# Gift and Release Agreement

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Tobacco		+

Chronlogy Time Line (1929-1989)

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Soil Bank and Heckiniaction	Mechanisation Use of that to had bules to narket.  - use of tractors  - use of tractors
1940-1945 Tobacco prices on the right. Any of industry	mechanization and indostriblization growth inthe South (Termess ce).  105+ telebare formers who went to incor
The New Deal 1933-1938 Parit Advishant Administration 1935-221 Conservation services	Less't prayams Agritultural Adjustment Adjustment Act - 1933,38 Marketing Quotas-1938 Shave cropping - 1930's
1924 Depression	Hardtimes. Dad soldtepacco
National	Introduce (Ray Flath) crents.

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#### **TERMS**

Soil Bank- a farmer would get paid to store their tobacco crops from one year to the next.

Fodder- corn leaves used to feed the cattle.

Mama Maybelle- a local singer in Gainsboro, Tennessee.

Suckering- sidewise sprouts that are removed from the tobaccoplant.

Topping- cutting or trimming the tobacco plant while it is in the bed.

Flue Cured- method of heat transferred through a long pipe in order to dry out tobacco.

Setter- invention in the 1970's to ease the transplanting of burley tobacco. Setter has a water tank and either one or two mechanized setters, which automatically transplants the burley tobacco to the patch.

Eckeds- a lice like insect that attacks the tobacco leaf.

MH-30- a pesticide used on the buds of the tobacco crop.

Chawing tobacco- chewing tobacco.

Seven dust- pesticide use to kill suckers.

Tobacco quotas- established in 1938, restricted the amount a tobacco farmer could grow in one year. Later quotas were established which allowed excess tobacco to be rented or leased between county lines.

Disking- turning of the soil.

### INTERVIEW QUESTIONS

NAME: Ray Flatt DATE: 17 May 1994 BIRTHDATE: 8/7/21

OCCUPATION: Tobacco Farmer

- 1. How long has family been farming, generations?
- 2. Father use of fertilizer?
- 3. What type of tobacco grown?
- 4. Age of children working the tobacco fields? How many? a). mens and womens roles in working tobacco?
- 5. Curing of tobacco? (any timesavers or shortcuts?
- 6. Beds? Burning weeds? Size of beds? How long in beds? and when is tobacco transplanted to patch?
- 7. Transplanting? Turning the field or patch? Fertilizer used? crimson clover or wheat? Transplanting old way or new way? Soil life? Suckering?
- 8. Cutting? Poles or tools used?
- 9. Curing? hang in barn, how long?
- 10. Stripping? Labor intensive?
- 11. Animals or insects affecting the crop?
- 12. Grow other crops? why? use?
- 13. Use of environment? soil?
- 14. Growth cycle, how long? storage life?
- 15. Industrial affect on farming tobacco?
- 16. When to market?
- 17. Bailing vs stick method, explain?
- 18. Quotas? When? what year? why?
- 19. Fertilizers and pesticides use? stripping room fuel?
- 20. Historical events? WWI? Populist movement? Depression? AAA, TVA, and the New Deal, WWII impact ? industrialization?
- 21. How has tobacco farming changed?
- 22. Future for tobacco farmers?
- 23. Jeffersonian? ideal self-made man? yeoman farmer, comment?
- 24. Harmonica?

## INTERVIEWEE BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Name: Ray Floit
Address: Y Flyng Creek Rd GAINSDORD TEM SHOW
Phone number(s): 6 268 - 975-7
Approximate age or date of birth: 72 8-7-2/
Mother's Name: MARY Flizabeth Flatt
Father's Name: Losan H. Flatt
Places lived and when: Gaines bore Tenn - for my
Education: 8th grade Cariter Grove Elanastriy
Religion: Church of Christ
Business, political and social memberships (past and present)
none
Present occupation:
Former occupations: FACILITY
Special Skills: Raise Tabacco
Major Accomplishments:
National Events in which interviewee has participated:
Depression New Deal, world was IT
Local Events in which interviewee has participated:
National born U.S. citizen? Ves/No
Naturalized Citizen: Yes/No Date:
Country from which he/she emigrated: 1.5 #
Documents, photographs, and artifacts which are in the possession of the interviewee:
Dre
Individuals recommended by the interviewee who might be candidates for an oral
history interview: HAWA KOBIASAN
Additional information: