Ala.
AND
R. B STEWART. & CO
Blue Mountain, & Oxford Ala.

WILL keep on hand a supply of Prime Western Corn for sale.
Jan'y 20th, 1866. wky tf

E. GILLMAN & CO.

Broad Street, ...SELMA, Ala.,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL
GROCERS,
DEALERS IN
All kinds fine Family Supplies
[illegible]
300 [illegible]
[illegible]
Crushed Powdered [illegible]
SODA in [illegible]
500 Cases of every [illegible]
PRESERVES
100 Boxes [illegible]
100 Boxes [illegible]
All kinds of [illegible]
ready [illegible]
Flavoring [illegible]
The best [illegible] Whiskey
Fine WINES & [illegible] of all kinds

We manufacture every day
Butter, Soda, and Boston Crackers
OUR STOCK OF
Candies & Confectionery
Is equal to the best that can be found in any market.
TOYS
Of every Kind just imported
Selma, January 13, 1866.

THE exercises of the School under the control of the undersigned, will be resumed on Monday, Jan. 22nd, 1866.

RATES OF TUITION PER SESSION OF FIVE MONTHS.

1st. Reading, Writing, &c. $15 00
2nd. English Grammar, Geography, Nat. Philosophy, &c with above, 20 00
3rd. Latin, Greek & the higher branches of Mathematics, with above, 25 00

No deduction for absence except in cases of protracted illness. D. F. SMITH.
Jacksonville, Ala., Jan. 6, 1866

Hardware & Cutlery
For Sale by
Feb. 3, '66. E L WOODWARD.

Drugs & Medicines.
For Sale by
Feb. 3, '66. E L WOODWARD

LYLES & FORD,
GENERAL RECEIVING
FORWARDING AND
Commission Merchants,
CITY WHARF—CORNER FRANKLIN & WATER ST'S.
SELMA, ALA.

Particular attention paid to shipping cotton.

Consignments of all kinds respectfully solicited. Jan. 20, '65.

E. L.
Woodward

HAS received and now offers for sale an ASSORTMENT of
DRY GOODS,
Of desirable styles and qualities.
—ALSO—
FAMILY GROCERIES.

His Sugars, Coffee, and Orleans Molasses are good.

All are invited to call and examine.
Jacksonville, Jan. 20, 1866—tf.

M. J. TURNLEY,
Attorney at Law,
AND
Solicitor in Chancery
[illegible]

[illegible]rators' Notice.

[illegible] Samuel [illegible]
Jan. 27, 1866

New Steam Grist Mill.

THE undersigned, having completed the necessary work, and procured new mill stones of superior quality, is now prepared to grind corn, of any quantity require into meal of as good quality as can be made by any mills of the country. His mill is one mile south of Jacksonville on the White Plains Road.

G. SOUTHER.
March 17, 1866.

Administrators Notice.

LETTERS testamentary having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of Calhoun county, on the Estate of Allen Andrews, dec'd, on the 26th of Feb'y, 1866: Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment.

M. ANDREWS,
Mar. 3. T. SMYTH, Adms.

**ASS'T ASSESSOR'S OFFICE.
U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE.**
14th Division 3d Dis., Ala,

To all Whom it May Concern.

Notice to manufacturs, and persons doing business without License from the United States, subject themselves to pay the Tax, and a fine of five hundred dollars, and imprisonment for one, or both.

Manufacturers will take notice, that it is all the work they do, including the materials used, and if they make more than six hundred dollars worth of work, they are subject to take out License as manufacturers.

Owners of Saw Mills and Grist Mills, will make application for License as Manufacturers without delay,

Owners and holders of Cotton, will bring the number of Bales and Marks, and weight of the cotton and have it assessed immediately.

Distillers, and all persons having Liquors that have not had the Tax paid, will be seized by the Collector, if not returned to this office for assessment.

Distillers will make their monthly return, on or before the first ten days of each month.

Farmers will return the number of [illegible] over twenty, on a special [illegible] the Law puts a fine of ten dollars [illegible] each case, for not complying [illegible]

[illegible] will take notice, that they must carry their License with them, or they subject themselves to have their wagons and contents seized.

I am now ready to receive the annual income Tax for 1864

ISAAC FRANK,
Assistant Assessor

[illegible]

[illegible] Insurance Com[illegible]

$500,000.

Risks taken on MERCHANDIZE, COTTON IN STORE, PLANTATIONS AND BUILDINGS of all classes INSURABLE, at reasonable rates.

M. J. TURNLEY,
Insurance and General Collecting Ag't.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Office east side of the public square.
January 6, 1866.—6m.

D. M FULENWIDER
WITH
O. F. HARRELL, J. N. ESKRIDGE, E. T. STURDIVANT
Perry Co. Selma. Marengo Co.
Harrell, Eskridge & Sturdivant,
Commission Merchants,
AND
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
Staple and Fancy
GROCERIES,
Plantation & Family Supplies,
WATER STREET,
SELMA, ALA.

Consignments of Cotton and Country Produce respectfully solicited.

SIMON, DENMAN & STRAUS,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS, CLOTHING,
BOOTS, SHOES AND NOTIONS.

Merchants from Jacksonville and vicinity, and traders generally are solicited to call, and they can obtain good Bargains.

SIMON, DENMAN & STRAUS.
Broad Street, near Water, *SELMA, Ala.*

DR. M. W. FRANCIS,

HAS resumed the duties of his profession in all its branches.

Office, N. W. Corner of Public Square.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
November 18, 1865—tf.

DISSOLUTION.

The firm of FRANCIS & CO. was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st day of January 1866

HUGH FRANCIS.
HIRAM LITTLE

HUGH FRANCIS and JOHN F. [illegible] having associated themselves [illegible] will continue at the old [illegible]

HUGH FRANCIS.
JOHN F LITTLE.
Jan'y 1st, 1866

**BEN. OPPENHEIMER,
PHOTOGRAPH ARTIST,**
OF MOBILE, ALA.,

W[illegible] days to take [illegible] graphs in the [illegible] of the [illegible]

Also Photographs from old family Daguerreotypes and Portraits.

Ten years experience will justify his guaranteeing satisfaction to all.

Jacksonville, March 10, 1866.

WM. S. HANNA, JOS W MORTON, W. T. THURMOND
Hanna, Morton & Co.
Cotton Factors,
GROCERS,
GENERAL RECEIVING, FORWARDING, AND
Commission Merchants,
WATER STREET, SELMA, ALA.

KEEP constantly on hand a General assortment of Groceries, and are prepared to FILL ALL ORDERS at the *LOWEST MARKET PRICES.*
March 17, '66. 3m.

Administrator's Sale
OF
LAND.

THE undersigned, Administrator of the estate of Clayton Jones, late of Calhoun county, deceased, by virtue of an order made by the honorable, the Probate Court of the county of Calhoun Alabama, will offer for sale upon the premises, in the county of St. Clair, Alabama.

ON THE 9TH DAY OF APRIL 1866, the following described Land to-wit:

The E half of N E quarter section 31, Township 12, R 6; supposed 15-1000 acres.

The west half of N E quarter, section 31, Township 12, R 6; supposed 80 15-100 acres.

The east half of S. E quarter, section 30, T 12, R 6, supposed 80 100 acres.

The south west quarter of south west quarter, section 29, township 12, R supposed 40 7-100 acres.

The north west quarter of S W sec 29, T 12, range 6, supposed 7-100 acres.

The south east quarter of S W qr, section 31, T 12, R 6, supposed 40 100 acres, all east in the Coosa Land District.

Purchasers will be required to pay cash one third of the amount of purchase money, and give note, bearing interest from day of sale, for balance with at least two approved securities credit twelve months.

WILLIAM MORGAN, Adm'r.
March 10, 1866.

**PHOTOGRAPHS,
AMBROTYPES, &c
E. GOODE, *Artist,***
(Formerly of Ashville, Ala.)

RESPECTFULLY announces to the citizens of Calhoun and adjoining counties that he has recently fitted up a Photograph Gallery in Jacksonville, first door north of Mr. E. L. Woodward's store, where he is prepared to produce almost any kind of picture on Glass, Adamantine plates, Leather or Paper, and will not expect any compensation except for first class pictures.

He intends to give entire satisfaction, both in quality and prices, having had about [illegible] years experience in the business, and spared no pains or expense in keeping posted in the art, he flatters himself that no artist in the State can surpass him.

His assortment of CASES, ALBUMS &c is of the best quality, and prices as low as can be afforded. Photographs taken from old Ambrotypes or Daguerreotypes. Also representing the subject in any form either standing or sitting, whole bust, half bust, 1-4, 1-2 or 3 4 sitting or vignettes. Card Photographs at $6 00 per dozen or $3 00 per half dozen or less. Ambrotypes at from $1 to $5 00, according to size and quality of cases.

MRS. GOODE also has a lot of Ladies BONNETS & HATS, and a fine assortment of RIBBONS & TRIMMINGS for the same of the latest styles, can dress them as neatly as can be done anywhere. She would be pleased to have the ladies call and examine.

As they expect to remain here for years they hope by their mode of doing business to merit the patronage of the public generally.

Jacksonville, March 17, 1866.

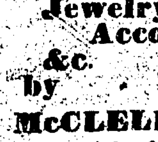
Horse Collars, Bridles, Hames, Chains, Nails, Hoes, &c.
For Sale by
Feb. 3, '66. E. L. WOODWARD.

J. R. Love, Adm'r &c. vs. Stephen C. Nelson, } AT RULES before the Register, Monday, Feb. 5th, 1866.

36th CHANCERY DISTRICT, NORTHERN DIVISION OF THE STATE OF ALABAMA.

THIS day came the Complainant by his Solicitors, Foster & Forney, and moved the undersigned Register for an Order of publication against the Defendant, Stephen C. Nelson: and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Register, by affidavit on file, that the said Stephen C. Nelson is a non-resident of the State of Alabama, and resides in ——— County in the State of Texas, and is of lawful age;—it is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in the Town of Jacksonville, Calhoun county, Alabama, once a week for four consecutive weeks, notifying and requiring the said Stephen C. Nelson to be and personally appear before the Register of this Court, at his office in the Town of Jacksonville, within sixty days from the date of this order, and plead, answer or demur to the Complainant's bill of complaint against him, exhibited in said Chancery Court, or the same will be taken for confessed, and the cause set for hearing, *ex parte.* It is further ordered, that a copy of this order be posted up at the court house door of Calhoun county, Ala. within twenty days from this date, and that a copy be forwarded to the Defendant in said time, if his residence is ascertained.

A true copy from the Order,
WM. M. HAMES,
Feb. 10, 1866.—$20 00.



**Watches,
Clocks,
Jewelry,
Accordeons
&c.
repaired by
E. B. McCLELEN.**

For the present he may be found at the Kahn House" on the northeast Corner of the public square.